

Part 2 General

2.1 References

- .1 D02, Site Plan for Consultant Services, Support for UXO Clearance, Burnside Industrial Park, Dartmouth Nova Scotia, DCC Project No. NS137459, Contract No. 54345
- .2 DCC Digital Geophysical Mapping Standards for Munitions Response Projects V 2.0 [hereinafter DGM Standards]
- .3 UXO Field Data Layering and Attribute Standard V 2.1
- .4 DCC Geospatial Data Standard v 1.07

2.2 Definitions

- .1 Surveying consists of conducting a 100% geophysical survey of the project area at original grade using a geophysical system capable of detecting the smallest item of concern (determined at the start of the project and in consultation with a third Geophysicist) at its most challenging position (weakest orientation and maximum lateral offset from center of geophysical sensors).
- .2 Third Party Geophysicist is defined as a Geophysicist who was previously engaged in the development of the site characterization. He will also be familiar with the specific geophysical characteristics of the site and the types of UXOs that were evaluated to be present on the site.
- .3 The Engineer is defined as the contracted Engineer responsible for the planning of the pad ready construction.
- .4 Seeding refers to the emplacement and burial of munition-like objects within the survey area in order to further test and validate the detection process in accordance with Section 5.0 of the DGM Standards.
- .5 Original grade is defined as the existing grade in Area 2 and the base of the fill in Area 1 as outlined in D02, Site Plan for Consultant Services, Support for UXO Clearance, Burnside Industrial Park, Dartmouth Nova Scotia, DCC Project No. NS137459, Contract No. 54345 and evaluated by the Engineer.

2.3 Quality Assurance / Quality Control

- .1 All collected geophysical data will be assessed based on Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) as per the DGM Standards.

Part 3 Products

3.1 Materials

- .1 At least two (2) small ISO pipe nipples as specified by a third party Geophysicist. These items will be used as quality control seed items randomly placed throughout survey grid.

Part 4 Execution

4.1 Soft Prove Out or Instrument Verification Strip

- .1 Conduct a Soft Prove Out (SPO) or Instrument Verification Strip (IVS) of selected geophysical equipment as per Section 4.0 of the DGM Standards.
- .2 Selected test items to be representative of expected munition types in consultation with a third party Geophysicist.
- .3 Establish DQOs to be followed through data collection.
- .4 Determine appropriate response threshold for target selection in consultation with a third party Geophysicist.

4.2 Quality Control Seeding

- .1 Seed a minimum of two (2) small sized (1" x 4" pipe nipples), ISO quality control seed items randomly within the survey footprint at a minimum depth of 15 cm to the top edge of the item.
- .2 Ensure documenting and emplacement strategies as per Section 5.0 of the DGM Standards.

4.3 Geophysical Survey

- .1 Conduct a Survey of Areas 1 and 2 of the project area as defined in D02, Site Plan for Consultant Services, Support for UXO Clearance, Burnside Industrial Park, Dartmouth Nova Scotia, DCC Project No. NS137459, Contract No. 54345.
- .2 Produce a dig list of geophysical targets meeting pre-defined threshold characteristics and in consultation with a third party Geophysicist.
- .3 Layout geophysical targets using RTK grade GPS and in accordance with the DGM Standards.
- .4 Produce deliverables as per Section 0.9 of the DGM Standards and in accordance with the DCC Geospatial Data Standards and the UXO Field Data Layering and Attribute Standards.

END OF SECTION

Part 5 General

5.1 References

- .1 B-GL-381-003/TS-000: Range Clearance and UXO Activities Manual (Interim, 12 April, 2011)
- .2 Department of National Defence, CANFORGEN 106/07, Civilian Equivalent Qualifications for Contracted UXO Clearance

5.2 Definitions

- .1 UXO Avoidance is defined as measures taken to detect and avoid UXO/suspected UXO. Does not include identification, exposing, handling or destruction of UXO or suspected UXO. UXO Avoidance should be carried out in accordance with B-GL-381-003/TS-000 (Chapter 2 Military Range Clearance Procedures)

Part 6 Products

- .1 Not Used

Part 7 Execution

7.1 MEC Avoidance

- .1 UXO avoidance tasks are employed when another non-UXO related task or operation is required within an area of suspected UXO. Military personnel may be called upon to perform UXO avoidance tasks in support of range maintenance or other activities (escorting vehicles or personnel, emplacement of posts, etc.) where UXO are suspected or known.
- .2 The main aim of a UXO avoidance task is to detect and avoid UXO so that another non-UXO related activity can proceed in a safe manner.
- .3 During UXO avoidance tasks, the surface is visually swept and detection equipment is used to detect suspected UXO below the surface. No intrusive work is done and any UXO and/or suspected UXO that is found or detected is not disturbed nor handled.
- .4 UXO avoidance tasks are conducted using non-intrusive visual and electronic sensing methods to detect suspected UXO.

