

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- .1 This section specifies requirements for supply, placing, finishing, protecting and curing cast-in-place concrete for mooring cleat blocks, and wharf decks.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 03 10 00 - Concrete Forming and Accessories.
- .2 Section 03 20 00 - Concrete Reinforcing.
- .3 Section 35 59 29 - Mooring Devices.
- .4 Section 32 11 23 - Aggregate Base Course.

1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 ASTM International
  - .1 ASTM C109/C109M-16a, Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2 in. or 50 mm Cube Specimens).
  - .2 ASTM C260/C260M-10a(2016), Standard Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete.
  - .3 ASTM C494/C494M-16, Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete.
  - .4 ASTM C1017/C1017M-e1, Standard Specification for Preformed Chemical Admixtures for Use in Producing Flowing Concrete.
  - .5 ASTM D1751-04(2013), Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types).
  - .6 ASTM D1752-04a(2013), Standard Specification for Preformed Sponge Rubber Cork and Recycled PVC Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
  - .1 CAN/CGSB-51.34-M86, Vapour Barrier, Polyethylene Sheet for Use in Building Construction.
- .3 Canadian Standards Association (CSA International)

1.3 REFERENCES

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- .3 (Cont'd)
  - .1 CSA/CAN-A23.1-14/A23.2-14, Concrete Materials and Methods of Concrete Construction/Methods of Test for Concrete.
  - .2 CSA A283-06 (R2016), Qualification Code for Concrete Testing Laboratories.
  - .3 CSA-A3000-13, Cementitious Materials Compendium (Consists of A3001, A3002, A3003, A3004 and A3005).
    - .1 CSA-A3001-13, Cementitious Materials for Use in Concrete.

1.4 CERTIFICATES

- .1 Submit certificates in accordance with Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Minimum 2 weeks prior to starting concrete work submit to Departmental Representative manufacturer's test data and certification by qualified independent inspection and testing laboratory that following materials will meet specified requirements:
  - .1 Portland cement.
  - .2 Blended hydraulic cement.
  - .3 Supplementary cementing materials.
  - .4 Grout.
  - .5 Admixtures.
  - .6 Aggregates.
  - .7 Water.
  - .8 Joint filler.
  - .9 Joint Sealant.
- .3 Provide certification that mix proportions selected will produce concrete of quality, yield and strength as specified in concrete mixes, and will comply with CSA/CAN-A23.1/A23.2.
- .4 Provide certification that plant, equipment, and materials to be used in concrete comply with requirements of CSA-A23.1/A23.2.

1.5 STORAGE OF MATERIALS

- .1 Store materials to prevent contamination or deterioration.
- .2 Provide adequate storage facilities for materials to ensure a continuous supply of these materials during batching operations.

1.5 STORAGE OF  
MATERIALS  
(Cont'd)

- .3 Store cement in weathertight facility.

1.6 QUALITY  
ASSURANCE

- .1 Quality Assurance: in accordance with Section 01 45 00 - Quality Control.
- .2 Provide Departmental Representative, minimum 2 weeks prior to starting concrete work, with valid and recognized certificate from plant delivering concrete.
  - .1 Provide test data and certification by qualified independent inspection and testing laboratory that materials and mix designs used in concrete mixture will meet specified requirements.
- .3 Minimum 2 weeks prior to starting concrete work, provide proposed quality control procedures for review by Departmental Representative on following items:
  - .1 Falsework erection.
  - .2 Hot weather concrete.
  - .3 Cold weather concrete.
  - .4 Curing.
  - .5 Finishes.
  - .6 Formwork removal.
  - .7 Joints.

1.7 DELIVERY,  
STORAGE AND  
HANDLING

- .1 Delivery and Acceptance Requirements:
  - .1 Concrete hauling time: deliver to site of work and discharged within 120 minutes maximum after batching.
    - .1 Do not modify maximum time limit without receipt of prior written agreement from Departmental Representative and concrete producer as described in CSA A23.1/A23.2.
    - .2 Deviations to be submitted for review by Departmental Representative.
  - .2 Concrete delivery: ensure continuous concrete delivery from plant meets CSA A23.1/A23.2.

