

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED
REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Section 31 23 33.01 - Excavating, Trenching and Backfilling.
- .2 Section 33 05 16 - Maintenance Holes and Catch Basin Structures.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 ASTM International
 - .1 ASTM D 698-07e1, Standard Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft⁴-lbf/ft³ (600 kN-m/m³)).
- .2 Canada Green Building Council (CaGBC)
 - .1 LEED Canada-NC-2009, LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design): Green Building Rating System Reference Package For New Construction and Major Renovations.
- .3 CSA International
 - .1 CSA B1800-11, Thermoplastic Non-pressure Pipe Compendium.
- .4 Washington State Department of Ecology.
 - .1 Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington, Volume II, Construction Pollution Prevention (2015 edition).
- .5 Newfoundland and Labrador Department of Municipal Affairs.
 - .1 Municipal Water, Sewer and Roads Master Construction Specifications, latest revisions.
- .6 National Association of Sewer Services Companies (NASSCO) Performance Specification Guidelines.

1.3 ADMINISTRATIVE
REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Scheduling:
 - .1 Schedule Work to minimize interruptions to existing services and maintain existing sewage flows during construction.

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- 1.3 ADMINISTRATIVE .1 Scheduling: (Cont'd)
REQUIREMENTS .2 Submit schedule of expected
(Cont'd) interruptions for approval and adhere to
approved schedule.
.3 Notify Departmental Representative and
the Town of Port Aux Basques.
- 1.4 ACTION AND .1 Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 00 -
INFORMATIONAL Submittal Procedures.
SUBMITTALS .2 Product Data:
.1 Submit manufacturer's instructions,
printed product literature and data sheets for
pipes and backfill and include product
characteristics, performance criteria,
physical size, finish and limitations.
.3 Shop Drawings:
.1 Submit drawings stamped and signed by
professional engineer registered or licensed
in the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador,
Canada.
.2 Indicate on drawings proposed method for
installing carrier pipe for undercrossings.
.4 Samples:
.1 Inform Departmental Representative at
least 4 weeks prior to beginning Work, of
proposed source of bedding materials and
provide access for sampling.
.2 Submit for testing at least 2 weeks
prior to beginning Work, samples of materials
proposed for use as follows:
.1 Pipe bedding and surround material.
.5 Certificates:
.1 Certification to be marked on pipe.
.6 Test and Evaluation Reports:
.1 Submit manufacturer's test data and
certification 2 weeks minimum before beginning
Work.
.7 Sustainable Design Submittals:
.1 LEED Canada submittals: in accordance
with Section 01 35 21 - LEED Requirements.
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- 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING (Cont'd)
- .3 Storage and Handling Requirements: (Cont'd)
 - .2 Store and protect pipes from damage.
 - .3 Replace defective or damaged materials with new.
 - .4 Develop Construction Waste Management Plan related to Work of this Section and in accordance with Section 01 35 21 - LEED Requirements.
 - .5 Packaging Waste Management: remove for reuse or return of pallets, crates, padding, banding, and packaging materials as specified in Construction Waste Management Plan in accordance with Section 01 74 21 - Construction/Demolition Waste Management and Disposal and Section 01 35 21 - LEED Requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 PLASTIC PIPE
- .1 Type PSM Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC): to CAN/CSA B1800.
 - .1 Standard Dimensional Ratio (SDR): 35.
 - .2 Locked-in gasket and integral bell system.
 - .3 Nominal lengths: 6 m.
- 2.2 PIPE BEDDING AND SURROUND MATERIALS
- .1 Type 1 bedding in accordance with Section 02223 of the Newfoundland and Labrador Municipal Water, Sewer and Roads Master Construction Specifications.
- 2.3 BACKFILL MATERIAL
- .1 Type 3, in accordance with Section 31 23 33.01 - Excavating, Trenching and Backfilling.
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2.4 GROUT .1 Non-shrink grout to Section 33 05 16 -
Maintenance Holes and Catch Basin Structures.

2.5 MARKER TAPE .1 Detectable underground warning tape with
aluminum backing. Yellow in colour and marked
"CAUTION BURIED SEWER LINE BELOW".

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION .1 Verification of Conditions: verify that
conditions of substrate previously installed
under other Sections or Contracts are
acceptable for sewer pipe installation in
accordance with manufacturer's written
instructions.
.1 Visually inspect substrate in presence
of Departmental Representative.
.2 Inform Departmental Representative of
unacceptable conditions immediately upon
discovery.
.3 Proceed with installation only after
unacceptable conditions have been remedied and
after receipt of written approval to proceed
from Departmental Representative.