7.2 MEC Construction Support

- .1 MEC construction support is employed during non-UXO activities that involve intrusive investigation in low risk areas.
- .2 A UXO qualified personnel will observe excavation activities and inspect newly exposed ground for evidence of MEC.
- .3 Should a UXO or suspected UXO be discovered during construction support, all work must stop until the item can be identified and disposed of in accordance with Specification Section 02 61 24 - MEC Handling.
- .4 Recommencement of non-UXO activities will only be permitted once a risk analysis of the activity being performed, based on recent findings, is conducted.

END OF SECTION

Part 8 General

8.1 References

- .1 D02, Site Plan for Consultant Services, Support for UXO Clearance, Burnside Industrial Park, Dartmouth Nova Scotia, DCC Project No. NS137459, Contract No. 54345
- .2 S-5799, Survey Drawing, Public Works and Government Services Canada Real Estate Sector
- .3 B-GL-381-003/TS-000: Range Clearance and UXO Activities Manual (Interim, 12 April, 2011)
- .4 Canada Labour Code (R.S.C., 1985, c. L-2), Part II - Occupational Health and Safety
- .5 Department of National Defence, CANFORGEN 106/07, Civilian Equivalent Qualifications for Contracted UXO Clearance
- .6 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #15, Recognized Civilian Qualifications Applicable to Ammunition and Explosives Employment, Change 2
- .7 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #17, Qualification Expiry Criteria CANFORGEN 106/07 Amendment
- .8 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction # 07, Ammunition Accident/Incident Investigation and Reporting
- .9 Specification Section 02 61 24 - MEC Handling
- .10 Halifax Regional Municipality Bylaw L-200 and S-600

8.2 Definitions

- .1 Surface Clearance is defined as the location and identification of all surface UXO and removal of scrap (both munitions and non-munitions debris) that is visible on the surface and within grasses, leaves, mulch, dead fall etc... down to the soil surface. Surface clearance operations will be carried out in accordance with the B-GL-381-003/TS-000 Appendix 1 to Annex F.

Part 9 Products

- 9.1 NOT USED

Part 10 Execution

10.1 Determine Optimal Organization and Formation

- .1 Organization and Formations will be determined by terrain and vegetation conditions and will be planned and executed according to B-GL-381-003/TS-000.

10.2 MEC Surface Clearance

- .1 Surface clearance operations are required throughout the entire site. The intent is to remove any munitions scrap or non-munitions scrap that could possibly interfere with the geophysical survey.
- .2 Sweep team members may only pick up an object that has been positively identified as either munitions scrap or non-munitions scrap.
- .3 Surface clearance includes the recovery of all surface debris with any physical dimension exceeding 5 cm.
- .4 Objects of suspect origin will be left in place and assessed in accordance with Specification Section 02 61 24 - MEC Handling.
- .5 Munitions scrap will be screened in accordance with Section 02 61 24 - MEC Handling and Range Clearance and UXO Activities Manual.
- .6 Non-munitions debris will be disposed of according to Provincial and municipal regulations.

10.3 Quality Control

- .1 Implementation of a quality control process acceptable to the Owner or his representative is required. This will include the Seeding of at least two (2) small sized (1" x 4" pipe nipples) on the site by an Owner contracted third party with UXO Quality Control experience.
- .2 Owner appointed third party may be engaged to conduct additional quality control checks.

