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SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

This document must be used in conjunction with the Terms of Reference (TOR), as the two documents are complimentary. The TOR describes project-specific requirements while this document deals with information common to all projects. In case of a conflict between the two documents, the requirements of the TOR override this document.

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SECTION 2 PWGSC NATIONAL CADD STANDARD

Drawings shall be in accordance with PWGSC National CADD Standards and Canadian Standards Association (CSA) B78.3.

Refer to:

http://www.tpsqc-pwgsc.gc.ca/cadd-standards/text/index-e.html

The above link is subject to change. The Consultant shall check with the Project Manager to ensure that the link and related information are current and relevant with regards to PWGSC National CADD Standards.

SECTION 3 GUIDE TO PREPARATION OF CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS FOR PWGSC

1 Purpose

This document provides direction in the preparation of construction contract documents (namely specifications, drawings and addenda) for Public Works and Government Services Canada (PWGSC).

Drawings, specifications and addenda must be complete and clear, so that a contractor can prepare a bid without guesswork. Standard practice for the preparation of construction contract documents requires that:

- drawings are the graphic means of showing work to be done, as they depict shape, dimension, location, quantity of materials and relationship between building components.
- specifications are written descriptions of materials and construction processes in relation to quality, colour, pattern, performance and characteristics of materials, installation and quality of work requirements.
- Addenda are changes to the construction contract documents or tendering procedures, issued during the tendering process.

2 Principles of PWGSC Contract Documents

PWGSC's contract documents are based on common public procurement principles. PWGSC does not use Canadian Construction Document Committee (CCDC) documents.

The terms and conditions are prepared and issued by PWGSC as well as other related bidding and contractual documents. For information, the clauses are available on the following web site: http://sacc.pwgsc.gc.ca/sacc/query-e.jsp. Any questions should be directed to the Project Manager.

3 Quality Assurance

Consultants are required to undertake their own quality control process and must review, correct and coordinate (between disciplines) their documents before sending them to PWGSC.





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SPECIFICATIONS

1 National Master Specification

The National Master Specification (NMS) is a master construction specification available in both official languages, which is divided into 48 Divisions and used for a wide range of construction and/or renovation projects. In preparing project specifications, the Consultant must use the current edition of the NMS in accordance with the "NMS User's Guide".

The Consultant retains overriding responsibility for content and shall edit, amend and supplement the NMS as deemed necessary to produce an appropriate project specification free from conflict and ambiguity.

2 Specification Organization

Narrowscope sections describing single units of work are preferred for more complex work, however, broadscope sections may be more suitable for less complex work. Use either the NMS 1/3 - 2/3 page format or the Construction Specifications Canada full-page format.

Start each Section on a new page and show Project Number, Section Title, Section Number and Page Number on each page. Specification date, project title, and consultant's name are not to be indicated.

3 Terminology

Use the term "Departmental Representative" instead of Engineer, PWGSC, Owner, Consultant or Architect. "Departmental Representative" means the person designated in the Contract, or by written notice to the Contractor, to act as the Departmental Representative for the purposes of the Contract, and includes a person, designated and authorized in writing by the Departmental Representative to the Contractor.

Notations such as: "verify on site", "as instructed", "to match existing", "example", "equal to" or "equivalent to", "to be determined on site by "Departmental Representative", should not be indicated in the specifications as this promotes inaccurate and inflated bids. Specifications must permit bidders to calculate all quantities and bid accurately. If quantities are impossible to identify (i.e. cracks to be repaired) give an estimated quantity for bid purposes (unit prices). Ensure that the terminology used throughout the specifications is consistent and does not contradict the applicable standard construction contract documents.

4 Dimensions

Dimensions are to be in metric only (no dual dimensioning).

5 Standards

As references in the NMS may not be up to date, it is the responsibility of the consultant to ensure that the project specification uses the latest applicable edition of all references quoted. The following is a list of some of the Internet websites which provide the most current publications of standards for reference in the construction specification document.

- CSA standards: http://www.csa.ca
- CGSB standards: http://www.pwgsc.gc.ca/cgsb



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ANSI standards: http://www.ansi.org
 ASTM Standards: http://www.astm.org

ULC standards: http://www.ulc.ca

• General reference of standards: http://www.cssinfo.com

The NMS website (<u>www.pwgsc.gc.ca/nms</u>) also links to other documents references in the NMS under its "Links" feature.

6 Specifying Materials

The practice of specifying actual brand names, model numbers, etc., is against departmental policy except for special circumstances. The method of specifying materials shall be by using recognized standards such as those produced by Canadian Gas Association (CGA), Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB), Canadian Standards Association (CSA), and Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC), or by trade associations such as Canadian Roofing Contractors' Association (CRCA) and Terrazzo, Tile, Marble Association of Canada (TTMAC). Canadian standards should be used wherever possible.

If the above method cannot be used and where no standards exist, specify by a non-restrictive, non-trade name "prescription" or "performance" specifications.

In exceptional or justifiable circumstances or if no standards exist and when a suitable non-restrictive, non-trade name "prescription" or "performance" specification cannot be developed, specify by trade name. Include all known materials acceptable for the purpose intended, and in the case of equipment, identify by type and model number.

Acceptable Materials: set up the paragraph format as follows:

Acceptable Materials:

nable	materiais:	
1.	ABC Co. Model [].
2.	DEF Co. Model [].
3.	GHI Co. Model [].

Alternative materials to those specified may be considered during the solicitation period, however, the onus will be on the Consultant to review and evaluate all requests for approval of alternative materials.

The term "Acceptable Manufacturers" should not be used, as this restricts competition and does not ensure the actual material or product will be acceptable. A list of words and phrases that should be avoided is included in the NMS User's Guide.

Sole Sourcing: Sole sourcing for materials and work can be used for proprietary systems (ie. fire alarm systems, EMCS systems). Substantiation and/or justification will be required.

Wording for the sole source	of work should be in Part 1	as:
"Designated	<u>Contractor</u>	
.1	Hire the services of [] to do the work of this section."



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Wordin		ole source signated C	of EMCS system	s should be	in Part 1	as	
	<u>De</u>	.1					representative to
	and	d in Part 2 a .1	as " <u>Materials</u> There is an exis building. All mat with the existing	terials must	be select		
Wordin		<u>ceptable m</u>	of materials (ie. fi <u>aterials</u> e only acceptable	_	·		art 2 as:
			e materials and/oval for the sole so		e Consulta	ant should co	ontact the Project
Unit pri			ne quantity can o be sought in adv			. earth work)	and the approval
Use the	will be pa	for this se id based o					. rock excavation] unit prices stated
In each Prices".		NMS sec	tion, replace para	agraph title	"Measure	ement for Pa	yment" with "Unit
·	of Unit Pri The Unit P applies. (a)	rice Table	designates the W			J	
	(b)	each It	em listed. ncluded in each i				ced specification
Item	Specification Reference	Class of Labo	ur, Plant or Material	Unit of Measurement	Estimated Quantity	Price per Unit GST/HST extra	Estimated Total Price GST / HST extra
		<u> </u>		TOTAL E	STIMATE	D AMOUNT	
		1	ransfer amount	to subpar	agraph 1	(b) of BA03	

8 Cash Allowances

Construction contract documents should be complete and contain all of the requirements for the

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contractual work. Cash allowances are to be used only under exceptional circumstances (ie. utility companies, municipalities), where no other method of specifying is appropriate. Obtain approval from the Project Manager in advance to include cash allowances and then use "Section 01 21 00 - Allowances" of the NMS to specify the criteria.

