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REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL (RFP)

Reference Number: K4E21-13-0718

CLOSING DATE: 31 January 2014, 12:00 MST

PROJECT TITLE: Local Courier Service for Edmonton, AB Duration of Contract: 2 Years, 2 Months, plus 2 option periods

Start Date: 1 February 2014
Termination Date: 31 March 2016

Short Title: Local Courier Service – Edmonton, AB

Branch/Directorate: Environment Canada

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:

Helga Saunders

Materiel Management | Le service de gestion du matériel Procurement Officer | Agent des acquisitions Environment Canada | Environnement Canada | 9250 – 49 St. | 9250 – rue du 49 Edmonton (Alberta) T6B 5K1 | helga.saunders@ec.gc.ca | Telephone | Téléphone 780-951-8660 | Facsimile | Télécopieur 780-495-5097

RFP Issue Date: 16 January 2014



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BACKGROUND

Environment Canada has four facilities in Edmonton and a local courier service is required to pickup/deliver interdepartmental mail between sites.

STATEMENT OF WORK

Provide courier service for Environment Canada from the Eastgate Office at 9250 49 St to the following locations;

Northern Forestry Center, 5320 – 122 Street; M.J. Greenwood, 9345 – 49 street; Biological Sciences Building (Office CW405), 11455 Saskatchewan Drive

And return to Eastgate Offices.

Contractor Responsibilities:

The Contractor will pick up a total of three (3) courier bags from the Eastgate Office **mailroom** at 10:30am and delivered to the three sites.

The Contractor will pick up a courier bag at each of the locations noted below for delivery to the Eastgate Offices.

The Contractor will deliver each of these courier bags to the Eastgate Office mailroom prior to 3pm. Courier bags can weigh up to 4.5 kilograms, while boxes (as required) may weigh up to 10 kilograms.

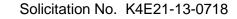
Note: Pick-up and delivery times: MJ Greenwood Center after 11:30am; the Northern Forestry Center must be after 1:30pm and the Biological Sciences Building is closed daily from Noon to 1pm. There must be no deviation from this schedule.

Pick-up and delivery will be made Monday to Friday with the exception of federally recognized statutory holidays and any additional pick-ups as noted below.

On an "as and when requested" basis:

1. During the regular scheduled pick up, there may be a requirement to pick up and deliver boxes along with the courier bags - (estimated 3 to 5 times per month);

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2. Outside the regular pick up, "on an as and required" basis pick up and deliver envelopes, courier bags or boxes - (estimated 5 to 8 times per month);

Proposed Contract Schedule:

February 1, 2014 to March 31, 2014

April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015

April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016

April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017 Option Period 1

April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018 Option Period 2

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

There are no intellectual property issues arising from this contract.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment for Courier Services shall be made based on the following;

- a. Scheduled daily pick-up and delivery
- b. Additional charges for any extra boxes
- c. Additional charges for any extra pick-ups
- d. Fuel surcharge

METHOD OF PAYMENT

Payment shall be made upon the submission of a monthly invoice for services provided to the satisfaction of the Departmental Representative.

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ENQUIRIES

All enquiries or issues concerning this Request for Proposal must be submitted in **writing only** to the Contracting Authority named on the front cover page of this RFP document **not later than three (3) working days prior to the bid closing date.**

To ensure consistency and quality of information to Bidders, the Contracting Authority will provide simultaneously to all bidders to which this solicitation has been sent the following:

- Any information with respect to significant enquiries received, and
- The replies to such enquiries without revealing their sources

All enquiries and other communications with government officials throughout the solicitation and evaluation period are to be directed only to the Contracting Authority named on the front cover of this RFP document. Non-compliance with this condition during the bid solicitation and evaluation period may be sufficient reason for bid disqualification.

Bidders must ensure that they follow the instructions in the Appendix "A" Bid Evaluation Criteria.

The successful bidder will be expected to enter into a Short Form Service Contract as per the terms and conditions attached as Appendix "C".



