

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- .1 This section specifies requirements for supply and installation of structural timber as follows:
 - .1 Supply and installation of treated dimension timber wheelguard, wheelguard blocking, coping, posts, retaining wall timbers, crib work timbers, and associated painting.
 - .2 Supply and installation of untreated dimension hardwood timber fenders.
 - .3 Supply and installation of untreated timber hardwood ladders, ladder handgrips, and associated hardware.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- .1 Section 02 41 16 - Sitework, Demolition and Removal.
- .2 Section 03 30 00 - Cast-in-Place Concrete.
- .3 Section 06 05 73 - Wood Treatment.
- .4 Section 31 53 13 - Timber Cribwork.

1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM International)
 - .1 ASTM A307-10, Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile.
 - .2 ASTM-A123/A123M-09, Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products.
- .2 American Wood-Preserver's Association (AWPA)
 - .1 AWPA M4-06, Standard for the Care of Preservation - Treated Wood Products.
- .3 Canadian Standards Association (CSA International)
 - .1 CSA B111-1974(R2003), Wire Nails, Spikes and Staples.
 - .2 CAN/CSA-G40.21-04, General Requirements for Rolled or Welded Structural Quality Steel/Structural Steel.
 - .3 CAN/CSA-O80 Series-97 (R2007), Wood Preservation.
- .4 Canadian Wood Council
 - .1 Wood Design Manual.

1.3 REFERENCES
(Cont'd)

- .5 National Lumber Grades Authority (NLGA)
.1 Standard Grading Rules for Canadian
Lumber 2000 edition.

1.4 DIMENSIONS

- .1 Check existing site dimensions and report
discrepancies to Departmental Representative
before commencing work.

1.5 PROTECTION

- .1 Avoid dropping, bruising or breaking of wood
fibres.
- .2 Avoid breaking surfaces of treated timber.
- .3 Do not damage surfaces of treated timber by
boring holes or driving nails or spikes into
them to support temporary material or
staging.
- .4 Treat cuts, breaks or abrasions on surfaces
of treated timber with 3 brush coats of
preservative to CSA 080.
- .5 Treat bolt holes, cutoffs and field cuts in
accordance with CSA 080.

1.6 DELIVERY AND
STORAGE

- .1 Store timber horizontally, evenly supported
and open piled permit circulation when
stored for prolonged period.
- .2 When handling long timber, provide support
at sufficient number of points, properly
located to prevent damage due to excessive
bending.
- .3 Handle treated timber with hemp, manila or
sisal rope slings or other approved means of
support that will not damage surface.
- .4 Do not use sharp pointed tools to handle
treated timber. Any timber so handled will
be rejected and be replaced at Contractor's
expense.

1.7 MEASUREMENT FOR

- .1 Structural Timber (Supply and Install):

1.7 MEASUREMENT FOR .1
PAYMENT
(Cont'd)

(Cont'd)

.1 Treated Dimension Timber: The supply and installation of treated dimension timber for wheelguard, wheelguard blocking, coping, posts, retaining wall timbers, crib tie-in timbers, and cribwork timbers will be measured by the cubic metre (m³) of timber secured in place, including all timber, fastenings, plant, material, equipment, labour, wheelguard bolt hole levelling sealant, painting of wheelguard and wheelguard blocking.

.2 Untreated Dimension Hardwood Timber: The supply and installation of untreated dimension hardwood timber for hardwood fenders and ladders as specified will be measured by the cubic metre (m³) of timber secured in place including all timber, fastenings, plant, material, equipment, and labour, ladder rungs, wheelguard hand grips, and painting of tops of fenders and ladder uprights.