9 Warranties

It is the practice of PWGSC to have a 12 month warranty and to avoid extending warranties for more than 24 months. When necessary to extend beyond the 12 month warranty period provided for in the General Conditions of the contract, use the following wording in Part 1 of the applicable technical sections, under the heading "Extended Warranty":

•	"For the work of this Section [], the 12 month warranty period is extended to 24 months.
•	Where the extended warranty is intended to apply to a particular part of a specification section modify the above as follows: "For [] the 12 month [] months."

Delete all references to manufacturers' guarantees.

10 Scope of Work

No paragraphs noted as "Scope of Work" are to be included.

11 Summary and Section Includes in Part -1 General of Section

Do not use "Summary" and "Section Includes."

12 Related Sections

In every section of the specification at 1.1 "Related Sections": coordinate the list of related sections and appendices. Ensure co-ordination among the sections of the specification and ensure not to reference any section or appendices which do not exist.

13 Index

List all the plans and specification sections with correct number of pages, section names and correct drawing titles in the format shown in Appendix A.

14 Regional Guide

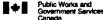
The Consultant should contact the Project Manager to obtain the region's requirements for Division 01 or other short form specifications as might be appropriate. For example, it is required in the National Capital Region that regional Section 01 00 10 - General Instructions be used on all projects.

15 Health and Safety

It is required that all project specifications include "Section 01 35 29.06 - Health and Safety Requirements." Confirm with the Project Manager to determine if there are any instructions to meet regional requirements.

16 Designated Substances Report

8







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Include "Section 01 14 25 - Designated Substances Report"

17 Subsurface Investigation Reports

Subsurface Investigation Report(s) are to be included after Section 31 and the following paragraph should be added to Section 31:

Subsurface investigation report(s)

.1 Subsurface investigation report(s) are included in the specification following this section.

When the Project Manager determines that it is not practical to include the subsurface investigation report(s), alternate instructions will be provided.

Where tender documents are to be issued in both official languages, the subsurface investigation report(s) shall be issued in both languages.

In addition to the provision of the Subsurface Investigation Report, the foundation information required by the National Building Code of Canada 2005 (Division C, Part 2, 2.2.4.6) shall be included on foundation drawings.

18 Experience and Qualifications

Remove experience and qualification requirements from specification sections.

19 Pregualification and Pre-award submissions

Do not include in the specification any mandatory contractor and/or subcontractor prequalification or pre-award submission requirements that could become a contract award condition. If a prequalification process or a pre-award submission is required, contact the Project Manager.

There should be no references to certificates, transcripts or license numbers of a trade or subcontractor being included with the bid.

20 Contracting Issues

Specifications describe the workmanship and quality of the work. Contracting issues should not appear in the specifications. Division 00 of the NMS is not used for PWGSC projects.

Remove all references within the specifications, to the following:

- General Instructions to Bidders
- General Conditions
- CCDC documents
- Priority of documents
- Security clauses
- Terms of payment or holdback
- Tendering process
- Bonding requirements
- Insurance requirements



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- Alternative and separate pricing
- Site visit (Mandatory or Optional)
- · Release of Lien and deficiency holdbacks

DRAWINGS

1 Title Blocks

Use PWGSC title block for drawings and sketches (including addenda).

2 Dimensions

Dimensions are to be in metric only (no dual dimensioning).

3 Trade Names

Trade names on drawings are not acceptable. Refer to SECTION 3, SPECIFICATIONS, 6.0 Specifying Materials for specifying materials by trade name.

4 Specification Notes

No specification type notes are to appear on any drawing.

5 Terminology

Use the term "Departmental Representative" instead of Engineer, PWGSC, Owner, Consultant or Architect. "Departmental Representative" means the person designated in the Contract, or by written notice to the Contractor, to act as the Departmental Representative for the purposes of the Contract, and includes a person; designated and authorized in writing by the Departmental Representative to the Contractor.

Notations such as: "verify on site", "as instructed", "to match existing", "example", "equal to" or "equivalent to", "to be determined on site by "Departmental Representative", should not be indicated in the specifications as this promotes inaccurate and inflated bids. Specifications must permit bidders to calculate all quantities and bid accurately. If quantities are impossible to identify (i.e. cracks to be repaired) give an estimated quantity for bid purposes (unit prices). Ensure that the terminology used throughout the specifications is consistent and does not contradict the applicable standard construction contract documents.

6 Information to be included

Drawings should show the quantity and configuration of the project, the dimensions and details of how it is constructed. There should be no references to future work and no any information that will be changed by future addenda. The scope of work should be clearly detailed and elements not in contract should be eliminated or kept to an absolute minimum.

7 Drawing Numbers: Number drawings in sets according to the type of drawing and the discipline involved as follows (The requirements of SECTION 2 PWGSC NATIONAL CADD STANDARD will supercede these requirements, where warranted).

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During the Design Phase of the project each submission and review must be noted on the Notes block of the drawing title, but at the time of construction document preparation, all revision notes should be removed.

Discipline	Drawing
Demolition	D1, D2, etc.
Architectural	A1, A2, etc.
Civil	C1, C2, etc.
Landscaping	L1, L2, etc.
Mechanical	M1, M2, etc.
Electrical	E1, E2, etc.
Structural	S1, S2, etc.
Interior Design	ID1, ID2, etc.

- **8 Presentation Requirements:** Present drawings in sets comprising the applicable demolition, architectural, structural, mechanical and electrical drawings in that order. All drawings should be of uniform standard size.
- **9 Prints:** Print with black lines on white paper. Blue prints are acceptable for document submissions at 33%, 66% and 99% stages. Confirm with Project Manager the size of prints to be provided for review purposes.
- **10 Binding:** Staple or otherwise bind prints into sets. Where presentations exceed 20 sheets, the drawings for each discipline may be bound separately for convenience and ease of handling.
- **11 Legends:** Provide a legend of symbols, abbreviations, references, etc., on the front sheet of each set of drawings or, in large sets of drawings, immediately after the title sheet and index sheets.
- **12 Schedules:** Where schedules occupy entire sheets, locate them next to the plan sheets or at the back of each set of drawings for convenient reference. See CGSB 33-GP-7 Architectural Drawing Practices for schedule arrangements.
- **13 North Points:** On all plans include a north point. Orient all plans in the same direction for easy cross-referencing. Wherever possible, lay out plans so that the north point is at the top of the sheet.
- **14 Drawing Symbols:** Follow generally accepted drawing conventions, understandable by the construction trades, and in accordance with PWGSC publications.