3.2 PREPARATION .1 Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control:
.1 Provide temporary erosion and
sedimentation control measures to prevent soil
erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water
runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties
and walkways, according to sediment and
erosion control drawings.
.2 Inspect, repair, and maintain erosion
and sedimentation control measures during
construction until permanent vegetation has
been established.
.3 Remove erosion and sedimentation
controls and restore and stabilize areas
disturbed during removal.
.2 Clean pipes and fittings of debris and water
before installation, and remove defective

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- 3.2 PREPARATION (Cont'd) .2 (Cont'd)
(Cont'd) materials from site to approval of
Departmental Representative.
- .3 Clean and dry pipes and fittings before
installation.
- .4 Obtain Departmental Representative's approval
of pipes and fittings prior to installation.
- 3.3 TRENCHING .1 Do trenching Work in accordance with Section
31 23 33.01 - Excavating, Trenching and
Backfilling.
- .2 Protect trench from contents of sewer or
sewer connection.
- .3 Trench alignment and depth require approval
of Departmental Representative prior to
placing bedding material and pipe.
- 3.4 GRANULAR .1 Place bedding in unfrozen condition.
BEDDING
- .2 Place granular bedding materials in uniform
layers not exceeding 150 mm compacted
thickness to depth as indicated.
- .3 Shape bed true to grade and to provide
continuous, uniform bearing surface for pipe.
.1 Do not use blocks when bedding pipe.
- .4 Shape transverse depressions as required to
suit joints.
- .5 Compact each layer full width of bed to at
least 95% maximum density to ASTM D 698.
- .6 Fill excavation below bottom of specified
bedding adjacent to manholes or structures
with compacted bedding material.
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3.5 INSTALLATION

- .1 Lay and join pipes in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and to approval of Departmental Representative.
 - .2 Handle pipe using methods approved by Departmental Representative.
 - .1 Do not use chains or cables passed through rigid pipe bore so that weight of pipe bears upon pipe ends.
 - .3 Lay pipes on prepared bed, true to line and grade, with pipe invert smooth and free of sags or high points.
 - .1 Ensure barrel of each pipe is in contact with shaped bed throughout its full length.
 - .4 Begin laying at outlet and proceed in upstream direction with socket ends of pipe facing upgrade.
 - .5 Joint deflection permitted within limits recommended by pipe manufacturer.
 - .6 Water to flow through pipe during construction, only as permitted by Departmental Representative.
 - .7 Whenever Work is suspended, install removable watertight bulkhead at open end of last pipe laid to prevent entry of foreign materials.
 - .8 Install plastic pipe and fittings in accordance with CSA B1800.
 - .9 Pipe jointing:
 - .1 Support pipes with hand slings or crane as required to minimize lateral pressure on gasket and maintain concentricity until gasket is properly positioned.
 - .2 Align pipes before joining.
 - .3 Maintain pipe joints free from mud, silt, gravel and foreign material.
 - .4 Avoid displacing gasket or contaminating with dirt or foreign material. Gaskets so disturbed to be removed, cleaned and lubricated and replaced before joining is attempted.
 - .5 Complete each joint before laying next length of pipe.
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3.5 INSTALLATION
(Cont'd)

- .9 Pipe jointing: (Cont'd)
 - .6 Minimize joint deflection after joint has been made to avoid joint damage.
 - .7 At rigid structures, install pipe joints not more than 1.2 m from side of structure.
 - .8 Apply sufficient pressure in making joints to ensure that joint is complete as outlined in manufacturer's recommendations.
- .10 When stoppage of Work occurs, block pipes as directed by Departmental Representative to prevent creep during down time.
- .11 Cut pipes as required for special inserts, fittings or closure pieces as recommended by pipe manufacturer, without damaging pipe or its coating and to leave smooth end at right angles to axis of pipe.
- .12 Make watertight connections to manholes.
 - .1 Use shrinkage compensating grout when suitable gaskets are not available.
- .13 Use prefabricated saddles or field connections approved by Departmental Representative, for connecting pipes to existing sewer pipes.
 - .1 Joints to be structurally sound and watertight.

3.6 PIPE SURROUND

- .1 Place surround material in unfrozen condition.
- .2 Upon completion of pipe laying, and after Departmental Representative has inspected pipe joints, surround and cover pipes as indicated.
 - .1 Leave joints and fittings exposed until field testing is completed.
- .3 Hand place surround material in uniform layers not exceeding 150 mm compacted thickness as indicated.
 - .1 Do not dump material within 1 m of pipe.
- .4 Place layers uniformly and simultaneously on each side of pipe.

