

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS .1 Waste Management and Disposal: Section 01 74 21.

- 1.2 REFERENCES
- .1 WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System, Health Canada.
 - .2 Transport Canada, Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations including SOR/2011-210 (Amendment 10) and SOR/2011-239 (Amendment 8), <http://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/tdg/safety-menu.htm> 1-866-814-1477.
 - .3 Guidelines for the Use of Explosives In or Near Canadian Fisheries Waters, Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada, 1998.
 - .4 MBCA: Migratory Birds Convention Act, Environment Canada, 1994, <http://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/M-7.0/>.
 - .5 Canadian Coast Guard Regulations, Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada, http://www.ccg-gcc.gc.ca/eng/Ccg/atn_Laws.
 - .6 Canadian Shipping Act, Transport Canada, 2001, <http://tc.gc.ca/eng/acts-regulations/acts-2001c26.htm>.
 - .7 AWPA: American Wood Protection Association, <http://www.awpa.com/>.

- 1.3 DEFINITIONS
- .1 Hazardous Material: Product, substance, or organism that is used for its original purpose; and that is either dangerous goods or a material that may cause adverse impact to the environment or adversely affect health of persons, animals, or plant life when released into the environment.
 - .2 Wetlands: land where the water table is at, near or above the surface or which is saturated for a long enough period to promote such features as wet-altered soils and water tolerant vegetation. Wetlands include organic
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1.3 DEFINITIONS
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- .2 Wetlands: (Cont'd)
wetlands or "peatlands," and mineral wetlands or mineral soil areas that are influenced by excess water but produce little or no peat
- .3 Watercourse: refers to the bed and shore of a river, stream, lake, creek, pond, marsh, estuary or salt-water body that contains water for at least part of each year.
- .4 Alien species: refers to a species or subspecies introduced outside its normal distribution whose establishment and spread threaten ecosystems, habitats or species with economic or environmental harm.
- .5 Buffer zone: a vegetated land that protects watercourses from adjacent land uses. It refers to the land adjacent to watercourses, such as streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, oceans, and wetlands, including the floodplain and the transitional lands between the watercourse and the drier upland areas.

1.4 TRANSPORTATION

- .1 Transport hazardous materials and hazardous waste in compliance with Federal Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act.
- .2 Do not overload trucks when hauling material. Secure contents against spillage.
- .3 Maintain trucks clean and free of mud, dirt and other foreign matter.
- .4 Avoid potential release of contents and of any foreign matter onto highways, roads and access routes used for the Work. Take extra care when hauling dredged material and other hazardous materials. Immediately clean any spillage and soils.
- .5 Before commencement of work, advise the Departmental Representative of the existing roads and temporary routes proposed to be used to access work areas and to haul material to and from the site, including roads to the dredged disposal field.

1.5 DISPOSAL OF
DREDGED MATERIAL

- .1 Obtain applicable permit from the Department of the Environment for the Province of Newfoundland & Labrador and stringently follow all directives and procedures stipulated in permit for transportation and disposal of dredged material to approved disposal site.
- .2 Obtain applicable permit from the Department of the Environment for the Province of Nova Scotia for transportation and disposal of dredged material. Obtain approval from Departmental Representative of site selected for disposal.
 - .1 Site selection must meet following criteria:
 - .1 Water that decants from the disposed dredge spoil shall not enter any waterways.
 - .2 Site should allow for diffuse dispersion or diversion onto a field or woodland but not into drainage ditches that would carry water to a waterway.
 - .3 Locate on-land disposal site no closer than:
 - .1 30.5 meters from a surface watercourse or a domestic water supply.
 - .2 30.5 meters from a common road or public highway.
 - .3 45.7 meters from a residential or commercial building, unless a lesser distance is approved by the landowner.
 - .3 Eliminate free board spillage when excavating, loading and hauling dredged material.
 - .4 Do not overload trucks when hauling dredged material or other hazardous material. Secure contents against spillage. Clean ground spills to extent as directed by authority having jurisdiction and by Departmental Representative.
 - .5 Obtain Departmental Representative's approval of the proposed route to be used to haul dredged material to the disposal field site.
 - .6 Place and spread dredged material at the disposal field in a uniform and well graded

1.5 DISPOSAL OF
DREDGED MATERIAL
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manner. Minimize height and slopes of the disposed material. Match slopes and contours of the existing surrounding terrain as much as possible following grades indicated as directed by Departmental Representative.
- .7 Control disposal and runoff of water containing suspended materials or other harmful substances in accordance with requirements of authority having jurisdiction.
- .8 Suction Dredging:
 - .1 Routinely inspect pipe for any potential breach in the sediment train and keep in good leak free condition at all time.
 - .2 Should leakage occur along the pipeline immediately cease dredging operations and repair leak.