- .2 No separate payment will be made for the supply and install of the new timber electrical panel support. All cost to be included in the fix price for electrical.
- .3 Payment for all dimension timber will be made on volume calculated from nominal sizes as indicated on drawing and specified, eg. 200 mm x 200 mm.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TIMBER
MATERIALS

- .1 Timber: Use timber graded and stamped in accordance with applicable grading rules and standards of associations or agencies approved to grade lumber by Canadian Lumber Standards Administration Board of CSA.
- .2 Species
- .1 Wheelguard, wheelguard blocks, coping, posts, retaining wall timbers, cribwork timbers: Hemlock or Douglas Fir (CCA or ACA treated).
- .2 Hardwood fenders, and ladder uprights: Birch or Maple (CCA or ACA treated or untreated).
- .3 Grade: No. 1 Structural Grade
- .4 Grading Authority: NLGA

2.1 TIMBER
MATERIALS
(Cont'd)

- .5 Preservative Treatment: Treat to CSA 080, for coastal waters and Section 06 05 73. Timbers will be treated in the lengths required. Unnecessary field cutting will not be permitted.
- .6 Primer: Alkyd undercoat, exterior oil wood primer, similar to Pittsburgh 6-9.
- .7 Paint: Alkyd/Oil Resin paint similar to Pittsburgh Paints "Safety Yellow" Product ID 7-808. Paint to conform to CAN/CGSB-1.61-2004.

2.2 MISCELLANEOUS
STEEL AND
FASTENINGS

- .1 Miscellaneous Steel: All steel and fastenings to be CSA G40.21, Grade 300 W, galvanized.
- .2 Nails and Spikes: to CSA B111.
- .3 Machine Bolts and Nuts: to ASTM A307. All machine bolts and nuts to be galvanized.
- .4 Drift Bolts: to G40.21 from round stock button head and diamond or wedge point. All drift bolts to be galvanized.
- .5 Washers:
 - .1 Round Plate Washers: for 16 mm machine bolts will be 76 mm diameter by 6.4 mm thick, for 19 mm machine bolts will be 79 mm diameter by 7.9 mm thick and have a hole diameter of 18 mm and 21 mm diameter respectively. Washers to conform to G40.21. All washers to be galvanized.
 - .2 Plain Washers: to CSA B19.1, Class 2. All washers to be galvanized.
 - .3 Square washers are not permitted.
- .6 Galvanizing: will conform to ASTM-A123/A123M-09, Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products.
- .7 Ladder Rungs and Hand Grips: to CSA G40.21, galvanized.

2.2 MISCELLANEOUS
STEEL AND
FASTENINGS
(Cont'd) .8 Welding in accordance with CSA Standards.
The welders will be qualified to the
appropriate classification as stated in CSA
W47.1 "Certification of Companies for Fusion
Welding of Steel Structures." Conform
welding to all appropriate requirements and
recommendations of CSA Standard W59 "Welded
Steel Construction" (metal arc welding).

2.3 ANCHOR BOLTING
SYSTEM .1 Anchor bolts, where required, for anchoring
coping and/or wheelguard to existing
concrete deck will be 19 mm diameter resin
cartridge anchors.

.2 Submit shop drawings and manufacturer's
specification for anchor bolts for approval.

.3 Anchor bolts to be installed with strict
adherence to manufacture specifications.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION .1 Install structural timbers to details shown
on drawings or as specified.

3.2 WHEELGUARD AND
WHEELGUARD BLOCKING .1 Wheelguard timbers to be 200 mm x 200 mm,
and will be in minimum lengths of 6100 mm or
as specially required with butt joints made
over wheelguard blocking. Wheelguard timbers
to be chamfered on top, 25 mm on each
horizontal and vertical surface.

.2 Wheelguard blocks will be installed at
1500 mm on centre as support for wheelguard.

.3 Wheelguard will be secured through
wheelguard blocking, coping and two (2) crib
timbers below with two (2) 25 mm diameter
drift bolts as shown on detail drawings.

.4 The installation of wheelguard and
wheelguard blocking as per detail.

3.3 COPING .1 Install 200 mm x 250 mm treated timber
coping in minimum length of 7620 mm around
perimeter of wharf as shown on drawings.