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- 3.6 PIPE SURROUND (Cont'd) .5 Compact each layer from pipe invert to mid height of pipe to at least 95% maximum density to ASTM D 698.
- .6 Compact each layer from mid height of pipe to underside of backfill to at least 90% maximum density to ASTM D 698.
- .7 When field test results are acceptable to Departmental Representative, place surround material at pipe joints.
- 3.7 BACKFILL .1 Place backfill material in unfrozen condition.
- .2 Place backfill material, above pipe surround in uniform layers not exceeding 150 mm compacted thickness up to grades as indicated.
- .3 Under paving and walks, compact backfill to at least 98% maximum density to ASTM D 698.
.1 In landscaped areas, compact to at least 85% maximum density to ASTM D 698.
- .4 Install marker tape as indicated.
- 3.8 TESTING .1 Inspection and testing of pipe bedding surround and backfill material will be carried out by independent inspection and testing agency designated by Departmental Representative. Costs of these tests will be paid by Contractor in accordance with Section 01 29 83 - Payment Procedures for Testing Laboratory Services and Section 01 45 00- Quality Control.
- 3.9 FIELD TESTING .1 Repair or replace pipe, pipe joints or bedding found defective.
- .2 Remove foreign material from sewers and related appurtenances by flushing with water.
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- 3.9 FIELD TESTING .3 Perform infiltration and exfiltration testing
(Cont'd) as soon as practicable after jointing and bedding are complete.
- .4 Do infiltration and exfiltration testing as specified herein and as directed by Departmental Representative.
.1 Perform tests in presence of Department Representative.
.2 Notify Departmental Representative 24 hours minimum in advance of proposed tests.
- .5 Carry out tests on each section of sewer between successive manholes.
- .6 Install watertight bulkheads in suitable manner to isolate test section from rest of pipeline.
- .7 Exfiltration test:
.1 Fill test section with water to displace air in line. Maintain under nominal head for 24 hours to ensure absorption in pipe wall is complete before test measurements begin.
.2 Immediately prior to test period add water to pipeline until there is head of 1 m over interior crown of pipe measured at highest point of test section or water in manhole is 1 m above static ground water level, whichever is greater.
.3 Duration of exfiltration test: 2 hours.
.4 Water loss at end of test period: not to exceed maximum allowable exfiltration over any section of pipe between manholes.
- .8 Infiltration test:
.1 Conduct infiltration test in lieu of exfiltration test where static ground water level is 750 mm or more above top of pipe measured at highest point in line to be used.
.2 Do not interpolate a head greater than 750 mm to obtain an increase in allowable infiltration rate.
.3 Install watertight plug at upstream end of pipeline test section.
.4 Discontinue pumping operations for at least 3 days before test measurements are to begin and during this time, keep thoroughly
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3.9 FIELD TESTING
(Cont'd)

- .8 Infiltration test: (Cont'd)
.4 (Cont'd)
wet at least one third of pipe invert
perimeter.
.5 Prevent damage to pipe and bedding
material due to flotation and erosion.
.6 Place 90 degrees V-notch weir, or other
measuring device approved by Departmental
Representative in invert of sewer at each
manhole.
.7 Measure rate of flow over minimum of 1
hour, with recorded flows for each 5 min
interval.

- .9 Infiltration and exfiltration: not to exceed
following limits in L per hour per 100 m of
pipe, including service connections.

Nominal Pipe diameter in mm	Plastic pipe	Concrete pipe
100	3.88	25.5
125	4.62	30.0
150	5.51	34.0
200	7.45	41.5
250	9.39	49.5
300	11.33	56.5
350	13.27	63.5
400	14.91	70.0
450	16.84	76.0
500	18.78	81.5
550	20.72	87.0
600	22.80	92.5
700	26.53	102.0
800	30.11	110.5
900	33.69	118.0
1000	37.56	124.5
1100	41.29	130.0
1200	45.01	135.0

- .10 Leakage: not to exceed following limits in
litres per hour per mm of diameter per 100 m
of sewer:
.1 Exfiltration, based on 600 mm head:
0.175 L.
.2 Infiltration: 0.150 L.
- .11 Repair and retest sewer line as required,
until test results are within limits
specified.