1.6 HAZARDOUS
MATERIAL HANDLING

- .1 Handle and store hazardous materials on site in accordance with WHMIS procedures and requirements.
- .2 Store all hazardous liquids in location and manner to prevent their spillage into the environment.
- .3 Maintain written inventory of all hazardous materials kept on site. List product name, quantity and storage date.
- .4 Keep MSDS data sheets on site for all items.

1.7 PETROLEUM, OIL
AND LUBRICANTS

- .1 Comply with Federal and Provincial laws, regulations, codes and guidelines for the storage of fuel and petroleum products on site.
 - .2 Do not place fuel storage tanks and store fuel or other petroleum products within a 30 metre buffer zone of watercourses and wetlands. Do not fuel or lubricate equipment within this 30 metre buffer zone. Obtain approval from Departmental Representative of
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- 1.7 PETROLEUM, OIL AND LUBRICANTS
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acceptable location on site for fuel storage and equipment service.
- .3 Do not dump petroleum products or any other deleterious substances on ground or in the water.
- .4 Be diligent and take all necessary precautions to avoid spills and contaminate the soil and water (both surface and subsurface) when handling petroleum products on site and during fueling and servicing of vehicles and equipment.
- .5 Maintain on site appropriate emergency spill response equipment consisting of at least one 250 litre (55 gallon) overpack spill kit for containment and cleanup of spills.
- .6 Maintain vehicles and equipment in good working order to prevent leaks on site.
- .7 In the event of a petroleum spill, immediately notify the Departmental Representative and the Canadian Coast Guard (CCG) at 1-800-565-1633 (24 hour report line). Perform clean-up in accordance with all regulations and procedures stipulated by authority having jurisdiction.
- 1.8 DISPOSAL OF WASTES AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
- .1 Do not bury rubbishdemolition debris and waste materials on site. Dispose at approved landfill sites as specified in Section 01 74 21.
- .2 Do not dispose of hazardous waste or volatile materials, such as mineral spirits, paints, thinners, oil or fuel into waterways, storm or sanitary sewers or waste landfill sites.
- .3 Do not store, handle and dispose of hazardous materials and hazardous waste in accordance with applicable federal and provincial laws, regulations, codes and guidelines.
- .4 Do not dispose of hazardous waste, volatile materials (such as mineral spirits, paints,
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1.8 DISPOSAL OF
WASTES AND
HAZARDOUS
MATERIALS
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thinners etc.) and petroleum products into waterways, storm or sanitary sewers or in waste landfill sites.
- .5 Dispose of construction waste materials and demolition debris, resulting from work, at approved landfill sites only. Carryout such disposal in strict accordance with provincial and municipal rules and regulations. Separate out and prevent improper disposal of items banned from landfills.
- .6 Establish methods and undertake construction practices which will minimize waste and optimize use of construction materials. Separate at source all construction waste materials, demolition debris and product packaging and delivery containers into various waste categories in order to maximize recycling abilities of various materials and avoid disposal of debris at landfill site(s) in a "mixed state". Where recycling firms, specializing in recycling of specific materials exist, transport such materials to the recycling facility and avoid disposal at landfill sites.
- .7 Communicate with landfill operator prior to commencement of work, to determine what specific construction, demolition and renovation waste materials have been banned from disposal at the landfill and at transfer stations.

1.9 DRAINAGE

- .1 Provide temporary drainage and pumping as necessary to keep excavations and site free from water.
- .2 Do not pump water containing suspended materials into waterways, sewer or drainage systems.
- .3 Control disposal or runoff of water containing suspended materials or other harmful substances in accordance with governing regulations and requirements.