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ADDENDA

1 Format

Prepare addenda using the format shown in Appendix B. No signature type information is to appear.

Every page of the addendum (including attachments) must be numbered consecutively. All pages must have the PWGSC project number and the appropriate addendum number. Sketches shall appear in the PWGSC format, stamped and signed.

No Consultant information (name, address, phone #, consultant project # etc.) should appear in the addendum or its attachments (except on sketches).

2 Content

Each item should refer to an existing paragraph of the specification or note/detail on the drawings. The clarification style is not acceptable.

DOCUMENTATION

Translation

When required, all documentation included in the construction contract documents shall be in both official languages.

Ensure that English and French documents are equal in all respects. There can be no statement that one version takes precedence over the other.

Consultant shall provide:

- Per construction document submission, a completed and signed Checklist for the Submission of Construction Documents. See Appendix 'A'.
- Specification: originals printed one side on 216 mm x 280 mm white bond paper.
- Index: as per Appendix 'C'
- Addenda (if required): as per Appendix 'B' (to be issued by PWGSC).
- Drawings: reproducible originals, sealed and signed by the design authority.
- Tender information:
 - Including a description of all units and estimated quantities to be included in unit price table.
 - Including a list of significant trades including costs. PWGSC will then determine which trades, if any, will be tendered through the Bid Depository.
 - Government Electronic Tendering System (MERX): Consultants to provide an electronic true copy of the final documents (specifications and drawings) on one or multiple CD-ROM in Portable Document Format (PDF) without password protection and printing restrictions. The electronic copy of drawings and

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specifications is for bidding purposes only and do not require to be signed and sealed. See Appendix 'D' and Appendix 'E'.

PWGSC shall provide:

- General and Special Instructions to Bidders
- Bid and Acceptance Form
- Standard Construction Contract Documents



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SECTION 4 CLASSES OF CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATES USED BY PWGSC

DESCRIPTION OF THE CLASSES OF ESTIMATES USED BY PWGSC FOR CONSTRUCTION COSTING OF BUILDINGS PROJECTS

Class 'D' (Indicative) Estimate:

Based upon a comprehensive statement of requirements, and an outline of potential solutions, this estimate is to provide an indication of the final project cost, and allow for ranking all the options being considered.

Submit Class D cost estimates in elemental cost analysis format latest edition issued by the Canadian Institute of Quantity Surveyors with cost per m² for current industry statistical data for the appropriate building type and location. Include a summary in the cost estimate, plus full back up, showing items of work, quantities, unit prices, allowances and assumptions.

The level of accuracy of a class D cost estimate shall be such that no more than a 20% contingency allowance is required.

Class 'C' Estimate:

Based on a comprehensive list of requirements and assumptions, including a full description of the preferred schematic design option, construction/design experience, and market conditions. This estimate must be sufficient for making the correct investment decision.

Submit Class C cost estimates in elemental cost analysis format latest edition issued by the Canadian Institute of Quantity Surveyors with cost per m² for current industry statistical data for the appropriate building type and location. Include a summary in the cost estimate, plus full back up, showing items of work, quantities, unit prices, allowances and assumptions.

The level of accuracy of a class C cost estimate shall be such that no more than a 15% contingency allowance is required.

Class 'B' (Substantive) Estimate:

Based on design development drawings and outline specifications, which include the design of all major systems and subsystems, as well as the results of all site/installation investigations. This estimate must provide for the establishment of realistic cost objectives and be sufficient to obtain effective project approval.

Submit Class B cost estimates in elemental cost analysis format latest edition issued by the Canadian Institute of Quantity Surveyors. Include a summary in the cost estimate, plus full back up, showing items of work, quantities, unit prices, allowances and assumptions.



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The level of accuracy of a class B cost estimate shall be such that no more than a 10% design contingency allowance is required.

Class 'A' (Pre-Tender) Estimate:

Based on completed construction drawings and specifications prepared prior to calling competitive tenders. This estimate must be sufficient to allow a detailed reconciliation/negotiation with any contractor's tender.

Submit Class A cost estimates in both elemental cost analysis format and trade divisional format latest edition issued by the Canadian Institute of Quantity Surveyors. Include a summary in the cost estimate, plus full back up, showing items of work, quantities, unit prices, allowances and assumptions.

The level of accuracy of a class A cost estimate shall be such that no more than a 5% design contingency allowance is required.

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SECTION 5 TIME MANAGEMENT

1 Time Management, Planning, and Control

The Time Management, Planning, and Control Specialist (scheduler) shall provide a Project Planning and Control System (Control System) for Planning, Scheduling, Progress Monitoring and Reporting and a Time Management, Planning, and Control Report (Progress Report). It is required that a fully qualified and experienced Scheduler play a major role in providing services in the development and monitoring of the project schedule.

The scheduler will follow good industry practices for schedule development and maintenance as recognized by the Project Management Institute (PMI).

PWGSC presently utilizes the Primavera Suite software and MicroSoft Project for it's current Control Systems and any software used by the consultant should be fully integrated with these, using one of the many commercially available software packages.

1.1 Schedule Design

Project Schedules are used as a guide for execution of the project as well as to communicate to the project team when activities are to happen, based on network techniques using Critical Path Method (CPM).

When building a Control System you must consider:

- 1. The level of detail required for control and reporting;
- 2. The reporting cycle- monthly and what is identified in the Terms of Reference, but also includes Exception Reports;
- 3. That the duration must be in days;
- 4. What is required for reporting in the Project Teams Communications Plan and
- 5. The nomenclature and coding structure for naming and reporting requirements of activities, schedules and reports.

1.2 Schedule Development

For purposes of monitoring and reporting of project progress and ease of schedule review it is important to maintain a standard for all schedules and reports starting with the Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), identification of Milestones, naming of activities as well as schedule outputs and paper sizing and orientation.





Work Breakdown Structure

When developing the schedule the consultant needs to use PWGSC standards and practices. Two basic requirements are the National Project Management System (NPMS) and a Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), structured supporting the NPMS (Levels 1-4).

The WBS is as follows:

- Level 1 Project Title (NPMS)
- Level 2 Project Stage (NPMS)
- Level 3 Project Phase (NPMS)
- Level 4 Processes to meet Deliverables/Control Points Milestones (NPMS)
- Level 5 Sub-Processes and Deliverables in support of Level 4
- Level 6 Discrete activities. (Work Package)

Not all the Stages, Phases and Processes in the NPMS will be required on all the projects, however the structure remains the same.