1.8 WASTE  
MANAGEMENT AND  
DISPOSAL

- .1 Use trigger operated spray nozzles for water hoses.
- .2 Designate a cleaning area for tools to limit water use and runoff.
- .3 Carefully coordinate the specified concrete work with weather conditions.
- .4 Ensure emptied containers are sealed and stored safely for disposal away from children.
- .5 Prevent plasticizers, water-reducing agents and air-entraining agents from entering drinking water supplies or streams. Using appropriate safety precautions, collect liquid or solidify liquid with an inert, noncombustible material and remove for disposal. Dispose of all waste in accordance with applicable local, provincial and national regulations.
- .6 Choose least harmful, appropriate cleaning method which will perform adequately.

1.9 MEASUREMENT FOR  
PAYMENT

- .1 Reinforced Concrete Deck: Supply and installation of reinforced concrete deck to be measured in square metres (m<sup>2</sup>) calculated from actual field measurements, excluding area occupied by mooring cleat pedestals, and coping. Contractor to provide all plant, equipment, material, and labour including concrete, reinforcing steel, expansion and control joints. Actual concrete deck thickness varies to accommodate deck slope, cost for which shall be included in the unit price.
- .2 Cleat Pedestals: No measurement for payment to be made under this section. Include costs incidental to unit price for Type "A" and "B1" mooring cleats.
- .3 No separate payment will be made for any other ingredient or feature of concrete work, and all factors, including cold weather placement, reinforcing steel, anchor bolts, joint filler for control joints, cement, plant and labour will be considered as being included in the unit price for item.

1.9 MEASUREMENT FOR .4 Mobilization to, accommodations at, and  
PAYMENT demobilization from the individual identified  
(Cont'd) project locations to be incidental to the above  
pay items.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

.1 Cement: to CAN/CSA-A3001, Type GUb.

.2 Supplementary cementing materials: to  
CAN/CSA-A3001.

.3 Cementitious hydraulic slag: to CAN/CSA-A3001.

.4 Water: to CAN/CSA-A23.1/A23.2.

.5 Aggregates: to CAN/CSA-A23.1/A23.2. Coarse  
aggregate to be normal density.

.6 Air entraining admixture: to ASTM C260.

.7 Chemical admixtures: to ASTM C494/C494M.  
Departmental Representative to approve  
accelerating or set retarding admixtures during  
cold and hot weather placing.

.8 Concrete retarders: to ASTM C494/C494M. Do not  
allow moisture of any kind to come in contact with  
the retarder film.

.9 Curing compound: curing compounds are not to be  
used.

.10 Premoulded joint fillers:  
.1 Bituminous impregnated fiber board: to ASTM  
D1751.  
.2 Sponge rubber: to ASTM D1752, Type I,  
flexible grade.

2.2 MIXES

.1 Proportion concrete in accordance with  
CAN/CSA-A23.1.

.2 Proportion concrete to comply with Alternate 1,  
Table 2 in CAN/CSA-A23.1 and following  
requirements:

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2.2 MIXES

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- .2 (Cont'd)
  - .1 Cement:
    - .1 Type GUb Portland Cement.
  - .2 Minimum compressive strength: 35 MPa at 28 days.
  - .3 Class of exposure: C1.
  - .4 20 mm nominal size coarse aggregate.
  - .5 Air content 5% to 8%.
  - .6 Density of air-dry concrete in range of 2240 kg/m<sup>3</sup> to 2400 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.
  - .7 Slump at time and point of discharge 50 mm to 100 mm.
- .3 When the Contractor wishes to purchase concrete from a ready mix concrete supplier, submit a letter from the supplier certifying the following:
  - .1 That plant and equipment is certified and all materials to be used in the concrete comply with the requirements of CAN/CSA-A23.1.
  - .2 That the mix proportions selected will produce concrete of the specified quality and yield. Indicate mix proportions and sources of all materials.
  - .3 That the strengths will comply with the strengths specified herein.
- .4 When the Contractor wishes to mix concrete on site, identify the source of aggregates and submit samples of fine and coarse aggregates to a testing laboratory for testing and trial mixes in order to determine a suitable mix design. The testing laboratory, at Contractor's cost, will test the trial mix for slump, air content, density and strength. The results of these tests will be submitted to the Departmental Representative to be reviewed for compliance with the specification. This review must be completed before permission to place concrete is given.
  - .1 The sand, gravel, water and air entraining agent should be mixed prior to the addition of cement and water reducer.
- .5 Weigh aggregates, cement, water and admixture when batching. No alternative methods of measuring will be permitted.
- .6 Do not use calcium chloride.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- .1 Obtain Departmental Representative's approval before placing concrete. Provide 24 hours notice prior to placing of concrete.
- .2 Place concrete reinforcing in accordance with Section 03 20 00 - Concrete Reinforcing.
- .3 Pumping of concrete is permitted only after approval of equipment and mix.
- .4 Ensure reinforcement and inserts are not disturbed during concrete placement.
- .5 Prior to placing of concrete obtain Departmental Representative's approval of proposed method for protection of concrete during placing and curing in adverse weather.
- .6 Protect previous work from staining.
- .7 Maintain accurate records of poured concrete items to indicate date, location of pour, quality, air temperature and test samples taken.
- .8 Do not place load upon new concrete until authorized by Departmental Representative.

3.2 CONSTRUCTION

- .1 Comply with additional requirements of CAN/CSA-A23.1, Clause 4.1.1.5, for concrete exposed to seawater environments.
  - .2 Minimum concrete cover over reinforcing steel bars to be 65 mm.
  - .3 Place concrete in hot weather to CAN/CSA-A23.1.
  - .4 Place concrete in cold weather to CAN/CSA-A23.1.
  - .5 Keep concrete surfaces moist continually during protection stage.
  - .6 Place, consolidate, finish, cure and protect concrete to CAN/CSA-A23.1.
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3.2 CONSTRUCTION  
(Cont'd)

- .7 Do not commence placing concrete until Departmental Representative has inspected and approved forms, foundations, reinforcing steel, joints, conveying, spreading, consolidation and finishing equipment and curing and protective methods.

3.3 FORMWORK

- .1 Install and strip formwork to CAN/CSA-A23.1 and Section 03 10 00 - Concrete Forming and Accessories.

3.4 INSERTS

- .1 Position and secure anchor bolts in formwork to maintain line and grades.

3.5 CONTROL JOINTS

- .1 Construct control joints in locations shown on drawings or directed by Departmental Representative.
- .2 All joints will be centered over a support. Joints will be made in a perfectly straight line.
- .3 Cut control joint when concrete has hardened.
- .4 Fill saw cut with joint sealer as specified.

3.6 PLACING  
CONCRETE

- .1 Place and consolidate concrete to CAN/CSA-A23.1.
- .2 Do not place concrete on or against frozen material.
- .3 Place concrete continuously from joint to joint.
- .4 Place concrete in a uniform heading, normal to the centreline. Limit rate of placing to that which can be finished before beginning of initial set.



3.7 STRIKE OFF AND  
CONSOLIDATION

- .1 High speed internal poker vibrators shall be used to consolidate the concrete during placing. Final compaction of the surfaces shall be done by beam-type vibratory air screed as approved by Departmental Representative. A surcharge of approximately 65 mm of concrete will be maintained at the screed face during consolidation.
- .2 Strikeoff and consolidation must be completed before excess water bleeds to the surface.
- .3 Ensure that the concrete deck conforms to the elevations and slopes as shown on the drawings so that satisfactory drainage will result.