1.12 POLLUTION
CONTROL

- .1 Maintain temporary erosion and pollution control features installed under this contract.
- .2 Control emissions from equipment and plant to local authorities emission requirements.
- .3 Prevent sandblasting and other extraneous materials from contaminating air beyond application area, by providing temporary enclosures.
- .4 Cover or wet down dry materials and rubbish to prevent blowing dust and debris. Provide dust control for temporary roads and around entire construction site.
- .5 Maintain inventory of hazardous materials and hazardous waste stored on site. List items by product name, quantity and date when storage began.
- .6 Have emergency spill response equipment and rapid clean-up kit, appropriate to work, at site. Locate adjacent to work and where hazardous materials are stored. Provide personal protective equipment as required for clean-up.
- .7 Report, to Federal and Provincial Department of the Environment, spills of petroleum and other hazardous materials as well as accidents having potential of polluting the environment. Also notify Departmental Representative and submit a written spill report to Departmental Representative within 24 hours of occurrence.
- .8 Provide a floating debris containment boom whenever any of the Contractors methods of work allow for the potential of floating debris.

1.13 WATER QUALITY

- .1 Conduct dredging excavation work of a watercourse or wetland in such a manner to limit turbidity and reduce sediment suspension in the water to an absolute minimum at all times.

1.13 WATER QUALITY .1
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- .1 Maintain appropriate production speed and momentum of the dredging excavation equipment. Make adjustments as required and as approved by Departmental Representative.
- .2 Strategically position dredging excavator equipment and barge haul vehicles to avoid over the water swings of excavated material whenever possible.
- .2 Where work may affect the water quality adjacent to water intake lines used by Lobster Holding Facilities, Fish Processing Facilities and other harbour users, schedule work in cooperation with the Harbour Authority as directed by Departmental Representative to minimize interference and impact to harbour users.
- .3 Visually monitor the water turbidity of the surrounding areas adjacent to the work and up to the established dredge limit of 200 metre.
 - .1 Should excessive change occur in the turbidity beyond the dredge limit which differs from existing conditions of the surrounding water bodies, such as a distinct color difference; notify the Departmental Representative to obtain appropriate mitigation measures to be followed.
- .4 Water quality during suction dredging:
 - .1 Minimize out-fall of the dredge material at the disposal site by placing the pipeline outtake at or near the water level surface.
 - .2 Restrict vessel traffic adjacent to the disposal site to an absolute minimum to avoid the re-suspension of dredged material from propeller wash.
- .5 Water contamination by preservative treated wood:
 - .1 Preservative treated lumber and timber, whether plant or site treated, shall be cured for a minimum of 30 days from date of the treatment application before their installation in areas which will be in contact with the water.
 - .2 Do not cut treated wood lumber over the surface of a watercourse or wetland.

1.13 WATER QUALITY .5
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.3 Do not use liquid applied preservative products over the surface of a watercourse or wetland.

.4 Wood treated with Chromate Copper Arsenate (CCA) or Ammoniac Copper Zinc Arsenate (ACZA) must be CSA or AWPA approved.

.5 Do not use timber and lumber treated with cresote, petroleum and pentachlorophenol for any part of the Work.

.6 Do not washdown equipment within a 30 metre buffer zone of a wetland, watercourse or other identified environmentally sensitive area.

1.14 BLASTING .1

.1 Develop a Blasting Plan for any blasting required in the Work identifying measures employed to minimize the impact on fish, mammals, water quality and the environment.

.2 Blasting Plan shall include the following minimum requirements:

.1 Predictive analysis conducted to assess the zone of influence of the blasting activities.

.2 Ensure that fish and mammals are scared away from the blasting area by use of boat, pre-blasting caps or by other means.

.3 Make use of shock wave padding (bubble curtain or air curtain) to minimize the transmission of the blast through the water.

.4 The number and magnitude of explosives used is kept to an absolute minimum as required for the Work.

.3 Submit Blasting Plan to Departmental Representative for review prior to the commencement of any blasting.

.4 Obtain required permit required by authority having jurisdiction.

1.15 SOCIOECONOMIC
RESTRICTIONS

- .1 Abide by municipal and provincial regulations for any restrictions on work performed during the night time and on flood lighting of the site. Obtain applicable permits.
- .2 Place flood lights in opposite direction of adjacent residential and business areas.
- .3 Equip equipment and machinery with purposely designed mufflers to reduce noise on site to lowest possible level. Maintain mufflers in good operating condition at all times.