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Appendix C

GENERAL CONDITIONS - Services

2010C 01 (2013-04-25) Interpretation

In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Applicable Taxes" means the Goods and Services Tax (GST), the Harmonized Sales Tax (HST), and any provincial tax, by law, payable by Canada such as, the Quebec Sales Tax (QST) as of April 1, 2013;

"Articles of Agreement" means the clauses and conditions incorporated in full text or incorporated by reference from the *Standard Acquisition Clauses and Conditions* Manual to form the body of the Contract; it does not include these general conditions, any supplemental general conditions, annexes, the Contractor's bid or any other document;

"Canada", "Crown", "Her Majesty" or "the Government" means Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada as represented by the Minister of Public Works and Government Services and any other person duly authorized to act on behalf of that minister or, if applicable, an appropriate minister to whom the Minister of Public Works and Government Services has delegated his or her powers, duties or functions and any other person duly authorized to act on behalf of that minister;

"Contract" means the Articles of Agreement, these general conditions, any supplemental general conditions, annexes and any other document specified or referred to as forming part of the Contract, all as amended by agreement of the Parties from time to time;

"Contracting Authority" means the person designated by that title in the Contract, or by notice to the Contractor, to act as Canada's representative to manage the Contract;

"Contractor" means the person, entity or entities named in the Contract to supply goods, services or both to Canada;

"Contract Price" means the amount stated in the Contract to be payable to the Contractor for the Work, exclusive of Applicable Taxes;

"Cost" means cost determined according to Contract Cost Principles 1031-2 as revised to the date of the bid solicitation or, if there was no bid solicitation, the date of the Contract;

"Government Property" means anything supplied to the Contractor by or on behalf of Canada for the purposes of performing the Contract and anything acquired by the Contractor in any manner in connection with the Work, the cost of which is paid by Canada under the Contract;



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"Party" means Canada, the Contractor, or any other signatory to the Contract and "Parties" means all of them:

"Total Estimated Cost", "Revised Estimated Cost", "Increase (Decrease)" on Page 1 of the Contract or Contract Amendment means an amount used for internal administrative purposes only that comprises the Contract Price, or the revised Contract Price, or the amount that would increase or decrease the Contract Price and the Applicable Taxes as evaluated by the Contracting Authority, and does not constitute tax advice on the part of Canada;

"Work" means all the activities, services, goods, equipment, matters and things required to be done, delivered or performed by the Contractor under the Contract.

2010C 02 (2008-05-12) Standard Clauses and Conditions

Pursuant to the <u>Department of Public Works and Government Services Act</u>, S.C. 1996, c. 16, the clauses and conditions identified by number, date and title in the Contract are incorporated by reference and form part of the Contract as though expressly set out in the Contract.

2010C 03 (2008-05-12) Powers of Canada

All rights, remedies, powers and discretions granted or acquired by Canada under the Contract or by law are cumulative, not exclusive.

2010C 04 (2008-05-12) Status of the Contractor

The Contractor is an independent contractor engaged by Canada to perform the Work. Nothing in the Contract is intended to create a partnership, a joint venture or an agency between Canada and the other Party or Parties. The Contractor must not represent itself as an agent or representative of Canada to anyone. Neither the Contractor nor any of its personnel is engaged as an employee or agent of Canada. The Contractor is responsible for all deductions and remittances required by law in relation to its employees.

2010C 05 (2008-05-12) Conduct of the Work

- 1. The Contractor represents and warrants that:
 - a. it is competent to perform the Work;
 - b. it has everything necessary to perform the Work, including the resources, facilities, labour, technology, equipment, and materials; and
 - c. it has the necessary qualifications, including knowledge, skill, know-how and experience, and the ability to use them effectively to perform the Work.
- 2. The Contractor must:
 - a. perform the Work diligently and efficiently;



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- b. except for Government Property, supply everything necessary to perform the Work;
- c. use, as a minimum, quality assurance procedures, inspections and controls generally used and recognized by the industry to ensure the degree of quality required by the Contract;
- d. select and employ a sufficient number of qualified people;
- e. perform the Work in accordance with standards of quality acceptable to Canada and in full conformity with the specifications and all the requirements of the Contract;
- f. provide effective and efficient supervision to ensure that the quality of workmanship meets the requirements of the Contract.

