

NRC-CNRC

Administrative Services and Property Management

DEVIS

NO. DE 17-22064

SOLICITATION:

Edifice: M-6

1200 chemin Montréal

Ottawa, Ontario

PROJET: M-6, Projet de rénovation des salles de

bain

NO. DE PROJET : M6-5122

Date: septembre 2017





DEVIS

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Directions to the Ottawa Research Facilities - Montreal Road

1200 Montréal Road Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0R6

Tel: 613-993-9101

NRC Institutes/Branch/Program	Buildings
Information/Security	M-1
NRC Administrative Services and Property Management (NRC-ASPM)	M-5, M-6, M-15, M-16, M-18A, M-19, M-22, M-26, M-39, M-40A, M-53
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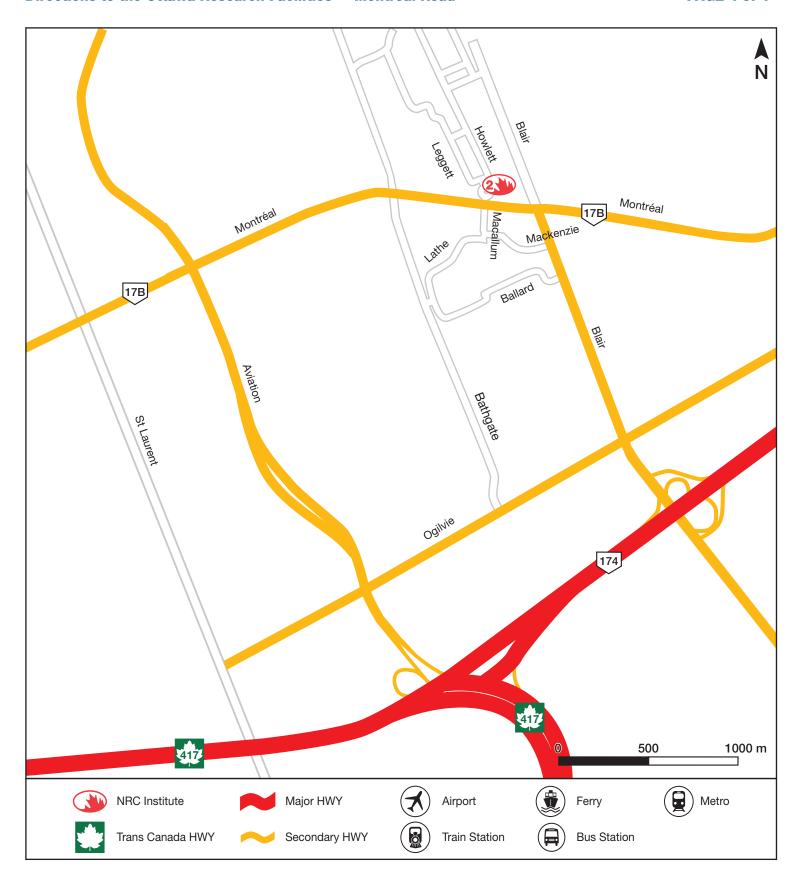
By Road, from the OTTAWA International Airport

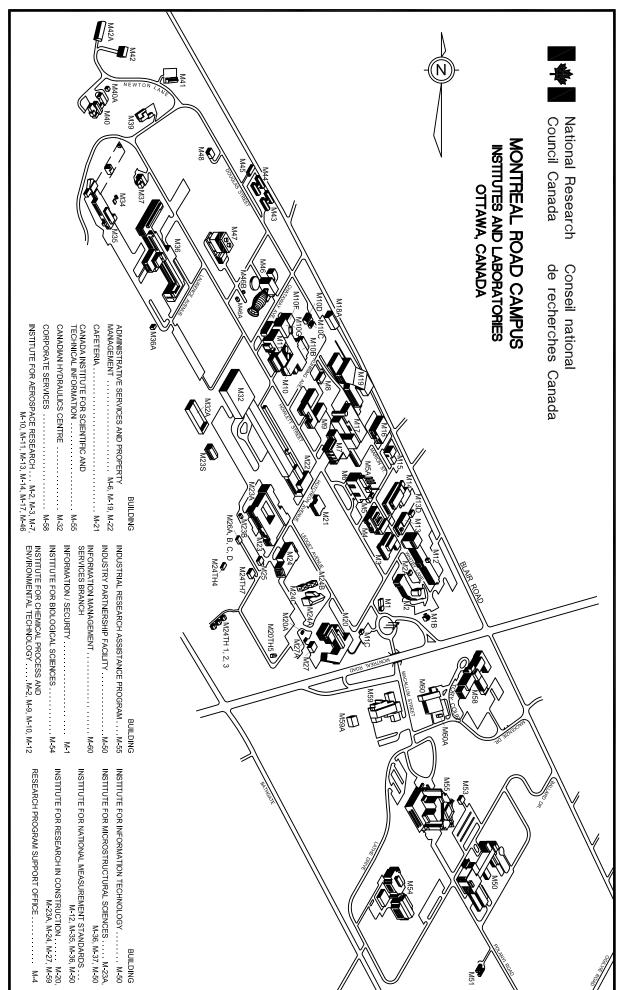
- 1. From the airport take the AIRPORT PARKWAY to RIVERSIDE DR EAST
- 2. Follow RIVERSIDE DR EAST to HIGHWAY 417 EAST
- 3. Take HIGHWAY 417 EAST, past the ST-LAURENT BLVD exit, where HIGHWAY 417 splits, continue LEFT on HIGHWAY 174 (ROCKLAND)
- 4. Exit HIGHWAY 174 on BLAIR RD NORTH
- 5. Proceed on BLAIR RD NORTH, cross OGILVIE RD, and continue on to the traffic lights at the intersection of BLAIR and MONTREAL RD
- 6. Turn left onto MONTREAL RD and take the first immediate right onto the ramp leading down to the traffic circle. Stop at Building M-1 on the north side of the traffic circle. Ask the commissionaires in M-1 for directions to the NRC building, institute or staff member you seek.

By Road, from MONTRÉAL

- 1. Take MÉTROPOLITAIN 40 WEST and follow signs for OTTAWA and HIGHWAY 417 WEST
- 2. Follow 417 WEST to reach OTTAWA
- 3. Exit at HIGHWAY 174 EAST (ROCKLAND) when entering OTTAWA
- 4. Follow 174 EAST and exit at BLAIR RD NORTH (first exit after entering 174 EAST)
- 5. Follow BLAIR RD NORTH, cross OGILVIE RD, and continue on to the traffic lights at the intersection of BLAIR and MONTREAL RD
- 6. Turn left onto MONTREAL RD and take the first immediate right onto the ramp leading down to the traffic circle. Stop at Building M-1 on the north side of the traffic circle. Ask the commissionaires in M-1 for directions to the NRC building, institute or staff member you seek.







National Research Council Conseil national de recherches Canada Canada Administrative Services Direction des services administratifs et de la gestion & Property management Branch (ASPM) de l'immobilier (SAGI)

Formulaire de proposition – Marché de construction

Titre du projet M6- Projet de rénovation des salles de bain

17-22064

No. de Proposition:		
Nom d'entreprise et ac	resse du soumissionnaire	
Nom		
Adresse		
Personne-ressource (ne	om en lettres moulées)	
Téléphone ()	Téléc. (

1.3 Offre de prix

Le soumissionnaire soussigné offre par les présentes à Sa Majesté du chef du Canada (ci-après appelée « Sa Majesté »), représentée par le Conseil national de recherches du Canada, d'exécuter et d'achever les travaux se rapportant au projet désigné ci-haut, conformément aux plans et devis et aux autres documents d'appel d'offres, à l'endroit et de la manière énoncés aux présentes, pour un montant total de (montant numéraire uniquement) dans la monnaie ayant cours légal au Canada (TPS/TVH en sus).

Le montant de l'offre comprend toutes les taxes fédérales, provinciales et municipales applicables^(*). Cependant, si l'une des taxes imposées en vertu de la *Loi sur l'accise*, de la Loi sur la taxe d'accise, de la Loi sur la sécurité de la vieillesse, de la Loi sur les douanes, du tarif des douanes ou de toute autre loi provinciale imposant une taxe de vente au détail sur les achats de biens meubles incorporés à un bien immobilier est modifiée et que cette modification survient :

- après que la présente proposition ait été mise à la poste ou livrée; ou
- .2 si la présente proposition est révisée, après la dernière révision; le montant de l'offre de prix devra être diminué ou augmenté de la manière prévue à l'article CG22 des Conditions générales du contrat.

National Research Council	Conseil national de recherches
Canada	Canada
Administrative Services	Direction des services
& Property management	administratifs et de la gestion
Branch (ASPM)	de l'immobilier (SAGI)

1.3.1 Offre de prix (suite)

(*) Dans le cadre de la présente proposition, la taxe sur les produits et services (TPS) n'est pas une taxe applicable.

Dans la province de Québec, la taxe de vente du Québec (TVQ) ne doit pas être ajoutée au montant de l'offre, le gouvernement fédéral étant exempté de la TVQ. Les soumissionnaires doivent s'adresser directement au ministère du Revenu provincial pour récupérer toute taxe qu'ils sont appelés à verser sur des biens et services acquis dans le cadre de l'exécution du présent marché. Les soumissionnaires devraient cependant inclure dans le montant de leur offre de prix tout montant de TVQ pour lequel ils ne peuvent exiger un remboursement de taxe sur les intrants.

1.4 Acceptation et conclusion du marché

Le soumissionnaire soussigné s'engage, dans les quatorze (14) jours suivant l'avis confirmant l'acceptation de la présente proposition, à signer un contrat portant sur l'exécution des travaux, à condition que l'avis d'acceptation du Ministère parvienne au soumissionnaire dans un délai de trente (30) jours suivant la date de clôture de l'appel d'offres.

1.5 Délai d'exécution des travaux

Le soumissionnaire soussigné s'engage à achever les travaux dans le délai stipulé au devis, lequel commence à courir à compter de l'avis d'acceptation de la présente proposition.

1.6 Garantie de soumission

Le soumissionnaire soussigné joint à la présente proposition une garantie de soumission, conformément à l'article 5 des Instructions générales à l'intention des soumissionnaires.

Le soumissionnaire soussigné convient que dans l'éventualité où il refuse de conclure un contrat qu'il est tenu de conclure en vertu des présentes, tout dépôt de garantie fourni à titre de garantie de soumission sera retenu pour débit. Cependant, le Ministre peut, au nom de l'intérêt public, renoncer au droit de Sa Majesté de retenir pour débit le dépôt de garantie.

Le soumissionnaire soussigné convient que si la garantie de soumission n'est pas conforme aux modalités de l'article 5 des Instructions générales à l'intention des soumissionnaires, sa proposition peut être jugée irrecevable.

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1.7 **Garantie d'exécution**

Dans les quatorze (14) jours suivant l'avis d'acceptation de sa proposition, le soumissionnaire soussigné doit fournir une garantie d'exécution contractuelle, conformément à la section F, Conditions contractuelles, du contrat.

Le soumissionnaire soussigné convient que la garantie d'exécution visée par les présentes, si elle est fournie sous forme de lettre de change, sera versée au Trésor public du Canada.

L'annexe n°	n/a	fait partie intégrante de la présente proposi	tion.
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1.9 Addenda

Le montant total de l'offre de prix porte sur l'exécution des travaux définis dans les addenda suivants :

N°	DATE	N°	DATE

(Les soumissionnaires doivent indiquer le numéro et la date des addenda.)

National Research Council	Conseil national de recherches
Canada	Canada
Administrative Services	Direction des services
& Property management	administratifs et de la gestion
Branch (ASPM)	de l'immobilier (SAGI)

1.10 Signature de la proposition

Les soumissionnaires doivent consulter l'article 2 des Instructions générales à l'intention des soumissionnaires.

SIGNÉ, AUTHENTIFIÉ ET REMIS le au nom de	^e jour du mois de
(Inscrire le nom d'entreprise du soumissionnaire)	
SIGNATAIRE(S) AUTORISÉ(S)	
(Signature du signataire autorisé)	
(Inscrire le nom et le titre du signataire en lettres moulées)	
(Signature du signataire autorisé)	
(Inscrire le nom et le titre du signataire en lettres moulées)	

SCEAU

Project # 5122: M6 Washrooms Renovation Project

Appendix 1 - Additional conditions

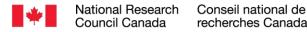
1. Hours of construction work

- 1.1 Contractors must ensure that all work (all disciplines included) deemed to be noisy, disruptive to the building occupants or that can cause vibration must be done after regular business hours. The remaining portions of the work can be done during the regular business hours.
- 1.2 Contractors must ensure to estimate adequately the extent of the after-hours work.
- 1.3 Contractors must carry the after-hours work at his / her expenses.

2. Extent of the work

2.1 Abatement Contractor must include all costs related to the required removal of the concrete slabs and or trenching. All sub trades are to identify the extent of the work in advance for the Abatement Contractor.

End of Appendix 1





ANNONCE ACHATSETVENTES

M6, Projet de rénovations des salles de bain

Le Conseil national de recherches du Canada, 1200 chemin Montréal, Ottawa, ON, a une demande pour un projet qui comprend :

Ce projet consiste à fournir des contrôles indépendants dans trois bureaux (rez-de-chaussée), rénové une salle de bain / douches exisante (mezzannine) et ajouter une nouvelle salle de bain / douche (mezzannine) dans l'édifice M6 du Conseil national de recherches Canada situé au 1200, chemin Montréal à Ottawa. Les disciplines suivantes sont inclues dans ce projet et sont décrites ci-dessous : Architecture, Mécanique, Électricité, Décontamination et Structure.

1. GENERAL:

Adresser à le représentant ministériel (ou à son représentant) ou à l'Agent des contrats toute question portant sur tout aspect du projet. Ils sont les seuls autorisés à fournir des réponses.

On ne tiendra nullement compte des informations obtenues d'une personne autre que le représentant ministériel (ou son représentant) ou l'Agent des contrats et ce, autant à l'octroi du contrat qu'au cours des travaux.

Les entreprises souhaitant présenter des soumissions pour ce projet devraient obtenir les documents relatifs aux appels d'offres en s'adressant au fournisseur de service Achatsetventes.gc.ca AGAO. Si des addenda sont ajoutés, ils seront distribués par Achasetventes.gc.ca AGAO. Les entreprises qui choisissent de préparer leurs soumissions en se fondant sur des documents d'appel d'offres provenant d'autres sources le font à leurs propres risques et seront tenues d'informer le responsable de l'appel d'offres de leur intention de soumissionner. Les trousses d'appel d'offres ne pourront être diffusées le jour même de la clôture des soumissions.

2. . VISITE DU SITE OBLIGATOIRE

Les soumissionnaires ont l'obligation de participer à une des visites du site à la date et à l'heure prévues. Les soumissionnaires qui ont l'intention de présenter une soumission doivent envoyer au moins un représentant à cette visite.

Les visites de chantier se tiendront le 28 septembre et le 3 octobre, 2017 à **9 :00**. Rencontrer Allan Smith à l'édifice M-6, 1200 chemin Montréal, Ottawa, ON. Les soumissionnaires qui, pour une raison quelconque, ne peuvent pas participer à la visite à la date et à l'heure prévues ne pourront obtenir un deuxième rendez-vous; leur soumission sera donc considérée comme non conforme. **AUCUNE EXCEPTION NE SERA FAITE**.

Pour prouver qu'ils ont participé à la visite du site, les soumissionnaires ou leurs représentants DOIVENT signer, lors de la visite, le formulaire de participation élaboré par l'autorité contractante. Les soumissionnaires ou leurs représentants ont la responsabilité de vérifier s'ils ont bien signé ce formulaire avant de quitter le site. Les soumissions présentées par des soumissionnaires qui n'ont pas participé à la visite du site ou qui ont oublié de signer le formulaire de participation seront considérées comme non conformes.

3. DATE DE FERMÊTURE :

La date de fermeture est le 24 octobre, 2017 14:00

4. RÉSULTATS DE L'APPEL D'OFFRES :

À la fermeture de l'appel d'offres, les résultats de l'appel d'offre seront envoyés par télécopieur à tous les entrepreneurs qui auront soumis un appel d'offre.

5. CRITÈRES DE SÉCURITÉ OBLIGATOIRES POUR LES ENTREPRENEURS

5.1 EXIGENCES OBLIGATOIRES RELATIVES A LA SECURITE

- .1 L'entrepreneur doit détenir en permanence, pendant l'exécution du contrat à commandes, une attestation de vérification d'organisation désignée (VOD) en vigueur, délivrée par la Direction de la sécurité industrielle canadienne (DSIC) de Travaux publics et Services gouvernementaux Canada (TPSGC).
- .2 Les membres du personnel de l'entrepreneur devant avoir accès à des établissements de travail dont l'accès est réglementé doivent TOUS détenir une cote de FIABILITÉ en vigueur, délivrée ou approuvée par la DSIC de TPSGC.
- .3 L'entrepreneur doit respecter les dispositions:
 - a) de la Liste de vérification des exigences relatives à la sécurité et directive de sécurité (s'il y a lieu), reproduite à l'Annexe D;
 - b) du Manuel de la sécurité industrielle (dernière édition)@ http://ssi-iss.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/msi-ism/msi-ism-fra.html

5.2 VÉRIFICATION DE L'ATTESTATION DE SÉCURITÉ À LA CLÔTURE DES SOUMISSIONS

- .1 Le soumissionnaire doit détenir une attestation de vérification d'organisation désignée (VOD) en vigueur, délivrée par la Direction de la sécurité industrielle canadienne (DSIC) de Travaux publics et Services gouvernementaux Canada (TPSGC) ET DOIT L'INCLURE AVEC LEUR SOUMISSION OU FAIRE SUIVRE DANS LES 48 HEURES SUIVANT LA DATE ET L'HEURE DE CLÔTURE DE L'APPEL D'OFFRE. Des vérifications seront effectuées par l'intermédiaire de la DSIC pour confirmer l'attestation de sécurité du soumissionnaire. L'omission de se conformer à cette exigence rendra la soumission non conforme et celle-ci sera rejetée.
- L'entrepreneur général doit nommer tous ses sous-traitants dans un délai de 72 heures suivant la clôture des soumissions, et ceux-ci doivent aussi détenir une attestation VOD valide et soumettre les noms, dates de naissance ou numéros de certificats de sécurité de toutes les personnes qui seront affectées au projet.
- Il faut noter que les sous-traitants qui doivent exécuter des tâches pendant l'exécution du contrat subséquent doivent aussi satisfaire aux exigences obligatoires du contrat en matière de sécurité. De plus, aucune personne ne possédant pas le niveau de sécurité exigé ne sera admise sur le site. Le soumissionnaire retenu devra s'assurer que les exigences liées à la sécurité sont satisfaites pendant toute l'exécution du contrat. La Couronne ne sera tenue responsable d'aucun retard ni d'éventuels coûts supplémentaires liés à l'inobservation par l'entrepreneur des exigences en matière de sécurité. L'omission de satisfaire à ces exigences sera suffisante pour résilier le contrat pour cause d'inexécution.

.4 Pour toute question concernant les exigences liées à la sécurité pendant la période de soumission, les soumissionnaires doivent communiquer avec l'agente de sécurité @ 613-993-8956.

6.0 CSPAAT (COMMISSION DE LA SECURITE PROFESSIONNELLE ET DE L'ASSURANCE CONTRE LES ACCIDENTS DU TRAVAIL

.1 Tous les soumissionnaires doivent fournir une attestation de la CSPAAT valide avec leur offre ou avant l'attribution du contrat.

7.0 L'OMBUDSMAN DE L'APPROVISIONNEMENT

.1 Services de règlement des différends
Les parties reconnaissent que l'ombudsman de l'approvisionnement nommé en vertu
du paragraphe 22.1(1) de la Loi sur le ministère des Travaux publics et des Services
gouvernementaux veillera à proposer aux parties concernées un processus de
règlement de leur différend, sur demande ou consentement des parties à participer à
un tel processus de règlement extrajudiciaire en vue de résoudre un différend entre
elles au sujet de l'interprétation ou de l'application d'une modalité du présent contrat,
et obtiendra leur consentement à en assumer les coûts. Le Bureau de l'ombudsman
de l'approvisionnement peut être joint par téléphone, au 1-866-734-5169 ou par
courriel, à l'adresse boa.opo@boa-opo.gc.ca.

.2 Administration du contrat

Les parties reconnaissent que l'ombudsman de l'approvisionnement nommé en vertu du paragraphe 22.1(1) de la Loi sur le ministère des Travaux publics et des Services gouvernementaux examinera une plainte déposée par [le fournisseur ou l'entrepreneur ou le nom de l'entité à qui ce contrat a été attribué] concernant l'administration du contrat si les exigences du paragraphe 22.2(1) de la Loi sur le ministère des Travaux publics et des Services gouvernementaux et les articles 15 et 16 du Règlement concernant l'ombudsman de l'approvisionnement ont été respectées, et si l'interprétation et l'application des modalités ainsi que de la portée du contrat ne sont pas contestées. Le Bureau de l'ombudsman de l'approvisionnement peut être joint par téléphone, au 1-866-734-5169 ou par courriel, à l'adresse boa.opo@boa-opo.gc.ca.

.3 Le Bureau de l'ombudsman de l'approvisionnement (BOA) a été mis sur pied par le gouvernement du Canada de manière à offrir aux fournisseurs un moyen indépendant de déposer des plaintes liées à l'attribution de contrats de moins de 25 000 \$ pour des biens et de moins de 100 000 \$ pour des services. Vous pouvez soulever des questions ou des préoccupations concernant une demande de soumissions ou l'attribution du contrat subséquent auprès du BOA par téléphone, au 1-866-734-5169 ou par courriel, à l'adresse boa.opo@boa-opo.gc.ca. Vous pouvez également obtenir de plus amples informations sur les services qu'offre le BOA, en consultant son site Web, à l'adresse www.opo-boa.gc.ca.

Le représentant ministériel responsable ou son représentant: Allan Smith

Téléphone: 613 852-1357

L'autorité contractante : Alain Leroux <u>alain.leroux@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca</u>

Téléphone: 613 993-2274

INSTRUCTIONS AUX SOUMISSIONNAIRES

Article 1 - Réception des soumissions

- 1a) Aucune soumission reçue après le moment fixé pour la clôture des soumissions ne sera acceptée. <u>LES SOUMISSIONS RECUES APRES LE MOMENT FIXÉ NE SONT PAS VALIDES</u> et ne peuvent être prises en considération, peu importe la raison de leur retard.
- 1b) Une lettre ou une télécommunication imprimée envoyée par un soumissionnaire pour signifier un prix ne peut être considérée comme étant une soumission valide à moins qu'une soumission officielle n'ait été reçue sur la formule prescrite à cette fin.
- 1c) Il est loisible aux soumissionnaires de modifier leurs soumissions par lettre ou télécommunication imprimée mais à condition que <u>de telles modifications ne soient pas reçues plus tard qu'au moment prévu pour la clôture des soumissions.</u>
- 1d) Les modifications à la soumission qui sont transmises par télécopieur doivent être signées et doivent permettre d'identifier sans équivoque le soumissionnaire.

Toutes les modifications de ce genre doivent être envoyées à :

Conseil national de recherches Canada Services d'approvisionnement Alain Leroux, agent supérieur de contrats Édifice M-22 Chemin Montréal, Ottawa (Ontario) K1A OR6

Télécopieur: (613) 991-3297

Article 2 - Formule de soumission et qualifications

- 1) Toutes les soumissions doivent être présentées sur la formule de soumission construction et être signées en conformité avec les exigences suivantes:
 - a) Société à responsabilité limitée : le nom complet de la société ainsi que le nom et le titre des fondés de signature autorisés doivent être imprimés dans l'espace prévu à cette fin. La signature des fondés de signature et le sceau de la société doivent être apposés.
 - b) Société de personne : le nom de l'entreprise ainsi que le(s) noms du (des) signataire(s) doivent être imprimés dans l'espace prévu. L'un ou plusieurs des associés doivent signer en présence d'un témoin qui, lui aussi, doit apposer sa signature. Un sceau de couleur adhésif doit être apposé en regard de chaque signature.

- c) Entreprise à propriétaire unique : le nom de l'entreprise et le nom du propriétaire unique doivent être imprimés dans l'espace prévu. Le propriétaire est tenu de signer en présence d'un témoin qui doit lui aussi apposer sa signature. Un sceau de couleur adhésif doit être apposé en regard de chaque signature.
- 2) Toute modification à la partie imprimée de la formule de soumission construction ou tout défaut de fournir l'information qui y est demandée peut invalider la soumission.
- 3) Toutes les rubriques de la formule de soumission construction doivent être remplies et les corrections manuscrites ou dactylographiées apportées aux parties ainsi remplies doivent être paraphées par la ou les personnes qui signe(nt) la soumission au nom du soumissionnaire.
- 4) Les soumissions doivent être basées sur les plans, devis et documents de soumission fournis.

Article 3 - Contrat

 L'entrepreneur devra signer un contrat semblable à la formule standard pour contrats de construction à prix fixe dont un exemplaire en blanc est annexé dos à la présente brochure pour information.

Article 4 - Destinataire de la soumission

- Les soumissions doivent être envoyées sous enveloppe cachetée adressée à l'Agent de contrats,
 Conseil national de recherches, Services administratifs et gestion de l'immobilier, édifice
 M-22, 1200 chemin Montréal, Ottawa, ON. K1A 0R6 Canada, et la mention "Soumission relative à (inscrire le titre de travail apparaissant sur les dessins et le cahier des charges)" ainsi que le nom et l'adresse du soumissionnaire doivent apparaître sur l'enveloppe.
- 1b) Sauf dispositions contraires, les seuls documents à soumettre pour la soumission sont la formule de soumission et la garantie de soumission.