1.16 BIRDS AND
BIRD HABITAT

- .1 Become knowledgeable with abide by the Migratory Birds Convention Act (MBCA) in regards to the protection of migratory birds, their eggs, nests and their young encountered on site and in the vicinity.
- .2 Minimize disturbance to all birds on site and adjacent areas during the entire course of the Work.
- .3 Do not approach concentrations of seabirds, waterfowl and shorebirds when anchoring equipment, accessing wharves or ferrying supplies.
- .4 During night time work, position flood lights in opposite direction of nearby bird nesting habitat.
- .5 Do not use beaches, dunes and other natural previously undisturbed areas of the site to conduct work unless specifically approved by the Departmental Representative.
- .6 Should nests of migratory birds in wetlands be encountered during work, immediately notify Departmental Representative for directives to be followed.
 - .1 Do not disturb nest site and neighbouring vegetation until nesting is completed.
 - .2 Minimize work immediately adjacent to such areas until nesting is completed.
 - .3 Protect these areas by following recommendations of Canadian Wildlife Service.

1.17 WILDLIFE
PROTECTION

- .1 Should nests of migratory birds in wetlands be encountered during work, immediately notify Departmental Representative for directives to be followed.
 - .1 Do not disturb nest site and neighbouring vegetation until nesting is completed.
 - .2 Minimize work immediately adjacent to such areas until nesting is completed.
 - .3 Protect these areas by following recommendations of Canadian Wildlife.

1.18 FISH AND
FISH HABITAT

- .1 Be aware of the risk for contamination of the fish habitat at the site as a result of alien species being introduced in the water.
- .2 To minimize the possibility of fish habitat contamination, all construction equipment which will be immersed into the water of a watercourse, or has the possibility of coming into contact with such water during the course of the work, must be cleaned and washed to ensure that they are free of marine growth and alien species.
 - .1 Equipment shall include boats, barges, cranes, excavators, haul trucks, pumps, pipe lines and other all miscellaneous tools and equipment previously used in a marine environment.
- .3 Cleaning and washing of equipment shall be performed immediately upon their arrival at the site and before use in or over the body of water.
- .4 Conduct cleaning and washing operations as follows:
 - .1 Scrap and remove heavy accumulation of mud and dispose appropriately.
 - .2 Wash all surfaces of equipment by use of a pressurized fresh water supply.
 - .3 Immediately follow with application of a heavy sprayed coating of undiluted vinegar or other environmentally approved cleaning agent to thoroughly remove all plant matter, animals and sediments.

- 1.18 FISH AND FISH HABITAT (Cont'd)
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 - .4 Check and remove all plant, animal and sediment matter from the all bilges and filters.
 - .5 Drain standing water from equipment and let fully dry before use.
 - .6 Upon removal from the water, drain standing water from equipment and let fully dry before removal off the site.
 - .5 Do not perform cleaning and washdown within a 30 metre buffer zone of a wetland, watercourse or other identified environmentally sensitive area.
 - .6 Record of Assurance Logbook:
 - .1 Maintain an on-going log of past and present usage and washdowns of all equipment to illustrate mitigation measures undertaken against fish habitat contamination by alien species.
 - .2 Write data in a hard cover bound logbook,
 - .3 Include the following:
 - .1 Date and location where equipment was previously used in a watercourse or wetland;
 - .2 Type of work performed.
 - .3 Dates of washdown for each piece of equipment;
 - .4 Cleaning method and cleaning agent(s) used.
 - .7 Keep Record of Assurance Logbook updated from project to project. Upon request, submit logbook to Departmental Representative for review.
 - .8 Abide by requirements and recommendations of the Federal Department of Environment and the Department of Fisheries and Oceans - Habitat Protection and Sustainable Development Branch in cleaning and washdown of equipment.
- 1.19 AIR QUALITY
- .1 Keep airborne dust and dirt resulting from the work on site to an absolute minimum.
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- 1.19 AIR QUALITY .2 Apply dust control measures to roads, parking
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- .3 Spray surfaces with water or other
 environmentally approved product. Use
 purposely suited equipment or machinery and
 apply in sufficient quantity and frequency to
 provide effective result and continued dust
 control during the entire course of the work.
- .4 Do not use oil or any other petroleum
 products for dust control.
- 1.20 FIRES .1 Fires and burning of rubbish on site is not
 permitted.