2010C 06 (2013-06-27) Subcontracts

The Contractor may subcontract the supply of goods or services that are customarily subcontracted by the Contractor. Subcontracting does not relieve the Contractor from any of its obligations under the Contract or impose any liability upon Canada to a subcontractor. In any subcontract, the Contractor agrees to bind the subcontractor by the same conditions by which the Contractor is bound under the Contract, unless the Contracting Authority agrees otherwise, with the exception of requirements under the Federal Contractors Program for employment equity which only apply to the Contractor.

2010C 07 (2008-05-12) Time of the Essence

It is essential that the Work be performed within or at the time stated in the Contract.

2010C 08 (2008-05-12) Excusable Delay

- 1. A delay in the performance by the Contractor of any obligation under the Contract that is caused by an event that:
 - a. is beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor;
 - b. could not reasonably have been foreseen;
 - c. could not reasonably have been prevented by means reasonably available to the Contractor; and
 - d. occurred without the fault or neglect of the Contractor,

will be considered an "Excusable Delay" if the Contractor advises the Contracting Authority of the occurrence of the delay or of the likelihood of the delay as soon as the Contractor becomes aware of it. The Contractor must also advise the Contracting Authority, within fifteen (15) working days, of all the circumstances relating to the delay and provide to the Contracting Authority for approval a clear work around plan explaining in detail the steps that the Contractor proposes to take in order to minimize the impact of the event causing the delay.



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- 2. Any delivery date or other date that is directly affected by an Excusable Delay will be postponed for a reasonable time that will not exceed the duration of the Excusable Delay.
- 3. However, if an Excusable Delay has continued for thirty (30) days or more, the Contracting Authority may, by giving notice in writing to the Contractor, terminate the Contract. In such a case, the Parties agree that neither will make any claim against the other for damages, costs, expected profits or any other loss arising out of the termination or the event that contributed to the Excusable Delay. The Contractor agrees to repay immediately to Canada the portion of any advance payment that is unliquidated at the date of the termination.
- 4. Unless Canada has caused the delay by failing to meet an obligation under the Contract, Canada will not be responsible for any costs incurred by the Contractor or any of its subcontractors or agents as a result of an Excusable Delay.

2010C 09 (2008-05-12) Inspection and Acceptance of the Work

All the Work is subject to inspection and acceptance by Canada. Inspection and acceptance of the Work by Canada do not relieve the Contractor of its responsibility for defects or other failures to meet the requirements of the Contract. Canada will have the right to reject any work that is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract and require its correction or replacement at the Contractor's expense.

2010C 10 (2013-03-21) Invoice Submission

- 1. Invoices must be submitted in the Contractor's name. The Contractor must submit invoices for each delivery or shipment; invoices must only apply to the Contract. Each invoice must indicate whether it covers partial or final delivery.
- 2. Invoices must show:
 - a. the date, the name and address of the client department, item or reference numbers, deliverable/description of the Work, contract number, Client Reference Number (CRN), Procurement Business Number (PBN), and financial code(s);
 - b. details of expenditures (such as item, quantity, unit of issue, unit price, fixed time labour rates and level of effort, subcontracts, as applicable) in accordance with the Basis of Payment, exclusive of Applicable Taxes;
 - c. deduction for holdback, if applicable;
 - d. the extension of the totals, if applicable; and
 - e. if applicable, the method of shipment together with date, case numbers and part or reference numbers, shipment charges and any other additional charges.
- 3. Applicable Taxes must be specified on all invoices as a separate item along with corresponding registration numbers from the tax authorities. All items that are zero-rated,



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exempt or to which Applicable Taxes do not apply, must be identified as such on all invoices.

4. By submitting an invoice, the Contractor certifies that the invoice is consistent with the Work delivered and is in accordance with the Contract.