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- 3.3 COPING
(Cont'd)
- .2 Secure coping to timber below with 19 mm diameter drift bolts spaced at 1500 mm on centre and to concrete deck with 19 mm diameter by 600 mm long machine bolts spaced at 1500 mm on centre. The machine bolts will be countersunk on the exterior face; the nut installed on the outside and each bolt equipped with 2 washers.
- 3.4 POSTS USED IN
ELECTRCIAL PANEL
SUPPORT
- .1 Timber posts will be 150 mm x 150 mm . Install treated timber posts in lengths required to ensure that base of post is a minimum of 1500 mm below grade or as directed by Departmental Representative.
- 3.5 CRIB TIE-IN
TIMBER
- .1 Crib Tie-in Timbers (i.e. crossties, or verticals) to be 200 mm x 200 mm. Crossties to be in minimum length of 7620 mm except where especially required. Vertcials to be in minimum length of 2000 mm except where especially required. Timbers to be secured 19 mm lag screws.
- 3.6 TREATED TIMBER
RETAINING WALL
- .1 Horizontal Wale:
.1 Supply and install 200 mm x 200 mm treated timber wale in minimum length of 3050 mm.
.2 Secure treated wale to treated timber posts with 19 mm diameter lag screws, 2 at each end.
- .2 Closed Face Sheating:
.1 Supply and install 100 mm x 150 mm treated timber closed face at spans 1, 2 and 3, as shown on drawings.
.2 Secure each treated vertical timber with 16 mm diameter lag screws to new treated hozizontal wales.
- .3 Posts:
.1 Supply and install 200 mm x 200 mm treated timber posts in length that extends from the underside of the deck to the existing ground.
.2 Secure treated post with 19 mm diameter lag screws at all cross ties.
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3.6 FENDERS

- .1 Horizontal Fenders:
 - .1 Supply and install 100 mm x 150 mm hardwood timber fenders in minimum length of 4880 mm along top perimeter of wharf. Stagger joints in coping from joints in horizontal fender.
 - .2 Top horizontal fender to be chamfered 25 mm on top seaward edge.
 - .3 Secure horizontal fender to coping with 16 mm diameter lag screws, minimum of four (4) each lag screws per fender, spaced at 1500 mm on centre. All lag screws to be countersunk on the exterior face.
- .2 Vertical Fenders:
 - .1 Supply and install 100 mm x 150 mm hardwood timber fenders spaced at 300 mm on centre along face of wharf.
 - .2 Secure each fender with four (4) each 16 mm diameter lag screws evenly spaced from LNT to underside of horizontal fender. All lag screws to be countersunk.
 - .3 All fenders to extend from underside of horizontal fender to 300 mm below LNT.
 - .4 Do not notch or cut fenders to provide straight wharf face. Continuous blocking will be installed behind fenders to provide straight face.

3.7 LADDERS

- .1 Install ladders on face of wharf in locations shown on drawings or designated by Departmental Representative.
- .2 Ladder uprights to be 150 mm x 200 mm and installed from 900 mm below LNT to wheelguard elevation. Uprights to be bevelled at 45° on top and painted as specified.
- .3 Construction details and steel handgrips as per detail.
- .4 Secure each upright with four (4) each evenly spaced 19 mm diameter galvanized lag screws. All lag screws to be countersunk.

3.8 PAINTING

- .1 Paint wheelguard, wheelguard blocking, and complete ladder uprights as directed by the Departmental Representative.

3.8 PAINTING
(Cont'd)

- .2 Use one (1) coat of exterior oil wood primer and two (2) coats of alkyd/oil resin paint as specified. Paint materials for each coat to be product of a single manufacturer as specified. Ensure previous coat of primer or paint is dry before second coat is applied.

3.9 BOLT SIZING

- .1 Drift Bolts: Drift bolts used in the work will have a length equal to thickness of timbers being fastened less 50 mm unless otherwise specified. Holes for drift bolts will be bored 2 mm smaller diameter than size of steel used and for full length of bolts.
- .2 Machine Bolts: Machine bolts used in work will have a length equal to thickness of timbers being fastened plus thickness of washers plus 40 mm. Where bolts are countersunk, the length will be as above less depth of countersinking. Machine bolts will be threaded for 64 mm. Holes will be drilled same diameter as bolt.
- .3 Lag Screws: All lag screws used in the work will have a length equal to thickness of timbers being fastened less 50 mm and depth of countersinking. Holes for lag screws to be drilled same diameter as shank portion of screw and to inside thread diameter for threaded portion of screw and for full length. All lag screws will be countersunk, screwed, not driven in place, and will have one (1) standard washer under the head.
- .4 Countersink drift bolts and/or lag screws in hardwood fenders, chocks, ladders, and slipway runners to the extent that the minimum distance from face of timber to head of bolt is 12 mm.
- .5 Bolting of timbers without properly drilled bolt holes will not be accepted.