Major and Minor Milestones

The Major Milestones are standard Deliverables and Control Points within NPMS and are required in all schedule development. These Milestones will be used in Management Reporting within PWGSC as well as used for monitoring project progress using Variance Analysis. The Minor milestones are process deliverables (Level 4) or sub-process deliverables (level 5) also used in Variance Analysis.

Each Milestone will also be assigned appropriate coding for Status Reporting and Management Reporting.

Milestones must have zero duration and are used for measuring project progress.

Milestones may also be external constraints such as the completion of an activity, exterior to the project, affecting the project.

Activities

All activities will need to be developed based on Project Objectives, Project Scope, Major and Minor Milestones, meetings with the project team and the scheduler's full understanding of the project and it's processes.



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Subdivide the elements down into smaller more manageable pieces that organize and define the total scope of work in Levels 5-6 that can be scheduled, costed, monitored and controlled. This process will develop the Activity List for the project.

Each activity is a discrete element of work and is the responsibility of one person to perform.

Each activity will describe the work to be performed using a verb and noun combination (i.e. Review Design Development Report).

Activities should not have durations longer that 2 update cycles, with exception of activities not yet defined in a "Rolling Wave".

Each activity will be assigned at WBS level 6 and appropriately coded for Status Reporting and Management Reporting.

These elements will become activities, interdependently linked in Project Schedules.

Project Logic

Once the WBS, Milestones and Activity List have been developed the activities and milestones can be linked in a logical manner starting with a Project Start Milestone. Every activity and milestone must be linked in a logical manner using either a Finish to Start (FS), Finish to Finish (FF), Start to Start (SS) or Start to Finish (SF) relationship. There can be no open-ended activities or milestones.

A Finish to Start (FS) is the preferred relationship.

When developing relationships avoid the use of lags and constraints in place of activities and logic.

Activity Duration

The activity duration (in days) is the estimated length of time it will take to accomplish a task.

Consideration needs to be taken in how many resources are needed and are available, to accomplish any activity. (Example: availability of Framers during a "Housing Boom".) Other factors are the type or skill level of the available resources, available hours of work, weather etc.

There will be several types of lists and schedules produced from this process, which will form part of the Progress Report.



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Activity List

An Activity List identifies all activities including milestones required to complete the whole project.

Milestone List

A Milestone List identifies all project Major and Minor milestones.

Master Schedule

A Master Schedule is a schedule used for reporting to management at WBS level 4 and 5 that identifies the major activities and milestones derived from the detailed schedule. Cash Flow projections can be assigned at WBS level 5 for monitoring the Spending Plan.

Detailed Project Schedule

A Detailed Project Schedule is a schedule in reasonable detail (down to WBS Level 6 and 7) for progress monitoring and control, this will ensure that the schedule shall be in sufficient detail to ensure adequate planning and control.

1.3 Schedule Review and Approval

Once the scheduler has identified and properly coded all the activities; put them into a logical order and then determined the appropriate durations. The scheduler can then analyze the schedule to see if the milestone dates meet the contractual requirements and then adjust the schedule accordingly by changing durations, resource leveling or changing logic.

When the schedule has been satisfactorily prepared the scheduler can present the detailed schedule to the Project Team for approval and be Baselined. There may be several iterations before the schedule meets with the Project Teams agreement and the contractual requirements.

The final agreed version must be copied and saved as the Baseline to monitor variances for reporting purposes.

1.4 Schedule Monitoring and Control

Once Baselined the schedule can be better monitored, controlled and reports can be produced.

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Monitoring is performed by, comparing the baseline activities % complete and milestone dates to the actual and forecast dates to identify the variance and record any potential delays, outstanding issues and concerns and provide options for dealing with any serious planning and scheduling issues in report form.

Analyze and report from early start sequence on all activities due to start, underway, or finished for the complete project.

Thee will be several reports generated from the analysis of the baseline schedule and will form part of the Time Management Report in the Required Services Sections (RS)

Progress Reports

A Progress Report reflects the progress of each activity to the date of the report, any logic changes, both historic and planned, projections of progress and completion the actual start and finish dates of all activities being monitored.

The Progress Report includes:

A Narrative Report, detailing the work performed to date, comparing work progress to planned, and presenting current forecasts. This report should summarize the progress to date, explaining current and possible deviations and delays and the required actions to resolve delays and problems with respect to the Detail Schedule, and Critical Paths.

Narrative reporting begins with a statement on the general status of the project followed by a summarization of delays, potential problems and project status criticality, any potential delays, outstanding issues and concerns and options for dealing with any serious planning and scheduling issues.

A Variance Report, with supporting schedule documentation, detailing the work performed to date, comparing work progress to planned. This report should summarize the progress to date, explaining all causes of deviations and delays and the required actions to resolve delays and problems with respect to the Detail Schedule, and Critical Paths.

A Criticality Report identifying all activities and milestones with negative, zero and up to five days Total Float used as a first sort for ready identification of the critical, or near critical paths through the entire project.

Included in the Progress Report as attachments are: WBS chart, Activity Lists, Milestone Lists, Master Schedules, Detailed Project Schedule

Exception Report



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The Scheduler is to provide continuous monitoring and control, timely identification and early warning of all unforeseen or critical issues that affect or potentially affect the project.

If unforeseen or critical issues arise, the Scheduler will advise the Project Manager and submit proposed alternative solutions in the form of an Exception Report.

An Exception Report will include sufficient description and detail to clearly identify:

- 1. Scope Change: Identifying the nature, reason and total impact of all identified and potential project scope changes affecting the project.
- 2. Delays and accelerations: Identifying the nature, the reason and the total impact of all identified and potential duration variations.
- 3. Options Enabling a Return to the project baseline: Identifying the nature and potential effects of all identified options proposed to return the project within baselined duration.

1.5 Standard Submissions

At each submission or deliverable stage provide a complete and updated Progress Report, the contents of each report will vary with requirements and at each project phase. Typically a Progress Report has:

- 1. Executive Summary;
- 2. Narrative Report;
- 3. Variances Report;
- 4. Criticality Report;
- 5. Exception Report (as required)
- 6. Work Breakdown Structure Chart;
- 7. Activity List:
- 8. Milestone List;
- 9. Master Schedule with Cash Flow Projections;
- 10. Detail Project Schedule (Network Diagram or Bar Charts);

1.6 Schedule Outputs and Reporting Formats

The sheet sizing and orientation is more a suggestion that a role, changes to the paper format may vary to accommodate the information and column information required.



Progress Reports

Paper Size:

Letter

Paper Format: Portrait

Title Format:

Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision Block

Body Text:

Narratives for each report to match other reports generated in the D.S.S.

Variance Report Columns: Activity ID, Activity Name, Planned Finish, Revised Finish, Variance, Activity % Complete,

Criticality Report Columns:

Activity ID, Activity Name, Duration, Start, Finish, Activity

% Complete, Total Float.