END OF SECTION

Part 11 General

11.1 References

- .1 B-GL-381-003/TS-000: Range Clearance and UXO Activities Manual (Interim, 12 April, 2011)
- .2 Canada Labour Code (R.S.C., 1985, c. L-2), Part II - Occupational Health and Safety
- .3 Department of National Defence, CANFORGEN 106/07, Civilian Equivalent Qualifications for Contracted UXO Clearance
- .4 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #15, Recognized Civilian Qualifications Applicable to Ammunition and Explosives Employment, Change 2
- .5 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #17, Qualification Expiry Criteria CANFORGEN 106/07 Amendment
- .6 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction # 07, Ammunition Accident/Incident Investigation and Reporting
- .7 DCC Digital Geophysical Mapping Standards for Munitions Response Projects V 2.0 [hereinafter DGM Standards]
- .8 UXO Field Data Layering and Attribute Standard V 2.1
- .9 DCC Geospatial Data Standard v 1.07
- .10 Specification Section 06 21 24 - MEC Handling

11.2 Definitions

- .1 Sub-surface clearance operations are defined as the location and identification of all MEC and non-munitions debris located below the ground surface to a specified depth of investigation. Sub-surface clearance operations will be carried out in accordance with the B-GL-381-003/TS-000 Appendix 2 to Annex F to Chapter 2.

- .2 Depth of Investigation is defined as the maximum depth below ground surface that intrusive investigations are required to reach before abandoning the dig. This includes any items buried deeper, yet protruding into the depth of investigation range.

Part 12 Products

12.1 NOT USED

Part 13 Execution

13.1 General

- .1 Sub-surface clearance operations will take place following the geophysical survey and subsequent layout of selected targets.

13.2 Target Reacquisition

- .1 Prior to commencement of target investigation, the precise target location must be identified using the same or comparable equipment that originally detected the target.
- .2 The search radius will begin at the flagged target position and expanding outward.
- .3 Upon detection of the intended target, the lateral offset distance and direction will be noted.
- .4 Targets outside of 70 cm from the flag are considered a false positive and constitute a non-conformance requiring a root cause analysis investigation.

13.3 MEC Sub-Surface Clearance

- .1 A maximum of five hundred (500) targets require intrusive investigation to a maximum depth of investigation of 1.0 metre.
- .2 Objects of suspect origin will be left in place and assessed in accordance with Specification Section 06 21 24 - MEC Handling.

- .3 Munitions scrap will be screened in accordance with Section 06 21 24 - MEC Handling and B-GL-381-003/TS-000.
- .4 Non-munitions debris will be disposed of according to Federal and Provincial regulations as well as Halifax Regional Municipality bylaws.

13.4 Quality Control

- .1 Implementation of a quality control process acceptable to the owner or his representative is required. This will include the inspection of at least 10% of the excavated locations by an Owner contracted third party with UXO Quality Control experience.
 - .2 Owner appointed third party may be engaged to conduct additional quality control checks.
- END OF SECTION

Part 14 General

14.1 References

- .1 B-GL-381-003/TS-000: Range Clearance and UXO Activities Manual (Interim, 12 April, 2011)
- .2 Ammunition and Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #14 - Mitigation of Blast and Fragmentation Effects Utilizing Sandbags
- .3 HNC-ED-CS-98-7 - Use of Sandbags for Mitigation of Fragmentation and Blast Effects Due to Intentional Detonation of Munitions
- .4 DND UXO & Legacy Sites Program - Appendix F - Ammunition and Explosive Requirements
- .5 Halifax Regional Municipality Bylaw B-600
- .6 Provincial/Territorial Occupational Health and Safety Regulations
- .7 Canada Labour Code (R.S.C., 1985, c. L-2), Part II - Occupational Health and Safety
- .8 Department of National Defence, C-09-153-001/TS-000, Ammunition and Explosives Safety Manual, Volume 1: Storage and Transportation, Change 1 (1 Mar-2005)
- .9 Department of National Defence, C-09-005-003/TS-000, Ammunition and Explosives Safety Manual, Volume 3: Transportation, (1 Jan 2011)
- .10 C-09-008-001/FP-000, Ammunition and Explosives Procedure Manual - Destruction of Surplus, Obsolete and Deteriorated Ammunition
- .11 C-09-008-002/FP-000, Ammunition and Explosives Procedure Manual - Destruction of DUD and Misfire Ammunition on CF Ranges and Training Areas (1 Sept-2011)
- .12 C-09-008-003/FP-000, C-09-008-003/FP-000, Ammunition and Explosives Procedural Manual - Explosive Ordnance Disposal - Disposal of Stray Ammunition