Article 5 - Garantie

- 1a) La garantie de soumission est requise. La garantie doit alors être soumise sous l'une ou l'autre des formes suivantes :
 - i) un chèque certifié payable au Receveur général du Canada et tiré sur un établissement membre de l'Association canadienne des paiements ou un établissement de crédit coopératif local membre d'une société centrale de crédit coopératif elle-même membre de l'Association canadienne des paiements <u>OU</u>
 - ii) des obligations du gouvernement du Canada, ou des obligations avec garantie inconditionnelle par le gouvernement du Canada quant au capital et aux intérêts, OU
 - iii) un cautionnement de soumission.
- 1b) Peu importe la forme de la garantie de soumission, elle ne devrait jamais dépasser la somme de 250 000 \$ calculée à 10% de la première tranche de 250 000 \$ du prix soumissionné, plus 5% de tout montant dépassant 250 000 \$.
- 2a) Une garantie de soumission doit être fournie avec chaque soumission. Elle peut aussi être envoyée séparément à condition qu'elle ne soit pas reçue plus tard qu'au moment prévu pour la clôture des soumissions. On doit fournir l'ORIGINAL de la garantie de soumission. Des garanties transmises par télécopieur ou des photocopies NE SONT PAS acceptées. DEFAUT DE FOURNIR LA GARANTIE REQUISE RENDRA LA SOUMISSION INVALIDE.

- 2b) Dans le cas où la soumission n'est pas acceptée, la garantie de soumission fournie en conformité avec l'article 8 sera retournée au soumissionnaire.
- 3a) L'adjudicataire doit fournir une garantie au plus tard 14 jours après réception d'un avis lui signifiant l'acceptation de sa soumission. Il doit fournir <u>L'UN OU L'AUTRE</u> des documents suivants :
 - Un dépôt de garantie tel que décrit à l'alinéa 1b) ci-dessus ainsi qu'un cautionnement du paiement de la main d'oeuvre et des matériaux s'élevant à 50%, au moins, de la somme payable en vertu du contrat, OU
 - ii) Une garantie d'exécution et un cautionnement du paiement de la main d'oeuvre et des matériaux, chacun s'élevant à 50% du montant payable en vertu du contrat.
- 3b) Au cas où il ne serait pas possible d'obtenir un cautionnement du paiement de la main d'oeuvre et des matériaux, tel que requis aux termes de l'alinéa 3a) ci-dessus, en s'adressant par conséquent à au moins deux compagnies de garantie acceptables, un dépôt de garantie supplémentaire s'élevant à 10% exactement du montant payable en vertu du contrat doit être fourni.
- 3c) Lorsqu'une soumission a été accompagnée d'un dépôt de garantie tel que décrit à l'alinéa 1b) cidessus, le montant du dépôt de garantie requis en vertu de l'alinéa 3a) ci-dessus peut être réduit du montant du dépôt de garantie qui accompagnait la soumission.
- 3d) Les obligations doivent être de la forme approuvée et doivent être émises par des compagnies dont les obligations sont acceptées par le gouvernement du Canada. Des modèles de la forme approuvée des garanties à déposer par les soumissionnaires, des garanties d'exécution et des cautionnements du paiement de la main-d'oeuvre et des matériaux ainsi qu'une liste des compagnies de garantie acceptables peuvent être obtenus en s'adressant au Services d'approvisionnement, Conseil national de recherches du Canada, édifice M-22, chemin Montréal, Ottawa (Ontario) K1A OR6, Canada.

Article 6 - Intérêt payé sur les dépôts de garantie

Les soumissionnaires sont avertis qu'ils doivent se mettre d'accord personnellement avec leurs banquiers relativement à l'intérêt, le cas échéant, payé sur le montant du chèque certifié accompagnant leur soumission. Le Conseil ne paiera pas d'intérêt sur ledit chèque en attendant l'adjudication du contrat et ne sera pas non plus responsable du paiement des intérêts en vertu de toute disposition prise par les soumissionnaires.

Article 7 - Taxe sur les ventes

- Le montant de la soumission doit comprendre toutes les taxes prélevées en vertu de la Loi sur l'accise, de la Loi sur la taxe d'accise, de la Loi sur la sécurité de la vieillesse, de la Loi sur les douanes ou du Tarif des douanes en vigueur ou applicables à ce moment.
- 2) Au Québec, la taxe provinciale ne doit pas être incluse au montant soumissionné, car le Gouvernement Fédéral en est exclu. Les soumissionnaires devront faire les démarches nécessaires auprès du Ministère du Revenu provincial pour recouvrir toute taxe payée sur les biens et services dans le cadre de ce contrat.

Cependant, les soumissionnaires devraient inclure dans leur prix, les taxes provinciales pour lesquelles les remboursements ne s'appliquent pas.

Article 8 - Examen de l'emplacement

1) Tous les soumissionnaires examineront l'emplacement des travaux proposés avant d'envoyer leur soumission, étudieront minutieusement ledit emplacement et obtiendront tous les renseignements nécessaires à la bonne exécution du contrat. Aucune réclamation postérieure ne sera permise ou admise relativement à tout travail ou matériaux pouvant être requis et nécessaires à la bonne exécution du présent contrat à l'exception des dispositions de l'article CG 35 des Conditions générales du cahier des charges général.

Article 9 - Erreurs, omissions, etc.

- Les soumissionnaires relevant des erreurs ou des omissions dans les dessins, le cahier des charges ou d'autres documents, ou ayant des doutes quant au sens ou à l'intention de n'importe quelle partie de ces derniers, devront en avertir immédiatement l'ingénieur qui fera parvenir des directives ou des explications écrites à tous les soumissionnaires.
- 1b) Ni l'ingénieur, ni le Conseil ne seront responsables des directives orales.
- 1c) Les additions ou les corrections effectuées au cours de la présentation des soumissions seront incluses dans la soumission. Cependant, le contrat remplace toutes les communications, négociations et tous les accords, sous forme verbale ou écrite, se rapportant aux travaux et effectués avant la date du contrat.

Article 10 - Nul paiement supplémentaire pour accroissement des frais

Les seules autres modifications pouvant être apportées au prix forfaitaire sont celles précisées dans les Conditions générales du Cahier des charges général. Le prix forfaitaire ne sera pas modifié à la suite de changements dans les tarifs de transport, les cotes des changes, les échelles de salaire, le coût des matériaux, de l'outillage ou des services.

Article 11 - Adjudication

- 1a) Le Conseil se réserve le pouvoir et le droit de rejeter les soumissions provenant de parties ne possédant pas les connaissances et la préparation requises à la bonne exécution de la catégorie de travaux mentionnés dans les présentes et précisés dans les plans. Les soumissionnaires doivent fournir la preuve de leur compétence lorsque cela est exigée.
- Un soumissionnaire peut être tenu de faire parvenir au Services d'approvisionnement, Conseil national de recherches Canada, édifice
 M-22, chemin Montréal, Ottawa (Ontario) K1A OR6, Canada, des copies non signées des polices d'assurance auxquelles il envisage de souscrire pour satisfaire aux exigences relatives aux assurances comprises dans les Conditions d'assurance du Cahier des charges général.
- 1c) Le Conseil ne s'engage pas à accepter la soumission la plus basse ni une soumission quelconque.

Article 12 - Taxe TPS

 La TPS qui est maintenant en vigueur est applicable à cette proposition; cependant,
 l'entrepreneur devra proposer un prix NE COMPRENNANT PAS la TPS. La TPS détaillée séparément dans toutes les factures et demandes de paiement partiel présentées pour des produits fournis ou un travail accompli et sera payée par le Canada. Le montant de la TPS sera inclus dans le prix total du contrat. L'Entrepreneur convient de verser à Revenu Canada tout montant payé ou dû au titre de la TPS.

Entrepreneurs non résidents

Guide de la TVD 804F

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Publication archivées

Avis aux lecteurs : Concernant la taxe de vente au détail (TVD) – Le 1^{er} juillet 2010, la taxe de vente harmonisée (TVH) de 13 % est entrée en vigueur en Ontario pour remplacer la TVD provinciale en la combinant avec la taxe fédérale sur les produits et services (TPS). Conséquemment, les dispositions de la TVD décrites dans cette page et dans d'autres publications ont expiré le 30 juin 2010.

A compter du 1^{er} juillet 2010, cette publication fait partie des archives pour la TVD **seulement**. Puisque ce document reflète la loi de la TVD qui était en vigueur au moment où il fut publié et peut ne plus être valide, veuillez l'utiliser avec prudence.

• Les renseignements contenus dans le présent Guide décrivent les responsabilités d'un entrepreneur non résident qui obtient un contrat en vue d'effectuer des travaux de construction en Ontario, ainsi que celles de ses clients ontariens. Veuillez prendre note que le présent Guide remplace la version précédente publiée en mars 2001.

Définition d'un entrepreneur non résident

Un entrepreneur non résident est un entrepreneur en construction dont le siège social est situé à l'extérieur de l'Ontario et qui a obtenu un contrat de construction pour effectuer des travaux en Ontario, mais qui n'a pas tenu de façon continue un établissement stable en Ontario au cours des douze mois qui ont précédé la signature du contrat, ou qui n'est pas une société constituée en Ontario. Un contrat de construction est un contrat pour ériger, remodeler ou réparer un bâtiment ou autre structure situé sur un terrain.

Un entrepreneur est une personne qui se livre à la construction, la modification, la réparation ou la rénovation de biens immobiliers et s'entend, sans s'y limiter,

- 1. d'un entrepreneur général et d'un sous-traitant,
- 2. d'un charpentier, d'un maçon, d'un tailleur de pierres, d'un électricien, d'un plâtrier, d'un plombier, d'un peintre, d'un décorateur, d'un paveur et d'un constructeur de ponts,
- 3. d'un entrepreneur en tôle, en carreaux et en terrazzo, en chauffage, en climatisation, en isolation, en ventilation, en pose de papier peint, en construction de routes, en revêtement de toiture et en ciment,

qui installe ou qui incorpore des articles dans un bien immobilier. (Consultez le Guide de la taxe de vente au détail \underline{n}° 206F - Biens immobiliers et accessoires fixes).

Inscription et cautionnement

Tout entrepreneur non résident à qui l'on accorde un contrat de construction pour des travaux en Ontario doit s'inscrire auprès du ministère des Finances (ministère), Unité des programmes centralisés, et verser un cautionnement équivalant à 4 p. 100 du total de la valeur de chaque contrat. Ce cautionnement peut être acquitté en espèces, par chèque certifié (libellé à l'ordre du Ministre des Finances), par lettre de crédit ou par certificat de cautionnement.

Afin de s'inscrire auprès du ministère et pour obtenir plus de précisions sur le dépôt d'un cautionnement, les entrepreneurs peuvent communiquer avec l'Unité des programmes centralisés du ministère, 33, rue King Ouest, CP 623, Oshawa, Ontario, L1H 8H7, sans frais 1 866 ONT-TAXS (1 866 668-8297) ou télécopieur 905) 435-3617.

Tout entrepreneur non résident qui vend et qui fournit seulement des biens taxables à des clients de l'Ontario, ou qui fournit des services taxables en Ontario, peut obtenir un permis de vendeur régulier lui permettant de percevoir et remettre la TVD sur ses ventes. Tout entrepreneur non résident à qui un permis de vendeur régulier a été émis doit tout de même s'inscrire séparément auprès du ministère et verser un cautionnement s'il se voit accorder un contrat de construction en Ontario.

Lettre de conformité

Après avoir reçu le cautionnement, le ministère envoie à l'entrepreneur non résident une lettre de conformité en deux exemplaires attestant que les exigences relatives à la TVD ont bien été respectées. L'entrepreneur doit alors remettre un exemplaire de cette lettre à son client.

S'il omet de le faire, le client doit retenir 4 p. 100 de chaque paiement dû à l'entrepreneur non résident et remettre les sommes retenues au Ministre des Finances (le ministre). Les paiements doivent être envoyés à l'Unité des programmes centralisés en prenant soin d'y joindre les détails du contrat visé. Au lieu d'effectuer ces paiements de 4 p. 100, le client peut remettre au ministre un certificat de cautionnement équivalant à 4 p. 100 du prix contractuel total.

Remarque: Tout client qui néglige d'observer ces règles pourrait être tenu de verser une somme égale à 4 % de tous les montants payables à l'entrepreneur non résident ou tout autre montant qui, de l'avis du ministère, devrait être assujetti à la TVD à la suite de l'exécution du contrat.

Calcul de la TVD

Juste valeur

La TVD doit être versée sur la « juste valeur » des matériaux achetés ou importés en Ontario et utilisés pour l'exécution du contrat en Ontario. Par « juste valeur », on entend :

- le prix d'achat en devises canadiennes;
- tous les frais de manutention et de livraison facturés par le fournisseur; et
- tous les droits de douane ainsi que les taxes de vente et d'accise fédérales (mais non la taxe fédérale sur les produits et services [TPS]).

L'entrepreneur est aussi tenu de payer la TVD aux fournisseurs de l'Ontario au moment de l'achat ou de la location (avec ou sans bail) de services, matériaux, machines ou d'équipement taxables.

Machines et équipment - loués à bail

Lorsque des machines ou un équipement loués auprès d'un fournisseur de l'extérieur de l'Ontario sont apportés dans la province, la TVD est exigible sur les paiements de location pendant toute la période de séjour des machines et de l'équipement en Ontario.

Machines et équipment - appartenant à l'entrepreneur

1. Si un entrepreneur apporte des machines et de l'équipement en Ontario pour une durée inférieure à douze mois, la TVD applicable doit être calculée selon la formule suivante :

 $1/36 \times valeur$ comptable nette à la date d'importation \times nombre de mois en Ontario \times taux de taxe.

Aux fins de cette formule, la TVD est exigible pour chaque mois ou partie de mois pendant lesquels les biens se trouvent en Ontario. En outre, on considère qu'un mois constitue une période de 31 jours consécutifs, et qu'une partie de mois représente plus de 12 jours. La TVD exigible est fondée sur le nombre de jours où les machines et l'équipement se trouvent en Ontario et non sur le nombre de jours d'utilisation effective des machines ou de l'équipement.

Exemple: De l'équipement est apporté en Ontario le 28 mars et sorti de la province le 8 mai. L'équipement a donc séjourné pendant 41 jours dans la province. La TVD est alors payable sur les 31 premiers jours de séjour temporaire en Ontario vs l'usage de l'équipement. Étant donné que la période restante (10 jours) n'est pas considérée comme une partie d'un mois, aucune TVD n'est exigible sur cette période.

1. Si l'on prévoit que les machines ou l'équipement apportés en Ontario resteront dans cette province pendant plus de 12 mois, l'entrepreneur doit payer la TVD selon la formule suivante :

valeur comptable nette à la date d'importation × taux de taxe

Si, au moment de l'importation des machines et de l'équipement, la durée du séjour n'est pas connue, le vendeur peut appliquer la formule (a). Si, par la suite, il s'avère nécessaire de garder les machines et l'équipement en Ontario pendant une durée dépassant 12 mois, la TVD versée selon (a) pourra être déduite du montant de la TVD payable selon (b).

À l'aide de la formule (a) ou (b) ci-dessus, les entrepreneurs calculeront et remettront la TVD exigible sur la déclaration à produire une fois le contrat dûment exécuté.

Fabrication de matériel à des fins personnelles

Il arrive qu'un entrepreneur doive fabriquer divers éléments, tels que des portes et fenêtres, pour exécuter son contrat de construction. Par fabrication, il faut entendre tout travail effectué dans une usine à l'extérieur d'un chantier de construction, une unité mobile ou un atelier sur un chantier de construction ou à proximité de ce dernier. La fabrication a lieu lors de la transformation de matières brutes en produits fabriqués qui seront utilisés dans l'exécution de contrats immobiliers.

Un entrepreneur est considéré comme un entrepreneur fabricant si :

- 1. les produits fabriqués sont destinés à un usage personnel dans l'exécution de contrats immobiliers; et que
- 2. le coût de fabrication des produits dépasse 50 000 \$ par an.

(Consultez le Guide de la taxe de vente au détail no 401F - Entrepreneurs- fabricants).

Contrat avec le gouvernement fédéral

Lorsqu'un entrepreneur non résident conclut un contrat de construction avec le gouvernement fédéral, pour la construction d'un bâtiment et(ou) l'installation d'équipement, c'est la nature de l'équipement qui détermine si le contrat doit être soumissionné sur une base taxe comprise ou taxe non comprise.

Les contrats pour la construction d'un bâtiment et l'installation d'équipement qui dessert directement ce bâtiment (par ex. les ascenseurs, escaliers roulants, luminaires, systèmes de chauffage central, air climatisé, etc.) doivent être soumissionnés sur une base taxe comprise. L'entrepreneur est considéré comme le consommateur des articles utilisés dans l'exécution de ces contrats et doit payer ou rendre compte de la TVD sur les articles utilisés aux fins de ces contrats. Le simple fait qu'un contrat soit conclu avec le gouvernement fédéral ne donne pas droit, en soi, à une exemption.

Les contrats pour l'installation d'équipement qui devient un accessoire fixe et qui ne dessert pas directement un bâtiment (par ex. le matériel de manutention, l'outillage de production, l'équipement de télécommunication et le matériel de formation) peuvent être soumissionnés sur une base taxe non comprise. Les entrepreneurs qui entreprenent des contrats de ce genre sont permis d'acheter un tel équipement en exemption de la TVD en remettant un Certificat d'exemption de taxe valide aux fournisseurs. Seul un entrepreneur non résident inscrit auprès du ministère et ayant versé un cautionnement peut remettre un Certificat d'exemption de taxe.

Exonérations

Il arrive que des entrepreneurs fournissent et installent de l'équipement ou du matériel pour certains clients ayant droit à une exemption de la TVD (par ex. fabricants, conseils de bandes indiennes, agriculteurs et organismes diplomatiques). Une fois installés, l'équipement ou les matériaux deviennent des biens immobiliers s'ils sont fixés en permanence au sol, ou des accessoires fixes s'ils sont fixés de façon permanente à un bâtiment ou une structure immobilière. Étant donné que la responsabilité de la TVD incombe à l'entrepreneur, ce dernier doit communiquer avec le ministère pour déterminer si le client est admissible à l'exonération, avant d'offrir un contrat taxe non comprise.

Indiens inscrits, bandes indiennes et conseils de bandes indiennes

L'entrepreneur non résident peut acheter des matériaux de construction en exemption de la TVD pour certains bâtiments et certaines structures situés dans des réserves. Le coût de ces projets doit être défrayé par un conseil de bande, et les bâtiments doivent servir à des fins communautaires, au bénéfice de la réserve. Dans le cas de contrats pour des projets de construction communautaires exonérés de taxe, le contrat doit être offert sur une base taxe non comprise. L'entrepreneur non résident peut acheter les matériaux sans payer la TVD s'il remet aux fournisseurs un Certificat d'exemption de taxe valide. Comme précisé ci-dessus, seul un entrepreneur non résident inscrit auprès du ministère et ayant versé un cautionnement peut remettre un Certificat d'exemption de taxe. (Consultez le Guide de la taxe de vente au détail nº 204F - Certificats d'exemption de taxe).

Les entrepreneurs non résidents doivent payer eux-mêmes la TVD sur les articles achetés à des fins d'incorporation à un bâtiment ou une structure, érigé à l'intention d'un Indien inscrit particulier dans une réserve. (Consultez le Guide de la taxe de vente au détail nº 808F - Indiens inscrits, bandes indiennes et conseils de bandes indiennes).

Exécution du contrat

Une fois le contrat dûment exécuté, l'entrepreneur qui a dû déposer un cautionnement doit remplir une « <u>Déclaration de la taxe de vente au détail - Entrepreneurs non résidents [PDF - 93 KO]</u> » qui est fournie par le ministère.

Lorsque le cautionnement a été acquitté en espèces ou par chèque certifié, le montant déposé peut être déduit de la TVD que l'entrepreneur doit payer. Si le montant de cette taxe est supérieur au montant déposé, l'entrepreneur doit verser la différence. Dans le cas contraire, si le montant déposé est supérieur au montant de la taxe exigible, la différence lui sera remboursée.

Si, au lieu d'un acquittement en espèces, un certificat de cautionnement a été déposé, ce dernier fera l'objet d'une main-levée une fois que le paiement de la taxe aura été intégralement acquitté. Toutes les déclarations peuvent faire l'objet d'une vérification.

Références législatives

- Loi sur la taxe de vente au détail, parpagraphes 19 (2) et 39 (3) 4 et 5
- Règlement 1012 pris en application de la Loi, paragraphes 15.3 (1) (2) (5) (6) et (7)
- Règlement 1013 pris en application de la Loi, articles 1 et 3

Pour plus de renseignements

Les informations contenues dans cette publication ne sont données qu'à titre d'indication. Pour plus de renseignements, adressez-vous au ministère des Finances de l'Ontario en composant le 1 866 ONT-TAXS (1 866 668-8297) ou visitez notre site Web à ontario.ca/finances.

Compagnies de cautionnement reconnues

Publiée septembre 2010

Voici une liste des compagnies d'assurance dont les cautionnements peuvent être acceptés par le gouvernement à titre de garantie.

1. Compagnie canadiennes

Assurance ACE INA

Allstate du Canada, Compagnie d'assurances

Ascentus Ltée, Les Assurances (cautionnement seulement)

Aviva, Compagnie d'Assurance du Canada

AXA Assurances (Canada)

AXA Pacific Compagnie d'assurance

Le Bouclier du Nord Canadien, Compagnie d'Assurance

Certas direct, compagnie d'assurances (cautionnement seulement)

Chubb, Compagnie d'assurances du Canada

Commonwealth, Compagnie d'assurances du Canada

Compagnie d'assurance Chartis du Canada (anciennement La Cie d'assurance commerciale AIG du Canada)

Co-operators General, Compagnie d'assurance

CUMIS, Compagnie d'assurances générales

La Dominion du Canada, Compagnie d'assurances générales

Échelon, Compagnie D'Assurances Générale (cautionnement seulement)

Economical, Compagnie Mutuelle d'Assurance

Elite, Compagnie d'assurances

La Compagnie d'Assurance Everest du Canada

Federated, Compagnie d'assurances du Canada

Federation, Compagnie d'assurances du Canada

La Compagnie d'assurance et de Garantie Grain

Gore Mutual Insurance Company

The Guarantee, Compagnie d'Amérique du Nord

Industrielle Alliance Pacifique, Compagnie d'Assurances Générales

Intact Compagnie d'assurance

Jevco, Compagnie d'assurances (cautionnement seulement)

Compagnie canadienne d'assurances générales Lombard

Compagnie d'assurance Lombard

Markel, Compagnie d'assurances du Canada

Missisquoi, Compagnie d'assurances

La Nordique compagnie d'assurance du Canada

The North Waterloo Farmers Mutual Insurance Company (fidélité du personnel seulement)

Novex Compagnie d'assurance (fidélité du personnel seulement)

La Personnelle, compagnie d'assurances

La Compagnie d'Assurance Pilot

Compagnie d'Assurance du Québec

Royal & Sun Alliance du Canada, société d'assurances

Saskatchewan Mutual Insurance Company

Compagnie d'Assurance Scottish & York Limitée

La Souveraine, Compagnie d'Assurance Générale

TD, Compagnie d'assurances générales

Temple, La compagnie d'assurance

Traders, Compagnie d'assurances générales

La Compagnie Travelers Garantie du Canada

Compagnie d'Assurance Trisura Garantie

Waterloo, Compagnie d'assurance

La Compagnie Mutuelle d'Assurance Wawanesa

Western, Compagnie d'assurances

Western, Compagnie de garantie

2. Compagnie provinciales

Les cautionnements de garantie des compagnies suivantes peuvent être acceptés à condition que le contrat de garantie soit conclu dans une province où la compagnie est autorisée à faire affaires, comme il est indiquée entre parenthèses.

AXA Boréal Assurances Inc. (I.-P.-É., N.-B., Qué., Ont., Man., C.-B.)

ALPHA, Compagnie d'assurances Inc. (Québec)

Canada West Insurance Company (Ont., Man., Sask., Alb., C.-B., T.-N.-0.) (cautionnement seulement)

La Capitale assurances générales inc. (T.-N.-L., N.-É, I.-P.-É, Qué. (cautionnement seulement), Man., Sask., Alb.

C.-B., Nun., T.-N.-O., Yuk.)

Coachman Insurance Company (Ont.)

La Compagnie d'Assurance Continental Casualty (T.-N.-L., N.-É, I.-P.-É, N.-B., Qué., Ont., Man., Sask., Alb. C.-B., Nun., T.-N.-O., Yuk.)

GCAN Compagnie d'assurances (T.-N.-L., N.-É, I.-P.-É, N.-B., Qué., Ont., Man., Sask., Alb. C.-B., Nun., T.-N.-O., Yuk.)

The Insurance Company of Prince Edward Island (N.-É, I.-P.-É, N.-B.)

Kingsway Compagnie d'assurances générales (N.-E., N.-B., Qué., Ont., Man., Sask., Alb., et C.-B.)

La Compagnie d'Assurance Liberté Mutuelle (T.-N.-L., N.-É, I.-P.-É, N.-B., Qué., Ont., Man., Sask., Alb. C.-B.,

Nun., T.-N.-O., Yuk.)

Norgroupe Assurances Générales Inc.

Orléans, compagnie d'assurance générale (N.-B., Qué., Ont.)

Saskatchewan Government Insurance Office (Sask.)

SGI CANADA Insurance Services Ltd. (Ont., Man., Sask., Alb.)

Société d'assurance publique du Manitoba (Man.)

Union Canadienne, Compagnie d'assurances (Québec)

L'Unique assurances générales inc. (T.-N.-L., N.-É, I.-P.-É, N.-B., Qué. (cautionnement seulement), Ont. (cautionnement seulement), Man., Sask., Alb. C.-B. (cautionnement seulement), Nun., T.-N.-O., Yuk.)