3.8 FINISHING

- .1 Only ACI certified or other pre-approved concrete finishers are to be utilized in finishing all concrete works. All work is to be finished to CAN/CSA-A23.1 and as specified below.
- .2 The surface will be brought to the specified level by means of darbying or bull floating which will be carried out immediately following screeding and must be completed before any bleed water is present on the surface. Surface tolerance to be 8 mm under a 3 metre straight edge.
- .3 Provide slope as shown on the drawings to permit proper drainage of the concrete deck.
- .4 Finish slabs to elevations indicated on drawings.
- .5 Strike off the surface with a straight edge.
- .6 Hand tamp low slump concrete with jitterbug.
- .7 Darby or bull float the surface to smooth and level the concrete.
- .8 Allow bleed water or sheen to disappear.
- .9 Float the surface by means of power and/or hand float where the concrete has hardened enough for a man to leave only slight footprints on the surface.

3.8 FINISHING  
(Cont'd)

- .10 Do not bring water and fines to the surface by over floating. Where extra floating is required the floating operation shall be repeated after the time interval necessary for any sheen to disappear and for concrete to set further.
- .11 Steel trowel the concrete surfaces by means of power and/or hand trowel. Do not leave any hard, smooth, polished or burnished surface area.
- .12 Do not bring water and fines to the surface by over trowelling.
- .13 After slight interval necessary for concrete to further harden, repeat the trowelling operation.
- .14 Lightly broom surface with a soft bristle broom obtaining a fine and even textured finish with a non-slip finish. All brush strokes to be perpendicular to the wharf face across the full width of the deck to promote free drainage of the deck finish.
- .15 The surface shall be true and accurate to a maximum tolerance of 1 mm in 500 mm.

3.9 PROTECTION AND  
CURING

- .1 Cure to CAN/CSA-A23.1.
- .2 Cure concrete by protecting it against loss of moisture, rapid temperature change and mechanical injury for at least 7 days after placement. After finishing operations have been completed, the entire surface of the newly placed concrete shall be covered by whatever curing medium is applicable to local conditions and approved by the Departmental Representative. The edges of concrete slabs exposed by removal of forms shall be protected with continuous curing treatment equal to the method selected for curing the slab and curb surfaces. Cure to CAN/CSA-A23.1. Have the equipment needed for adequate curing at hand and ready to install before actual concrete placement begins.

3.9 PROTECTION AND  
CURING  
(Cont'd)

- .3 When air temperature is at or below 5°C or when there is a probability of its falling to that limit within 24 hours of placing (as forecast by the nearest official meteorological office) cold weather protection as per CAN/CSA-A23.1 will be provided and the following:
- .1 Housing - Protect concrete by a windproof shelter of canvas or other material to allow free circulation of inside air around fresh touch formwork and provide sufficient space for removal of formwork for finishing. Supply approved heating equipment capable of keeping inside air at a constant temperature sufficiently high to maintain concrete at following curing temperatures.
- .1 For initial 3 days at a temperature of not less than 15°C nor more than 27°C at surface.
- .2 Maintain concrete at 10°C for an extra 4 days plus the initial 3 days.
- .3 In addition to the protective housing, the concrete must be cured as outlined in Clause 3.9.2 above.

3.10 TESTING

- .1 Departmental Representative will appoint a concrete testing company to test all work under this section of specification as per CAN/CSA-A23.1.
- .2 Cost of compressive strength tests shall be paid for by the Departmental Representative.
- .3 Testing company shall issue reports to Departmental Representative on quality of test cylinders.
- .4 Notify Departmental Representative at least 7 days prior to start of placing concrete. Provide for testing purposes an adequate quantity of approved test cylinders.
- .5 At least 1 set of 3 cylinders each shall be taken from 25 m<sup>3</sup> or fraction thereof of each day's pour, whichever is less. 1 cylinder shall be tested at 7 days and other 2 tested at 28 days.

3.10 TESTING  
(Cont'd)

- .6 Crate cylinders and deliver to the testing laboratory within 48 hours after casting in accordance with CAN/CSA-A23.1. Contractor will pay for crating and delivery of cylinders to the laboratory.
- .7 If strength tests of test cylinder for any portion of the work falls below the specified compressive strength at 28 days, the Departmental Representative reserves the right to determine the acceptability of the concrete by performing additional field testing as outlined in CSA-A23.1.
- .8 If concrete does not conform to drawings or specifications, take measures as directed to correct the deficiency. All costs of correctional measures will be at the expense of the Contractor.