- .13 Department of National Defence, CANFORGEN 106/07, Civilian Equivalent Qualifications for Contracted UXO Clearance
- .14 Government of Canada Controlled Goods Regulations (SOR/2001-32)
- .15 Defence Production Act (R.S.C., 1985, c. D-1)
- .16 Government of Canada, Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (SOR/2001-286)
- .17 Government of Canada, Explosives Act and related regulations (NRCan)
- .18 Ammunition and Explosive Instruction (A&EI) # 05 - Change 2, Packaging and Transportation of Munition Scrap
- .19 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction (A&EI) # 05-07, Transportation and Palletization of Munitions Scrap
- .20 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #15, Recognized Civilian Qualifications Applicable to Ammunition and Explosives Employment, Change 2
- .21 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #17, Qualification Expiry Criteria CANFORGEN 106/07 Amendment
- .22 Ammunition & Explosive Instruction # 07, Ammunition Accident/Incident Investigation and Reporting
- .23 Review of UXO Survey Report, Portion of PID 40114084, Dartmouth, NS - NS Environmental Standing Offer Reference No. EO225-103878/00/PWD - AMEC
- .24 Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) Survey - Phase I Area, Canadian Forces Ammunition Depot (CFAD) Bedford, Nova Scotia - Dillon Consulting Ltd

14.2 Definitions

- .1 Handling is defined as procedures for the screening, storage, transportation, disposal and accounting for MS and NMS material resulting from range clearance/UXO activities.

- .2 Screening is defined as the inspection method used to confirm the absence of explosive constituents in or on MEC materials.
- .3 Engineering controls are established using a specified width and height of sandbags according to the net explosive quantity of the detonation in accordance with C-09-008-003/FP-000, Ammunition and Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #14 - Mitigation of Blast and Fragmentation Effects Utilizing Sandbags, HNC-ED-CS-98-7 - Use of Sandbags for Mitigation of Fragmentation and Blast Effects Due to Intentional Detonation of Munitions.
- .4 Danger Areas are those from which all personnel and animals and easily damaged moveable equipment should be removed. Danger Areas will be determined by referencing at minimum DND UXO & Legacy Sites Program - Appendix F - Ammunition and Explosive Requirements.
- .5 Suspect UXO is defined as any item not positively confirmed whether it contains any energetic material. Suspect UXO shall be treated as live UXO.

Part 15 Products

15.1 MEC Storage and Transportation

- .1 Supply one (1) tri-wall container that is constructed in accordance with C-09-005-003/TS-000.

15.2 MEC Disposal

- .1 Sufficient number of 14"x 26" Polypropylene Sandbags or equivalent
- .2 One (1) Blasting Machine of general manufacture
- .3 Sufficient length of Demolition Cable to allow the Blaster to be located at or further than the minimum safety distance.
- .4 Sufficient Electric Blasting Caps (Model 3050-006) or approved equivalent to allow for at least three items to be Blown-In-Place.
- .5 Sufficient length of detonation cord to allow for at least three items to be Blown-In-Place.

- .6 Six (6) Perforators: Owen Oil Tools, SDP-4500-311-NP3 (39 grams) or equivalent

Part 16 Execution

16.1 General

- .1 All MEC items must be handled in accordance with the most recent DND/DAER/TDG/CGD regulations.

16.2 MEC Identification

- .1 Any time a MEC item is discovered, the item in question needs to be positively identified by designated UXO personnel. The identification must be made after careful analysis of all the evidence available. Refer to B-GL-381-003/TS-000 Appendix 1 to Annex E to Chapter 3 for guidelines in ordnance identification.
- .2 Objects of suspect origin will be left in place until deemed Safe To Move (STM) or Not Safe To Move (NSTM) by the UXO Field Supervisor.
- .a Confirmed or suspected UXO will be left in place, marked and secured until the appropriate disposal action can be conducted.

16.2.2.a.1 Fluorescent pin flags on wire or plastic stakes will normally be used or, where vegetation growth necessitates, longer wooden stakes with tape should be used. The marker stake should be made visible by fluorescent paint, a flag or survey tape streamers.

16.2.2.a.2 Each UXO must be assigned an identification number and marked on the stake or flag with a permanent marker pen. Each stake should be marked with the GPS coordinates indicating its location and purpose. Any offset shall be annotated on the stake indicating distance and direction.

- .b STM Items will be moved to a designated munitions awaiting disposal area for subsequent destruction.
- .c An Explosive Ordnance Identification (EOID) form will be completed for each discovered STM or NSTM UXO.