Exception Reports

Paper Size:

Letter

Paper Format:

Portrait

Title Format:

Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision

Body Text:

Narrative to match other reports generated in the D.S.S.

Paper Size:

Letter

Paper Format: Landscape

Title Format:

Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision

Columns:

Activity ID, Activity Name, Duration, Remaining Duration, Start, Finish,

Total Float.

Work Breakdown Structure (indent tree):

Paper Size:

Letter

Paper Format: Portrait

Columns:

WBS Code, WBS Name, Duration, Cost estimate, start and finish dates.

Footer Format: Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision Block

Activity Lists

Paper Size:

Letter

Paper Format: Portrait

Columns:

Activity ID, Activity Name, Start, Finish, Predecessor, Successor.

Footer Format: Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision Block

Sort with Early Start, then Early Finish, then Activity ID and with the WBS.

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Milestone Lists

Paper Size: Letter Paper Format: Portrait

Footer Format: Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision Block

Columns: Activity ID, Activity Name, Start, Finish.

Sort with Early Start, then Early Finish, then Activity ID and without the WBS.

Master Schedule (Bar Chart)

Paper Size: 11X17
Paper Format: Landscape

Footer Format: Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision Block Columns: Activity ID, Activity Name, Duration, Activity % Complete, Start, Finish,

Total Float.

Sort with Early Start, then Early Finish, then Activity ID and with the WBS.

Detailed Project Schedules (Bar Chart)

Paper Size: 11X17 Paper Format: Landscape

Footer Format: Project Title; Report Type; Print Date; Data Date; Revision Block Columns: Activity ID, Activity Name, Duration, Activity % Complete, Start, Finish,

Total Float.

Sort with Early Start, then Early Finish, then Activity ID and with the WBS.

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APPENDIX 'A' - Checklist for the Submission of Construction Documents to PWGSC

Last updated April 22, 2008

Date:					
Project Titl	e:	<u> </u>		Project Location:	
Project Nu	mber:			Contract Number:	
Consultant	's Name:			PWGSC Project Manager:	
Review Sta	ige: 66%	99%	100%		

Item	Verified by:	Comments:	Action by:
Specifications:	<u>,</u>	3	
1 National Master Specifications			
1a The current edition of the NMS			
has been used.			_
2 Specification Organization			
2a Either the NMS 1/3 - 2/3 page			
format or the Construction	1		
Specifications Canada full page			
format is used.			
2b Each Section starts on a new			
page and the Project Number,			
Section Title, Section Number and			
Page Number show on each page.			
2c Specification date and			
consultant's name are not indicated.			
3 Terminology			
3a The term Departmental			
Representative is used instead of			
Engineer, PWGSC, Owner,			
Consultant or Architect.			
3b Notations such as: "verify on site",)
"as instructed", "to match existing",			
"example", "equal to", "equivalent to"			
and "to be determined on site by" are			
not used.			
4 Dimensions			
4a Dimensions are provided in metric			

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only.			 _
5 Standards			
5a The latest edition of all references	-		
quoted is used.			
6 Specifications Materials			
6a The method of specifying			
materials uses recognized standards.			
Actual brand names and model			
numbers are not specified.			
6b Identify if non-restrictive, non-			
trade name "prescription" or			
"performance" specifications are			
used.			
6c Indicate if a list of acceptable			
materials have been used.			
6d The term "Acceptable			
Manufacturers" is not used.	_		
6e Indicate if sole sourcing has been used.			
7 Unit Prices			
7a Unit prices are used only for work			
that is difficult to estimate.			
8 Cash Allowances			
8a Indicate if cash allowances have		-	
been used.			
9 Warranties			
9a Indicate if warranties extend more			
than a 12 or 24 months period.			
9b Manufacturers guarantees are not			
indicated.			
10 Scope of Work			
10 No paragraphs noted as "Scope			
of Work" are included.			
11 Summary and Section Includes			
11a In part 1 of section, paragraphs "Summary" and "Section Includes"			
are not used.			
12 Related Sections			
12a The list of related sections and			
appendices are coordinated.			
13 Index			
13a The index shows a complete list	_		
of plans and specification sections			
with the correct number of pages and			
correct drawing titles and section			
names.			
14 Regional Guide Specifications	_		25

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14a General Instructions is included			
(Section 01 00 10 in the NCA).			
15 Health and Safety			
15a Section 01 35 29.06 - Health			
and Safety Requirements is included.		_	
16 Designated Substances Report	_		
16 a Section 01 14 25 - Designated			
Substances Report is included.			
17 Subsurface Investigation			
Reports	_		
17a Subsurface Investigation		-	
Reports are included in Division 31.			
18 Experience and qualifications			
18a Experience and qualification			
requirements do not appear in the			
specification sections			
19 Pre-qualifications			
19a There are no mandatory			
contractor and/or subcontractor pre-	,		}
qualification requirements or			
references to certificates, transcripts			
or license numbers of a trade or			
subcontractor being included in the	'		
bid.			
20 Contracting Issues			
20a Contracting issues do not			
appear in the specifications.			
20b Division 00 of the NMS is not			
used.			
21 Quality Issues			
21a There are no specification			
clauses with square brackets "[]" or			
lines "" indicating that the			
document is incomplete or missing			
information.			

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Item	Verified	Comments:	Action By:
Drawings:	by:	<u> </u>	
1 Title Blocks			
1a The PWGSC title block is used.	 	 	·
2 Dimensions	 	 	
2a Dimensions are provided in metric			
	ļ		
only. 3 Trade Names	 		
3a Trade names are not used.		 	
4 Specification Notes	 	 	-
4a There is no specification type	 	 	
notes.			
5 Terminology		 	
5a The term Departmental		 	-
Representative is used instead of	Į		
Engineer, PWGSC, Owner,			
Consultant or Architect.			
5b Notations such as: "verify on site",			
"as instructed", "to match existing",	[{
"example", "equal to", "equivalent to"			ł
and "to be determined on site by" are			
not used.			
6 Information to be included			
6a The project quantity and			
configuration, dimensions and			
construction details are included.			
6b References to future work and			
elements not in contract do not			
appear or are kept to an absolute			
minimum and clearly marked.			

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I confirm that the plans and specifications have been thoroughly reviewed and that the items listed above have been addressed or incorporated. I acknowledge and accept that by signing certifying that all items noted above have been addressed, should it be found during the tendering of these documents or implementation of the project, that the items above were not properly addressed, my firm will be responsible to resolve all related issues at my firm's expense and may receive an unsatisfactory consultant performance evaluation which could have an impact on my firm's ability to obtain work from PWGSC in the future.