2010C 11 (2013-03-21) Taxes

- 1. Federal government departments and agencies are required to pay Applicable Taxes.
- 2. Applicable Taxes will be paid by Canada as provided in the Invoice Submission section. It is the sole responsibility of the Contractor to charge Applicable Taxes at the correct rate in accordance with applicable legislation. The Contractor agrees to remit to appropriate tax authorities any amounts of Applicable Taxes paid or due.
- 3. The Contractor is not entitled to use Canada's exemptions from any tax, such as provincial sales taxes, unless otherwise specified by law. The Contractor must pay applicable provincial sales tax, ancillary taxes, and any commodity tax, on taxable goods or services used or consumed in the performance of the Contract (in accordance with applicable legislation), including for material incorporated into real property.
- 4. In those cases where Applicable Taxes, customs duties, and excise taxes are included in the Contract Price, the Contract Price will be adjusted to reflect any increase, or decrease, of Applicable Taxes, customs duties, and excise taxes that will have occurred between bid submission and contract award. However, there will be no adjustment for any change to increase the Contract Price if public notice of the change was given before bid submission date in sufficient detail to have permitted the Contractor to calculate the effect of the change.
- 5. Tax Withholding of 15 Percent Canada Revenue Agency

Pursuant to the <u>Income Tax Act</u>, 1985, c. 1 (5th Supp.) and the <u>Income Tax Regulations</u>, Canada must withhold 15 percent of the amount to be paid to the Contractor in respect of services provided in Canada if the Contractor is not a resident of Canada, unless the Contractor obtains a valid waiver from the <u>Canada Revenue Agency</u>. The amount withheld will be held on account for the Contractor in respect to any tax liability which may be owed to Canada.

2010C 12 (2008-05-12) Payment Period

1. Canada's standard payment period is thirty (30) days. The payment period is measured from the date an invoice in acceptable form and content is received in accordance with the Contract or the date the Work is delivered in acceptable condition as required in the



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Contract, whichever is later. A payment is considered overdue on the 31st day following that date and interest will be paid automatically in accordance with the section 13.

2. If the content of the invoice and its substantiating documentation are not in accordance with the Contract or the Work is not in acceptable condition, Canada will notify the Contractor within fifteen (15) days of receipt. The 30-day payment period begins upon receipt of the revised invoice or the replacement or corrected Work. Failure by Canada to notify the Contractor within fifteen (15) days will only result in the date specified in subsection 1 to apply for the sole purpose of calculating interest on overdue accounts.

2010C 13 (2008-12-12) Interest on Overdue Accounts

1. For the purpose of this section:

"Average Rate" means the simple arithmetic mean of the Bank Rates in effect at 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time each day during the calendar month immediately before the calendar month in which payment is made;

"Bank Rate" means the rate of interest established from time to time by the Bank of Canada as the minimum rate at which the Bank of Canada makes short term advances to members of the Canadian Payments Association;

"date of payment" means the date of the negotiable instrument drawn by the Receiver General for Canada to pay any amount under the Contract;

an amount becomes "overdue" when it is unpaid on the first day following the day on which it is due and payable according to the Contract.

- 2. Canada will pay to the Contractor simple interest at the Average Rate plus 3 percent per year on any amount that is overdue, from the date that amount becomes overdue until the day before the date of payment, inclusive. The Contractor is not required to provide notice to Canada for interest to be payable.
- 3. Canada will pay interest in accordance with this section only if Canada is responsible for the delay in paying the Contractor. Canada will not pay interest on overdue advance payments.

2010C 14 (2008-05-12) Audit

The amount claimed under the Contract is subject to government audit both before and after payment is made. The Contractor must keep proper accounts and records of the cost of performing the Work and keep all documents relating to such cost for six (6) years after it receives the final payment under the Contract.



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2010C 15 (2008-05-12) Compliance with Applicable Laws

- 1. The Contractor must comply with all laws applicable to the performance of the Contract. The Contractor must provide evidence of compliance with such laws to Canada at such times as Canada may reasonably request.
- 2. The Contractor must obtain and maintain at its own cost all permits, licenses, regulatory approvals and certificates required to perform the Work. If requested by the Contracting Authority, the Contractor must provide a copy of any required permit, license, regulatory approvals or certificate to Canada.