- .d Possible UXOs expected on the site are detailed in Review of UXO Survey Report, Portion of PID 40114084, Dartmouth, NS - NS Environmental Standing Offer Reference No. EO225-103878/00/PWD - AMEC and Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) Survey - Phase I Area, Canadian Forces Ammunition Depot (CFAD) Bedford, Nova Scotia - Dillon Consulting Ltd.

16.3 MEC Disposal

.1 Determination of Method of Disposal

- .a Suspected UXO that prove to be explosive in nature or items which cannot be positively identified as STM shall be left in place and destroyed only after all non-essential personnel have cleared the area.
- .b STM UXOs and STM Suspected UXOs will be destroyed at an established Demolition Point that has positive access control and is monitored at all times in accordance with B-GL-381-003/TS-000.

.2 UXO Destruction Operations

- .a All destruction operations will be carried out in accordance with an approved, Site Specific Demolition Plan. Individual detonations must be accompanied by an item Specific Demolition Worksheet. All actions will be conducted in accordance with B-GL-381-003/TS-000, DND UXO & Legacy Sites Program - Appendix F - Ammunition and Explosive Requirements and all other applicable federal and provincial guidelines.
- .b UXOs will be destroyed in situ by explosive means in accordance with C-09-008-002/FP-000 Destruction of Dud and Misfired Ammunition.
- .c Demolition of NSTM UXOs will require the employment of techniques from Ammunition and Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #14 - Mitigation of Blast and Fragmentation Effects Utilizing Sandbags as well as HNC-ED-CS-98-7 - Use of Sandbags for Mitigation of Fragmentation and Blast Effects Due to Intentional Detonation of Munitions to minimize the Danger Area and impact on the surroundings.

- .d Blasters will abide by Halifax Regional Municipality Bylaw B-600 and industry guidelines at all times.
- .e Render Safe Procedures shall not be employed.
- .f Destruction of STM UXOs and STM suspected UXOs will be destroyed at an established Demolition Point that has positive access control and is monitored at all times in accordance with B-GL-381-003/TS-000.
- .g Items included in a STM UXO Demolition Operation may be suspect EO items from an Inspection Point or for the planned destruction of explosive ordnance that has been transported to a storage area as STM items.
- .h Calculate the total net explosive quantity including the demolition explosives to be used.
- .i Determine the Danger Area from the data contained in C-09-008-002/FP-000, C-09-008-003/FP-000 or other DND approved blast/fragmentation Danger Areas.
- .j Use only the minimum required amount of explosives or perforators to accomplish the destruction task.
- .k If the UXO is suspected of containing White Phosphorus (WP) or other toxic elements, wind speed and direction and the effects smoke are to be taken into account and the Danger Area must elongated in a downwind direction.
- .l Clear the Danger Area of all personnel and equipment when destroying a single ammunition item based on the estimated total weight of the item and disposal charge.
- .m Perforate the item case or body in two locations (intentionally directed at both the initiation system and main filling) to determine if it contains any explosive material and/or the remains are safe to move.

.3 Engineering Controls

- .a The effects of blast and fragmentation will be mitigated in areas close to high value infrastructure or other public areas to reduce the Danger Area and ensure the safety of the public.
- .b Establish and maintain engineering controls that will ensure that adjacent occupied buildings and equipment will not be affected by a detonation.
- .c C-09-008-003/FP-000 and Appendix 4, Ammunition and Explosive Instruction (A&EI) #14 - Mitigation of Blast and Fragmentation Effects Utilizing Sandbags as well as HNC-ED-CS-98-7 - Use of Sandbags for Mitigation of Fragmentation and Blast Effects Due to Intentional Detonation of Munitions shall be used to determine the considerations, design and use of protective works such as sandbags, walls, trenching, vents, mounds or surrounds.

.4 Fire Protection

- .a All detonations will have fire protection according to the nature of the surroundings and what fire protection capability is necessary on the site to ensure that any fire resulting from the disposal action can be properly contained

.5 Sentries

- .a Adequate sentries are required to prevent access to the danger area in order to block access of all personnel from all approach routes into the Danger Area until final clearance has been given. Sentries to be provided by contractor.

.6 Fragmentation Debris

- .a Fragments resulting from the disposal action are to be treated as munitions scrap and will be collected, removed from the area and processed through the scrap screening process as per Section 3.4.