3. Compagnie étrangères

Aspen Insurance UK Limited

Compagnie Française d'Assurance pour le Commerce Extérieur (fidélité du personnel seulement)

Eagle Star Insurance Company Limited

Société des Assurances Ecclésiastiques (fidélité du personnel seulement) Lloyd's, Les Souscripteurs du Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Company, Limited NIPPONKOA Insurance Company, Limited Assurances Sompo du Japan Tokio Maritime & Nichido Incendie Compagnie d'Assurances Ltée XL Insurance Company Limited (cautionnement seulement) Zurich Compagnie d'Assurances SA

Articles de convention

Contrat de construction – Articles de convention (23/01/2002)

- A1 Contrat
- A2 Description des travaux et date d'achèvement
- A3 Prix du contrat
- A4 Adresse de l'entrepreneur
- A5 Tableau des prix unitaires

Les présents Articles de convention faits en double le 8^{ième} jour de janvier, 2015

Entre

Sa Majesté la Reine, du chef du Canada (ci-àprès appelé "Sa Majesté") représentée par le Conseil National recherches du Canada. (ci-àprès appelé "le Conseil")

Et Les installations électriques Pichette Inc.

(ci-àprès appelé "l'Entrepreneur")

Font foi que sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur ont établi entre eux les conventions suivantes:

A1 Contrats

(23/01/2002)

- 1.1 Sous réserve des paragraphes A1.4 and A1.5, les documents constituant le contrat passé entre Sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur (ci-après appelé le Contrat) sont:
 - 1.1.1 les présents Articles de convention;
 - 1.1.2 les documents intitulés "Plans et devis" et annexés aux présentes sous la cote "A";
 - 1.1.3 le document intitulé "Modalités de paiement" et annexé aux présentes sous la cote "B";
 - 1.1.4 le document intitulé, "Conditions générales" et annexé aux présentes sous la cote "C";
 - 1.1.5 le document intitulé, "Conditions de travail" et annexé aux présentes sous la cote "D";
 - 1.1.6 le document intitulé, "Conditions d'assurance" et annexé aux présentes sous la cote "E";
 - 1.1.7 le document intitulé, "Conditions de garantie du contract" et annexé aux présentes sous la cote "F"; et
 - 1.1.8 toute modification au Contract en accord avec le Conditions génerales.
 - 1.1.9 le document intitulé "Échelles de juste salaire pour les contrats fédéraux de construction", désigné dans le présent document par l'appellation "Échelles de justes salaires".

1.2 Le Conseil désigne de SAGI du CNRC, du gouvernement du Canada, Ingénieur aux fins du Contrat et à toute fin, y compris aux fins accessoires, l'adresse de l'Ingénieur est réputée être:

1.3 **Dans le Contrat**

- 1.3.1 "Entente à prix fixe" désigne la partie du Contrat où il est stipulé qu'un paiement global sera fait en contrepartie de l'exécution des travaux auxquels elle se rapporte; et
- 1.3.2 "Entente à prix unitaire" désigne la partie du Contrat où il est stipulé que le produit d'un prix multiplié par un nombre d'unité de mesurage d'une catégorie sera versé à titre de paiement pour l'exécution des travaux visés par cette entente.
- 1.4 Toute dispositions du Contrat qui s'applique expressément et seulement à une Entente à prix unitaire ne s'applique à aucune partie des travaux qui relève de l' Entente à prix fixe.
- 1.5 Toute dispositions du Contrat qui s'applique expressément et seulement à une Entente à prix fixe ne s'applique à aucune partie des travaux qui relève de l' Entente à prix Unitaire.

A2 Description des travaux et date d'achèvement (23/01/2002)

2.1 Entre la date des présentes Articles de convention et le jour de , l'Entrepreneur exécute, avec soin et selon le règles de l'art, à l'endroit et de la manière indiquée, les travaux suivants :

plus particulièrement décrits dans les Plans et devis, incluant les addenda no.

A3Prix du marché

(23/01/2002)

- 3.1 Sous réserve de toute addition, soustraction, déduction, réduction ou compensation prévue en vertu du Contrat, Sa Majesté, aux dates et de la manière énoncées ou mentionnées dans les Modalités de paiement, paie à l'Entrepreneur:
 - 3.1.1 la somme de \$ (TPS/TVH en sus), en considération et l'exécution des travaux ou des parties de travaux à laquelle s'applique l'Entente à prix fixe, et
 - 3.1.2 une somme égale à l'ensemble des produits du nombre d'unités de mesurage de chaque catégorie de travail, d'outillage ou de matériaux indiqué dans le Certificat définitif de mesurage mentionné ou paragraphe CG44.8, ce nombre d'unités étant multiplié selon le cas par le prix de chaque unité indiquée dans le Tableau des prix unitaires relativement à l'exécution des travaux ou des parties de travaux qui ont fait l'objet d'une Entente à prix unitaire.
- 3.2 Pour le gouverne de l' Entrepreneur et des personnes chargées de l'exécution du Contrat au nom de sa Majesté, mais sans toutefois comporter une garantie ou un engagement de quelque nature de la part de l'une ou l'autre partie, il est estimé que la somme totale payable par Sa Majesté à l'Entrepreneur pour la partie des travaux qui a fait l'objet d'une Entente à prix unitaire, sera d'environ **N/A** \$
- 3.3 L'alinéa A3.1.1 ne s'applique qu'à une Entente à prix fixe.
- 3.4 L'alinéa A3.1.2 et le paragraphe A3.2 ne s'appliquent qu'à une Entente à prix unitaire.
- A4 Adresse de L'Entrepreneur

(23/01/2002)

4.1 Aux fins du Contrat, y compris les fins accessoires, l'adresse de l'Entrepreneur est réputé être:

A5 Tableau des prix unitaires

(23/01/2002)

5.1 Il est convenu entre Sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur que le tableau ci-après est le Tableau des prix unitaires pour le Contrat:

Colonne 1 Postes	Colonne 2 Catégorie de travail outillage ou de matériaux	Colonne 3 Unité de mesurage	Colonne 4 Quantité totale estimative	Colonne 5 Prix unitaire	Colonne 6 Prix total estimatif
					T
		N/A			
	r				

- 5.2 Le Tableau des prix unitaires présenté au paragraphe A5.1 décrit la partie des travaux visée par l'Entente à prix unitaire.
- 5.3 La partie des travaux qui n'est pas décrite dans le Tableau des prix unitaires mentionné au paragraphe A5.2 est la partie des travaux visée par l'Entente à prix fixe.

Signé au nom de Sa Majesté par

en tant que agent supérieur de contrats
et
en tant que
du <u>Conseil national de recherches Canada</u>
le
iour de

Signé, scellé et signifié par

en tant que	emploi	et	
par			
en tant que	emploi		Sceau
de	emploi	•	
	entrepreneur		
le			
jour de			

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28 31 00

1. DESCRIPTION DES TRAVAUX

.1 Les travaux visés par le présent contrat comprennent la rénovation de la salle de bain / douches située sur la mezzanine dans l'édifice M-6 du Conseil national de recherche du Canada et l'ajout d'une salle de bain / douches située également sur la mezzanine.

2. DESSINS

- .1 Les dessins suivants illustrent les travaux exécutés et font partie du présent contrat.
- 5122-CS1
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3. ACHÈVEMENT DES TRAVAUX

.1 Terminer tous les travaux dans les 12 semaines qui suivent la réception de l'avis d'acceptation de la soumission.

4. GÉNÉRALITÉS

- .1 Sans objet en français.
- .2 Fournir les items mentionnés dans les dessins ou dans les spécifications

5. MATÉRIEL ET PRODUITS SPÉCIFIÉS, DÉSIGNÉS ACCEPTABLES OU SUBSTITUTS

- .1 Les produits et le matériel spécifiés dans les dessins ou les devis ont été sélectionnés dans le but d'établir des normes de rendement et de qualité. Dans la plupart des cas, lorsque l'on précise la marque de commerce et le numéro de modèle de tout produit ou matériel, on indique aussi les noms d'autres fabricants qui seraient acceptables. Les entrepreneurs peuvent calculer le montant de leur soumission en se fondant sur les prix des produits et du matériel fournis par n'importe quel des fabricants désignés comme étant des fournisseurs acceptables de produits ou de matériel particuliers.
- .2 En plus des fabricants spécifiés ou désignés comme étant acceptables, vous pouvez demander au représentant ministériel d'approuver d'autres fabricants, produits ou matériel. Pour faire approuver un produit en tant que substitut, vous devez remettre une

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- demande par écrit au représentant ministériel au cours de la période fixée pour soumissionner, au plus tard sept (7) jours ouvrables avant la clôture de l'appel d'offres.
- .3 Vous devez attester par écrit que le substitut répond à toutes les exigences relatives aux dimensions, à la capacité, au rendement et à la qualité du matériel ou des produits spécifiés. En outre, il est entendu que l'entrepreneur assume tous les coûts qui sont reliés à l'acceptation des substituts proposés, ou qui en résultent.
- .4 L'approbation des substituts sera communiquée sous forme d'un Addendum aux documents de soumission.
- .5 Nous n'examinerons pas les demandes d'approbation d'autres fabricants, produits ou matériel qui sont incomplets et impossibles à évaluer ou qui sont soumises moins de sept (7) jours avant la clôture de l'appel d'offres.

6. NORMES MINIMALES

- .1 Se conformer aux exigences des normes minimales acceptables des divers codes fédéraux, provinciaux et municipaux pertinents tels le Code national du bâtiment, le Code national de prévention des incendies, le Code canadien de la plomberie, le Code canadien de l'électricité, le Code canadien de la sécurité sur les chantiers de construction et la Loi provinciale sur la sécurité dans la construction, ou les dépasser.
- .2 Effectuer les travaux conformément aux normes et codes dont il est fait mention, en vigueur ou révisés à la date de publication du présent devis.

7. SYSTÈME D'INFORMATION SUR LES MATIÈRES DANGEREUSES UTILISÉES AU TRAVAIL (SIMDUT)

- .1 L'entrepreneur doit se conformer aux lois fédérales et provinciales portant sur le SIMDUT. Les responsabilités de l'entrepreneur comprennent les tâches suivantes, sans s'y limiter :
 - .1 S'assurer de l'étiquetage acceptable de tout produit contrôlé introduit sur les lieux des travaux par l'entrepreneur lui-même ou un sous-traitant, ou l'un de leurs fournisseurs;
 - .2 Mettre à la disposition des travailleurs et du représentant ministériel des fiches techniques « santé sécurité » (FTSS) portant sur ces produits contrôlés;
 - .3 Former ses propres ouvriers pour le SIMDUT et les produits contrôlés présents au chantier;
 - .4 Informer les autres entrepreneurs, les sous-traitants, le représentant ministériel, les visiteurs autorisés, ainsi que les représentants des organismes externes d'inspection, de la présence et de l'utilisation de ces produits sur les lieux des travaux.
 - .5 Le contremaître ou le surveillant des travaux doit pouvoir démontrer au représentant ministériel qu'il a reçu une formation portant sur le SIMDUT et qu'il est au courant des exigences de ce système. Le représentant ministériel peut exiger le remplacement de cette personne, si celle-ci ne satisfait pas à l'exigence susmentionnée ou si le SIMDUT n'est pas mis en œuvre de façon acceptable.

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8. PRESCRIPTIONS DU RÈGLEMENT 208, SECTION 18(A)

- .1 Tel que prescrit par le Règlement 208 de la Loi sur la santé et la sécurité au travail du Ministère du Travail de l'Ontario, nous vous avisons de la présence possible sur les lieux de travail visés par le présent contrat des matières désignées suivantes:
 - .1 Veuillez-vous référer au rapport concernant les matières dangereuses faisant partie intégrante des documents contractuels pour de plus amples informations.
 - .1 L'entrepreneur général a la responsabilité de s'assurer que tous les éventuels sous-traitants ont reçu une copie de liste des matières désignées qui peuvent être présentes sur le chantier.
 - .2 L'entrepreneur est donc averti de prendre les mesures de précaution suivantes lorsqu'il est en présence des matières nommées plus haut:

9. VENTILATION DES COÛTS

- .1 Avant de demander le premier paiement d'acompte, soumettre à l'approbation du représentant ministériel une ventilation des coûts et ce, dans les 72 heures suivants l'émission du contrat.
- .2 Une fois approuvée, utiliser la ventilation des coûts comme base pour la soumission de toute autre demande.
- Avant de rédiger et de soumettre une demande sous sa forme définitive, obtenir le consentement verbal du représentant ministériel quant au montant de cette demande.

10. SOUS-TRAITANTS

Dans les 72 heures qui suivent l'acceptation de la soumission, soumettre à l'étude du représentant ministériel une liste complète des sous-traitants.

11. INSIGNES D'IDENTIFICATION ET ENQUETES DE SÉCURITÉ DU PERSONNEL

- .1 Toute personne employée par l'Entrepreneur ou par un de ses sous-traitants et présents sur le chantier doit rencontrer les exigences d'une enquête de sécurité en accord avec la section intitulée Instructions Spéciales aux Soumissionnaires.
- .2 Toutes ces personnes doivent porter et garder visible une insigne d'identification émise par le Bureau de la sécurité du CNRC

12. HEURES DE TRAVAIL ET EXIGENCES D'ESCORTE

- .1 Les heures normales de travail au CNRC sont de 8h00 à 16h30, du lundi au vendredi inclusivement, sauf les congés fériés.
- .2 En tout autre temps, des laissez-passer spéciaux sont nécessaires pour avoir accès au chantier.
- .3 Obtenir la permission du représentant ministériel d'exécuter des tâches particulières avant de planifier tout travail après les heures normales de travail.
- Après les heures normales de travail, il se peut qu'une escorte soit nécessaire.
 L'entrepreneur est responsable de défrayer les coûts relatifs aux exigences en matière de sécurité lorsqu'applicable.

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13. CALENDRIER DES TRAVAUX

- .1 L'Entrepreneur doit soumettre un calendrier détaillé des travaux, indiquant les dates du début et de la fin des diverses étapes des travaux et le mettre à jour. Il doit remettre ce calendrier au représentant ministériel au plus tard deux semaines après l'adjudication du contrat et avant d'entreprendre tout travail au chantier.
- .2 Informer le représentant ministériel par écrit de toute modification apportée au calendrier,
- .3 7 jours avant la date d'achèvement prévue, planifier de faire une inspection provisoire avec le représentant ministériel.

14. RÉUNIONS

- .1 Tenir régulièrement des réunions aux heures et aux endroits approuvés par le représentant ministériel.
- .2 Aviser toutes les parties intéressées des réunions pour assurer une bonne coordination des travaux.
- .3 Le représentant ministériel déterminera les heures de réunions et assume la responsabilité d'enregistrer et distribuer le procès-verbal.

15. DESSINS D'ATELIER

- .1 Soumettre au représentant ministériel, aux fins de vérification, les dessins d'atelier, la documentation et les échantillons prescrit 2 semaines après l'adjudication du contrat.
- .2 Soumettre au représentant ministériel aux fins de vérification, une liste complète de tous les dessins d'atelier, la documentation et les échantillons prescrits et une confirmation écrite des dates de livraison correspondantes dans un délai d'une (1) semaine, suite à la date d'approbation des dessins d'atelier, de la documentation et des échantillons. Cette liste devra être mise à jour sur une base d'une (1) semaine et n'importe quels changements à la liste devront être immédiatement notifiés par écrit au représentant ministériel.
- .3 Examiner les dessins d'atelier, la documentation et les échantillons avant de les soumettre.
- .4 Soumettre des copies électroniques des dessins d'atelier et des spécifications des produits et soumettre les échantillons pour vérification à moins d'avis contraire.
- .5 L'entrepreneur demeure responsable des erreurs et des omissions apparaissant dans les dessins d'atelier et la documentation et doit s'assurer qu'ils sont conformes aux documents contractuels même s'ils sont revus par le représentant ministériel.

16. ÉCHANTILLONS ET MAQUETTES

- .1 Soumettre des échantillons aux dimensions et quantités prescrites.
- .2 Si la couleur, le motif ou la texture sont des facteurs spécifiés, soumettre tout un éventail d'échantillons.
- .3 Monter des modèles et des maquettes au chantier, aux endroits qui conviennent le représentant ministériel.

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.4 Tout travail terminé est vérifié sur place d'après les modèles ou maquettes approuvés qui servent de normes pour la façon et les matériaux seront les standards de performance établis pour le projet.

17. MATÉRIAUX ET MISE EN ŒUVRE

- .1 Pour le présent projet, n'utiliser que des matériaux neufs, sauf si noté autrement.
- .2 Seuls les travaux de première classe seront acceptés, non seulement en ce qui a trait à la sécurité, l'efficacité et la durabilité, mais aussi à l'exactitude du détail et au bon rendement.

18. OUVRAGES ET MATÉRIAUX FOURNIS PAR LE PROPRIÉTAIRE

- .1 Les ouvrages et matériaux non inclus dans ce contrat sont décrits sur les dessins et dans le devis.
- .2 Tous les matériaux retournés au Propriétaire doivent être transportés à un lieu d'entreposage désigné par le représentant ministériel.
- .3 Sauf indication contraire, prendre possession des matériaux fournis par le Propriétaire à leur lieu d'entreposage et assurer leur transport.
- .4 Responsabilités de l'Entrepreneur :
 - .1 les décharger à pied d'œuvre;
 - .2 en faire aussitôt l'inspection et signaler tout article endommagé ou défectueux;
 - .3 par écrit, informer le représentant ministériel des articles qui sont reçus en bon état;
 - .4 les manutentionner à pied d'œuvre, ce qui comprend leur déballage et leur entreposage;
 - .5 Réparer ou remplacer les articles endommagés au chantier.
 - .6 Installer et raccorder les produits finis conformément aux prescriptions.

19. VOIES D'ACCÈS

- .1 Prendre les dispositions nécessaires avec le représentant ministériel avant de commencer les travaux ou avant de transporter des matériaux et du matériel au chantier.
- .2 Obtenir l'approbation du représentant ministériel quant aux moyens d'accès normaux au chantier pendant la période de construction.
- .3 Obtenir l'approbation du représentant ministériel avant de suspendre temporairement les travaux sur le chantier; avant de retourner au chantier et avant de quitter le chantier à la fin des travaux.
- .4 Obtenir l'approbation du représentant ministériel avant de suspendre temporairement les travaux sur le chantier; avant de retourner au chantier et avant de quitter le chantier à la fin des travaux.
- .5 Aménager et entretenir des routes provisoires et assurer leur déneigement pendant les travaux.
- .6 L'Entrepreneur doit réparer et nettoyer les routes qu'il a dû utiliser au cours des travaux.

20. UTILISATION DU CHANTIER

- .1 Limiter les travaux sur le chantier aux secteurs approuvés par le représentant ministériel au moment de la soumission.
- .2 Tous matériel, structures, abris, etc. provisoires doivent se trouver dans les secteurs désignés.
- .3 Limiter le stationnement aux secteurs désignés.

21. ACCEPTATION DU CHANTIER

- .1 Avant d'entreprendre les travaux, l'Entre- preneur doit visiter le chantier et, en compagnie du représentant ministériel, revoir toutes les conditions qui pourraient toucher ses travaux.
- .2 Le début des travaux signifiera l'acceptation des conditions existantes.

22. BUREAU ET TÉLÉPHONE AU CHANTIER

- .1 L'Entrepreneur devra ériger, à ses frais, un bureau temporaire au chantier.
- .2 Au besoin, installer un téléphone et en assurer l'entretien.
- .3 Il est interdit d'utiliser les téléphones du CNRC, sauf en cas d'urgence.

23. INSTALLATIONS SANITAIRES

.1 Obtenir la permission du représentant ministériel pour utiliser les installations sanitaires existantes.

24. SERVICES PROVISOIRES

- .1 L'Entrepreneur pourra bénéficier d'une source provisoire d'électricité à pied d'œuvre. Il devra fournir, sans frais, tous les raccords et matériaux nécessaires pour assurer ledit service au chantier.
- .2 Fournir et installer tous les centres de distributions, disjoncteurs, conduits, câblage, commutateur de déconnexion, transformateurs nécessaires à partir de la source d'électricité.
- .3 Il n'est permis d'utiliser le courant que pour les outils électriques, l'éclairage, les commandes, les moteurs, et non pas pour chauffer.
- .4 Sur demande, il sera possible de se raccorder provisoirement au réseau de distribution d'eau.
- .5 Assumer tous les frais pour amener l'eau aux endroits nécessaires.
- .6 Se conformer aux exigences du CNRC lors du raccordement aux réseaux existants, conformément aux articles "Coopération" et "Interruptions des services" de cette section".

25. DEVIS DESCRIPTIF, BULLETINS, DESSINS D'ARCHIVES

.1 L'Entrepreneur doit conserver à pied d'œuvre une (1) copie à jour et en bon état de tous les devis, dessins et bulletins relatifs aux travaux; le représentant ministériel ou ses représentants doivent pouvoir les consulter en tout temps.

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.2 L'Entrepreneur doit annoter au moins une (1) copie du devis et des dessins pour y indiquer tous les travaux tels qu'ils ont été exécutés. Il doit la remettre au représentant ministériel avec la Demande de paiement pour le Certificat définitif d'achèvement des travaux.

26. COOPÉRATION

- .1 Coopérer avec le personnel du CNRC pour que les travaux de recherche courants soient interrompus le moins possible.
- .2 Faire, à l'avance, un calendrier de tous les travaux qui pourraient interrompre le travail normal exécuté dans l'édifice.
- .3 Faire approuver le calendrier par le représentant ministériel.
- .4 Donner un préavis écrit de 72 heures au représentant ministériel avant toute interruption projetée des installations, des secteurs, des corridors, des services mécaniques ou électriques, et attendre son autorisation.

27. MESURES DE PROTECTION ET ÉCRITEAUX AVERTISSEMENT

- .1 Fournir et installer tous les matériaux nécessaires pour protéger le matériel existant.
- .2 Ériger des écrans anti-poussière pour éviter que la poussière et les débris ne se répandent en dehors des limites des travaux.
- .3 Protéger contre la poussière le matériel et le mobilier avec des bâches et coller ces dernières au plancher, au moyen de ruban adhésif, pour que la poussière ne s'infiltre pas.
- .4 Réparer ou remplacer, gratuitement et à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel, tout bien du Propriétaire endommagé pendant les travaux.
- .5 Protéger les édifices, les routes, les pelouses, les services, etc. contre tout dommage qui pourrait survenir suite à l'exécution des présents travaux.
- .6 Planifier et coordonner les travaux pour que l'eau, la poussière, etc. ne s'infiltre pas dans les édifices.
- .7 Fermer toutes les portes, fenêtres, etc. qui pourraient permettre le passage de la poussière, de vapeurs, etc. dans les autres secteurs de l'édifice.
- .8 Fermer le secteur des travaux à la fin de chaque journée de travail et être responsable des lieux.
- .9 Fournir et installer en permanence des barrières de sécurité appropriées autour du chantier pour éviter que le public et le personnel du CNRC soient blessé pendant l'exécution des travaux.
- .10 Poser des écriteaux d'avertissement pour toutes les situations où il pourrait se produire des blessures (ex : Casque protecteurs obligatoires, danger, travaux, etc.) ou lorsque le représentant ministériel le demande.
- .11 Fournir et installer des abris provisoires au-dessus des entrées et des sorties de l'édifice pour assurer la protection des piétons. Tous ces abris doivent pouvoir résister aux intempéries et à la chute de débris

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28. BILINGUISME

- .1 Tous les écriteaux, avis, etc. doivent être bilingues.
- .2 Toute identification de services exigée aux termes du présent contrat.

29. DISPOSITION DES OUVRAGES

- .1 Les localisations des équipements, appareils, raccords et ouvertures tel que spécifiées ou indiquées aux dessins doivent être considérées comme approximatives.
- .2 Situer les équipements, appareils et systèmes de distributions de façon à minimiser les interférences et maximiser l'espace utilisable et en accord avec les instructions du manufacturier pour un accès et entretien sécuritaire
- .3 Engager une personne compétente pour agencer les travaux selon les documents contractuels

30. ÉCARTS ET INTERFÉRENCES

- .1 Avant de débuter les travaux, examiner les dessins et le devis. Signaler aussitôt au représentant ministériel tout écart, défaut, omission ou interférence qui touchent les travaux.
- .2 Si, au cours des travaux, l'Entrepreneur trouve que les plans ne reflètent pas la réalité, il lui incombe de le signaler immédiatement par écrit au représentant ministériel, lequel doit rapidement vérifier les allégations.
- .3 Tout travail exécuté après cette découverte, jusqu'à ce qu'il soit autorisé, doit être fait aux risques de l'Entrepreneur.
- .4 Si des obstacles ou interférences mineures sont décelés en cours d'exécution et qu'ils n'avaient pas été signalés sur la soumission originale ou sur les plans et le devis, fournir et installer des doubles coudes ou des coudes ou modifier le tracé des services pour qu'il soit appropriés aux conditions du chantier, et ce sans frais supplémentaire.
- .5 Prendre les dispositions pour que tous les travaux ne gênent d'aucune façon l'exécution des autres travaux.

31. INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT

- .1 Sauf indications contraires, se conformer aux plus récentes instructions écrites du fabricant concernant les matériaux et le matériel à utiliser et les méthodes de mise en place.
- .2 Aviser le représentant ministériel par écrit de toute divergence entre le présent devis et les instructions du fabricant; le représentant ministériel déterminera alors quel document a priorité.

32. CHAUFFAGE PROVISOIRE ET VENTILATION

- .1 Assumer les frais de la ventilation et du chauffage provisoire utilisés pendant la construction, y compris les frais d'installation, de combustible, d'exploitation, d'entretien et d'enlèvement du matériel.
- .2 Sauf si le représentant ministériel l'a autorisé, il est interdit d'utiliser des appareils de chauffage autonomes répandant des émanations dans les zones de travail.