Consultant's Representative:		
Firm name:		
Signature:	Date:	

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APPENDIX 'B' - Sample of Addendum

Last updated April 22, 2008

ADDENDUM No.	 	
Project Number:		

The following changes in the bid documents are effective immediately. This addendum will form part of the contract documents

DRAWINGS

<u>SPEC NOTE</u>: indicate drawing number and title, then list changes or indicate revision number and date, and re-issue drawing with addendum.

1 A1 Architectural

.1

SPECIFICATIONS

SPEC NOTE: indicate section number and title.

1 Section 01 00 10 - General Instructions

SPEC NOTE: list all changes (i.e. delete, add or change) by article or paragraph

- .1 Delete article (xx) entirely.
- .2 Refer to paragraph (xx.x) and change ...
- 2 Section 23 05 00 Common Work Results Mechanical
 - .1 Add new article (x) as follows:

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APPENDIX 'C' - Sample of Index

Last updated April 22, 2008

Project No:	 Index
	Page 1 of

DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

DRAWINGS:

SPEC NOTE: List all Drawings by number and title.

C-1 Civil

L-1 Landscaping

A-1 Architectural

S-1 Structural

M-1 Mechanical

E-1 Electrical

SPECIFICATIONS:

SPEC NOTE: List all Divisions, Sections (by number and title) and number of pages.

		NO. OF PAGES
DIVISION	SECTION	
DIVISION 01	01 00 10 - General Instructions	xx xx
DIVISION 23	23 xx xx	
DIVISION 26	26 xx xx	

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APPENDIX 'D'

USER MANUAL ON DIRECTORY STRUCTURE AND NAMING CONVENTION STANDARDS FOR CONSTRUCTION TENDER DOCUMENTS ON CD ROM

Issued by:

Real Property Contracting Directorate

PWGSC

May 2005

Last Updated: June 3, 2008

Version 1.0

PREFACE

The Government of Canada (GoC) has committed to move towards an electronic environment for the majority of the services it offers. This covers the advertisement and distribution of contract opportunities, including construction solicitations. As a result, it is necessary to obtain a copy of construction drawings and specifications (in PDF format *without* password protection) on one or multiple CD-ROM to facilitate for the GoC the transfer of the construction drawings and specifications electronically to the Government Electronic Tendering System (GETS).

There is therefore a need to adopt a common directory structure and file-naming convention to ensure that the information made available to contractors electronically and in hard (printed) copy is in accordance with the sequence adopted in the real property industries, both for design and construction. This manual defines the standard to be followed by both consultants and print shops at time of formatting and organizing the information, whether drawings and specifications are created by scanning print documents or saved as PDF files from the native software (AutoCAD, NMS Edit, MS-Word, etc...) in which these were created.

It is important to note that the procedure described in this manual is not an indication that consultants are relieved from following the established standards for the production of drawings and specifications. The sole purpose of this manual is to provide a standard for the organization and naming of the electronic files that will be recorded on CD-ROM.





1. DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

1.1 1st, 2nd and 3rd Tier Sub-Folders

Each CD-ROM, whether it is for the original solicitation (tender call) or for an amendment (addendum), must have the applicable elements of the following high-level Directory Structure created:

☐ ☐ Project ######
🖨 🦳 Bílingual - Bilingue
🛄 Drawings - Dessins
🖨 🗀 English
··· 🗀 Drawings
Specifications
🖻 🛅 Francais
···· Dessins
Devis

The following important points are to be noted about the Directory Structure:

- The "Project ######" folder is considered the 1st Tier of the Directory Structure where ####### represents each digit of the Project Number. The Project Number must always be used to name the 1st Tier folder and it is always required. Free text can be added following the Project Number, to include such things as a brief description or the project title:
- The "Bilingual Bilingue", "English" and "Français" folders are considered the 2nd Tier of the Directory Structure. The folders of the 2nd Tier cannot be given any other names since GETS uses these names for validation purposes. At least one of the "Bilingual Bilingue", "English" and "Français" folders is always required, and these must always have one of the applicable sub-folders of the 3rd Tier;
- The "Drawings Dessins", "Drawings", "Specifications", "Dessins" and "Devis" folders are considered the 3rd Tier of the Directory Structure. The folders of the 3rd Tier cannot be given any other names since GETS also uses these names for validation purposes. There must be always at least one of the applicable 3rd Tier folder in each document.

IMPORTANT: The applicable elements of the Directory Structure (1st, 2nd and 3rd Tier folders) are always required and cannot be modified.



1.2 4th Tier Sub-Folders for Drawings

The "Drawings – Dessins", "Drawings" and "Dessins" folders must have 4th Tier sub-folders created to reflect the various disciplines of the set of drawings.

Because the order of appearance of the sub-folders on the screen will also determine the order of printing, it is necessary to start with a number the identification name of the sub-folders in the "Drawings" and "Dessins" folders.

Note: The first sub-folder must be always reserved for the Title Page and/or the List of Drawings unless the first drawing of the set is an actual numbered discipline drawing.

Examples of 4th Tier sub-folders for drawings:

☐
⊟
Drawings - Dessins
☐ Conglish
☐ ☐ Drawings
01 - Architectural
02 - Mechanical
03 - Electrical
Specifications
🖃 🗀 Français
Dessins
Devis
or
☐
Bilingual - Bilingue
Drawings - Dessins
🖨 🗀 English 🚊 🗀 Drawings
① 01 - Title Page and or List of Drawing:
🕀 🗀 02 - Civil Drawings
🖭 🛄 03 - Landscaping Drawings
① 04 - Demolition Drawings
Os - Interior Design Drawings O7 - Structural Drawings
⊕
10 - Other Drawings
Specifications
☐·() Français ☐ Dessins
Dessills



1.2.1 Naming Convention

The 4th Tier sub-folders for <u>drawings</u> must adhere to the following standard naming convention.

For the "Drawings" and "Dessins" folders:

- Y

Where:

= A two digit number ranging from 01 to 99 (leading zeros must be included)

Y = The title of the folder

Example:

03 - Mechanical

For the "Drawings - Dessins" folder:

- Y - Z

Where:

=

A two digit number ranging from 01 to 99 (leading zeros must be

included)

Y =

The English title of the folder

Z =

The French title of the folder

Example:

04 - Electrical - Électricité

It should be noted that the numbering of the 4th Tier sub-folders is for sorting purposes only and is not tied to a specific discipline. For example, "Architectural" could be numbered 05 for a project where there is four other disciplines before "Architectural" in the set of drawings or 01 in another project where it's the first discipline appearing in the set.

It is essential to ensure that the order of the drawings on the CD-ROM be exactly the same as in the hard copy set. GETS will sort each drawing for both screen display and printing as per the following rules:

- The alphanumerical sorting is done on an ascending order;
- The alphanumerical order of the sub-folders determines the order of appearance on the screen as well as the order of printing (as an example: all the drawing PDF files in the 01 sub-folder will be printed in alphanumerical order before the drawings in the 02 subfolder etc...);
- Each drawing PDF file within each sub-folder will also be sorted alphanumerically. This will determine the order of appearance on the screen as well as the order of printing (i.e. Drawing A001 will be printed before Drawing A002, Drawing M02 before Drawing M03, etc...).





