

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials International (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM C117-04, Standard Test Method for Material Finer than 0.075 mm (No.200) Sieve in Mineral Aggregates by Washing.
 - .2 ASTM C136-06, Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.
 - .3 ASTM D422-63,2007, Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils.
 - .4 ASTM D698-00ae1, Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft ;) (600 kN-m/m ;).
 - .5 ASTM D1557-07e1, Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft ;) (2,700 kN-m/m ;).
 - .6 ASTM D4318-10, Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- .1 Excavation classes: two classes of excavation will be recognized; first class excavation and second class excavation.
 - .1 First class excavation : all rock cuttings requiring the use of an air hammer, blasting or other machinery other than a conventionnal shovel excavator to excavate.
 - .2 Second class excavation: excavation of materials of whatever nature, which are not included under definitions of first class excavation.
- .2 Unclassified excavation: excavation of deposits of whatever character encountered in Work.
- .3 Waste material: excavated material unsuitable for use in Work or surplus to requirements.
- .4 Recycled fill material: material, considered inert, obtained from alternate sources and engineered to meet requirements of fill areas.
- .5 Backfill : crushed stone and sand as required by the specifications and meeting the criteria for each type of materials

1.3 ACTION AND INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- .1 Make submittals in accordance with Section 01 33 00 - Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Quality Control:
 - .1 Submit to Departmental Representative written notice when bottom of excavation is reached.
- .3 Preconstruction Submittals:
 - .1 Submit construction equipment list for major equipment to be used in this section prior to start of Work.

- .2 Submit records of underground utility locates, indicating: location plan of existing utilities as found in field, clearance record from utility authority, location plan of relocated and abandoned services, as required.
- .4 Samples:
 - .1 Inform Departmental Representative at least 2 weeks prior to beginning Work, of proposed source of fill materials and provide access for sampling.
 - .2 Submit 70 kg samples of type of fill specified including representative samples of excavated material.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Do not use soil material until written report of soil test results are reviewed and approved by Departmental Representative.

1.5 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND ELIMINATION

- .1 Separate waste materials for use / reuse and recycling.

1.6 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- .1 Buried services:
 - .1 Before commencing work verify location of buried services on and adjacent to site.
 - .2 Check inverts of pipes and ensure that elevation match those shown on plan. In the event or the elevation do not match, notify the departmental representative.
 - .3 Take necessary arrangement to temporary relocate the power supply of the lighting system during work.
 - .4 Size, depth and location of existing utilities and structures as indicated are for guidance only. Completeness and accuracy are not guaranteed.
 - .5 Prior to beginning excavation Work, notify applicable Departmental Representative establish location and state of use of buried utilities and structures.
 - .6 Confirm locations of buried utilities by careful test excavations.
 - .7 Maintain and protect from damage, water, sewer, gas, electric, telephone and other utilities and structures encountered.
 - .8 Where utility lines or structures exist in area of excavation, obtain direction of Departmental Representative before removing. Costs for such Work to be paid by Departmental Representative.
 - .9 Record location of maintained, re-routed and abandoned underground lines.
 - .10 Confirm locations of recent excavations adjacent to area of excavation.
- .2 Existing buildings and surface features:
 - .1 Conduct, with Departmental Representative, condition survey of existing fencing, service poles, wires, rail tracks, pavement, survey bench marks and monuments which may be affected by Work.
 - .2 Protect existing buildings and surface features from damage while Work is in progress. In event of damage, immediately make repair as directed by Departmental Representative.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

Granular foundation shall be conform to the following requirements:

.1 Crushed stone MG-20

- .1 Gradations to be within limits specified when tested to ASTM C136 and ASTM C117. Sieve sizes shall conform to CAN/CGSB-8.1.
- .2 Granulometric requirements conform to the following:

Sieve Designation	% Passing
31.5 mm	100
20 mm	90 - 100
14 mm	68 – 93
5mm	35 - 60
1,25mm	19 - 38
315 um	9 - 17
80 um	2 – 7

- .3 Liquid limit: not more than 25, in accordance with ASTM D 4318.
- .4 Plasticity index: not more than 6, in accordance with ASTM D 4318.
- .5 Los Angeles test: lost of maximum weight of 45 % in accordance with ASTM C 131.

.2 Crushed stone MG-56

- .1 Gradations to be within limits specified when tested to ASTM C136 and ASTM C117. The grading curve plotted on a semi-logarithmic diagram must be continue and progressive.