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- .3 Fournir et installer le matériel provisoire de chauffage et de ventilation requis dans les endroits fermés afin de:
 - .1 faciliter l'exécution des travaux.
 - .2 protéger les ouvrages et les matériaux contre l'humidité et le froid.
 - .3 réduire la condensation de l'humidité sur les surfaces à un niveau acceptable.
 - .4 assurer les niveaux de température ambiante et d'humidité indispensables pour l'entreposage, l'installation et la période de séchage requis des matériaux.
 - .5 assurer une ventilation adéquate afin de répondre aux exigences de santé publique concernant la sécurité dans les zones de travail.
- .4 Maintenir une température d'au moins 10o C (50oF) aux endroits spécifiés, partir du début des travaux de finition jusqu'au moment de l'acceptation du bâtiment par le représentant ministériel.
 - .1 Maintenir la température ambiante et l'humidité aux niveaux nécessaires pour assurer le bien-être du personnel du CNRC.
- .5 Prendre les mesures nécessaires pour empêcher les accumulations dangereuses de poussières, fumées, buées, vapeurs et émanations, dans les zones occupées pendant les travaux de construction, y compris aussi les aires d'entreposage et les installations sanitaires.
 - .1 Évacuer les substances dangereuses de sorte que la santé des occupants ne soit pas mise en danger.
- Assurer une surveillance constante et rigoureuse du fonctionnement du matériel de chauffage et de ventilation.
 - .1 Faire respecter les normes et les codes pertinents.
 - .2 Se conformer aux instructions de l'Agent de prévention des incendies du CNRC, ce qui comprend la désignation, sur demande, de gardiens de sécurité- incendie à temps complet.
 - .3 Faire respecter les normes de sécurité.
 - .4 Doter les appareils de combustion autonomes de mises à l'air libre vers l'extérieur.
- .7 Rédiger les soumissions en supposant que les installations et le matériel neufs ou existants ne pourront être utilisés pour le chauffage et la ventilation provisoire.
- .8 Une fois le contrat adjugé, le représentant ministériel peut autoriser l'utilisation de l'installation permanente s'il peut y avoir entente sur ce qui suit:
 - .1 conditions d'utilisation, matériel spécial, protection et entretien, remplacement des filtres, etc.;
 - .2 méthodes pour s'assurer que le caloporteur ne sera pas perdu et, dans le cas de la vapeur, entente sur ce qu'il adviendra du condensateur;
 - .3 réduction du prix du contrat (s'il doit être débit);
 - .4 prescriptions pertinentes aux garanties du matériel.

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33. INTERRUPTIONS DES SERVICES

- .1 Lorsque les travaux impliquent le raccord a des services existants, exécuter les travaux en temps et manière pré-agrées avec le représentant ministériel et autres autorités ayant juridiction avec le minimum de perturbations au personnel du CNRC, a la circulation véhiculaire et de temps d'interruption du service. L'entrepreneur ne doit en aucun cas opérer les équipements du CNRC.
- .2 Avant de commencer les travaux, établir la localisation et l'étendue des lignes de services dans l'espace de travail et ou affectés par les travaux et aviser le représentant ministériel des constatations.
- .3 Fournir une cédule et obtenir l'approbation du représentant ministériel pour toute interruption ou fermeture de services actif et allouer un préavis de 72 heures.
- .4 Aviser le représentant ministériel immédiatement suivant la rencontre de services inconnus et confirmer la découverte par écrit
- .5 Afin de minimiser les interruptions, prévoir des déviations, des ponts, des sources d'alimentation de rechange, etc., au besoin
- .6 Protéger les services existants comme il se doit et effectuer aussitôt toutes les réparations nécessaires si des dommages surviennent.
- .7 Enlever tous les lignes de services abandonnés tel qu'indiqués dans les documents contractuels et tel qu'approuvé par le représentant ministériel, boucher et ou autrement sceller aux points de coupure. Noter et fournir une copie au représentant ministériel de la localisation de toutes les lignes de services maintenues, déroutées et ou abandonnées

34. DÉCOUPAGE ET RAPIÉCAGE

- .1 Découper les surfaces existantes de façon à ce que les ouvrages s'agencent correctement entre eux.
- .2 Supprimer tous les articles indiqués ou prescrits.
- .3 Rapiécer et réparer, à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel, les surfaces qui ont été modifiées, découpées ou endommagées, avec des matériaux identiques.
- .4 Là où des nouveaux tuyaux passent à travers des travaux existants, percer une ouverture. La dimension de l'ouverture doit laisser un jeu de 12mm (1/2") autour des tuyaux ou de l'isolation de la tuyauterie. Ne pas percer, ni couper aucune surface sans l'approbation de le représentant ministériel.
- .5 Obtenir l'approbation écrite du représentant ministériel avant de percer des ouvertures dans les pièces de charpente neuves ou existantes.
- .6 Calfeutrer toutes les ouvertes où des câbles, conduits ou tuyaux passent à travers les murs avec un calfeutrant acoustique conforme à CAN/CGSB 19.21-M87.
- .7 Là où des câbles, conduits ou tuyaux passent à travers des murs ou des planchers coupefeu, emplir l'espace avec des fibres de verre comprimées et calfeutrer avec un calfeutrant en accord avec CAN/CGSB-19.13 et NBC 3.1.7.

35. DISPOSITIFS DE FIXATION

.1 Sauf autorisation expresse du représentant ministériel, il est interdit d'utiliser des pistolets à charge explosive.

- .2 Se conformer aux exigences de la norme ACNOR A-166, Pistolets d'ancrage à charge explosive.
- .3 Obtenir la permission du représentant ministériel avant d'utiliser tout genre d'outils percussion.

36. SURCHARGE

.1 S'assurer qu'aucune partie de l'ouvrage ou de l'édifice ne supporte une charge susceptible de compromettre sa sécurité ou de causer une déformation permanente ou un dommage de structure.

37. DRAINAGE

.1 Assurer le drainage et le pompage temporaires, selon les besoins, afin de garder les excavations et le chantier propres.

38. ENCEINTES ET FERMETURES DE LA CHARPENTE

- .1 Ériger et entretenir toutes les enceintes temporaires nécessaires pour protéger les fondations, le sous-sol, le béton, la maçonnerie, etc. contre le gel ou les dommages.
- .2 Ne pas les enlever tant que tout danger de dommage n'est pas écarté et tant que la cure n'est pas terminée.
- .3 Munir les ouvertures extérieures de fermetures protectrices provisoires à l'épreuve des intempéries, jusqu'à ce que les châssis, les vitres et les portes extérieures soient installés en permanence.
- .4 Fournir et installer des fermetures avec verrou, afin d'assurer la sécurité des installations du CNRC, et en être responsable.
- .5 Sur demande, remettre des clés au personnel de sécurité du CNRC.
- .6 Disposer les ouvrages avec soin et avec précision. Vérifier toutes les dimensions et en être responsable. Situer les points de repère généraux et prendre les mesures nécessaires pour empêcher leur déplacement.
- .7 Pendant toute la durée des travaux, voir à toujours être au courant des conditions du chantier et des travaux exécutés par tous les autres gens de métier, engagés dans le présent projet.
- .8 Sauf indication contraire, dissimuler tous les services, tuyauterie, câblage, conduits, etc. dans les planchers, les murs ou les plafonds.

39. ENTREPOSAGE

- .1 Pour ne pas que les outils, matériaux, etc. soient endommagés ou volés, prévoir un entrepôt et en être responsable.
- .2 Il est interdit d'entreposer des produits inflammables ou explosifs sur le chantier à moins que l'Agent de prévention des incendies du CNRC l'autorise.

40. EXAMEN GÉNÉRAL

.1 Même si le représentant ministériel revoit périodiquement les travaux de l'Entrepreneur, ceci ne dégage pas l'Entrepreneur de sa responsabilité d'exécuter les travaux

conformément aux documents contractuels. L'Entrepreneur doit effectuer son propre contrôle de la qualité pour vérifier si ses travaux sont conformes aux documents contractuels.

.2 Informer le représentant ministériel de tout obstacles à la bonne conduite des travaux et obtenir son approbation pour la relocalisation

41. INSPECTION DES SERVICES ENFOUIS OU DISSIMULÉS

.1 Avant de dissimuler tout service installé, s'assurer que tous les organismes d'inspection intéressés, y compris le CNRC, ont inspecté les ouvrages et ont assisté à tous les essais. Dans le cas contraire, l'Entrepreneur peut avoir à les découvrir à ses propres frais.

42. ESSAIS

- .1 A l'achèvement des travaux, ou sur demande du représentant ministériel et / ou des inspecteurs des organismes locaux en cours d'exécution, et avant que tout service soit couverts et que le rinçage soit terminé, faire l'essai de toutes les installations en présence du représentant ministériel.
- .2 Obtenir tous les certificats d'acceptation ou tous les résultats d'essais des organismes compétents et les remettre le représentant ministériel. Dans le cas contraire, le projet ne sera pas complet.

43. OCCUPATION PARTIELLE

- .1 Le CNRC peut demander une occupation partielle de l'installation si les travaux se poursuivent au-delà de la date d'achèvement prévue.
- .2 Ne pas limiter l'accès à l'édifice, routes et services.
- .3 Ne pas encombrer inutilement le chantier de matériaux ou de matériel.

44. ÉVACUATION DES DÉCHETS

.1 Évacuer, en toute sécurité hors des terrains du CNRC, tous les déchets, y compris les produits volatils; voir article "Exigences Générales de sécurité", section 001545.

45. NETTOYAGE PENDANT LA CONSTRUCTION

- .1 Sur une base quotidienne, garder les lieux et le secteur adjacent au campus, y compris les toits, exempts de débris et de déchets.
- .2 Apporter sur les lieux des conteneurs destinés à la cueillette des déchets et des débris.

46. NETTOYAGE FINAL

- .1 A la fin des travaux, effectuer le nettoyage final à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel.
- .2 Nettoyer toutes les nouvelles surfaces, les luminaires et les surfaces existantes touchés par les présents travaux, remplacer les filtres, etc.
- .3 Nettoyer tous les couvre-planchers souples et les préparer à recevoir le fini protecteur qui sera appliqué par le personnel du CNRC.

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47. GARANTIE

- .1 Voir les conditions générales C, section GC32.
- .2 Veiller à ce que toutes les garanties soient adressées au nom de l'entrepreneur et du Conseil national de recherches du Canada.

48. MANUELS D'ENTRETIEN

- .1 À la fin des travaux et avant la décharge de garantie, soumettre trois (3) exemplaires bilingues des manuels d'entretien ou deux exemplaires de chacune des versions anglaises et françaises.
- .2 Bien relier les documents dans des cahiers à couverture rigide pour feuilles volantes.
- .3 Les manuels doivent renfermer les instructions d'exploitation et d'entretien, les garanties, les dessins d'atelier, la documentation technique, etc. touchant les matériaux et les appareils fournis aux termes du présent contrat.

FIN DE SECTION

1. EXIGENCES GÉNÉRALES DE SÉCURITÉ EN CONSTRUCTION

- .1 L'Entrepreneur doit prendre toutes les mesures nécessaires lors de l'exécution du contrat pour protéger le personnel (travailleurs, les visiteurs, le public général, etc...) et la propriété immobilière.
- .2 L'Entrepreneur est le seul responsable pour la sécurité de ses employés, des employés de ses sous-traitants et pour l'initiation, le maintien et la supervision des précautions, programmes et procédures de sécurité en rapport avec l'exécution des travaux.
- .3 L'Entrepreneur doit se conformer à la règlementation et les codes de sécurité Fédéraux , Provinciaux et municipaux et ainsi que toute règlementation provinciale sur la santé et la sécurité au travail. Advenant des conflits entre les dispositions de la législation ou des codes, les dispositions les plus sévères s'appliqueront.
- .4 La révision périodique du travail de l'Entrepreneur par le représentant ministériel en utilisant les critères des documents contractuels ne relève pas l'Entrepreneur de ses responsabilités vis-à-vis la sécurité lors de l'accomplissement des travaux selon les documents contractuels. L'Entrepreneur doit consulter avec le représentant ministériel pour s'assurer que cette responsabilité est acquitte.
- .5 L'Entrepreneur doit s'assurer que seulement des personnes compétentes puissent avoir accès et travailler sur le chantier. Tout au cours du contrat toute personne qui n'observe pas ou n'applique pas les règlements de sécurité pourra être renvoyée du chantier.
- Tous les équipements doivent être sécuritaires en bon état de fonctionnement et appropriés pour la tâche.
- .7 Suivant une évaluation du projet et des risques spécifiques au site des travaux, L'Entrepreneur doit développer un Plan de sécurité spécifique au Site
 - .1 Fournir une affiche montée dans un endroit visible du site du projet contenant les informations suivantes :
 - .1 Avis de Projet
 - .2 Politique de Sécurité Spécifique au site
 - .3 Une copie de Loi provinciale sur la santé et la sécurité au travail
 - .4 Un schéma du bâtiment indiquant toutes les sorties d'urgence
 - .5 Les procédures en cas d'urgence spécifiques au bâtiment.
 - .6 Une liste de contacts pour le CNRC, l'Entrepreneur et tous les soustraitants impliqués
 - .7 Toutes fiches signalétiques SIMDUT pertinentes
 - .8 Les numéros téléphoniques d'urgence du CNRC
- .8 L'Entrepreneur doit fournir du personnel compétent pour appliquer son programme de sécurité ainsi que tout article applicable de la Loi sur la santé et la sécurité au travail et pour s'assurer que ces directives sont suivies
- .9 L'Entrepreneur doit orienter tous ces employés ainsi que ceux des sous-traitants sous sa juridiction

- .10 Le représentant ministériel exercera une surveillance pour s'assurer que les exigences de sécurité sont rencontrées, que les documents pertinents sont bien remplis et conservés. Le contrat pourra être cancellé et l'Entrepreneur ou ses sous-traitants pourront être renvoyés du chantier advenant le non-respect répétitif des standards de sécurités
- .11 L'Entrepreneur devra rapporter tout accident ou incident qui résulte de l'exécution des travaux par l'Entrepreneur et impliquant l'Entrepreneur, le personnel du CNRC ou le public au représentant ministériel et aux autorités ayant juridiction.
- .12 Si pour effectuer ses travaux, l'entrée dans un laboratoire est requise, l'Entrepreneur devra être fournir une session d'orientation concernant la sécurité et les procédures spécifiques a ce laboratoire à ses employés ainsi qu'à ceux de ses sous-traitants suivant les instructions fournies par le responsable du laboratoire ou le représentant ministériel.

2. EXIGENCES DE SÉCURITÉ INCENDIE

.1 Autorité

- 1. Le Commissaire des incendies du Canada (CIC) est l'autorité en matière de sécurité incendie au CNRC.
- 2. Aux fins du présent document, le représentant ministériel est le représentant de la CNRC en charge du projet.
- 3. Respectez les normes suivantes publiées par le Bureau du commissaire des incendies du Canada:
 - a. Norme 301 'Norme Travaux de construction', juin 1982;
 - b. Norme 302 'Norme Travaux de soudage et de coupage au chalumeau', juin 1982.

.2 Usage du Tabac

- 1. Il est interdit de fumer dans les immeubles du CNRC, ainsi que sur les toits.
- 2. Respectez les écriteaux "DÉFENSE DE FUMER".

.3 Travail à chaud

- .1 Vous devez obtenir un permis de 'Travail à chaud' du représentant ministériel avant d'entreprendre des travaux de soudage, de brûlage ou d'utilisation de chalumeaux et de salamandres ou d'une flamme nue.
- .2 Avant le début du travail à chaud, réexaminez l'aire de travaux avec le représentant ministériel pour déterminer le niveau de sécurité incendie nécessaire.

.4 Signalisation des Incendies

.1 Soyez au courant de l'emplacement exact du téléphone et de l'alarme manuelle d'incendie les plus près, ainsi que le numéro de téléphone d'urgence.

- .2 SIGNALER immédiatement tout incident comportant un feu en procédant comme suit :
 - .1 Déclenchez l'alarme manuelle d'incendie le plus près;
 - .2 Téléphonez au numéro de téléphone d'urgence qui vous serons fournis à la rencontre initiale de chantier :
- .3 Lorsque vous signalez un incendie par téléphone, indiquez l'endroit exact du feu, le nom et le numéro du bâtiment, et soyez prêts à vérifier le lieu
- .4 La personne qui déclenche l'alarme manuelle d'incendie doit demeurer sur la scène d'incendie pour fournir les renseignements et les indications nécessaires au personnel du service d'incendie.

.5 Réseaux Détecteurs et Alarmes d'Incendie à l'Intérieur et à l'Extérieur

- .1 N'OBSTRUEZ PAS ET NE FERMEZ PAS LES RÉSEAUX DÉTECTEURS ET ALARMES D'INCENDIE SANS L'AUTORISATION DU REPRÉSENTANT MINISTÉRIEL..
- .2 LORS D'UNE INTERRUPTION D'UN RÉSEAU AVERTISSEUR, DES MESURES SPÉCIALES DÉFINIES PAR LE REPRÉSENTANT MINISTÉRIEL DOIVENT ÊTRE PRISES POUR S'ASSURER QUE LA PROTECTION INCENDIE SOIT MAINTENUE.
- .3 NE LAISSEZ PAS LES RÉSEAUX DÉTECTEURS ET AVERTISSEURS D'INCENDIE INACTIFS A LA FIN D'UNE JOURNÉE DE TRAVAIL SANS AVOIR AVISÉ LE REPRÉSENTANT MINISTÉRIEL ET OBTENU SON AUTORISATION. LE REPRÉSENTANT MINISTÉRIEL DOIT INFORMER L'API DES DÉTAILS À CHAQUE OCCASION.
- .4 N'UTILISEZ PAS LES BORNES D'INCENDIE NI LES RÉSEAUX DE COLONNES MONTANTES ET ROBINETS ARMÉS À D'AUTRES FINS QUE LA LUTTE CONTRE L'INCENDIE SANS L'AUTORISATION DU REPRÉSENTANT MINISTÉRIEL.

.6 Extincteurs d'Incendies

- .1 Fournissez au moins un extincteur à poudre ABC (20 lb) pour chaque site de travail à chaud.
- .2 Fournissez les extincteurs suivants pour les travaux d'asphalte chaud et de toiture:
 - .1 Près du pot de goudron 1 extincteur à poudre ABC (20 lb);
 - .2 Toiture 2 extincteurs à poudre ABC (20 lb)...
- .3 Prévoir des extincteurs munis:
 - .1 d'une goupille et d'un sceau;
 - .2 d'un manomètre;
 - d'une étiquette portant la signature d'un préposé d'une compagnie d'entretien d'extincteurs d'incendie.

- .4 d'une étiquette portant la signature d'un préposé d'une compagnie d'entretien d'extincteurs d'incendie.
- .4 Les extincteurs à l'anhydride carbonique (CO) ne sont pas considérés comme des substituts des extincteurs ci-dessus.

.7 Travaux de Toiture

- .1 Chaudières:
 - .1 Prévoyez l'emplacement des chaudières d'asphalte et le lieu d'entreposage avec le représentant ministériel avant la livraison au chantier. N'installez pas les chaudières sur une toiture ou sur un échafaudage et placez-les à une distance d'au moins 10 m (30 pi) de tout bâtiment..
 - .2 Les chaudières doivent être équipées de thermomètres ou de jauges en bon état de fonctionnement.
 - .3 N'utilisez pas les chaudières à des températures excédant 232C (450F).
 - .4 Assurez une surveillance permanente pendant l'usage des chaudières et fournissez des couvercles de métal pour étouffer les flammes en cas de feu dans les chaudières. Fournissez les extincteurs d'incendie exigés à l'article 2.6.
 - .5 Expliquez les capacités des récipients au représentant ministériel avant le début des travaux
 - .6 Ranger les bouteilles de gaz comprimé debout à une distance d'au moins 6M (20 pieds) de la chaudière.
- .2 Balais à franges ('vadrouilles'):
 - .1 N'utilisez que des balais à franges en fibres de verre pour toitures.
 - .2 Enlevez les balais à franges usagés du lieu de travail à la fin de chaque journée de travail.
- .3 Application au chalumeau::
 - .1 N'UTILISEZ PAS DE CHALUMEAUX À PROXIMITÉ DES MURS.
 - .2 N'UTILISEZ PAS DE CHALUMEAUX POUR APPLIQUER DES MEMBRANES SUR DU BOIS EXPOSÉS OU DANS DES CAVITÉS
 - .3 Assurez une surveillance incendie conformément à l'article 2.9 de la présente section.
- .4 Rangez tous les matériaux combustibles utilisés pour les toitures à une distance d'au moins 3 m (10 pi) de toute structure.
- .5 Les bouteilles de gaz doivent être protégées des dommages mécaniques et maintenues en position verticale et a au moins d'au moins 6m (20 pieds) de la chaudière.

.8 Operations de soudure et de meulage

.1 L'Entrepreneur doit fournir des couvertures ignifuges, des dispositifs d'extraction de fumée, de écrans et autre équipements similaires pour prévenir l'exposition aux éclairs d'arc de soudure ou étincelles de meulage

.9 Surveillance Incendie

- .1 Assurez une surveillance incendie pendant au moins une heure après la fin d'une journée de travail à chaud.
- .2 Chauffage provisoire : voir la Section 01000, Instructions générales.
- .3 Dotez les équipes de repérage des incendies des extincteurs prévus à l'article 2.6.

.10 Obstruction des voies d'évacuation des chaussées, des couloirs, des portes et des ascenseurs

- .1 Avisez le représentant ministériel avant d'entreprendre tout travail qui entraverait le libre passage du personnel du service d'incendie et de son équipement. Cela englobe toute dérogation à la hauteur libre minimale, à l'édification de barricades et au creusage de tranchées.
- .2 Les parcours d'issue du bâtiment ne doivent nullement être obstrués sans la permission expresse du représentant ministériel, qui s'assurera que des parcours de remplacement seront maintenus.
- .3 Le représentant ministériel avisera l'API de tout obstacle pouvant justifier une planification et des dispositifs de communication plus poussés pour assurer la sécurité des occupants et l'efficacité des interventions de lutte contre l'incendie.

.11 Débris et Déchets

- .1 Limitez autant que possible les détritus et les déchets et les ranger à une distance d'au moins 20 pieds des chaudières ou des torches.
- .2 Il est interdit de faire brûler des détritus sur le chantier.

.3 Bennes à déchets

- .1 En consultation avec le représentant ministériel, déterminez un emplacement sûr et acceptable avant de livrer la benne au chantier ou installer des chutes.
- .2 Ne pas excéder la capacité de remplissage des bennes et garder le périmètre libre de tous débris

.4 Stockage:

.1 Soyez extrêmement prudents lorsque vous devez stocker des déchets combustibles sur les lieux de travail. Maintenez les lieux le plus propre possible et bien ventilés et respectez les normes de sécurité.

.2 Déposez les torchons et autres matériaux graisseux ou huileux sujets à la combustion spontanée dans des contenants approuvés et évacuez-les comme exigé au paragraphe 3.1.

.12 Liquides Inflammables

- .1 La manutention, le stockage et l'utilisation de liquides inflammables sont régis par le Code national de prévention des incendies du Canada en vigueur.
- .2 Les liquides inflammables comme l'essence, le kérosène et le naphta, peuvent être gardés sur les lieux pour fins d'usage à brève échéance en quantités ne dépassant pas 45 litres (10 Gal Imp.), à condition d'être stockés dans les bidons de sûreté portant le sceau d'approbation des LAC (ULC). Le stockage de plus grandes quantités de liquides inflammables aux fins de l'exécution des travaux qui nécessite l'autorisation du représentant ministériel.
- .3 Il est interdit de laisser des liquides inflammable sur les toits après les heures normales de travail
- .4 Il est interdit de transvaser des liquides inflammables à l'intérieur des bâtiments...
- .5 Il est interdit de transvaser des liquides inflammables à proximité de dispositifs à flamme nue ou de tout autre type de dispositif dégageant de la chaleur.
- .6 Il est interdit d'utiliser des liquides inflammables ayant un point d'éclair inférieur à 38C (100F, tels que le naphta ou l'essence, comme solvants ou agents de nettoyage.
- .7 Stockez les liquides résiduels inflammables dans des récipients approuvés situés dans un endroit sûr bien ventilé. Les déchets constitués de liquides inflammables doivent être régulièrement évacués du chantier.
- .8 Lorsque des liquides inflammables, tels que des laques ou des uréthanes, sont utilisés, veillez à ce que la ventilation soit adéquate et éliminer toute source d'inflammation. Prévenez le représentant ministériel avant le début de tels travaux et une fois les travaux achevés.

3. Questions et/ou demandes d'explications

.1 Adressez vos questions ou demandes d'explications concernant la sécurité incendie au représentant ministériel.

END OF SECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

4.4.0555050050	4	Consider Oten dende Association (COA leternational)
1.1 REFERENCES	.1	Canadian Standards Association (CSA International) .1 CSA S350-M1980 – 2003, Code of Practice for Safety in Demolition of Structures.
	.2	National Building Code (NBC), 2010.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 NOT USED	.1	Not used.
PART 3 - EXECUTION		
3.1 PREPARATION	.1	Inspect building with Departmental Representative and verify extent and location of items designated for removal, disposal, alternative disposal, recycling, salvage and items to remain.
	.2	Locate and protect utilities. Preserve active utilities traversing site in operating condition.
	.3	Notify and obtain approval of utility companies before starting demolition.
3.2 PROTECTION	.1	Prevent movement, damage to adjacent structures, building systems and parts of building to remain in place. Provide bracing and shoring required.
	.2	Keep noise, dust, and inconvenience to occupants to minimum.
	.3	Protect building systems, services and equipment.
	.4	Provide temporary dust screens, covers, railings, supports and other protection as required.
3.3 REMOVALS	.1	Remove items as indicated.
3.4 DEMOLITION	.1	Remove parts of existing building to permit new construction.
	.2	Trim edges of partially demolished building elements to tolerances as

Building M-2 and M-59
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defined by Departmental Representative to suit future use.