16.4 MEC Screening

- .1 All clearance operations must include three stages of screening for the recovered scrap, including both the NMS and MS, with final screening (screening level III) certifying whether or not an item is «safe to transport on public roads». Each level of screening follows the previous one and is conducted by a more experienced and qualified technician. Screening will be conducted in accordance with DND UXO & Legacy Sites Program - Appendix F - Ammunition and Explosive Requirements.
 - .a Level One Scrap Screening - Point of discovery by the UXOT (minimum qualification level);
 - .b Level Two Scrap Screening - Verification by the UXOTS and inspected before transporting off the grid to a holding or inspection point. The Level Two Screening shall never be done by the same person having done the Level One screening; and,
 - .c Level Three Scrap Screening - a detailed visual inspection of materials removed from the work area. This operation is generally performed by a UXOFS or higher or by UXOT holding the qualifications required by DND/DAER. The Level Three Screening shall never be done by the same person having conducted either the Level One or Level Two Screening.
- .2 The location for the Level Three Screening must be chosen while taking into consideration the MCE (maximum credible event) for the project and the Q-D table for hazard division 1.2 from the NRCan regulations as per the following reference DND UXO & Legacy Sites Program - Appendix F - Ammunition and Explosive Requirements. The site must be part of the overall site plan and include the associated safety templates referring to other UXO related activities and to external Exposed Sites. The Level Three Screening area will be on a site that is known to be clean of subsurface anomalies.

16.5 MEC Storage

- .1 MS that have been Level Three screened does not need to be stored in a licensed storage site. However, security measures shall be in place to prevent the loads of screened MS from being tampered with. Containers used to store screened MS must be sealed to prevent possible tampering. The content of any container containing third level screened MS, for which the seals will have been broken without the consent of the person holding the responsibility for custody of the MS, shall be 100% re inspected prior to the shipment being offered for transportation on public roads.
- .2 Once a projectile has been moved, the Contractor shall ensure its security 24 hours a day, 7 days a week at an approved Material Awaiting Disposal (MAD) pit location.

16.6 MEC Transportation

- .1 The Munitions Scrap (MS) that passes through three levels of screening and that are certified "Safe To Transport On Public Roads", must be palletized and transported by the Contractor as detailed in Ammunition and Explosive Instruction (A&EI) # 05 - Change 2, Packaging and Transportation of Munition Scrap and UXO & Legacy Sites Program - Appendix F - Ammunition and Explosive Requirements.
- .a The Contractor will be responsible for the loading, transport and unloading of the Tri-Wall containers from the Work site to CFB Dundurn.
- .b It remains the UXO Program's responsibility to liaise with CANOSCOM or other organizations and arrange the internal logistics required for the transfer of MS. The link to those entities and the Demil Facilities shall always be through the UXO Program. For the purpose of transferring MS to DND, no contractor shall contact CANOSCOM or other organizations directly.

- .2 For each Tri-Wall container, the Level Three qualified Screener or other qualified personnel must fill the shipping documents required by the Transportation of Dangerous Good (TDG) Regulations of Transports Canada and by the Ammunition and Explosives Safety Manual, volume 3, transportation (C-09-005-003/TS-000).
- .3 For each Tri-Wall container, the Level Three qualified Screener must fill, sign-date and have the chain of custody form signed by other stakeholders.
 - .a Before sealing a Tri-Wall container, the Level Three qualified Screener must place a copy of that form in the Tri-Wall container. This copy will not be complete as numerous signatures will be missing (transporter, DND).
 - .b When the Contractor transfers the Tri-Wall container(s) to the Transporter, the Level Three qualified screener will provide the original chain of custody form(s) to the Transporter. The Transporter will sign the form(s) in order to certify its reception of the Tri-Wall container(s).
 - .c The Transporter will bring the Tri-Wall container(s) to the specified final destination and have the chain of custody form(s) signed by DND on delivery of the Tri-Wall container(s).
 - .d Once properly signed, the Transporter must provide the chain of custody form(s) to the Contractor.
 - .e The Contractor holds the responsibility of the tri-wall(s) until DND signs the chain of custody.
- .4 The munitions scrap that cannot be screened Level Three and is declared safe to transport will be managed by the Contractor as UXO.

END OF SECTION