Sieve Designation	% Passing
80 mm	100
56 mm	82 - 100
28 mm	50 – 80
5mm	25 - 50
1,25mm	11 - 30
315 um	9 - 18
80 um	2 – 7

- .2 Liquid limit: not more than 25, in accordance with ASTM D 4318.
- .3 Plasticity index: not more than 6, in accordance with ASTM D 4318.
- .4 Los Angeles test: lost of maximum weight of 40 % in accordance with ASTM C 131.

.3 Sand CG-14

- .1 Free of particules larger than 5 mm in diameter.

- .2 Granulometric requirements conform to the following:

Sieve Designation	% Passing
5 mm	35 - 100
1,25mm	
315 um	
80 um	0 – 10

- .4 Class B material :

- .1 Backfill material free of organic matter, asphalt residues or others contaminants with a content of fine particule less than 10 % and which larger particule are less than 300 mm in diameter.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 SITE PREPARATION

- .1 Remove obstructions, ice and snow, from surfaces to be excavated within limits indicated.
- .2 Cut pavement or sidewalk neatly with a saw along limits of proposed excavation in order that surface may break evenly and cleanly.

3.2 PREPARATION/PROTECTION

- .1 Protect existing features.
- .2 Keep excavations clean, free of standing water, and loose soil.
- .3 Where soil is subject to significant volume change due to change in moisture content, cover and protect to Departmental Representative approval.
- .4 Protect natural and man-made features required to remain undisturbed and protect buried services that are required to remain undisturbed.

3.3 EXCAVATION AND FILL FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF CONCRETE BASES FOR THE TRAFFIC LIGHTS

- .1 The excavation must be made as shown on plan.
- .2 The contractor is responsible for determining the slopes of excavation based on the type of soil, moisture, or other factors which may cause unstable soils.
- .3 Seat of the concrete base is to be formed with a thickness of 150 mm of MG-20 to 98% compacted stone. In case of heavy water inflows, a layer of clean stone 20 mm coated with a geotextile be accepted.

- .4 If the excavated material is considered suitable quality by the Departmental Representative, it may be reused as backfill. If not, a layer of class B equipment will be accepted up to 300 under the line of paving. The last 300 mm should be covered with the MG-20 to obtain a degree of compaction of 98%.

3.4 DEWATERING AND HEAVE PREVENTION

- .1 Keep excavations free of water while Work is in progress.

3.5 EXCAVATION

- .1 Excavate to lines, grades, elevations and dimensions as indicated on plan.
- .2 Excavation must not interfere with bearing capacity of adjacent foundations.
- .3 Keep excavated and stockpiled materials safe distance away from edge of trench as directed by Departmental Representative.
- .4 Restrict vehicle operations directly adjacent to open trenches.
- .5 Dispose of surplus and unsuitable excavated material off site.
- .6 Do not obstruct flow of surface drainage.
- .7 Earth bottoms of excavations to be undisturbed soil, level, free from loose, soft or organic matter.
- .8 Notify Departmental Representative when bottom of excavation is reached.
- .9 Obtain Departmental Representative approval of completed excavation.

3.6 FILL TYPES AND COMPACTION

- .1 Use types of fill as indicated or specified below. Compaction densities are percentages of maximum densities obtained from ASTM D698.
 - .1 Under the infrastructure line: backfilled by successive thickness of 300 mm class B backfill compacted to 95 %.
 - .2 Under the paving asphalt: provide 150 mm compacted thickness base course of MG-20. Compact base course to 98 %.
 - .3 Under each concrete base: provide 150 mm compacted thickness base course of sand CG-14. Compact base course to 98 %.

3.7 COMPACTION

- .1 The compaction equipment should allow to obtain materials with the density required of the work.
- .2 Compaction :
 - .1 MG20 : 98 % in accordance to ASTM D 698.

- .2 Class B material : 95% in accordance to ASTM D 698.
- .3 Profile and roll alternatively to obtain a uniform and equal layer well compacted.
- .4 During compaction, add necessary water to obtain the density of the material required.
- .5 In place, where it is impossible to use compaction equipment, compact the material until the required density with mechanical tampers approved by the departmental representative.
- .6 Correct irregularities in the surface by loosening the soil and by adding or removing material, until the level of the surface conforms to the prescribed tolerances.

END OF SECTION