3.5 DISPOSAL

.1 Dispose of removed materials, to appropriate recycling facilities except where specified otherwise, in accordance with authority having jurisdiction.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 02 82 00.01 Asbestos Abatement: Minimum Precautions
- .2 Section 02 82 00.02 Asbestos Abatement: Intermediate Precautions
- .3 Section 02 82 00.03 Asbestos Abatement: Maximum Precautions
- .4 Section 02 83 20 Lead Precautionary Measures
- .5 Section 02 89 00 Silica Precautionary Measures

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Refer to the following documents for details on hazardous materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.
- .2 Work site may involve contact with the following:
 - .1 Asbestos
 - .2 Lead
 - .3 Mercury
 - .4 Mould
 - .5 Silica
 - .6 Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)
- .3 Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 (CEPA 1999).
 - .1 Export and Import of Hazardous Waste Regulations (SOR/2002-300).
- .4 Ontario Environmental Protection Act, R.R.O 1990.
 - .1 General Waste Management, O. Reg. 347/90, as amended.
- .5 Occupational Health and Safety Act
 - .1 Designated Substances, O.Reg. 490/09, as amended
- .6 Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS)
 - .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- .7 National Fire Code of Canada 2010.
- .8 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (TDG Act) 1992, (c. 34).
- .9 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- .1 Dangerous Goods: product, substance, or organism that is specifically listed or meets hazard criteria established in Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.
- .2 Hazardous Material: product, substance, or organism that is used for its original purpose; and that is either dangerous goods or a material that may cause adverse impact to environment or adversely affect health of persons, animals, or plant life when released into the environment.

- .3 Hazardous Material Waste: any hazardous material that is no longer used for its original purpose and that is intended for recycling, treatment or disposal.
- .4 Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS): Canada-wide system designed to give employers and workers information about hazardous materials used in workplace. Under WHMIS, information on hazardous materials is provided on container labels, material safety data sheets (MSDS), and worker education programs. WHMIS is put into effect by combination of federal and provincial laws.

1.4 ACTION AND INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

.1 Product Data:

- .1 Submit manufacturer's instructions, printed product literature and data sheets for hazardous materials and include product characteristics, performance criteria, physical size, finish and limitations.
- .2 Submit to Departmental Representative current Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for each hazardous material required prior to bringing hazardous material on site.
- .3 Submit hazardous materials management plan to Departmental Representative that identifies hazardous materials, their use, their location, personal protective equipment requirements, and disposal arrangements.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- .1 Co-ordinate storage of hazardous materials with Departmental Representative and abide by internal requirements for labelling and storage of materials and wastes.
- .2 Store and handle hazardous materials and wastes in accordance with applicable federal and provincial laws, regulations, codes, and guidelines.
- .3 Store and handle flammable and combustible materials in accordance with current National Fire Code of Canada requirements.
- .4 Keep no more than 45 litres of flammable and combustible liquids such as gasoline, kerosene and naphtha for ready use.
 - .1 Store flammable and combustible liquids in approved safety cans bearing the Underwriters' Laboratory of Canada or Factory Mutual seal of approval.
 - .2 Storage of quantities of flammable and combustible liquids exceeding 45 litres for work purposes requires the written approval of the Departmental Representative.
- .5 Transfer of flammable and combustible liquids is prohibited within buildings.
- .6 Do not transfer flammable and combustible liquids in vicinity of open flames or heat-producing devices.
- .7 Do not use flammable liquids having flash point below 38 degrees Celsius, such as naphtha or gasoline as solvents or cleaning agents.
- .8 Store flammable and combustible waste liquids for disposal in approved containers located in safe, ventilated area. Keep quantities to minimum.

- .9 Observe smoking regulations, smoking is prohibited in areas where hazardous materials are stored, used, or handled.
- .10 Storage requirements for quantities of hazardous materials and wastes in excess of 5 kg for solids, and 5 litres for liquids:
 - .1 Store hazardous materials and wastes in closed and sealed containers.
 - .2 Label containers of hazardous materials and wastes in accordance with WHMIS.
 - .3 Store hazardous materials and wastes in containers compatible with that material or waste.
 - .4 Segregate incompatible materials and wastes.
 - .5 Ensure that different hazardous materials or hazardous wastes are not mixed.
 - .6 Store hazardous materials and wastes in secure storage area with controlled access.
 - .7 Maintain clear egress from storage area.
 - .8 Store hazardous materials and wastes in location that will prevent them from spilling into environment.
 - .9 Have appropriate emergency spill response equipment available near storage area, including personal protective equipment.
 - .10 Maintain inventory of hazardous materials and wastes, including product name, quantity, and date when storage began.
- .11 Ensure personnel have been trained in accordance with Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) requirements.
- .12 Report spills or accidents immediately to Departmental Representative, Engineer or Consultant. Submit a written spill report to Departmental Representative within 24 hours of incident.

1.6 TRANSPORTATION

- .1 Transport hazardous materials and wastes in accordance with federal Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, and applicable provincial regulations.
- .2 If exporting hazardous waste to another country, ensure compliance with federal Export and Import of Hazardous Waste Regulations.
- .3 If hazardous waste is generated on site:
 - .1 Co-ordinate transportation and disposal with Departmental Representative.
 - .2 Ensure compliance with applicable federal, provincial and municipal laws and regulations for generators of hazardous waste.
 - .3 Use licensed carrier authorized by provincial authorities to accept subject material.
 - .4 Prior to shipping material obtain written notice from intended hazardous waste treatment or disposal facility that it will accept material and that it is licensed to accept this material.
 - .5 Label container[s] with legible, visible safety marks as prescribed by federal and provincial regulations.

- .6 Ensure that trained personnel handle, offer for transport, or transport dangerous goods.
- .7 Provide photocopy of shipping documents and waste manifests to Departmental Representative.
- .8 Track receipt of completed manifest from consignee after shipping dangerous goods. Provide a photocopy of completed manifest to Departmental Representative.
- .9 Report discharge, emission, or escape of hazardous materials immediately to Departmental Representative and appropriate provincial authority. Take reasonable measures to control release.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Only bring on site quantity of hazardous materials required to perform work.
- .2 Maintain MSDS in proximity to where materials are being used. Communicate this location to personnel who may have contact with hazardous materials.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 DISPOSAL

- .1 Dispose of hazardous waste materials in accordance with applicable federal and provincial acts, regulations, and guidelines.
- .2 Recycle hazardous wastes for which there is approved, cost effective recycling process available.
- .3 Send hazardous wastes to authorized hazardous waste disposal or treatment facilities.
- .4 Burning, diluting, or mixing hazardous wastes for purpose of disposal is prohibited.
- .5 Disposal of hazardous materials in waterways, storm or sanitary sewers, or in municipal solid waste landfills is prohibited.
- .6 Dispose of hazardous wastes in timely fashion in accordance with applicable provincial regulations.
- .7 Minimize generation of hazardous waste to maximum extent practicable. Take necessary precautions to avoid mixing clean and contaminated wastes.
- .8 Identify and evaluate recycling and reclamation options as alternatives to land disposal, such as:
 - .1 Hazardous wastes recycled in manner constituting disposal.
 - .2 Hazardous waste burned for energy recovery.
 - .3 Lead-acid battery recycling.
 - .4 Hazardous wastes with economically recoverable precious metals.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 SUMMARY

- .1 Comply with requirements of this Section when performing following work:
 - .1 Removal of non-friable asbestos-containing material, if the material is removed without being broken, cut, drilled, abraded, ground, sanded or vibrated.
 - .2 Removal of non-friable asbestos-containing materials if the material is removed by breaking, cutting, drilling, abrading, grinding or vibrating, if the material is wetted to control the spread of dust and fibres, and the work is only done by non-powered hand-held tools.
- .2 Refer to the following document for details on asbestos-containing materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 02 81 01 Hazardous Materials
- .2 Section 02 82 00.02 Asbestos Abatement: Intermediate Precautions
- .3 Section 02 82 00.02 Asbestos Abatement: Maximum Precautions
- .4 Section 02 83 20 Lead Precautionary Measures
- .5 Section 02 89 00 Silica Precautionary Measures

1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB).
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-1.205-03, Sealer for Application of Asbestos-Fibre Releasing Materials.
- .2 Department of Justice Canada (Jus).
 - .1 Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 (CEPA).
- .3 Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).
 - .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- .4 Transport Canada (TC).
 - .1 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, 1992 (TDGA).
- .5 Ontario Environmental Protection Act, R.R.O 1990,
 - .1 General Waste Management, O. Reg. 347/90, as amended.
- .6 Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC).
- .7 National Joint Council (NJC).
 - .1 Part XI Hazardous Substances.
- .8 Canada Labour Code Part II, section 124 and 125.
 - .1 Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations
- .9 Ontario Ministry of Labour (MoL).

- .1 Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O 1990, c. O1 (OSHA)
 - .1 O.Reg. 278/05 Designated Substance Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations, as amended
 - .2 Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O. 1990, Regulation 490/09 "Designated Substances", as amended.
 - .3 O.Reg. 213/91 "Construction Projects", as amended.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- .1 HEPA vacuum: DOP tested High Efficiency Particulate Air filtered vacuum equipment with filter system capable of collecting and retaining fibres greater than 0.3 microns in any direction at 99.97% efficiency.
- .2 Amended Water: water with non-ionic surfactant wetting agent added to reduce surface tension of water to allow thorough wetting of fibres.
- .3 Asbestos-Containing Materials (ACMs): materials that contain 0.5 percent or more asbestos by dry weight, identified under Existing Conditions including fallen materials and settled dust.
- .4 Asbestos Work Area: area where work takes place which will, or may, disturb
- .5 Authorized Visitors: Departmental Representative, and representative(s) of regulatory agencies.
- .6 Competent worker: in relation to specific work, means a worker who:
 - .1 Is qualified because of knowledge, training and experience to perform the work.
 - .2 Is familiar with the provincial laws and with the provisions of the regulations that apply to the work.
 - .3 Has knowledge of all potential or actual danger to health or safety in the work.
- .7 DOP Test: testing method used to determine integrity of unit using Dispersed Oil Particulate (DOP) HEPA-filter leak test.
- .8 Friable material: means material that:
 - .1 When dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure, or is crumbled, pulverized or powdered.
- .9 Hazardous Material Workplan: A brief report identifying the location and quantities of hazardous materials and the methods that will be used to remove, store, transport and dispose of them.
- .10 Non-Friable Material: material that when dry cannot be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure.
- .11 Occupied Area: any area of the building or work site that is outside Asbestos Work Area.
- .12 Polyethylene: rip-proof polyethylene sheeting with tape along edges, around penetrating objects, over cuts and tears, and elsewhere as required to provide protection and isolation.

.13 Sprayer: garden reservoir type sprayer or airless spray equipment capable of producing mist or fine spray. Sprayer must have appropriate capacity for work.

1.5 ACTION AND INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit proof satisfactory to the Departmental Representative that suitable arrangements have been made to dispose of asbestos-containing waste in accordance with requirements of authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Submit Provincial/Territorial and/or local requirements for Notice of Project Form.
- .3 Submit proof of Contractor's Asbestos Liability Insurance.
- .4 Submit to the Departmental Representative necessary permits for transportation and disposal of asbestos-containing waste and proof that asbestos-containing waste has been received and properly disposed.
- .5 Submit proof that all asbestos workers and/or supervisor have received appropriate training and education by a competent person in the hazards of asbestos exposure, good personal hygiene and work practices while working in Asbestos Work Areas, and the use, cleaning and disposal of respirators and protective clothing.
- .6 Submit proof satisfactory to Departmental Representative that employees have appropriate respirator fitting and testing (fit test certificates). Workers must be fit-tested (qualitative as a minimum) with respirator that is personally issued.
- .7 Asbestos abatement section within Hazardous Material Work Plan.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Regulatory Requirements: comply with Federal, Provincial/Territorial, and local requirements pertaining to asbestos, provided that in case of conflict among these requirements or with these specifications, more stringent requirement applies. Comply with regulations in effect at time Work is performed.
- .2 Health and Safety:

Safety Requirements: worker protection.

- .1 Protective equipment and clothing to be worn by workers while in Asbestos Work Area include:
 - .1 As a minimum, air purifying half-mask respirator with N-100, R-100 or P-100 particulate filter, personally issued to worker and marked as to efficiency and purpose, suitable for protection against asbestos and acceptable to Provincial Authority having jurisdiction. The respirator to be fitted so that there is an effective seal between the respirator and the worker's face, unless the respirator is equipped with a hood or helmet. The respirator to be cleaned, disinfected and inspected after use on each shift, or more often if necessary, when issued for the exclusive use of one worker, or after each use when used by more than one worker. The respirator to have damaged or deteriorated parts replaced prior to being used by a worker; and, when not in use, to be stored in a convenient, clean and sanitary location. The employer to establish written procedures regarding the selection, use and care of respirators, and a copy of the procedures to be provided to and reviewed with each worker who is required to wear a

- respirator. A worker not to be assigned to an operation requiring the use of a respirator unless he or she is physically able to perform the operation while using the respirator.
- .2 Disposable-type protective clothing (high-density polyethylene protective clothing (Tyvek or similar, as approved by Departmental Representative) that does not readily retain or permit penetration of asbestos fibres. Protective clothing to be provided by the employer and worn by every worker who enters the work area, and the protective clothing shall consist of a head covering and full body covering that fits snugly at the ankles, wrists and neck, in order to prevent asbestos fibres from reaching the garments and skin under the protective clothing to include suitable footwear, and to be repaired or replaced if torn.
- .2 Eating, drinking, chewing, and smoking are not permitted in Asbestos Work Area.
- .3 Before leaving Asbestos Work Area, the worker can decontaminate his or her protective clothing by using a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter, or by damp wiping, before removing the protective clothing, or, if the protective clothing will not be reused, place it in a container for dust and waste. The container to be dust tight, suitable for asbestos waste, impervious to asbestos, identified as asbestos waste, cleaned with a damp cloth or a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter immediately before removal from the work area, and removed from the work area frequently and at regular intervals.
- .4 Facilities for washing hands and face shall be provided within or close to the Asbestos Work Area.
- .5 Ensure workers wash hands and face when leaving Asbestos Work Area.
- .6 Ensure that no person required to enter an Asbestos Work Area has facial hair that affects seal between respirator and face.

1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- .1 Remove from site and dispose of packaging materials at appropriate recycling facilities.
- .2 Collect and separate for disposal paper, plastic, polystyrene, corrugated cardboard, packaging material in appropriate on-site bins for recycling in accordance with Waste Management Plan.
- .3 Separate for reuse, and recycling and place in designated containers steel, metal, plastic waste in accordance with Waste Management Plan.
- .4 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic in designated containers. Location and transportation of all on-site waste containers must be approved by Departmental Representative in writing prior to work.
- .5 Handle and dispose of hazardous materials in accordance with the CEPA, TDGA, Regional and Municipal regulations.
- .6 Fold up metal banding, flatten and place in designated area for recycling.
- .7 Disposal of asbestos waste generated by removal activities must comply with Federal, Provincial, Territorial and Municipal regulations. Dispose of asbestos waste in sealed double thickness 0.15 mm thick bags or leak proof drums. Label containers with appropriate warning labels.

.8 Provide waste manifests describing and listing waste created. Transport containers by approved means to licensed landfill for burial. All waste landfill manifests are to be provided to the Client/Client Representative at the end of the project.

1.8 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.
- .2 Notify Departmental Representative of asbestos-containing material discovered during Work and not apparent from drawings, specifications, or report pertaining to Work. Do not disturb such material pending instructions from Departmental Representative.

1.9 SCHEDULING

.1 Hours of Work: perform work involving asbestos abatement located at the Building during hours specified by Departmental Representative. The work schedule must be approved in writing by the Departmental Representative in advance of work. Contractor shall be available to work continuously from beginning to end of project.

1.10 PERSONNEL TRAINING

- .1 Before beginning Work, provide Departmental Representative with satisfactory proof that every worker has had instruction and training in hazards of asbestos exposure, in personal hygiene and work practices, and in use, cleaning, and disposal of respirators and protective clothing.
- .2 Instruction and training related to respirators includes, following minimum requirements:
 - .1 Fitting of equipment.
 - .2 Inspection and maintenance of equipment.
 - .3 Disinfecting of equipment.
 - .4 Limitations of equipment.
- .3 Instruction and training must be provided by a competent, qualified person.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Drop Sheets:
 - .1 Polyethylene: 0.15 mm thick.
 - .2 FR polyethylene: 0.15 mm thick woven fibre reinforced fabric bonded both sides with polyethylene.
- .2 Wetting Agent: 50% polyoxyethylene ester and 50% polyoxyethylene ether mixed with water in a concentration to provide thorough wetting of asbestos-containing material.
- .3 Waste Containers: contain waste in two separate containers.
 - .1 Inner container: 0.15 mm thick sealable polyethylene waste bag.

- .2 Outer container: sealable metal or fibre type where there are sharp objects included in waste material; otherwise outer container may be sealable metal or fibre type or second 0.15 mm thick sealable polyethylene bag.
- .3 Labelling requirements: affix preprinted cautionary asbestos warning in both official languages that is visible when ready for removal to disposal site.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 SUPERVISION

- .1 Minimum of one Supervisor for every ten workers is required inside the asbestos work areas at all times.
- .2 Approved Supervisor must remain within Asbestos Work Area during disturbance, removal, or other handling of asbestos-containing materials.

3.2 PROCEDURES

- .1 Before beginning Work, isolate Asbestos Work Area using, at a minimum, preprinted cautionary asbestos warning signs in both official languages that are visible at access routes to Asbestos Work Area.
 - .1 Remove visible dust from surfaces in the work area where dust is likely to be disturbed during course of work.
 - .2 Use HEPA vacuum, or damp cloths where damp cleaning does not create a hazard and is otherwise appropriate.
 - .3 Do not use compressed air to clean up or remove dust from any surface.
- .2 Prevent spread of dust from Asbestos Work Area using measures appropriate to work to be done.
 - .1 Use FR polyethylene drop sheets over flooring such as carpeting that absorbs dust and over flooring in Asbestos Work Area where dust and contamination cannot otherwise be safely contained.
- .3 Wet materials containing asbestos to be cut, ground, abraded, scraped, drilled, or otherwise disturbed unless wetting creates hazard or causes damage.
 - .1 Use garden reservoir type low velocity fine mist sprayer.
 - .2 Perform Work to reduce dust creation to lowest levels practicable.
 - .3 Work will be subject to visual inspection.
 - .4 Contamination of surrounding areas indicated by visual inspection or air monitoring will require complete enclosure and clean-up of affected areas.
- .4 Cutting, shaping, grinding, drilling, abrading or otherwise disturbing non-friable asbestos-containing materials shall be executed using non-powered hand-tools only.

.5 Clean-Up:

- .1 Frequently during Work and immediately after completion of Work, clean up dust and asbestos-containing waste using HEPA vacuum or by damp mopping.
- .2 Place dust and asbestos-containing waste in sealed dust-tight waste bags. Treat drop sheets and disposable protective clothing as asbestos

- waste; wet and fold these items to contain dust, then place in plastic bags.
- .3 Clean exterior of each waste-filled bag using damp cloths or HEPA vacuum and place in second clean waste bag immediately prior to removal from Asbestos Work Area.
- .4 Seal waste bags and remove from site. Dispose of in accordance with requirements of Provincial and Federal Authority having jurisdiction. Supervise dumping and ensure that dump operator is fully aware of hazardous nature of material to be dumped and that guidelines and regulations for asbestos disposal are followed.
- .5 Perform final thorough clean-up of Work areas and adjacent areas affected by Work using HEPA vacuum.

3.3 INSPECTION

- .1 Perform inspection of Asbestos Work Area to confirm compliance with specification and governing authority requirements. Deviation(s) from these requirements that have not been approved in writing by Departmental Representative may result in Work stoppage, at no cost to Owner.
- .2 Departmental Representative may inspect Work at any time during the project for:
 - .1 Adherence to specific procedures and materials.
 - .2 Final cleanliness and completion.
 - .3 No additional costs will be allowed by Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.
- .3 When asbestos leakage from Asbestos Work Area has occurred or is likely to occur Departmental Representative may order Work shutdown.
- .4 No additional costs will be allowed by the Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 SUMMARY

- .1 Comply with requirements of this Section when performing following Work:
 - .1 Removing non-friable asbestos containing materials by breaking, cutting, drilling, abrading, grounding, sanding or vibrating if the material is not wetted to control the spread of dust or fibres, and the work is done only by means of non-powered hand-held tools.
 - .2 Removing non-friable asbestos containing materials by breaking, cutting, drilling, abrading, grounding, sanding or vibrating if the work is done by means of power tools that are attached to dust-collecting devices equipped with HEPA filters.
 - .3 Glove bag and removal of good condition, friable, asbestos containing material.
- .2 Refer to the following document for details on asbestos-containing materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 02 81 01 Hazardous Materials
- .2 Section 02 82 00.01 Asbestos Abatement: Minimum Precautions
- .3 Section 02 82 00.03 Asbestos Abatement: Maximum Precautions
- .4 Section 02 83 20 Lead Precautionary Measures
- .5 Section 02 89 00 Silica Precautionary Measures

1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB).
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-1.205-03, Sealer for Application of Asbestos-Fibre Releasing Materials.
- .2 Department of Justice Canada (Jus).
 - .1 Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 (CEPA).
- .3 Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).
 - .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- .4 Transport Canada (TC).
 - .1 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, 1992 (TDGA).
- .5 Ontario Environmental Protection Act, R.R.O 1990,
 - .1 General Waste Management, O. Reg 347/90, as amended.
- .6 Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC).
- .7 National Joint Council (NJC).
 - .1 Part XI Hazardous Substances.

- .8 Canada Labour Code Part II, section 124 and 125.
 - .1 Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations
- .9 Ontario Ministry of Labour (MoL).
 - .1 Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O 1990, c. O1 (OSHA)
 - .1 O.Reg. 278/05 Designated Substance Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations, as amended
 - .2 Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O. 1990, Regulation 490/09 "Designated Substances", as amended.
 - .3 O.Reg 213/91 "Construction Projects", as amended.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- .1 Amended Water: water with non-ionic surfactant wetting agent added to reduce surface tension of water to allow wetting of fibres.
- .2 Asbestos-Containing Materials (ACMs): materials that contain 0.5 percent or more asbestos by dry weight, identified under Existing Conditions Article, including fallen materials and settled dust.
- .3 Asbestos Work Area: area where work takes place which will, or may disturb ACMs.
- .4 Authorized Visitors: Departmental Representative, and representative(s) of regulatory agencies.
- .5 Competent worker: in relation to specific work, means a worker who:
 - .1 Is qualified because of knowledge, training and experience to perform the work.
 - .2 Is familiar with the provincial laws and with the provisions of the regulations that apply to the work.
 - .3 Has knowledge of all potential or actual danger to health or safety in the work.
- .6 Curtained doorway: arrangement of closures to allow ingress or egress from one room to another while permitting minimal air movement between rooms, typically constructed as follows:
 - .1 Place two overlapping sheets of polyethylene over existing or temporarily framed doorway, secure each along top of doorway, secure vertical edge of one sheet along one vertical side of doorway, and secure vertical edge of other sheet along opposite vertical side of doorway.
 - .2 Reinforce free edges of polyethylene with duct tape and weight bottom edge to ensure proper closing.
 - .3 Overlap each polyethylene sheet at openings not less than 1.5 metres on each side.
- .7 DOP Test: testing method used to determine integrity of Negative Pressure unit using Dispersed Oil Particulate (DOP) HEPA-filter leak test.
- .8 Friable Material: material that when dry can be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure and includes such material that is crumbled, pulverized or powdered.

- .9 Glove Bag: prefabricated glove bag as follows:
 - .1 Minimum thickness 0.25 mm (10 mil) polyvinyl chloride bag.
 - .2 Integral 0.25 mm (10 mil) thick polyvinyl chloride gloves and elastic ports.
 - .3 Equipped with reversible, double pull, double throw zipper on top and at approximately mid section of the bag.
 - .4 Straps for sealing ends around pipe.
 - .5 Must incorporate internal closure strip if it is to be moved or used in more than one specific location.
- .10 Hazardous Material Workplan: A brief report identifying the location and quantities of hazardous materials and the methods that will be used to remove, store, transport and dispose of them.
- .11 HEPA vacuum: DOP tested, High Efficiency Particulate Air filtered vacuum equipment with filter system capable of collecting and retaining fibres greater than 0.3 microns in any dimension at 99.97% efficiency.
- .12 Non-Friable Material: material that when dry cannot be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure.
- .13 Polyethylene: polyethylene sheeting or rip proof polyethylene sheeting with tape along edges, around penetrating objects, over cuts and tears, and elsewhere as required to provide protection and isolation.
- .14 Occupied Area: any area of building or work site that is outside Asbestos Work Area.
- .15 Sprayer: garden reservoir type sprayer or airless spray equipment capable of producing mist or fine spray. Must have appropriate capacity for scope of work.

1.5 ACTION AND INFORMATION SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit proof satisfactory to the Departmental Representative that suitable arrangements have been made to dispose of asbestos-containing waste in accordance with requirements of authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Submit Provincial/Territorial and/or local requirements for Notice of Project Form.
- .3 Submit proof of Contractor's Asbestos Liability Insurance.
- .4 Submit to the Departmental Representative necessary permits for transportation and disposal of asbestos-containing waste and proof that asbestos-containing waste has been received and properly disposed.
- .5 Submit proof that all asbestos workers and/or supervisor have received appropriate training and education by a competent person in the hazards of asbestos exposure, good personal hygiene and work practices while working in Asbestos Work Areas, and the use, cleaning and disposal of respirators and protective clothing.
- .6 Submit proof that supervisory personnel have attended asbestos abatement course, of not less than two days duration, approved by Departmental Representative. Minimum of one supervisor for every ten workers.
- .7 Submit Worker's Compensation Board status and transcription of insurance.