1.3 4th Tier Sub-Folders for Specifications

The "Specifications" and "Devis" folders must have 4th Tier sub-folders created to reflect the various elements of the specifications.

Because the order of appearance of the sub-folders on the screen will also determine the order of printing, it is necessary to start with a number the identification name of the sub-folders in the "Specifications" and "Devis" folders.

Examples of 4th Tier sub-folders for specifications:

- ☐ Project ######
🕀 🗀 Bilingual - Bilingue
🖨 🗀 English
🕀 🗀 Drawings
☐ ☐ Specifications
01 - Plans and Specifications Index
02 - Divisions
03 - Appendices
± ← Francais
or
^{ст} (⁻¹ -1 р., - : : - и и и и и и и
☐
🖭 🔲 Bilingual - Bilingue
🖹 🛅 English
🗗 🛄 Drawings
☐ ☐ Specifications
01 - Table of Contents
02 - Divisions
03 - Other Documents

1.3.1 Naming Convention

The 4th Tier sub-folders for <u>specifications</u> must adhere to the following standard naming convention.

For the "Specifications" and "Devis" folders: ## - Y

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Where:

=

A two digit number ranging from 01 to 99 (leading zeros must be

included)

Y =

The title of the folder

Example:

02 - Divisions

It should be noted that the numbering of the 4th Tier sub-folders is for sorting purposes only and is not tied to an element of the specifications.

It is essential to ensure that the order of the elements of the specifications on the CD-ROM be exactly the same as in the hard copy. GETS will sort each element of the specifications for both screen display and printing as per the following rules:

- The alphanumerical sorting is done on an ascending order;
- The alphanumerical order of the sub-folders determines the order of appearance on the screen as well as the order of printing (as an example: all the specifications PDF files in the 01 sub-folder will be printed, in alphanumerical order before the PDF files in the 02 sub-folder, etc...);
- Each specifications PDF file within each sub-folder will also be sorted alphanumerically. This will determine the order of appearance on the screen as well as the order of printing (i.e. Division 01 will be printed before Division 02, 01 Appendix A before 02 Appendix B, etc...).

2. NAMING CONVENTION FOR PDF FILES

Each drawing, specifications division or other document that are part of the tender documents must be converted in PDF format (without password protection) in accordance with the following standard naming convention and each PDF file must be located in the appropriate sub-folder of the Directory Structure.

2.1 Drawings

Each drawing must be a **separate single page** PDF file. The naming convention of each drawing must be:

X### - Y

Where:

X =

The letter or letters from the drawing title block ("A" for Architectural or

"ID" for Interior Design for example) associated with the discipline

=

The drawing number from the drawing title block (one to three digits)

36



Y =

The drawing name from the drawing title block (for bilingual drawings, the name in both English and French is to appear)

Example:

A001 - First Floor Details

Each drawing that will be located in the appropriate discipline 4th Tier sub-folders must be named with the same letter ("A" for Architectural Drawings for example) and be numbered. The drawing number used to name the PDF file must match as much as possible the drawing number of the actual drawing (the exception being when leading zeros are required). The following important points about drawings are to be noted:

- The drawing PDF files within each sub-folder are sorted alphanumerically for both displaying and printing. If there are more than 9 drawings in a particular discipline the numbering must use at least two numerical digits (i.e. A01 instead of A1) in order to avoid displaying drawing A10 between A1 and A2. The same rule applies when there are more than 99 drawings per discipline i.e. three digits instead of two must be used for the numbering (for example M003 instead of M03);
- If drawing PDF files are included in the "Bilingual Bilingue" folder, these cannot be included as well in the "English" and/or "Français" folders;
- If drawings not associated with a particular discipline are not numbered (Title Page or List of Drawings for example), these will be sorted alphabetically. While this does not represent a problem if there is only one drawing in the sub-folder, it could disrupt the order when there are two or more drawings. If the alphabetical order of the drawings name does not represent the order on the hard copy set, the drawings are to be named as per the following standard convention when converted in PDF format to ensure proper display and printing order.

- Y

Where:

=

A two digit number ranging from 01 to 99 (leading zeros must be

included)

Y =

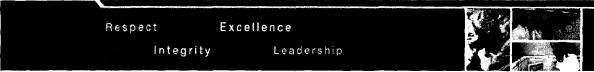
The name of the drawing

Example:

01 - Title Page

02 - List of Drawings

If numbers are not used in the PDF files name, "List of Drawings" will be displayed before "Title Page" because "L" comes before "T" in the alphabet.



Example of a 4th Tier Drawings sub-folder's content: Folders X I I S100 CONSTRUCTION DETAILS & LOAD INFORMATION 5101 FOUNDATION-GROUND FLOOR PLAN ☐ ☐ Project ###### 🛂 S102 ROOF PLAN 🖃 🛄 Bilingual - Bilingue 5200 SECTIONS & DETAILS Drawings - Dessins S300 EQUIPMENT DETAILS ☐ ☐ English 5400 EXTERIOR AHU STAND ☐ ☐ Drawings 1 01 - List of Drawings 🗀 02 - Landscape (1) 03 - Demolition 🔲 04 - Architectural 65 • Structural 06 - Mechanical 07 - Electrical 🗀 08 - other - Specifications ☐ ☐ Francais Devis

2.2. Specifications

Each Specifications Division must be a separate PDF file and all pages contained in each PDF file must have the same physical size (height, width). The Plans and Specifications Index must also be a separate PDF file. If there are other documents that are part of the Specifications (e.g. Appendix or other) these are to be separate PDF files as well.

2.2.1 Documents other than Specifications Divisions

Because PDF files within the Specifications sub-folders are sorted alphanumerically (in ascending order) for both on screen display and printing order, all files that appear in folders other than the "Divisions" sub-folder must be named using a number:

- Y

Where:

= Y = Two digit number ranging from 01 to 99 with leading zeros required

Name of the document

Example:

01 - Plans and Specifications Index



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Example of a sub-folder content (sub-folder other than "Divisions"):

Folders		×	01 - Appendix A
	☐		02 - Appendix B
	进 🗀 Bilingual - Bilingue		03 - Fit-Up Standard
	⊟ English		
	🗗 🗀 Drawings		
	🖨 🗀 Specifications		
	01 - Table of Contents	*****	
	∵🗀 02 - Divisions		
	03 - Appendices		
	🕀 🗀 Francais		

2.2.2 Specifications Divisions

The Specifications Divisions must be named as follows:

Division ## - Y

Where:

Division ## = The actual word "Division" followed by a space and a two digit number ranging from 01 to 99 (with leading zeros required)

Y = Name of the Specifications Division as per CSC/CSI MasterFormat™

Example: Division 05 – Metals

The following important point about specifications is to be noted:

The Numbering of the Divisions cannot be altered from CSC/CSI MasterFormat™ even if some Divisions are not used in a given project. For example, Division 05 will always remain Division 05 even if Division 04 is not used for a given project.