2010C 16 (2008-05-12) Liability

The Contractor is liable for any damage caused by the Contractor, its employees, subcontractors, or agents to Canada or any third party. Canada is liable for any damage caused by Canada, its employees or agents to the Contractor or any third party. The Parties agree that no limitation of liability or indemnity provision applies to the Contract unless it is specifically incorporated in full text in the Articles of Agreement. Damage includes any injury to persons (including injury resulting in death) or loss of or damage to property (including real property) caused as a result of or during the performance of the Contract.

2010C 17 (2008-05-12) Government Property

The Contractor must take reasonable and proper care of all Government Property while it is in its possession or subject to its control. The Contractor is responsible for any loss or damage resulting from its failure to do so other than loss or damage caused by ordinary wear and tear.

2010C 18 (2008-05-12) Amendment

To be effective, any amendment to the Contract must be done in writing by the Contracting Authority and the authorized representative of the Contractor.

2010C 19 (2008-05-12) Assignment

- 1. The Contractor must not assign the Contract without first obtaining the written consent of the Contracting Authority. Any assignment made without that consent is void and will have no effect. The assignment will be effective upon execution of an assignment agreement signed by the Parties and the assignee.
- 2. Assignment of the Contract does not relieve the Contractor from any obligation under the Contract and it does not impose any liability upon Canada.



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2010C 20 (2008-05-12) Suspension of the Work

The Contracting Authority may at any time, by written notice, order the Contractor to suspend or stop the Work or part of the Work under the Contract. The Contractor must immediately comply with any such order in a way that minimizes the cost of doing so.

2010C 21 (2008-05-12) Default by the Contractor

- 1. If the Contractor is in default in carrying out any of its obligations under the Contract, the Contracting Authority may, by giving written notice to the Contractor, terminate for default the Contract or part of the Contract. The termination will take effect immediately or at the expiration of a cure period specified in the notice, if the Contractor has not cured the default to the satisfaction of the Contracting Authority within that cure period.
- 2. If the Contractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent, makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or takes the benefit of any statute relating to bankrupt or insolvent debtors, or if a receiver is appointed under a debt instrument or a receiving order is made against the Contractor, or an order is made or a resolution passed for the winding down of the Contractor, the Contracting Authority may, to the extent permitted by the laws of Canada, by giving written notice to the Contractor, immediately terminate for default the Contract or part of the Contract.
- 3. If Canada gives notice under subsection 1 or 2, the Contractor will have no claim for further payment except as provided in this section. The Contractor will be liable to Canada for all losses and damages suffered by Canada because of the default or occurrence upon which the notice was based, including any increase in the cost incurred by Canada in procuring the Work from another source. The Contractor agrees to repay immediately to Canada the portion of any advance payment that is unliquidated at the date of the termination.

2010C 22 (2012-07-16) Termination for Convenience

- 1. At any time before the completion of the Work, the Contracting Authority may, by giving notice in writing to the Contractor, terminate for convenience the Contract or part of the Contract. Once such a notice of termination for convenience is given, the Contractor must comply with the requirements of the termination notice. If the Contract is terminated in part only, the Contractor must proceed to complete any part of the Work that is not affected by the termination notice. The termination will take effect immediately or, as the case may be, at the time specified in the termination notice.
- 2. If a termination notice is given pursuant to subsection 1, the Contractor will be entitled to be paid, for costs that have been reasonably and properly incurred to perform the Contract



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to the extent that the Contractor has not already been paid or reimbursed by Canada. The Contractor will be paid:

- a. on the basis of the Contract Price, for all completed work that is inspected and accepted in accordance with the Contract, whether completed before, or after the termination in accordance with the instructions contained in the termination notice;
- b. the Cost to the Contractor plus a fair and reasonable profit for all work terminated by the termination notice before completion; and
- c. all costs incidental to the termination of the Work incurred by the Contractor but not including the cost of severance payments or damages to employees whose services are no longer required, except wages that the Contractor is obligated by statute to pay.
- 3. Canada may reduce the payment in respect of any part of the Work, if upon inspection, it does not meet the requirements of the Contract.
- 4. The total of the amounts, to which the Contractor is entitled to be paid under this section, together with any amounts paid, due or becoming due to the Contractor must not exceed the Contract Price. The Contractor will have no claim for damages, compensation, loss of profit, allowance arising out of any termination notice given by Canada under this section except to the extent that this section expressly provides. The Contractor agrees to repay immediately to Canada the portion of any advance payment that is unliquidated at the date of the termination.