- .8 Submit documentation including test results, fire and flammability data, and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for chemicals or materials including:
 - .1 encapsulants;
 - .2 amended water;
 - .3 slow-drying sealer.
- .9 Submit proof satisfactory to Departmental Representative that employees have appropriate respirator fitting and testing (fit test certificates). Workers must be fit tested (qualitative as a minimum for Half-face respirator, quantitative for Full-face respirator) with respirator that is personally issued.
- .10 Asbestos abatement section within Hazardous Material Work Plan.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Regulatory Requirements: comply with Federal, Provincial/Territorial and local requirements pertaining to asbestos, provided that in case of conflict among these requirements or with these specifications more stringent requirement applies. Comply with regulations in effect at the time work is performed.
- .2 Health and Safety:
 - .1 Safety Requirements: worker and visitor protection.
 - .1 Protective equipment and clothing to be worn by workers while in Asbestos Work Area include:
 - .1 As a minimum, air purifying respirator with N-100, R-100 or P-100 particulate filter, personally issued to worker and marked as to efficiency and purpose, suitable for protection against asbestos and acceptable to Provincial Authority having jurisdiction. The respirator to be fitted so that there is an effective seal between the respirator and the worker's face, unless the respirator is equipped with a hood or helmet. The respirator to be cleaned, disinfected and inspected after use on each shift, or more often if necessary, when issued for the exclusive use of one worker, or after each use when used by more than one worker. The respirator to have damaged or deteriorated parts replaced prior to being used by a worker; and, when not in use, to be stored in a convenient, clean and sanitary location. The employer to establish written procedures regarding the selection, use and care of respirators, and a copy of the procedures to be provided to and reviewed with each worker who is required to wear a respirator. A worker not to be assigned to an operation requiring the use of a respirator unless he or she is physically able to perform the operation while using the respirator.
 - .2 Disposable-type protective clothing (high-density polyethylene protective clothing (Tyvek or similar, as approved by Client/Client Representative) that does not readily retain or permit penetration of asbestos fibres. Protective clothing to be provided by the employer and worn by every worker who enters the work area, and the protective clothing shall consist of a head covering and full

body covering that fits snugly at the ankles, wrists and neck, in order to prevent asbestos fibres from reaching the garments and skin under the protective clothing to include suitable footwear, and to be repaired or replaced if torn.

- .3 Eating, drinking, chewing, and smoking are not permitted in Asbestos Work Area.
- .4 Before leaving Asbestos Work Area, the worker can decontaminate his or her protective clothing by using a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter, or by damp wiping, before removing the protective clothing, or, if the protective clothing will not be reused, place it in a container for dust and waste. The container to be dust tight, suitable for asbestos waste, impervious to asbestos, identified as asbestos waste, cleaned with a damp cloth or a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter immediately before removal from the work area, and removed from the work area frequently and at regular intervals.
- .5 Ensure workers wash hands and face when leaving Asbestos Work Area. Facilities for washing hands and face shall be provided within or close to the Asbestos Work Area.
- .6 Ensure that no person required to enter an Asbestos Work Area has facial hair that affects seal between respirator and face.
- .7 Visitor Protection:
 - .1 Provide protective clothing and approved respirators to Authorized Visitors to work areas.
 - .2 Instruct Authorized Visitors in the use of protective clothing, respirators and procedures.
 - .3 Instruct Authorized Visitors in proper procedures to be followed in entering into and exiting from Asbestos Work Area.

1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- .1 Remove from site and dispose of packaging materials at appropriate recycling facilities.
- .2 Collect and separate for disposal paper, plastic, polystyrene, corrugated cardboard, packaging material in appropriate on-site bins for recycling in accordance with Waste Management Plan.
- .3 Separate for reuse, and recycling and place in designated containers steel, metal, plastic waste in accordance with Waste Management Plan.
- .4 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic in designated containers.
- .5 Handle and dispose of hazardous materials in accordance with the CEPA, TDGA, Regional and Municipal regulations.
- .6 Fold up metal banding, flatten and place in designated area for recycling.
- .7 Disposal of asbestos waste generated by removal activities must comply with Federal, Provincial, Territorial and Municipal regulations. Dispose of asbestos waste in sealed double thickness 0.15 mm thick bags or leak proof drums. Label containers with appropriate warning labels.
- .8 Provide manifests describing and listing waste created. Transport containers by approved means to licenced landfill for burial.

1.8 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- .1 Refer to the following document for details of asbestos-containing materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.
- .2 Notify Departmental Representative of asbestos-containing material discovered during Work and not apparent from drawings, specifications, or report pertaining to Work. Do not disturb such material pending instructions from Departmental Representative.

1.9 SCHEDULING

.1 Hours of Work: perform work involving asbestos abatement located at the Building during hours specified by Departmental Representative. The work schedule must be approved in writing by the Departmental Representative in advance of work. Contractor shall be available to work continuously from beginning to end of project.

1.10 PERSONNEL TRAINING

- .1 Before beginning Work, provide Departmental Representative satisfactory proof that every worker has had instruction and training in hazards of asbestos exposure, in personal hygiene and work practices, and in use, cleaning, and disposal of respirators and protective clothing.
- .2 Instruction and training related to respirators includes, at minimum:
 - .1 Fitting of equipment.
 - .2 Inspection and maintenance of equipment.
 - .3 Disinfecting of equipment.
 - .4 Limitations of equipment.
- .3 Instruction and training must be provided by competent, qualified person.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Drop and Enclosure Sheets.
 - .1 Polyethylene: 0.15 mm thick.
 - .2 FR polyethylene: 0.15 mm thick woven fibre reinforced fabric bonded both sides with polyethylene.
- .2 Wetting Agent: 50% polyoxyethylene ester and 50% polyoxyethylene ether mixed with water in concentration to provide thorough wetting of asbestos-containing material.
- .3 Waste Containers: contain waste in two separate containers.
 - .1 Inner container: 0.15 mm thick sealable polyethylene bag
 - .2 Outer container: sealable metal or fibre type where there are sharp objects included in waste material; otherwise outer container may be

- sealable metal or fibre type or second 0.15 mm thick sealable polyethylene bag.
- .3 Labelling requirements: affix preprinted cautionary asbestos warning, in both official languages, that is visible when ready for removal to disposal site.
- .4 Glove Bag: prefabricated glove bag as follows:
 - .1 Minimum thickness 0.25 mm (10 mil) polyvinyl chloride bag.
 - .2 Integral 0.25 mm (10 mil) thick polyvinyl chloride gloves and elastic ports.
 - .3 Equipped with reversible, double pull, double throw zipper on top and at approximately mid section of the bag.
 - .4 Straps for sealing ends around pipe.
 - .5 Must incorporate internal closure strip if it is to be moved or used in more than one specific location.
- .5 Tape: tape suitable for sealing polyethylene to surfaces under both dry and wet conditions using amended water.
- .6 Slow drying sealer: non-staining, clear, water dispersible type that remains tacky on surface for at least 8 hours and designed for purpose of trapping residual asbestos fibres.
 - .1 Sealer: flame spread and smoke developed rating less than 50.
- .7 Encapsulant: penetrating type conforming to CAN/CGSB-1.205.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 SUPERVISION

- .1 Minimum of one Supervisor for every ten workers is required.
- .2 Approved Supervisor must remain within Asbestos Work Area during disturbance, removal, or other handling of asbestos-containing materials.

3.2 PROCEDURES

- .1 Before beginning Work, at each access to Asbestos Work Area, install warning signs in both official languages in upper case 'Helvetica Medium' letters reading as follows, where number in parentheses indicates font size to be used: 'CAUTION ASBESTOS HAZARD AREA (25 mm) / NO UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY (19 mm) / WEAR ASSIGNED PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (19 mm) / BREATHING ASBESTOS DUST MAY CAUSE SERIOUS BODILY HARM (7 mm)'.
- .2 Before beginning Work remove visible dust from surfaces in work area where dust is likely to be disturbed during course of work.
 - .1 Use HEPA vacuum, or damp cloths where damp cleaning does not create hazard and is otherwise appropriate.
 - .2 Do not use compressed air to clean up or remove dust from any surface.
- .3 Prevent spread of dust from Asbestos Work Area using measures appropriate to work to be done.

- .1 Use FR polyethylene drop sheets over flooring such as carpeting that absorbs dust and over flooring in work areas where dust or contamination cannot otherwise be safely contained.
- .2 Erect enclosure of polyethylene sheeting around indoor Type 2 work areas, shut off mechanical ventilation system serving work area, and seal ventilation ducts to and from work area. Exterior abatement work areas shall be separated from other areas using visual barriers that prevent members of the public from viewing abatement work operations.
- .4 Remove loose material by HEPA vacuum; thoroughly wet friable material containing asbestos to be removed or disturbed before and during Work unless wetting creates hazard or causes damage.
 - .1 Use garden reservoir type low velocity sprayer or airless spray equipment capable of producing mist or fine spray.
 - .2 Perform Work in a manner to reduce dust creation to lowest levels practicable.
- .5 Pipe Insulation Removal Using Glove Bag:
 - .1 A glove bag not to be used to remove insulation from a pipe, duct or similar structure if:
 - .1 It may not be possible to maintain a proper seal for any reason including, without limitation:
 - .2 The condition of the insulation.
 - .3 The temperature of the pipe, duct or similar structure.
 - .4 The bag could become damaged for any reason including, without limitation:
 - .1 The type of jacketing.
 - .2 The temperature of the pipe, duct or similar Structure.
 - .2 Upon installation of the glove bag, inspect bag for any damage or defects. If any damage or defects are found, the glove bag is to be repaired or replaced. The glove bag to be inspected at regular intervals for damage and defects, and repair or replaced, as appropriately. The asbestos containing contents of the damaged or defective glove bag found during removal are to be wetted and the glove bag and its contents are to be removed and disposed of in an appropriate waste disposal container. Any damaged or defective glove bags are not be reused.
 - .3 Place tools necessary to remove insulation in tool pouch. Wrap bag around pipe and close zippers. Seal bag to pipe with cloth straps.
 - .4 Place hands in gloves and use necessary tools to remove insulation.

 Arrange insulation in bag to obtain full capacity of bag.
 - .5 Insert nozzle of garden reservoir type sprayer into bag through valve and wash down pipe and interior of bag thoroughly. Wet surface of insulation in lower section of bag.
 - .6 To remove bag after completion of stripping, wash top section and tools thoroughly. Remove air from top section through elasticized valve using a HEPA vacuum. Pull polyethylene waste container over glove bag before removing from pipe. Release one strap and remove freshly washed tools. Place tools in water. Remove second strap and zipper. Fold over into waste container and seal.

- .7 After removal of bag ensure that pipe is free of residue. Remove residue using HEPA vacuum or wet cloths. Ensure that surfaces are free of sludge which after drying could release asbestos dust into atmosphere. Seal exposed surfaces of pipe and ends of insulation with slow drying sealer to seal in any residual fibres.
- .8 Upon completion of Work shift, cover exposed ends of remaining pipe insulation with polyethylene taped in place.
- .6 Work is subject to visual inspection and air monitoring. Contamination of surrounding areas indicated by visual inspection or air monitoring will require complete enclosure and clean-up of affected areas at no additional costs to owners.

.7 Clean-up:

- .1 Frequently during Work and immediately after completion of work, clean up dust and asbestos-containing waste using HEPA vacuum or by damp mopping.
- .2 Place dust and asbestos-containing waste in sealed dust-tight waste bags. Treat drop sheets and disposable protective clothing as asbestos waste and wet and fold to contain dust and then place in waste bags.
- .3 Immediately before their removal from Asbestos Work Area and disposal, clean each filled waste bag using damp cloths or HEPA vacuum and place in second clean waste bag.
- .4 Seal and remove double-bagged waste from site. Dispose of in accordance with requirements of Provincial/Territorial and Federal authority having jurisdiction. Supervise dumping and ensure that dump operator is fully aware of hazardous nature of material to be dumped and that guidelines and regulations for asbestos disposal are followed.
- .5 Perform final thorough clean-up of Asbestos Work Areas and adjacent areas affected by Work using HEPA vacuum.

3.3 AIR MONITORING

- .1 From beginning of Work until completion of cleaning operations, the Departmental Representative will collect air samples daily inside the Asbestos Work Area enclosures to ensure worker respiratory protection factors are not exceeded, in accordance with Provincial/Federal requirements.
- .2 From beginning of Work until completion of cleaning operations, the Departmental Representative will collect air samples on a daily basis in the clean room and outside the enclosures.
- .3 If air monitoring shows that areas outside work area enclosures or clean room are contaminated, enclose, maintain, and clean these areas in same manner as that applicable to Asbestos Work Areas:
 - .1 Stop work and clean areas outside of Asbestos Work Areas when Phased Contrast Microscopy measurements exceed 0.05 fibres per cubic centimetre (f/cc) and correct procedures.
 - .2 All required cleaning, re-cleaning, additional air testing and/or inspections will be performed at no extra charge to the Client.

- .4 The Departmental Representative will collect clearance air samples inside the enclosure following a final visual inspection of the Asbestos Work Area by the Departmental Representative. Samples will be analyzed and compared to applicable regulations.
 - .1 Final air monitoring results must show fibre levels of less than 0.05 fibres per cubic centimetre (f/cc).
 - .2 If air monitoring shows that areas inside the Asbestos Work Area enclosures are contaminated; enclose, maintain and clean these areas in same manner as that applicable to Asbestos Work Area at no additional cost to the client.
 - .3 Repeat as necessary until fibre levels are less than 0.05 f/cc
 - .4 No additional costs will be allowed by Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- .1 Comply with requirements of this Section when performing following work:
 - .1 Removal or disturbance of more than one square metre of friable asbestoscontaining materials.
 - .2 Breaking, cutting, drilling, abrading, grinding, sanding or vibrating of asbestos containing materials, if the work is done by means of power tools that are not attached to dust-collecting devices equipped with HEPA filters.
- .2 Refer to the following documents for details on asbestos containing materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 02 81 01 Hazardous Materials
- .2 Section 02 82 00.01 Asbestos Abatement: Minimum Precautions.
- .3 Section 02 82 00.02 Asbestos Abatement: Intermediate Precautions.
- .4 Section 02 83 20 Lead Precautionary Measures
- .5 Section 02 89 00 Silica Precautionary Measures

1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-1.205-03, Sealer for Application to Asbestos-Fibre-Releasing Materials.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association (CSA International).
- .3 Department of Justice Canada.
 - .1 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA), 1999.
- .4 Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).
 - .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- .5 Transport Canada (TC).
 - .1 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, 1992 (TDGA).
- .6 Ontario Environmental Protection Act, R.R.O 1990,
 - .1 General Waste Management, O. Reg 347/90, as amended.
- .7 Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC).
- .8 Canada Labour Code Part II, section 124 and 125.
 - .1 Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations
- .9 National Joint Council (NJC).
 - .1 Part XI Hazardous Substances.
- .10 Ontario Ministry of Labour (MoL).

- .1 Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O 1990, c. O1 (OSHA)
 - .1 O.Reg. 278/05 Designated Substance Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations, as amended.
 - .2 O.Reg 490/09 Designated Substances
 - .3 O.Reg 213/91 "Construction Projects", as amended

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- .1 Airlock: system for permitting ingress or egress without permitting air movement between contaminated area and uncontaminated area, typically consisting of two curtained doorways at least 2 m apart.
- .2 Amended Water: water with a non-ionic surfactant wetting agent added to reduce surface tension of water to allow wetting of fibres.
- .3 Asbestos-Containing Materials (ACMs): materials that contain 0.5 percent or more asbestos by dry weight, identified under Existing Conditions Article, including fallen materials and settled dust.
- .4 Asbestos Work Area: Area where actual removal and sealing and enclosure of spray or trowel-applied asbestos-containing materials takes place.
- .5 Authorized Visitors: Departmental Representative, and representative(s) of regulatory agencies.
- .6 Competent worker: in relation to specific work, means a worker who:
 - .1 Is qualified because of knowledge, training and experience to perform the work.
 - .2 Is familiar with the provincial laws and with the provisions of the regulations that apply to the work.
 - .3 Has knowledge of all potential or actual danger to health or safety in the work.
- .7 Curtained doorway: arrangement of closures to allow ingress and egress from one room to another while permitting minimal air movement between rooms, typically constructed as follows:
 - .1 Place two overlapping sheets of polyethylene over existing or temporarily framed doorway, secure each along top of doorway, secure vertical edge of one sheet along one vertical side of doorway, and secure vertical edge of other sheet along opposite vertical side of doorway.
 - .2 Reinforce free edges of polyethylene with duct tape and weight bottom edge to ensure proper closing.
 - .3 Overlap each polyethylene sheet at openings not less than 1.5 m on each side.
- .8 DOP Test: testing method used to determine integrity of Negative Pressure unit using dioctyl phthalate (DOP) HEPA filter leak test.
- .9 Friable Material: material that when dry can be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure and includes such material that is crumbled, pulverized or powdered.

- .10 Hazardous Material Workplan: A brief report identifying the location and quantities of hazardous materials and the methods that will be used to remove, store, transport, and dispose of them.
- .11 HEPA vacuum: DOP tested, High Efficiency Particulate Air filtered vacuum equipment with a filter system capable of collecting and retaining fibres greater than 0.3 microns in any direction at 99.97% efficiency.
- .12 Negative pressure: system that extracts air directly from work area, filters such extracted air through High Efficiency Particulate Air filtering system, and discharges this air directly outside work area to exterior of building. Negative pressure systems will require DOP testing on-site, regardless of whether exhausting to interior or outdoors prior to work operations. Include in contract sum costs due to this requirement.
 - .1 System to maintain minimum pressure differential of 0.02 inches of water relative to adjacent areas outside of work areas, be equipped with alarm to warn of system breakdown, and be equipped with instrument to continuously monitor and automatically record pressure differences.
- .13 Non-Friable Materials: material that when dry cannot be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure.
- .14 Occupied Area: any area of building or work site that is outside Asbestos Work Area.
- .15 Polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape: Polyethylene sheeting of type and thickness specified sealed with tape along edges, around penetrating objects, over cuts and tears, and elsewhere as required to provide continuous polyethylene membrane to protect underlying surfaces from water damage or damage by sealants, and to prevent escape of asbestos fibres through sheeting into clean area.
- .16 Sprayer: garden reservoir type sprayer or airless spray equipment capable of producing mist or fine spray. Must be appropriate capacity for scope of work.

1.5 ACTION AND INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- .1 Before beginning work:
 - .1 Obtain from appropriate agency and submit to Departmental Representative necessary permits for transportation and disposal of asbestos waste. Ensure that dump operator is fully aware of hazardous nature of material being dumped, and proper methods of disposal. Submit proof satisfactory to Departmental Representative that suitable arrangements have been made to receive and properly dispose of asbestos waste.
 - .2 Submit proof satisfactory to Departmental Representative that every worker involved in a Type 3 operation has successfully completed the Asbestos Abatement Worker Training Program approved by the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities and every supervisor of a worker involved in a Type 3 operation has successfully completed the Asbestos Abatement Supervisor Training Program approved by the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities as outlined in O. Reg. 278/05, s. 20 (1). Submit proof of attendance in form of certificate.
 - .3 Submit proof satisfactory to Client and/or Client Representative that every worker who will be entering a Type 3 asbestos work area, who will be

- using a respirator, has successfully completed **<u>quantitative respirator fit</u> <u>testing,</u>** for the respirator type personally issued to worker.
- .4 Ensure supervisory personnel have attended asbestos abatement course, of not less than two days duration, approved by Departmental Representative. Submit proof of attendance in form of certificate. Minimum of one Supervisor for every ten workers.
- .5 Submit layout of proposed enclosures and decontamination facilities to Departmental Representative for review prior to work.
- .6 Submit documentation including test results for sealer proposed for use.
- .7 Submit Provincial/Territorial and/or local requirements for Notice of Project Form.
- .8 Submit proof of Contractor's Asbestos Liability Insurance.
- .9 Submit Worker's Compensation Board status and transcription of insurance.
- .10 Submit documentation including test results, fire and flammability data, and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for chemicals or materials including but not limited to following:
 - .1 amended water:
 - .2 slow-drying sealer.
- .11 Asbestos abatement section within Hazardous Material Work Plan.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Regulatory Requirements: comply with Federal, Provincial/Territorial and local requirements pertaining to asbestos, provided that in case of conflict among those requirements or with these specifications more stringent requirement applies. Comply with regulations in effect at time work is performed.
- .2 Health and Safety:
 - .1 Safety Requirements: worker and visitor protection.
 - .1 Protective equipment and clothing to be worn by workers while in Asbestos Work Area includes:
 - .1 As a minimum, full-face respirator equipped with HEPA P-100 filter cartridges, personally issued to worker and marked as to efficiency and purpose, suitable for protection against asbestos and acceptable to Provincial Authority having jurisdiction. The respirator to be fitted so that there is an effective seal between the respirator and the worker's face, unless the respirator is equipped with a hood or helmet. The respirator to be cleaned, disinfected and inspected after use on each shift, or more often if necessary, when issued for the exclusive use of one worker, or after each use when used by more than one worker. The respirator to have damaged or deteriorated parts replaced prior to being used by a worker; and, when not in use, to be stored in a convenient, clean and sanitary location. The employer to establish written procedures regarding the selection, use and care of respirators, and a copy of the procedures to be provided to and reviewed with each worker who is required to wear a respirator. A

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- worker not to be assigned to an operation requiring the use of a respirator unless he or she is physically able to perform the operation while using the respirator.
- .2 Disposable-type protective clothing (high-density polyethylene protective clothing (Tyvek or similar, as approved by Client/Client Representative) that does not readily retain or permit penetration of asbestos fibres. Protective clothing to be provided by the employer and worn by every worker who enters the work area, and the protective clothing shall consist of a head covering and full body covering that fits snugly at the ankles, wrists and neck, in order to prevent asbestos fibres from reaching the garments and skin under the protective clothing to include suitable footwear, and to be repaired or replaced if torn

.2 Requirements for each worker:

- .1 Remove street clothes in clean change room and put on respirator with new filters or reusable filters that have been tested as satisfactory, clean coveralls and head covers before entering Equipment and Access Rooms or Asbestos Work Area. Store street clothes, uncontaminated footwear, towels, and similar uncontaminated articles in clean change room.
- .2 Remove gross contamination from clothing before leaving work area then proceed to Equipment and Access Room and remove clothing except respirators. Place contaminated worksuits in receptacles for disposal with other asbestos - contaminated materials. Leave reusable items except respirator in Equipment and Access Room. Still wearing the respirator proceed naked to showers. Using soap and water wash body and hair thoroughly. Clean outside of respirator with soap and water while showering: remove respirator: remove filters and wet them and dispose of filters in container provided for purpose; and wash and rinse inside of respirator. When not in use in work area, store work footwear in Equipment and Access Room. Upon completion of asbestos abatement, dispose of footwear as contaminated waste or clean thoroughly inside and out using soap and water before removing from work area or from Equipment and Access Room.
- .3 After showering and drying off, proceed to clean change room and dress in street clothes at end of each day's work, or in clean coveralls before eating, smoking, or drinking. If re-entering work area, follow procedures outlined in paragraphs above.
- .4 Enter unloading room from outside dressed in clean coveralls to remove waste containers and equipment from Holding Room of Container and Equipment Decontamination Enclosure system. Workers must not use this system as means to leave or enter work area.
- .3 Eating, drinking, chewing, and smoking are not permitted in Asbestos Work Area.

- .4 Ensure workers are fully protected with respirators and protective clothing during preparation of system of enclosures prior to commencing actual asbestos abatement.
- .5 Provide and post in Clean Change Room and in Equipment and Access Room the procedures described in this Section, in both official languages.
- .6 Ensure that no person required to enter an Asbestos Work Area has facial hair that affects seal between respirator and face.
- .7 Visitor Protection:
 - .1 Provide protective clothing and approved respirators to Authorized Visitors to work areas.
 - .2 Instruct Authorized Visitors in the use of protective clothing, respirators and procedures.
 - .3 Instruct Authorized Visitors in proper procedures to be followed in entering into and exiting from Asbestos Work Area.

1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- .1 Remove from site and dispose of packaging materials at appropriate recycling facilities.
- .2 Collect and separate for disposal paper, plastic, polystyrene, corrugated cardboard, packaging material in appropriate on-site bins for recycling in accordance with Waste Management Plan.
- .3 Separate for reuse, and recycling and place in designated containers steel, metal, plastic waste in accordance with Waste Management Plan.
- .4 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic in designated containers.
- .5 Handle and dispose of hazardous materials in accordance with the CEPA, TDGA, Regional and Municipal regulations.
- .6 Fold up metal banding, flatten and place in designated area for recycling.
- .7 Disposal of asbestos waste generated by removal activities must comply with Federal, Provincial, Territorial and Municipal regulations. Dispose of asbestos waste in sealed double thickness 6 ml bags or leak proof drums. Label containers with appropriate warning labels.
- .8 Provide manifests describing and listing waste created. Transport containers by approved means to licensed landfill for burial.

1.8 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- .1 Refer to the following document for details on asbestos containing materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.
- .2 Notify Departmental Representative of friable or any otherwise suspect asbestoscontaining material discovered during Work and not apparent from drawings, specifications, or report pertaining to Work. Do not disturb such material until instructed by Departmental Representative.

1.9 SCHEDULING

- .1 Not later than ten (10) days before beginning Work on this Project notify following in writing:
 - .1 Appropriate Regional or Zone Director of Medical Services Branch, Health Canada.
 - .2 Regional Office of Labour Canada.
 - .3 Provincial/Territorial, Department of Labour.
 - .4 Disposal Authority.
- .2 Inform sub-trades of presence of asbestos-containing materials identified in the Specification Section 01 14 25 Designated Substance Report.
- .3 Submit to Departmental Representative copy of notifications prior to start of Work.
- .4 Hours of Work: perform work involving asbestos abatement located at the Building during hours specified by Departmental Representative. The work schedule must be approved in writing by the Departmental Representative in advance of work. Contractor shall be available to work continuously from beginning to end of project.