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Example of a "Divisions" sub-folder content:

Folders	🗙 💆 Division 01 - General Instructions.pdf
= Example 2 = Bilingual - Bilingue Drawings - Dessins = English	Division 02 - Existing Conditions.pdf Division 03 - Concrete.pdf Division 04 - Masonry.pdf Division 05 - Metals.pdf
Drawings Specifications 01 - Table of Contents 02 - Divisions	Division 06 - Wood, Plastics, and Composites.pdf Division 07 - Thermal and Moisture Protection.pdf Division 08 - Openings.pdf Division 09 - Finishes.pdf
Francais Dessins Devis 01 - Table des matieres 02 - Divisions	Division 10 - Specialties.pdf Privision 11 - Equipment.pdf Division 12 - Furnishings.pdf Division 13 - Special Construction.pdf Division 14 - Conveying Equipment.pdf

3. CD-ROM LABEL

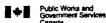
Each CD-ROM is to be labeled with the following information:

Project Number / Numéro de projet
Project Title / Titre du projet
Documents for Tender / Documents pour appel d'offres
CD X of/de X

Example:

Project 123456 / Projet 123456
Repair Alexandra Bridge / Réparation du pont Alexandra
Documents for Tender / Documents pour appel d'offres
CD 1 of/de 1

Canadä



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APPENDIX 'E'

BASIC REFRENCE GUIDE ON CONVERTING CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS INTO PORTABLE DOCUMENT FORMAT (PDF)

Issued by:

Real Property Contracting Directorate PWGSC

May 2005Last Updated: May 3, 2005

Version 1.0

PREFACE

Portable Document Format (PDF) is the standard format for documents that are posted on the Government Electronic Tendering System (GETS). There is therefore a need to obtain from architectural and engineering consultants an electronic copy of drawings and specifications in PDF for tendering Government of Canada (GoC) construction projects.

In order to have the highest quality in term of resolution and printing, consultants should to the greatest extent possible have the PDF drawing and specification files derived from the native software in which they were created. Scanning is permissible but only in special circumstances, for example when there is no electronic version of a drawing being included in a construction tender package.

The purpose of this document is to provide basic information on the conversion of Computer Aided Design and Drafting (CADD) drawings in PDF. Creating a PDF file from a CADD drawing is a relatively simple process once all the necessary configurations and settings are in place. It actually should not take any longer than it would take to create a plot file or to send a drawing to a printer. The information in this guide is not intended to cover all technical aspects of the conversion, which can be done using various methods, but rather to highlight important points about the process and file settings. The conversion of specifications is not covered in this basic reference guide since it does not require any special configuration or setting.

The information provided in this basic reference guide is not an indication that consultants are relieved from following the established standards for the production of drawings and specifications. The sole purpose of this guide is to provide basic information on the PDF conversion process bearing in mind that additional detailed technical information is available from the various software manufacturers.



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1. PRINTER DRIVERS

Adobe Acrobat provides two different printer drivers that are able to convert CADD drawing into PDF format, Acrobat PDF Writer and Acrobat Distiller. Before creating a PDF file from a CADD drawing, a choice must be made as to which one will be used.

Acrobat PDF Writer is a non-PostScript printer driver that works best with documents that don't contain complex graphics

Acrobat Distiller is a PostScript printer driver that works best with documents that contain PostScript fills, Encapsulated PostScript (EPS) graphics, or other complex elements.

It is recommended that Acrobat Distiller be used to create PDF file of architectural and engineering drawings due to their size and complex graphical nature.

2. PRINTER CONFIGURATION

Before converting a CADD drawing to PDF, an Acrobat printer configuration file for the PDF paper size needs to be created. This function can be done in the CADD software rather than using a custom paper size defined for the Acrobat distiller feature. The recommended method is to add a PostScript Adobe plotter in the CADD software and making the necessary setting in terms of media source and size, scale and orientation. The configuration can then be re-used to simplify the conversion process for future files that use the same page size.

As an alternative, although not recommended, a custom-defined size can be created in Acrobat Distiller in the *properties* menu.

3. CREATING PDF FILES

Once the printer configuration has been done in the CADD software, open up Acrobat Distiller and make the necessary settings in the *preferences* and *job options* sub-menu. Ensure that the page size match the sheet size selected in the CADD software to create the file. Particular settings can be saved under different names for future use.

With the Acrobat Distiller application open, ensure the required sheet size is displayed in the *job* options window. Then it is simply a matter of bringing the CADD file into the Acrobat Distiller creation box.

A progress bar will show during the conversion and the newly converted PDF file should open up and be displayed for verification.

4. PDF FILES SETTINGS

4.1 Security

Adobe Acrobat contains security features that can de used to secure the files by restricting any changes to the files. However, since the files will be posted on GETS and will be used for printing copies, the files **must not** be password protected and **must** allow printing.

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4.2 Drawing Orientation

The final PDF drawing files must be displayed on the screen in the same direction that the users are intended to view them. This can be achieved by adjusting the setup of the plotter. If the drawing is not oriented properly after the conversion, it can be rotated manually within Adobe Acrobat.

4.3 Font Type

In order to avoid any problems during the conversion and to minimize the potential for font display errors, the fonts used for the production of construction drawings must be *PostScript or True Type fonts*.

4.4 Resolution

Since the PDF files will be used for printing, it is important that a proper resolution be selected. It is recommended to select 600 dots per inch (dpi).

4.5 Scale

When choosing the Plot scale in Adobe, it is important to choose the 1:1 scale to ensure the integrity of the scale from which the drawings were created in the CADD software.

5.SCANNING

Scanning is not recommended and should be done only when the drawing is not available electronically. When scanning a drawing, it is important that it be done in real size (scale 1:1) to ensure that the scale remains intact in subsequent printing. It is recommended that each scanned drawing be opened and verified to ensure that the resolution, scale and border are of an acceptable quality.

6.FINAL CHECKLIST

When the drawing file has gone trough the PDF conversion, it is recommended to open it and verify the following:

- That the sheet size displayed is what was intended to be created (the size is viewable in the lower left corner of the drawing).
- That the orientation of the sheet is correct.
- That the line types, line weights and fonts match the CADD drawing.
- That the PDF file is in black and white.
- That each drawing is a single PDF file.
- That the PDF file is not password protected and printable.

If all the items are verified, the PDF file is useable

7.ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For more information about the creation of PostScript and EPS files please refer to the User's Guide of the CADD software being used to produce the drawings. For more information about creating PDF file please refer to the Acrobat Distiller User's Guide and/or visit the Adobe Web site at www.adobe.com.