2010C 23 (2008-05-12) Right of Set-off

Without restricting any right of set-off given by law, Canada may set-off against any amount payable to the Contractor under the Contract, any amount payable to Canada by the Contractor under the Contract or under any other current contract. Canada may, when making a payment pursuant to the Contract, deduct from the amount payable to the Contractor any such amount payable to Canada by the Contractor which, by virtue of the right of set-off, may be retained by Canada.

2010C 24 (2008-05-12) Conflict of Interest and Values and Ethics Codes for the Public Service

The Contractor acknowledges that individuals who are subject to the provisions of the *Conflict of Interest Act*, 2006, c. 9, s. 2, the Conflict of Interest Code for Members of the House of Commons, the Values and Ethics Code for the Public Service or all other codes of values and ethics applicable within specific organizations cannot derive any direct benefit resulting from the Contract.



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2010C 25 (2008-12-12) Contingency Fees

The Contractor certifies that it has not, directly or indirectly, paid or agreed to pay and agrees that it will not, directly or indirectly, pay a contingency fee for the solicitation, negotiation or obtaining of the Contract to any person, other than an employee of the Contractor acting in the normal course of the employee's duties. In this section, "contingency fee" means any payment or other compensation that depends or is calculated based on a degree of success in soliciting, negotiating or obtaining the Contract and "person" includes any individual who is required to file a return with the registrar pursuant to section 5 of the *Lobbying Act*, 1985, c. 44 (4th Supplement).

2010C 26 (2012-07-16) International Sanctions

- 1. Persons in Canada, and Canadians outside of Canada, are bound by economic sanctions imposed by Canada. As a result, the Government of Canada cannot accept delivery of goods or services that originate, either directly or indirectly, from the countries or persons subject to economic sanctions.
- 2. The Contractor must not supply to the Government of Canada any goods or services which are subject to economic sanctions.
- 3. The Contractor must comply with changes to the regulations imposed during the period of the Contract. The Contractor must immediately advise Canada if it is unable to perform the Work as a result of the imposition of economic sanctions against a country or person or the addition of a good or service to the list of sanctioned goods or services. If the Parties cannot agree on a work around plan, the Contract will be terminated for the convenience of Canada in accordance with section 22.

2010C 27 (2012-11-09) Code of Conduct and Certifications - Contract

- 1. The Contractor agrees to comply with the <u>Code of Conduct for Procurement</u> and to be bound by its terms. In addition to complying with the <u>Code of Conduct for Procurement</u>, the Contractor must also comply with the terms set out in this section.
- 2. The Contractor further understands that, to ensure fairness, openness and transparency in the procurement process, the commission of certain acts or offences may result in a termination for default under the Contract. If the Contractor made a false declaration in its bid, makes a false declaration under the Contract, fails to diligently maintain up to date the information herein requested, or if the Contractor or any of the Contractor's affiliates fail to remain free and clear of any acts or convictions specified herein during the period of the Contract, such false declaration or failure to comply may result in a termination for default under the Contract. The Contractor understands that a termination for default will not restrict Canada's right to exercise any other remedies that may be available against the Contractor and agrees to immediately return any advance payments.



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- 3. For the purpose of this section, everyone, including but not limited to organizations, bodies corporate, societies, companies, firms, partnerships, associations of persons, parent companies and subsidiaries, whether partly or wholly-owned, as well as individuals and directors, are Contractor's affiliates if:
 - a. directly or indirectly either one controls or has the power to control the other, or
 - b. a third party has the power to control both.

Indicia of control, include, but are not limited to, interlocking management or ownership, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, common use of employees, or a business entity created following the acts or convictions specified in this section which has the same or similar management, ownership, or principal employees, as the case may be.