1.10 PERSONNEL TRAINING

- .1 Before beginning Work, provide to Departmental Representative satisfactory proof that every worker has had instruction and training in hazards of asbestos exposure, in personal hygiene including dress and showers, in entry and exit from Asbestos Work Area, in aspects of work procedures, and in use, cleaning, and disposal of respirators and protective clothing.
- .2 Instruction and training related to respirators includes, at minimum:
 - .1 Proper fitting of equipment.
 - .2 Inspection and maintenance of equipment.
 - .3 Cleaning and Disinfecting of equipment.
 - .4 Limitations of equipment.
- .3 Instruction and training must be provided by competent, qualified person.
- .4 Every worker involved in a Type 3 operation must have successfully completed the Asbestos Abatement Worker Training Program approved by the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities.
- .5 Every supervisor of a worker involved in a Type 3 operation must have successfully completed the Asbestos Abatement Supervisor Training Program approved by the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Polyethylene: minimum 0.15 mm thick unless otherwise specified; in sheet size to minimize joints.
- .2 FR polyethylene: minimum 0.15 mm thick, woven fibre reinforced fabric bonded both sides with polyethylene.

- .3 Tape: fibreglass reinforced duct tape suitable for sealing polyethylene under both dry conditions and wet conditions using amended water.
- .4 Wetting agent: 50% polyoxyethylene ester and 50% polyoxyethylene ether, or other material approved by Departmental Representative mixed with water in concentration to provide adequate penetration and wetting of asbestos-containing material.
- .5 Asbestos waste containers: Metal or fibre type acceptable to dump operator with tightly fitting covers and 0.15 mm minimum thickness sealable polyethylene liners.
 - .1 Inner container: 0.15 mm thick sealable polyethylene waste bag.
 - .2 Outer container: sealable metal or fibre type where there are sharp objects included in waste material; otherwise outer container may be sealable metal or fibre type or second 0.15 mm thick sealable polyethylene bag.
 - .3 Label containers in accordance with applicable Regulations. Label in both official languages.
- .6 Tape: tape suitable for sealing polyethylene to surfaces under both dry and wet conditions using amended water.
- .7 Scaffolding: Of appropriate size and strength to accommodate project in accordance with O.Reg 213/91, with specifications and set-up to be approved and stamped by professional engineer. Include in contract sum costs due to this requirement.
- .8 Slow drying sealer: non-staining, clear, water dispersible type that remains tacky on surface for at least 8 hours and designed for purpose of trapping residual asbestos fibres.
- .9 Encapsulant: penetrating type conforming to CAN/CGSB-1.205.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 PREPARATION

.1 Work Areas:

- .1 Shut off and isolate air handling and ventilation systems to prevent fibre dispersal to other building areas during work phase. Conduct smoke tests to ensure that duct work is airtight. Seal and caulk joints and seams of active return air ducts within Asbestos Work Area.
- .2 Pre-clean moveable furniture and carpeting within proposed work area using HEPA vacuum and remove from work area to an appropriate temporary location.
- .3 Pre-clean fixed casework, plant, and equipment within proposed work area(s), using HEPA vacuum and cover with polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape.
- .4 Clean proposed work area(s) using, where practicable, HEPA vacuum cleaning equipment. If not practicable, use wet cleaning method. Do not use methods that raise dust, such as dry sweeping, or vacuuming using other than HEPA vacuum equipment.
- .5 The spread of dust from the work area to be prevented by:

- .1 Using enclosures of polyethylene or other suitable material that is impervious to asbestos (including, if the enclosure material is opaque, one or more transparent window areas to allow observation of the entire work area from outside the enclosure), if the work area is not enclosed by walls.
- .2 Using curtains of polyethylene sheeting or other suitable material that is impervious to asbestos, fitted on each side of each entrance or exit from the work area.
- DOP test negative pressure units within one (1) month prior to work operations. Provide documentation to Client Representative. Put negative pressure system in operation and operate continuously from time first polyethylene is installed to seal openings until final completion of work including final cleanup. Provide continuous monitoring of pressure difference using automatic recording instrument. The system to maintain a negative air pressure of 0.02 inches [5 Pa] of water, relative to the area outside the enclosed area. The system to be inspected and maintained by a competent person prior each use to ensure that there is no air leakage, and if the filter is found to be damaged or defective, it to be replaced before the ventilation system is used. Vent negative air units to the outdoors.
- .7 Seal off openings such as corridors, doorways, windows, skylights, ducts, grilles, and diffusers, with polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape.
- .8 Cover floor and wall surfaces with polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape. Use one layer of FR polyethylene on floors. Cover floors first so that polyethylene extends at least 300 mm up walls then cover walls to overlap floor sheeting.
- .9 Build airlocks at entrances to and exits from work area(s) so that work area(s) are always closed off by one curtained doorway when workers enter or exit.
- .10 At each access to work areas install warning signs in both official languages in upper case "Helvetica Medium" letters reading as follows where number in parentheses indicates font size to be used: "CAUTION ASBESTOS HAZARD AREA (25 mm) NO UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY (19 mm) WEAR ASSIGNED PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (19 mm) BREATHING ASBESTOS DUST MAY CAUSE SERIOUS BODILY HARM (7 mm)".
- .11 After work area isolation, remove heating, ventilating, and air conditioning filters, pack in sealed plastic bags 0.15 mm minimum thick and treat as contaminated asbestos waste. Remove ceiling mounted objects such as lights, partitions, other fixtures not previously sealed off, and other objects that interfere with asbestos removal, as directed by Departmental Representative. Use localized water spraying during fixture removal to reduce fibre dispersal.
- .12 Maintain emergency and fire exits from work area(s), or establish alternative exits satisfactory to Fire Commissioner of Canada.
- .13 Where application of water is required for wetting asbestos-containing materials, shut off electrical power, provide 24 volt safety lighting and ground fault interrupter circuits on power source for electrical tools, in accordance with applicable CSA Standard. Ensure safe installation of electrical lines and equipment.

- .2 Worker Decontamination Enclosure System:
 - .1 Worker Decontamination Enclosure System includes Equipment and Access Room, Shower Room, and Clean Room, as follows:
 - Equipment and Access Room: build Equipment and Access Room between Shower Room and work area(s), with two curtained doorways, one to Shower Room and one to work area(s). Install portable toilet, waste receptor, and storage facilities for workers' shoes and protective clothing to be reworn in work area(s). Build Equipment and Access Room large enough to accommodate specified facilities, other equipment needed, and at least one worker allowing him /her sufficient space to undress comfortably.
 - .2 Shower Room: build Shower Room between Clean Room and Equipment and Access Room, with two curtained doorways, one to Clean Room and one to Equipment and Access Room. Provide one shower for every five workers. Provide hot and cold water or water of a constant temperature that is not less than 40°C or more than 50°C. Provide individual controls inside the room to regulate water flow, and individual controls inside room to regulate temperature. Provide piping and connect to water sources and drains. Pump waste water through 5 micrometre filter system acceptable to Client Representative before directing into drains. Provide soap, clean towels, and appropriate containers for disposal of used respirator filters.
 - .3 Clean Room: build Clean Room between Shower Room and clean areas outside of enclosures, with two curtained doorways, one to outside of enclosures and one to Shower Room. Provide lockers or hangers and hooks for workers' street clothes and personal belongings. Provide storage for clean protective clothing and respiratory equipment. Install mirror to permit workers to fit respiratory equipment properly.
- .3 Container and Equipment Decontamination Enclosure System:
 - .1 Container and Equipment Decontamination Enclosure System consists of Staging Area within work area, Washroom, Holding Room, and Unloading Room. Purpose of system is to provide means to decontaminate waste containers, scaffolding, waste and material containers, vacuum and spray equipment, and other tools and equipment for which Worker Decontamination Enclosure System is not suitable.
 - .1 Staging Area: designate Staging Area in work area for gross removal of dust and debris from waste containers and equipment, labelling and sealing of waste containers, and temporary storage pending removal to Washroom. Equip Staging Area with curtained doorway to Washroom.
 - .2 Washroom: build Washroom between Staging Area and Holding Room with two curtained doorways, one to Staging Area and one to Holding Room. Provide high pressure low volume sprays for washing of waste containers and equipment. Pump waste water through 5 micrometre filter system before directing into drains. Provide piping and connect to water sources and drains.
 - .3 Holding Room: build Holding Room between Washroom and Unloading Room, with two curtained doorways, one to Washroom

and one to Unloading Room. Build Holding Room sized to accommodate at least two waste containers and largest item of equipment used.

.4 Unloading Room: build Unloading Room between Holding Room and outside, with two curtained doorways, one to Holding Room and one to outside.

.4 Construction of Decontamination Enclosures:

- .1 Build suitable framing for enclosures or use existing rooms where convenient, and line with polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape. Use one layer of FR polyethylene on floors, as applicable.
- .2 Build curtained doorways between enclosures so that when people move through or when waste containers and equipment are moved through doorway, one of two closures comprising doorway always remains closed.
- .5 Separation of Work Areas from Occupied Areas:
 - .1 Separate parts of building required to remain in use from parts of building or exterior used for asbestos abatement by means of airtight barrier system constructed as follows:
 - .1 Build suitable floor to ceiling lumber or metal stud framing, cover with polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape, and apply 9 mm minimum thick plywood. Seal joints between plywood sheets and between plywood and adjacent materials with surface film forming type sealer, to create airtight barrier.
 - .2 Cover plywood barrier with polyethylene sealed with tape, as specified for work areas.

.6 Maintenance of Enclosures:

- .1 Maintain enclosures in tidy condition.
- .2 Ensure that barriers and polyethylene linings are effectively sealed and taped. Repair damaged barriers and remedy defects immediately upon discovery.
- .3 Visually inspect enclosures at beginning of each working period.
- .4 Use smoke methods to test effectiveness of barriers when directed by Departmental Representative.

.7 Do not begin Asbestos Abatement work until:

- .1 Arrangements have been made for disposal of waste.
- .2 For wet stripping techniques, arrangements have been made for containing, filtering, and disposal of waste water.
- .3 Work area(s) and decontamination enclosures and parts of building required to remain in use are effectively segregated.
- .4 Tools, equipment, and materials waste containers are on hand.
- .5 Arrangements have been made for building security.
- .6 Warning signs are displayed where access to contaminated areas is possible.
- .7 Notifications have been completed and other preparatory steps have been taken.

- .8 Work area enclosure has been inspected and approved by the Departmental Representative.
- .9 Locations for waste bins as designated by the Departmental Representative have been established. Keep bins covered and enclosed while at the site. Bin loading area shall be kept clean at all times.

3.2 SUPERVISION

- .1 Minimum of one Supervisor for every ten workers is required.
- .2 Approved Supervisor must remain within Asbestos Work Area during disturbance, removal, or other handling of asbestos-containing materials.

3.3 ASBESTOS REMOVAL

- .1 Before removing asbestos:
 - .1 Prepare site.
 - .2 Spray asbestos material with water containing specified wetting agent, using airless spray equipment capable of providing "mist" application to prevent release of fibres. Saturate asbestos material sufficiently to wet it to substrate without causing excess dripping. Spray asbestos material repeatedly during work process to maintain saturation and to minimize asbestos fibre dispersion.
- .2 Remove saturated asbestos material in small sections. Do not allow saturated asbestos to dry out. As it is being removed pack material in sealable plastic bags 0.15 mm minimum thick and place in labelled containers for transport.
- .3 Seal filled containers. Clean external surfaces thoroughly by wet sponging. Remove from immediate working area to Staging Area. Clean external surfaces thoroughly again by wet sponging before moving containers to decontamination Washroom. Wash containers thoroughly in decontamination Washroom, and store in Holding Room pending removal to Unloading Room and outside. Ensure that containers are removed from Holding Room by workers who have entered from uncontaminated areas dressed in clean coveralls.
- .4 After completion of stripping work, wire brushed and wet-sponged surfaces from which asbestos has been removed to remove visible material. During this work keep surfaces wet.
- .5 After wire brushing and wet sponging to remove visible asbestos and after encapsulating asbestos containing material impossible to remove, wet clean entire work area including Equipment and Access Room, and equipment used in process. After 24 hour period to allow for dust settling, wet clean these areas and objects again. During this settling period no entry, activity, or ventilation will be permitted. After second 24 hour period under same conditions, clean these areas and objects again using HEPA vacuum followed by wet cleaning. After inspection by Departmental Representative or designate, apply continuous coat of slow drying sealer to surfaces of work area. Allow at least 16 hours with no entry, activity, ventilation, or disturbance other than operation of negative pressure units during this period.
- .6 Work is subject to visual inspection and air monitoring by Departmental Representative. Contamination of surrounding areas indicated by visual inspection or air monitoring will require complete enclosure and clean-up of affected areas.

.7 Cleanup:

- .1 Frequently during Work and immediately after completion of work, clean up dust and asbestos containing waste using HEPA vacuum or by damp mopping.
- .2 Place dust and asbestos containing waste in sealed dust tight waste bags. Treat drop sheets and disposable protective clothing as asbestos waste and wet and fold to contain dust and then place in waste bags.
- .3 Immediately before their removal from Asbestos Work Area and disposal, clean each filled waste bag using damp cloths or HEPA vacuum and place in second clean waste bag.
- .4 Seal and remove double bagged waste from site. Dispose of in accordance with requirements of Provincial/Territorial and Federal authority having jurisdiction. Supervise dumping and ensure that dump operator is fully aware of hazardous nature of material to be dumped and that guidelines and regulations for asbestos disposal are followed.
- .5 Perform final thorough clean-up of Asbestos Work Areas and adjacent areas affected by Work using HEPA vacuum.

3.4 INSPECTION

- .1 Perform inspection of Asbestos Work Area to confirm compliance with specification and governing authority requirements. Deviation(s) from these requirements that have not been approved in writing by the Departmental Representative may result in Work stoppage, at no cost to the Owner.
- .2 Departmental Representative will inspect Work for:
 - .1 Adherence to specific procedures and materials.
 - .2 Final cleanliness and completion.
 - .3 No additional costs will be allowed by Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.
- .3 When asbestos leakage from Asbestos Work Area has occurred or is likely to occur, Departmental Representative may order Work shutdown.
- .4 No additional costs will be allowed by Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.

3.5 AIR MONITORING

- .1 From beginning of Work until completion of cleaning operations, the Departmental Representative may collect air samples daily inside the Asbestos Work Area enclosures to ensure worker respiratory protection factors are not exceeded, in accordance with Provincial/Federal requirements.
- .2 From beginning of Work until completion of cleaning operations, Departmental Representative will collect air samples on daily basis in the clean room and outside of work area enclosure(s) in accordance with industry standard practice.
- .3 If air monitoring shows that areas outside work area are contaminated, enclose, maintain and clean these areas in same manner as that applicable to Asbestos Work Areas.

- .1 Stop work and clean areas outside of Asbestos Work Areas when Phase Contrast Microscopy measurements exceed 0.05 fibres per cubic centimetre (f/cc) and correct procedures.
- .2 All required cleaning, re-cleaning, additional air testing and/or inspections will be at no extra charge to Departmental Representative.
- .4 Final air monitoring to be conducted as follows: After Asbestos Work Area has passed visual inspection by Departmental Representative, and acceptable coat of lock-down agent has been applied to surfaces within enclosure, and appropriate setting period has passed, Departmental Representative will perform aggressive air monitoring within Asbestos Work Area.
 - .1 Final air monitoring results must show fibre levels of less than 0.01 f/cc.
 - .2 If air monitoring results show fibre levels in excess of 0.01 f/cc, re-clean work area and apply another acceptable coat of lock-down agent to surfaces.
 - .3 Repeat as necessary until fibre levels are less than 0.01 f/cc.
 - .4 No additional costs will be allowed by Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.

3.6 FINAL CLEANUP

- .1 Following cleaning and air sampling by Departmental Representative shows that asbestos levels inside work area enclosure(s) do not exceed 0.01 fibres/cc, proceed with final cleanup.
- .2 Remove polyethylene sheet by rolling it away from walls to centre of work area. Vacuum visible asbestos-containing particles observed during cleanup, immediately, using HEPA vacuum equipment.
- .3 Place polyethylene seals, tape, cleaning material, clothing, and other contaminated waste in plastic bags and sealed labelled waste containers for transport.
- .4 Include in clean-up Work areas, Equipment and Access Room, Washroom, Shower Room, and other contaminated enclosures.
- .5 Include in clean-up sealed waste containers and equipment used in Work and remove from work areas, via Container and Equipment Decontamination Enclosure System, at appropriate time in cleaning sequence.
- .6 Conduct final check to ensure that no dust or debris remains on surfaces as result of dismantling operations.
- .7 As work progresses, and to prevent exceeding available storage capacity on site, remove sealed and labelled containers containing asbestos waste and dispose of at authorized disposal area in accordance with requirements of disposal authority. Ensure that each shipment of containers transported to dump is accompanied by Contractor's representative to ensure that dumping is done in accordance with governing regulations.

Part 1 General

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- .1 Lead abatement procedures for the removal/disturbance/repair of materials suspected of containing lead, if required to accommodate the project scope of work.
- .2 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 02 81 01 Hazardous Materials
- .2 Section 02 82 00.01 Asbestos Abatement: Minimum Precautions
- .3 Section 02 82 00.02 Asbestos Abatement: Intermediate Precautions
- .4 Section 02 82 00.03 Asbestos Abatement: Maximum Precautions
- .5 Section 02 89 00 Silica Precautionary Measures

1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Department of Justice Canada.
 - .1 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA), 1999.
- .2 Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).
 - .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- .3 Transport Canada (TC).
 - .1 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, 1992 (TDGA).
- .4 Ontario Ministry of Environment (MoE).
 - .1 R.R.O. 1990, Reg. 347, General Waste Management, as amended.
- .5 Ontario Ministry of Labour (MoL).
 - .1 Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. O.1 (OHSA).
 - .1 O.Reg. 213/91, Construction Projects.
 - .2 R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 490/09, "Designated Substances".
 - .2 Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects, September 2004, as revised.
- .6 Canada Consumer Product Safety Act Surface Coating Materials Regulations SOR/2005-109, as amended.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- .1 Airlock: system for permitting ingress or egress without permitting air movement between contaminated area and uncontaminated area, typically consisting of two curtained doorways at least 2 m apart unless Site Conditions dictate otherwise.
- .2 Authorized Visitors: Departmental Representatives or designated representatives, and representatives of regulatory agencies.
- .3 Curtained doorway: arrangement of closures to allow ingress and egress from one room to another while permitting minimal air movement between rooms,

typically constructed by placing two overlapping sheets of polyethylene over existing or temporarily framed doorway, secure each along top of doorway, secure vertical edge of one sheet along one vertical side of doorway, and secure vertical edge of other sheet along opposite vertical side of doorway. Reinforce free edges of polyethylene with duct tape and weight bottom edge to ensure proper closing. Overlap each polyethylene sheet at openings not less than 1.5 m on each side unless Site Conditions dictate otherwise.

- .4 Hazardous Material Workplan: A brief report identifying the location and quantities of hazardous materials and the methods that will be used to remove, store, transport and dispose of them.
- .5 Lead-Containing Paint: Paint that contains lead in measurable concentrations, that may result in elevated airborne lead exposure during operations that disturb the paint.
- .6 Lead-containing materials: Materials that are assumed to contain varying levels of lead from their historic composition.
- .7 Lead-containing equipment: Equipment suspected of containing lead through historic application, or identified as lead containing through labels/tags.
- .8 Occupied Area: any area of building or work site that is outside the Lead Work Area.

1.5 ACTION AND INFORMATION SUBMITTALS

- .1 One (1) week prior to the start of abatement work, submit proposed methodology for abatement procedures for review by Departmental Representative. The proposed methodology shall include:
 - .1 Products to be used complete with MSDS information.
 - .2 List of protective equipment to be used by workers.
 - .3 Plan identifying area(s) of work for abatement procedures.
 - .4 Requirements for engineering controls, ventilation, etc.
 - .5 Requirements for access to and egress from the Lead Work Area.
- .2 A written Health and Safety Plan specific to work of this Section. As a minimum this document must include:
 - .1 Classification of all lead abatement work in accordance with the criteria used in the document Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects issued by the Ontario Ministry of Labour.
 - .2 The identity of the "competent person" who will, on behalf of the Contractor, perform regular inspections of the lead abatement activities to prevent dangerous, unhealthy or unsafe conditions. The "competent person" must be on site at all times while lead abatement activities are in progress.
 - .3 A description of the equipment and materials, controls, crew size, job responsibilities, and operations and maintenance procedures for each activity involved in the work of this Section.
 - .4 A description of the specific control methods to be used in the lead-containing paint and surface coatings abatement processes.
 - .5 A strategy to ensure that personnel are not exposed to airborne lead or other contaminants in concentrations that exceed the current Time Weighted Average Exposure Value (TWAEV).

- .6 A description of the medical surveillance program in place for lead abatement workers.
- .7 Names of products to be used in lead abatement work.

.3 Before beginning work:

- .1 Obtain from appropriate agency and submit to Departmental Representative all necessary permits for transportation and disposal of lead-containing waste. Ensure that dump operator is fully aware of hazardous nature of material being dumped, and proper methods of disposal.
- .2 Submit proof satisfactory to Departmental Representative that employees have had instruction on hazards of lead exposure, respirator use, dress, use of showers, entry and exit from work areas, and aspects of work procedures and protective measures.
- .3 Submit proof in the form of a certificate that supervisory personnel have attended a lead-containing paint abatement course, of not less than 1-day duration.
- .4 For each load of waste that leaves the site, submit landfill weigh scale receipts, shipping documents, and lead-containing waste manifests, as applicable based upon waste characterization.
- .5 Lead abatement section within Hazardous Material Work Plan.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Regulatory Requirements: comply with Federal, Provincial/Territorial and local requirements pertaining to asbestos, provided that in case of conflict among those requirements or with these specifications more stringent requirement applies. Comply with regulations in effect at time work is performed.
- .2 Health and Safety:
 - .1 Safety Requirements: worker and visitor protection.
 - .1 Eating, drinking, chewing, and smoking are not permitted in the Lead Work Area.
 - .2 Washing facilities consisting of a wash basin, water, soap and towels shall be provided by the Contractor. All workers shall use these washing facilities before eating, drinking, smoking or leaving the work site. Washing facility areas are to be designated by Departmental Representative
 - .3 Protective equipment and clothing to be worn by workers while in the Lead Work Area includes:
 - .1 Disposable-type protective clothing that does not readily retain or permit penetration of asbestos fibres, consisting of full-body covering including head covering with snug-fitting cuffs at wrists, ankles, and neck.
 - .2 Respirator, personally issued to worker and marked as to efficiency and purpose, and acceptable to Authority having jurisdiction as suitable for level of lead exposure in the Lead Work Area. If disposable type filters are used, provide sufficient filters so that workers can install new filters following disposal of used filters and before reentering contaminated areas.

.3 Ensure that no person required to enter the Lead Work Area has facial hair that affects seal between respirator and face.

.4 Visitor Protection:

- .1 Provide protective clothing and approved respirators to Authorized Visitors to work areas.
- .2 Instruct Authorized Visitors in the use of protective clothing, respirators and procedures.
- .3 Instruct Authorized Visitors in proper procedures to be followed in entering into and exiting from the Lead Work Area.

1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- .1 Representative sampling of lead-containing materials that is representative of the applicable waste stream (i.e. sampling to include substrate material as applicable) shall be performed by a competent person retained by the Contractor prior to disposal of lead-containing materials. Lead-containing waste streams are to be classified for disposal purposes using the Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure at a certified analytical laboratory. All sampling procedures and submissions shall be approved of by the Departmental Representative.
- .2 Place materials characterized as hazardous or toxic based upon leachate analysis in designated containers.
- .3 Handle and dispose of hazardous materials in accordance with the CEPA, TDGA, Regional and Municipal regulations.
- .4 Disposal of lead waste, including wash and rinse water, generated by removal activities must comply with Federal, Provincial, Territorial and Municipal regulations. Label containers with appropriate warning labels.
- .5 Provide manifests describing and listing waste created. Transport containers by approved means to licensed facility for disposal.

1.8 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- .1 Refer to the following document for details on lead-containing or suspected lead-containing materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 All materials brought to project site must be in good condition and free of lead dust. Disposable items must be of new materials only.
- .2 Lead Waste Container: An impermeable container acceptable to disposal site and Ministry of Environment. Labelled as required. Comprised of one of the following:
 - .1 A 0.15 mm sealed polyethylene bag, inside a second 0.15 mm sealed polyethylene bag.

- .2 A barrel suitable for lead wash water and/or sludge. Container must be acceptable to the waste hauler.
- .3 Lead Cleaning Agent: A cleaning agent suitable for lead dust. Acceptable products:
 - .1 Detergents with a high phosphate content (containing at least 5% trisodium phosphate).
 - .2 Phosphate-free lead dissolving agent.
- .4 FR polyethylene: minimum 0.15 mm thick, woven fibre reinforced fabric bonded both sides with polyethylene.
- .5 Tape: fibreglass reinforced duct tape suitable for sealing polyethylene under both dry conditions and wet conditions.

2.2 EQUIPMENT

- .1 HEPA vacuum: High Efficiency Particulate Air filtered vacuum equipment with a filter system capable of collecting and retaining fibres greater than 0.3 microns in any direction at 99.97% efficiency.
- .2 Sprayer: Garden reservoir type, low velocity, capable of producing a mist or fine spray.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 PREPARATION

- .1 Scaffolding
 - .1 Scaffolding in accordance with CAN/CSA-S269.2.