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- 3.9 FIELD TESTING (Cont'd) .12 Repair visible leaks regardless of test results.
- 3.10 DEFLECTION TESTING .1 Measure deflection of each plastic pipe, by pulling a deflection gauge through each pipe from manhole to manhole after backfilling.
- .2 Provide deflection gauges to measure a 5% and 7 1/2% deflection. Gauges to be a "Go-No-Go" mandrel device. The device shall meet the requirements of the pipe manufacturer and shall be subject to the approval of the Departmental Representative.
- .3 Within thirty days after installation, pull a deflection gauge measuring 5% deflection through the installed section of pipeline. If this test fails, proceed with 7 1/2% deflection test. If 7 1/2% deflection test fails, locate defect and repair. Retest using same methodology.
- .4 Provide deflection test report.
- 3.11 CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION INSPECTION .1 Conduct closed circuit television inspection procedures to meet National Association of Sewer Services Companies (NASSCO) Performance Specification Guidelines.
- .2 Equipment:
.1 Provide equipment meeting the following requirements:
.1 Self-contained, self-leveling monitoring unit and pan-tilt camera with remotely controlled lighting system capable of varying the illumination.
.2 Picture quality shall produce continuous 600-line resolution picture, showing entire periphery of pipe.
.3 A meter device with readings above ground or marking on cable to clearly identify exact location of camera.
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3.11 CLOSED CIRCUIT .3
TELEVISION
INSPECTION
(Cont'd)

Inspection:

.1 Perform inspection of pipe from manhole to manhole by passing TV camera through sewer in direction of flow.

.2 Classify results in accordance with National Association of Sewer Service Companies (NASSCO) Performance Specification Guidelines.

.4 Records:

.1 Maintain inspection record in log form, during television inspection.

.2 Log to include location of each fault and service lateral distance measured from centreline of reference manhole and position referenced to axis of pipe.

.3 Photograph fault from the television screen. All photographs to be clear and precise with distinct definition of fault.

.4 Include detailed technical description with photographs as supporting data for each fault.

.5 Provide minimum of two (2) photographs for each sewer main section televised, detailing typical joint, and typical building service lateral.

.6 All photos and videos to be in colour.

.5 Reports:

.1 Provide a composite report of TV inspection. Enclose report in binder on letter-size paper. Include following pages and information:

.1 Title page identifying project, camera operator and dates of inspection.

.2 Index page identifying section from manhole to manhole, page number or numbers where information for section is contained.

.2 Organize inspection records in sequence from upstream; manhole to downstream manhole.

.3 Report on each sewer main section to contain:

.1 Heading:

.1 Manhole numbers applicable to section.

.2 Reference drawing number, if applicable.

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- 3.11 CLOSED CIRCUIT .5 Reports: (Cont'd)
TELEVISION .3 (Cont'd)
INSPECTION .1 Heading: (Cont'd)
(Cont'd) .3 Weather on the day of
inspection.
.4 Statement of soil condition in
area of inspection, i.e. dry, damp,
wet, frozen.
.4 Key Plan, showing corresponding manhole
numbers, magnetic north, horizontal distance,
pipe and material between manholes, and
direction of flow.
.5 Inspection findings for each sewer main
section to include:
.1 Location of all faults.
.2 Photographs of all faults.
.3 Location of all service laterals.
.4 One photograph each of typical
joint and typical service lateral when
faults are not found.
.6 Mount photographs on left-hand page and
place corresponding description on right-hand
page. Number all photographs in order. Number
beside photograph to correspond with
description number.
.7 Enclose all pages of report in
transparent sheet protector.
- .6 Accuracy:
.1 Maximum permissible error in accuracy to
be within following limits of fault location:
.1 Up to 375 mm pipe: ± 75 mm per
100 m of length.
.2 450 mm - 600 mm pipe: ± 150 mm per
100 m of length.
.3 750 mm - 900 mm pipe: ± 225 mm per
100 m of length.
- .7 Video Record:
.1 Supply a complete record of all
inspections in digital format.
.2 Index all files, listing sections of
inspections.
.3 Submit DVD with written reports to
Departmental Representative.
- .8 Repeat Inspection:
.1 Prior to repairs, the methods are to be
approved by the Departmental Representative.
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3.11 CLOSED CIRCUIT .8 Repeat Inspection:(Cont'd)
TELEVISION .1 (Cont'd)
INSPECTION Repair faults detected during television
(Cont'd) inspection. Repeat television inspection at no
cost to Owner.

3.12 CLEANING .1 Progress Cleaning: clean in accordance with
Section 01 74 11 - Cleaning.
.1 Leave Work area clean at end of each
day.

.2 Final Cleaning: upon completion remove
surplus materials, rubbish, tools and
equipment in accordance with Section 01 74 11
- Cleaning.

.3 Waste Management: separate waste materials
for reuse and recycling in accordance with
Section 01 74 21 - Construction/Demolition
Waste Management and Disposal and Section
01 35 21 - LEED Requirements.
.1 Remove recycling containers and bins
from site and dispose of materials at
appropriate facility.