- 4. The Contractor must diligently maintain an up-to-date list of names by informing Canada in writing of any change occurring during the period of the contract. The Contractor must also, when so requested, provide Canada with the corresponding Consent Forms.
- 5. The Contractor certifies that it is aware, and that its affiliates are aware, that Canada may verify the information provided by the Contractor, including the information relating to the acts or convictions specified herein through independent research, use of any government resources or by contacting third parties.
- 6. The Contractor certifies that neither the Contractor nor any of the Contractor's affiliates have directly or indirectly, paid or agreed to pay, and will not, directly or indirectly, pay a contingency fee to any individual for the solicitation, negotiation or obtaining of the Contract if the payment of the fee would require the individual to file a return under section 5 of the *Lobbying Act*.
- 7. The Contractor certifies that no one convicted under any of the provisions under a) or b) are to receive any benefit under the contract. In addition, the Contractor certifies that except for those offences where a criminal pardon or a record suspension has been obtained or capacities restored by the Governor in Council, neither the Contractor nor any of the Contractor's affiliates has ever been convicted of an offence under any of the following provisions:
 - a. paragraph 80(1)(d) (False entry, certificate or return), subsection 80(2) (Fraud against Her Majesty) or section 154.01 (Fraud against Her Majesty) of the Financial Administration Act, or
 - b. section 121 (*Frauds on the government and Contractor subscribing to election fund*), section 124 (*Selling or Purchasing Office*), section 380 (*Fraud*) for fraud committed against Her Majesty or section 418 (*Selling defective stores to Her Majesty*) of the *Criminal Code* of Canada, or
 - c. section 462.31 (*Laundering proceeds of crime*) or sections 467.11 to 467.13 (*Participation in activities of criminal organization*) of the *Criminal Code* of Canada, or



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- d. section 45 (Conspiracies, agreements or arrangements between competitors), 46 (Foreign directives) 47 (Bid rigging), 49 (Agreements or arrangements of federal financial institutions), 52 (False or misleading representation), 53 (Deceptive notice of winning a prize) under the <u>Competition Act</u>, or
- e. section 239 (False or deceptive statements) of the Income Tax Act, or
- f. section 327 (False or deceptive statements) of the Excise Tax Act, or
- g. section 3 (*Bribing a foreign public official*) of the <u>Corruption of Foreign Public</u> Officials Act, or
- h. section 5 (*Trafficking in substance*), section 6 (*Importing and exporting*), or section 7 (*Production of substance*) of the *Controlled Drugs and Substance Act*.

2010C 28 (2010-08-16) Harassment in the Workplace

- 1. The Contractor acknowledges the responsibility of Canada to ensure, for its employees, a healthy work environment, free of harassment. A copy of the *Policy on Harassment Prevention and Resolution*, which is also applicable to the Contractor, is available on the Treasury Board Web site.
- 2. The Contractor must not, either as an individual, or as a corporate or unincorporated entity, through its employees or subcontractors, harass, abuse, threaten, discriminate against or intimidate any employee, contractor or other individual employed by, or under contract with Canada. The Contractor will be advised in writing of any complaint and will have the right to respond in writing. Upon receipt of the Contractor's response, the Contracting Authority will, at its entire discretion, determine if the complaint is founded and decide on any action to be taken.

2010C 29 (2008-05-12) Entire Agreement

The Contract constitutes the entire and only agreement between the Parties and supersedes all previous negotiations, communications and other agreements, whether written or oral, unless they are incorporated by reference in the Contract. There are no terms, covenants, representations, statements or conditions binding on the Parties other than those contained in the Contract.

2010C 30 (2012-07-16) Access to Information

Records created by the Contractor, and under the control of Canada, are subject to the <u>Access to Information Act</u>. The Contractor acknowledges the responsibilities of Canada under the <u>Access to Information Act</u> and must, to the extent possible, assist Canada in discharging these responsibilities. Furthermore, the Contractor acknowledges that section 67.1 of the <u>Access to Information Act</u> provides that any person, who destroys, alters, falsifies or conceals a record, or directs anyone to do so, with the intent of obstructing the right of access that is provided by the <u>Access to Information Act</u> is guilty of an offence and is liable to imprisonment or a fine, or both.