

PART 1 - GENERAL

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|----|---|
| <u>1.1 RELATED SECTIONS</u> | .1 | Section 26 05 00: Common Work Requirement - Electrical. |
| | .2 | Section 31 22 13: General Earthwork and Rough Grading. |
| <u>1.2 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT</u> | .1 | Payment for provision of all items specified in this Section shall be by Lot Price. No separate payment will be made for work specified in the Contract Documents. All costs incurred by Contractor in meeting with the requirements of this Section shall be included in the bid price for the Work. |
| <u>1.3 SUBMITTALS</u> | .1 | Submittals, product data and shop drawings shall be in accordance with Specification Sections 01 33 00 and 26 05 00. |

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|----|---|
| <u>2.1 CABLE PROTECTION</u> | .1 | 38 x 140 mm planks pressure treated with copper napthenate or 5% pentachlorophenol solution, water repellent preservative. |
| <u>2.2 MARKERS</u> | .1 | Concrete type cable markers: 600 x 600 x 100 mm with words: cable, joint or conduit impressed in top surface, with arrows to indicate change in direction of cable and duct runs. |
| | .2 | Wooden post type markers: 89 x 89 mm, 1.5 m long, pressure treated with copper napthenate or 5% pentachlorophenol solution, water repellent preservative, with nameplate fastened near post top, on side facing cable or conduit to indicate depth and direction of duct and cable runs.
.1 Nameplate: aluminum anodized 89 x 125 mm, 1.5 mm thick mounted on cedar post with mylar label 0.125 mm thick with words Cable, Joint or Conduit with arrows to indicate change in direction. |
-

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DIRECT BURIAL
OF CABLES

- .1 Lay cables maintaining 75 mm clearance from each side of trench to nearest cable. Do not pull cable into trench.
 - .2 Provide offsets for thermal action and minor earth movements. Offset cables 150 mm for each 60 m run, maintaining minimum cable separation and bending radius requirements.
 - .3 Make termination and splice only as indicated leaving 0.6 m of surplus cable in each direction.
 - .1 Make splices and terminations in accordance with Manufacturer's written instructions using approved splicing kits.
 - .4 Underground cable splices not acceptable.
 - .5 Minimum permitted radius at cable bends for rubber, plastic or lead covered cables, 8 times diameter of cable; for metallic armoured cables, 12 times diameter of cables or in accordance with Manufacturer's written instructions.
 - .6 Cable separation:
 - .1 Maintain 75 mm minimum separation between cables of different circuits.
 - .2 Maintain 300 mm horizontal separation between low and high voltage cables.
 - .3 When low voltage cables cross high voltage cables maintain 300 mm vertical separation with low voltage cables in upper position.
 - .4 At crossover, maintain 75 mm minimum vertical separation between low voltage cables and 150 mm between high voltage cables.
 - .5 Maintain 300 mm minimum lateral and vertical separation for fire alarm and control cables when crossing other cables, with fire alarm and control cables in upper position.
 - .6 Install treated planks on lower cables 0.6 m in each direction at crossings.
 - .7 After sand protective cover specified in Section 31 22 13 is in place, install continuous row of overlapping 38 x 140 mm pressure treated planks as indicated to cover length of run.
-

3.2 CABLE
INSTALLATION IN
DUCTS

- .1 Install cables as indicated in ducts.
 - .1 Do not pull spliced cables inside ducts.
- .2 Install multiple cables in duct simultaneously.
- .3 Use CSA approved lubricants of type compatible with cable jacket to reduce pulling tension.
- .4 To facilitate matching of colour coded multiconductor control cables reel off in same direction during installation.
- .5 Before pulling cable into ducts and until cables are properly terminated, seal ends of lead covered cables with wiping solder; seal ends of non-leaded cables with moisture seal tape.
- .6 After installation of cables, seal duct ends with duct sealing compound.

3.3 MARKERS

- .1 Mark cable every 150 m along cable runs and changes in direction.
- .2 Mark underground splices.
- .3 Where markers are removed to permit installation of additional cables, reinstall existing markers.
- .4 Install wooden post type markers.
- .5 Lay concrete markers flat and centred over cable with top flush with finish grade.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY
CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 and Section 01 91 13.
 - .2 Perform tests using qualified personnel. Provide necessary instruments and equipment.
 - .3 Check phase rotation and identify each phase conductor of each feeder.
 - .4 Check each feeder for continuity, short circuits and grounds. Ensure resistance to ground of circuits is not less than 50 megohms.
 - .5 Pre-acceptance tests.
-

3.4 FIELD QUALITY
CONTROL

(Cont'd)

- .5 (Cont'd)
 - .1 After installing cable but before splicing and terminating, perform insulation resistance test with 1000 V megger on each phase conductor.
 - .2 Check insulation resistance after each splice and/or termination to ensure that cable system is ready for acceptance testing.
- .6 Acceptance Tests
 - .1 Ensure that terminations and accessory equipment are disconnected.
 - .2 Ground shields, ground wires, metallic armour and conductors not under test.
- .7 Provide Departmental Representative with list of test results showing location at which each test was made, circuit tested and result of each test. Include results in Commissioning Manual.
- .8 Remove and replace entire length of cable if cable fails to meet any of test criteria.