3.2 ABATEMENT WORK AREA PREPERATION

- .1 Implement lead precautionary measures appropriate to the work completed in accordance with MOL Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects, as amended.
- .2 Type 1 Work Areas:
 - .1 Install polyethylene drop sheets below lead operations which produce or may produce dust, chips, or debris containing lead.
- .3 Type 2 Work Areas:
 - .1 Install polyethylene drop sheets below lead operations which produce or may produce dust, chips, or debris containing lead.
 - .2 Post signs in sufficient numbers to warn of the lead hazard. There shall be a sign, at least, at each entrance to the Lead Work Area. The signs shall display the following information in large, clearly visible letters using both official languages:
 - .1 Lead dust, fume or mist hazard.
 - .2 Access to the work area is restricted to authorized persons.
 - .3 Respirators must be worn in the work area.
- .4 Type 3 Work Areas:
 - .1 Post signs in sufficient numbers to warn of the lead hazard. There shall be a sign, at least, at each entrance to the Lead Work Area. The signs

shall display the following information in large, clearly visible letters using both official languages:

- .1 Lead dust, fume or mist hazard.
- .2 Access to the work area is restricted to authorized persons.
- .3 Respirators must be worn in the work area.
- .2 Barriers, Partial Enclosures and Full Enclosures: Barriers, partial enclosures, and full enclosures shall be constructed to separate the Lead Work Area from the rest of the project. Barriers shall only be used where full and partial enclosures are not practical.

.1 Barriers:

.1 Ropes or barriers do not prevent the release of contaminated dust or other contaminants into the environment. However, they can be used to restrict access of workers who are not adequately protected with proper PPE, and also prevent the entry of workers not directly involved in the operation. Ropes or barriers shall be placed at a distance far enough from the operation that allows the lead-containing dust to settle. If this is not achievable, warning signs should be posted at the distance where the lead-containing dust settles to warn that access is restricted to persons wearing PPE.

.2 Partial Enclosures:

.1 Partial enclosures allow some emissions to the atmosphere outside of the enclosure. Partial enclosures may consist of vertical tarps and floor tarps so long as the tarps are overlapped and securely fixed together at the seams. A partial enclosure is not a suitable containment system if significant dust is being generated.

.3 Full Enclosures:

- .1 Full enclosures are tight enclosures (with tarps that are generally impermeable and fully sealed joints and entryways). Full enclosures allow minimal or no fugitive emissions to reach the environment outside of the Lead Work Area. For full enclosures, the following requirements shall be met:
 - .1 The enclosure shall be constructed of windproof materials that are impermeable to dust.
 - .2 The enclosure shall be supported by a secure structure.
 - .3 All joints in the enclosure shall be fully sealed.
 - .4 Entrances to the enclosure shall be equipped with air locks.
 - .5 The escape of abrasive and debris from the enclosure shall be controlled, at air supply points, by the use of baffles, louvers, flap seals and filters.
- .3 Worker Decontamination Enclosure System: Worker Decontamination Enclosure System includes Equipment and Access Room, Shower Room, and Clean Room, as follows:

- .1 Construct Worker Decontamination Enclosure System as close to the work area as possible in area specified by Departmental Representative. Submit layout of proposed enclosures and decontamination facilities including location to Departmental Representative for review.
- .2 Equipment and Access Room: build an Equipment and Access Room between Shower Room and Lead Work Area, with two curtained doorways, one to Shower Room and one to Lead Work Area. Install a waste receptor and storage facilities for workers' shoes and protective clothing to be reworn in Lead Work Area. Build Equipment and Access Room large enough to accommodate specified facilities, other equipment needed, and at least one worker allowing him /her sufficient space to undress comfortably.
- .3 Shower Room: build a Shower Room between Clean Room and Equipment and Access Room, with two curtained doorways, one to Clean Room and one to Equipment and Access Room. Provide one shower for every five or fewer workers. Provide constant supply of hot and cold, or warm (between 40°C and 50°C) potable water. Provide piping and connect to water sources and drains. Provide soap, clean towels, and appropriate containers for disposal of used respirator filters.
- .4 Clean Room: build a Clean Room between Shower Room and clean areas outside of enclosures, with two curtained doorways, one to outside of enclosures and one to Shower Room. Provide lockers or hangers and hooks for workers' street clothes and personal belongings. Provide storage for clean protective clothing and respiratory equipment. Install a mirror to permit workers to fit respiratory equipment properly.

.4 Maintenance of Enclosures:

- .1 Maintain enclosures in tidy condition.
- .2 Ensure that barriers and polyethylene linings are effectively sealed and taped. Repair damaged barriers and remedy defects immediately upon discovery.
- .3 Visually inspect enclosures at beginning of each working period.
- .5 Do not begin lead abatement work until:
 - .1 Arrangements have been made for disposal of lead-containing waste.
 - .2 Arrangements have been made for containing, filtering, testing and disposal of waste water.
 - .3 Work areas, decontamination enclosures and parts of project site required to remain in use are effectively segregated.
 - .4 Tools, equipment, and materials waste containers are on hand.
 - .5 Arrangements have been made for building security.
 - .6 Warning signs are displayed where access to contaminated areas is possible.
 - .7 Notifications have been completed and other preparatory steps have been taken.
 - .8 Departmental Representative has reviewed preparatory work and provided written approval for lead abatement work to proceed.

3.3 SUPERVISION

- .1 Minimum of one Supervisor for every ten or fewer workers is required.
- .2 Approved Supervisor must remain within Lead Work Area during disturbance, removal, or other handling of lead-containing paint and other lead contaminated materials.

3.4 LEAD REMOVAL

- .1 The removal or disturbance of asbestos-containing materials coated with lead-containing coatings must also be performed using appropriate asbestos and/or silica precautions as outlined in the relevant Section.
 - .1 Section 02 82 00.01 Asbestos Abatement, Minimum Precautions.
 - .2 Section 02 82 00.02 Asbestos Abatement, Intermediate Precautions.
 - .3 Section 02 82 00.03 Asbestos Abatement, Maximum Precautions
- .2 Before removing lead-containing paint or disturbing other lead containing or contaminated materials:
 - .1 Prepare site.
 - .2 Spray surfaces to be disturbed, that are finished with lead-containing paint, with water using airless spray equipment capable of providing a "mist" application to prevent the release of dust.
- .3 Lead-containing paint, and surface coating removal:
 - .1 Methods of lead-containing paint and surface coating removal/disturbance that may be used, pending approval from the Departmental Representative, include:
 - .1 Powered tools equipped with HEPA dust collection systems.
 - .2 Other method(s) at the sole discretion of the Departmental Representative
- .4 At completion of lead-containing paint and surface coatings removals, perform the following clean-up:
 - .1 Wait at least 1-hour after active lead abatement work has ceased to allow airborne lead particles to settle.
 - .2 HEPA vacuum all surfaces within the Lead Work Area. Start vacuuming at the highest levels furthest from the Decontamination Facilities and work progressively downwards towards the Decontamination Facilities.
 - .3 Wash all surfaces with Lead Cleaning Agent and rinse with clean water. Start washing and rinsing at the highest levels furthest from the Decontamination Facilities and work progressively downwards towards the Decontamination Facilities.
 - .4 Repeat HEPA vacuuming, washing and rinsing as required to achieve clearance criteria.

3.5 INSPECTION

- .1 Perform inspections of Lead Work Area to confirm compliance with specification and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Deviation from these requirements that have not been approved in writing by the Departmental Representative may result in Work stoppage, at no cost to Owner.
- .2 Departmental Representative will inspect Work for:

- .1 Adherence to specific procedures and materials.
- .2 Final cleanliness and completion.
- .3 No additional costs will be allowed by Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.
- .3 When a leakage of liquid, dust or fume from the Lead Work Area has occurred or is likely to occur the Departmental Representative Construction Manager may order Work shutdown.
 - .1 No additional costs will be allowed by Contractor for additional labour or materials required to provide specified performance level.

3.6 AIR MONITORING AND SURFACE WIPE SAMPLING

- .1 From beginning of Work until completion of cleaning operations, the Departmental Representative may be on site to collect air samples either inside or outside of the Lead Work Area in accordance with standard methods for workplace air sampling and analysis.
 - .1 This air monitoring does not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for air monitoring inside the Lead Work Area to verify that the respiratory protection in use provides a suitable protection factor.
- .2 Use results of air monitoring inside the Lead Work Area to establish type of respirators to be used. Workers may be required to wear sample pumps for up two full-shift periods.
 - .1 If airborne lead concentrations are above the protection factor of respirators in use, the Contractor shall:
 - .1 Stop abatement.
 - .2 Introduce more stringent engineering controls.
 - .3 Use a higher protection factor in respiratory protection for persons inside the Lead Work Area.
 - .2 If air monitoring shows that airborne lead concentrations outside the Lead Work Area exceed 0.025 mg/m³, the Contractor shall maintain and clean these areas, in same manner as applicable to the Lead Work Area, at no additional cost to the Departmental Representative.
- .3 Final clearance air monitoring will be performed at the sole discretion of the Departmental Representative.
 - .1 Final air monitoring results must show airborne lead levels less than 0.005 mg/m³.
 - .2 If air monitoring results show airborne lead levels in excess of 0.005 mg/m³, the Contractor shall re-clean the Lead Work Area at no additional cost to the Departmental Representative or owner.
 - .3 Repeat as necessary until airborne lead levels are less than 0.005 mg/m³.
- .4 The following criteria shall be used to define an acceptable level of cleanliness after lead abatement activities:
 - .1 Where removal of paints and other surface coatings has been performed to accommodate the project scope of work:
 - .1 Visibly free of paint(s), primer(s), and surface coating(s), and/or associated dust.
 - .2 Residual lead dust concentration less than:

- .1 430 micrograms/square metre for interior floor surfaces
- .2 2,691 micrograms/square metre for interior windowsills
- .3 8,611 micrograms/square metre for exterior surfaces
- .4 Repeat cleaning as necessary until lead concentrations are below specified levels, at no additional cost to the Departmental Representative or owner.

3.7 FINAL CLEANUP

- .1 Remove polyethylene sheet by rolling it towards the centre of the Lead Work Area. Immediately vacuum any visible paint chips, particles, dust and debris observed during cleanup using HEPA vacuum equipment.
- .2 Place polyethylene seals, tape, cleaning material, clothing, and other contaminated waste in sealed labelled waste containers for transport.
- .3 Include in clean-up Work areas, Equipment and Access Room, Shower Room, and other contaminated enclosures.
- .4 Include in clean-up sealed waste containers and equipment used in Work and remove from work areas, at appropriate time in cleaning sequence.
- .5 A final check may be carried out to ensure that no lead dust or debris remains on surfaces as a result of dismantling operations.
- .6 As work progresses, and to prevent exceeding available storage capacity on site, remove sealed and labelled waste containers.
 - .1 Dispose of lead-containing waste in accordance with R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 347, as amended. Ensure that waste hauler and receiver are fully aware of hazardous nature of material to be disposed of and that guidelines and regulations for lead-containing waste disposal are followed.
 - .2 Ensure that materials removed during the Work of this Section are treated, packaged, transported and disposed of as lead-containing waste.
 - .3 Clean up waste routes and loading area after each load. Use lead abatement procedures if appropriate or requested by Departmental Representative.
 - .4 Drop garbage bins at designated locations. Keep bins covered and enclosed while at the site. Bin loading area shall be kept clean at all times.
 - .5 Transport all waste to a landfill licensed by the Ontario Ministry of Environment (MOE).
 - .6 Provide Departmental Representative with copies of shipping documents and lead-containing waste manifests for each load of waste. The Contractor is responsible to ensure that written documentation is submitted for each load of waste leaving the site.
 - .7 Cooperate with MOE inspectors and immediately carry out instructions for remedial work at landfill to maintain environment, at no additional cost to the Departmental Representative.

Part 1 General

1.1 SUMMARY

- .1 This section specifies requirements and procedures for silica precautionary measures. This section conforms to the requirements of the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O. 1990, Regulation 490/09 "Designated Substances".
- .2 Comply with the requirements of this Section when performing the following work:
 - .1 Work at site which may involve contact with silica dust generated through such processes as sawing, cutting, grinding, blasting and/or breaking of the silica containing material.
- .3 Refer to the following documentation for details on silica-containing materials:
 - .1 Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey. Washroom Renovation Project Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 02 81 01 Hazardous Materials
- .2 Section 02 82 00.01 Asbestos Abatement: Minimum Precautions
- .3 Section 02 82 00.02 Asbestos Abatement: Intermediate Precautions
- .4 Section 02 82 00.03 Asbestos Abatement: Maximum Precautions
- .5 Section 02 83 20 Lead Precautionary Measures

1.3 REFERENCES

- .1 Comply with current Federal, Provincial, and local requirements pertaining to silica, provided that in case of conflict among these requirements or with these specifications the more stringent requirement applies. Comply with regulations in effect at time work is performed.
- .2 Federal Legislation
 - .1 Canada Labour Code and associated regulations.
- .3 Provincial legislation
 - .1 Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O. 1990, Regulation 490/09 "Designated Substances".

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- .1 **Dangerous Goods:** product, substance, or organism that is specifically listed or meets hazard criteria established in Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.
- .2 **Hazardous Material:** product, substance, or organism that is used for its original purpose; and that is either dangerous goods or a material that may cause adverse impact to environment or adversely affect health of persons, animals, or plant life when released into the environment.

- .3 **Hazardous Material Workplan**: A brief report identifying the location and quantities of hazardous materials and the methods that will be used to remove, store, transport and dispose of them.
- .4 Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS): Canada-wide system designed to give employers and workers information about hazardous materials used in workplace. Under WHMIS, information on hazardous materials is provided on container labels, material safety data sheets (MSDS), and worker education programs. WHMIS is put into effect by combination of federal and provincial laws.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

.1 Silica abatement section within Hazardous Material Work Plan.

1.6 PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES AND PROCEDURES

- .1 Execute work by methods to minimize raising silica dust from demolition operations. Where practical, wet methods or a dust collection system should be used to reduce dust.
- .2 Adequate ventilation, including local exhaust ventilation, should be maintained to prevent the accumulation and recirculation of harmful concentrations of free crystalline silica in the work area.
- .3 As practical, processes that generate silica dust should be completed in enclosed areas wherever possible to prevent the spread of silica dust outside of the work area.
- .4 Implement and maintain silica dust control measures during work to ensure that silica levels do not exceed allowable limits.
- .5 Departmental Representative may stop work at any time when release of silica dust to adjacent area is suspected. Contractor must discuss procedures that Contractor proposes to resolve problem. Make all necessary changes to operations prior to resuming any demolition activities that may cause release of silica dust at no extra cost to the Departmental Representative.
- .6 Silica dust should be cleaned from machinery and work surfaces by wet sweeping, the use of sweeping compounds or vacuum cleaners fitted with a HEPA filter to prevent the recirculation of dusty air. Cleaning methods such as blowing with compressed air or dry sweeping should be avoided. Where exposure to free crystalline silica occurs, protective work clothing should be vacuumed before removal.
- .7 Store material containing silica dust in closed containers or use other appropriate means to prevent dust from becoming airborne.

1.7 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

.1 Anticipated minimum levels of personal protection based on work activity involving silica dust are listed below and are in addition to the personal protective equipment required for the completion of the demolition activities. Personal protection is dependent on the work practices and associated silica exposure risks.

- .1 Air purifying half-mask respirator equipped with HEPA filter cartridges or supplied-air type, personally issued to the worker and marked as to efficiency and purpose, and acceptable to the Provincial Authority having jurisdiction as suitable for silica and the level of silica exposure in the Work Area. If disposable type filters are used, provide sufficient filters so that workers can install new filters following disposal of used filters and before re-entering contaminated areas.
- .2 Eye Protection: Goggles, Safety glasses with side shields, or Face shield.
- .3 If requested by a worker,
 - .1 Hand Protection: Gloves
 - .2 Clothing: Full body protective clothing

1.8 AIR MONITORING

.1 If air monitoring shows that work areas contain crystalline silica above the specified action levels, these areas shall be cleaned by previously outlined methods at no additional cost to the Departmental Representative.

1.9 PERMITS

.1 Contractor is responsible to obtain all necessary permits, licenses and approvals to conduct the abatement (e.g. Ontario Ministry of the Environment (MOE) waste generating number, etc.).

Part 2 Products

2.1 NOT USED

.1 Not Used.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 NOT USED

.1 Not Used.

END OF SECTION

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		MASONRY FOR MINOR WORKS	Section 04 04 99 Page 1 of 3
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 REFERENCES	.1	Canadian Standards Association (CSA International) .1 CAN3 A165 SERIES-94 (R2000), CSA Standards on Concrete Masonry Units. .2 CSA A179-04(R2014), Mortar and Grout for Unit Masonry. .3 CSA-A370-94(C1999), Connectors for Masonry. .4 CSA-A371-04(R2014), Masonry Construction for Buildings. .5 CSA G30.14-M1983(R1998), Deformed Steel Wire For Concrete Reinforcement. .6 CAN/CSA G30.18-09(R2014), Billet-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement. .7 CSA-S304.1-94(R2001), Masonry Design for Buildings.	
1.2 SUBMITTALS	.1	Product Data: .1 Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and data sheet in accordance with Section 00 10 00. Shop Drawings: .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 00 10 002 Shop drawings consist of bar bending details, lists and placing drawings3 On placing drawings, indicate sizes, spacing, location and quantities of reinforcement and connectors.	
1.3 STORAGE AND HANDLING	.1	Protect on site stored or installed material from moisture damage in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.	
PART 2 - PRODUCTS			
2.1 MASONRY UNITS	.1	Standard concrete block units: to CAN3-A165 Series (CAN3-A165.1). .1 Classification: H / 15 / A / M.	

.1 Classification: i

2.2 REINFORCEMENT AND CONNECTORS

- .1 Bar reinforcement: to CSA-A371 and CAN/CSA G30.18, Grade 400.
- .2 Wire reinforcement: to CSA-A371 and CSA G30.14, truss type.
- .3 Connectors shall be corrosion resistant: to CSA-A370 and CSA-S304.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		MASONRY FOR MINOR WORKS	Section 04 04 99 Page 2 of 3
2.3 MORTAR AND GROUT	.1	Mortar: to CSA A179.	
CROOT		.1 Use aggregate passing 1.18 mm sieve who joints are indicated..2 Colour: ground coloured natural aggregate pigments.	
	.2	Mortar Type: S based on specifications,	
	.3	Following applies regardless of mortar types and usabove: .1 Mortar for grouted reinforced masonry: type	•
		specifications.	o o based on
2.4 ACCESSORIES	.1	Nailing Inserts: 0.5 mm minimum thickness, galvan	ized.
	.2	Bolts: 12 mm diameter x 150 mm long with ends be degrees.	ent 50 mm at 90
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 INSTALLATION	.1	Do masonry work in accordance with CSA-A371 exspecified otherwise. 1 Bond: running stretcher bond with vertical j perpendicular alignment and centred on adjacent s and below. 2 Coursing height: 200 mm for one block and	oints in tretchers above
		.3 Jointing: tool where exposed or where pain coating is specified to provide smooth compressed	t or other finish
	.2	Build masonry plumb, level, and true to line, with vealignment.	ertical joints in
	.3	Layout coursing and bond to achieve correct cours continuity of bond above and below openings, with cutting.	
3.2 CONSTRUCTION	.1	Exposed masonry: .1 Remove chipped, cracked, and otherwise of exposed masonry and replace with undamaged units. .2 Cut out for electrical switches, outlet boxes recessed or built-in objects. Make cuts straight, clear	its. , and other

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		MASONRY FOR MINOR WORKS	Section 04 04 99 Page 3 of 3
.2		Building-In: .1 Install masonry connectors and reinforce indicated on drawings. .2 Build in items required to be built into mage in the second of the seco	asonry. uring construction.
	.3	Interface with other work: 1 Cut openings in existing work as indicat. 2 Openings in walls: approved Departmer. 3 Make good existing work. Use materials.	ntal Representative.
3.3 REINFORCING AND CONNECTING	.1	Install masonry connectors and reinforcement in CSA-A370, CSA-A371 and CSA-S304.1 unless	
3.4 TYING	.1	Tie new masonry to existing in accordance with CSA-A371.	NBC, CSA-S304.1,
3.5 GROUTING	.1	Grout masonry in accordance with CSA-S304.1, CSA-A179 and as indicated.	CSA-A371 and
3.6 ANCHORS	.1	Supply and install metal anchors as indicated.	
3.7 SITE TOLERANCES	.1	Tolerances in notes to Clause 5.3 of CSA-A371	apply.
3.8 CLEANING	.1	Perform cleaning after installation to remove cor accumulated environmental dirt.	nstruction and
	.2	Upon completion of installation, remove surplus tools and equipment barriers.	materials, rubbish,
3.9 PROTECTION	.1	Protect masonry and other work from marking a Protect completed work from mortar droppings. coverings.	

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 07 92 10 Joint Sealants
- .2 Section 09 91 23 Interior Painting

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials International, (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM A 53/A53M-02, Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated Welded and Steamless.
 - .2 ASTM A 269-02, Specification for Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Tubing for General Service.
 - .3 ASTM A 307-02, Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile Strength.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-1.40-97, Anti-corrosive Structural Steel Alkyd Primer.
 - .2 CAN/CGSB-1.181-92, Ready-Mixed, Organic Zinc-Rich Coating.
- .3 Canadian Standards Association (CSA International)
 - .1 CAN/CSA-G40.20/G40.21-98, General Requirements for Rolled or Welded Structural Quality Steel.
 - .2 CAN/CSA-G164-M92 (R1998), Hot Dip Galvanizing of Irregularly Shaped Articles.
 - .3 CAN/CSA-S16.1-01, Limit States Design of Steel Structures.
 - .4 CSA W48-01, Filler Metals and Allied Materials for Metal Arc Welding (Developed in co-operation with the Canadian Welding Bureau).
 - .5 CSA W59-1989 (R2001), Welded Steel Construction (Metal Arc Welding) (Imperial Version).
 - .6 CSA W59.2-M1991 (R2009), Welded Aluminum Construction.
- .4 Aluminum Association Designation System for Aluminum Finishes-(AA) 2003 (R2009).

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Product Data:
 - .1 Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and data sheet in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
- .2 Shop Drawings
 - .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
 - .2 Indicate materials, core thicknesses, finishes, connections, joints, method of anchorage, number of anchors, supports, reinforcement, details, and accessories.

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation		METAL FABRICATIONS Section 05 50 00 Page 2 of 4
NRC Project No. 5378 and No	. 5379	
	.3	Shop Drawings submitted shall bear the stamp and signature of a qualified Professional Engineer registered and licensed to practice in the Province of Ontario.
1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE	.1	Test Reports: Certified test reports showing compliance with specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
	.2	Certificates: Product certificates signed by manufacturer certifying materials comply with specified performance characteristics and criteria and physical requirements.
1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND	.1	Packing, Shipping, Handling and Unloading:
HANDLING	.2	Deliver, store, handle and protect materials in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
	.3	Storage and Protection: .1 Cover exposed stainless steel surfaces with pressure sensitive heavy protection paper or apply strippable plastic coating, before shipping to job site2 Leave protective covering in place until final cleaning of building. Provide instructions for removal of protective covering.
1.6 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL	.1	Remove from site and dispose of packaging materials at appropriate recycling facilities.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Steel sections and plates: to CAN/CSA-G40.20/G40.21, Grade 300W
	.2	Steel pipe: to ASTM A 53/A53M.
	.3	Welding materials: to CSA W59-13.
	.4	Welding electrodes: to CSA W48 Series.
	.5	Bolts and anchor bolts: to ASTM A 307.
	.6	Grout: non-shrink, non-metallic, flowable, 15 MPa at 24 hours.
	.7	Aluminum extrusions: Aluminum Association Alloy AA6063-T6.
	.8	Sheet aluminum: Aluminum Association Alloy AA1100.
	.9	Fasteners: stainless steel.

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5378 and	No. 537	METAL FABRICATIONS 9	Section 05 50 00 Page 3 of 4
•			
2.2 FABRICATION	.1	Fabricate work square, true, straight and a with joints closely fitted and properly secur	
	.2	Use self-tapping shake-proof flat headed s assembly by screws or as indicated.	crews on items requiring
	.3	Where possible, fit and shop assemble wo	rk, ready for erection.
	.4	Ensure exposed welds are continuous for grind exposed welds smooth and flush.	length of each joint. File or
2.3 FINISHES	.1	Shop coat primer: to CAN/CGSB-1.40.	
2.4 SHOP PAINTING	.1	Apply one shop coat of primer to metal iter galvanized or concrete encased items.	ms, with exception of
	.2	Use primer unadulterated, as prepared by surfaces, free from rust, scale, grease. Do temperature is lower than 7 degrees C.	
	.3	Clean surfaces to be field welded; do not p	paint.
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 ERECTION	.1	Do welding work in accordance with CSA to otherwise.	W59 unless specified
	.2	Erect metalwork square, plumb, straight, a with tight joints and intersections.	nd true, accurately fitted,
	.3	Provide suitable means of anchorage acce as dowels, anchor clips, bar anchors, expa and toggles.	
	.4	Exposed fastening devices to match finish material through which they pass.	and be compatible with
	.5	Provide components for building by other s shop drawings and schedule.	sections in accordance with
	.6	Make field connections with bolts to CAN/0	CSA-S16.1, or weld.
	.7	Hand items over for casting into concrete cappropriate trades together with setting ter	

Touch-up rivets, field welds, bolts and burnt or scratched surfaces

.8

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation <u>NRC Project No. 5378 and No.</u>	5379	METAL FABRICATIONS	Section 05 50 00 Page 4 of 4
		after completion of erection with primer.	
	.9	Touch-up galvanized surfaces with zinc rich primfield welding.	ner where burned by
3.2 CLEANING	.1	Perform cleaning after installation to remove con accumulated environmental dirt.	struction and
	.2	Upon completion of installation, remove surplus tools and equipment barriers.	materials, rubbish,

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1	Section 09 22 16 – Non-Structural Metal Framing.
	.2	Section 10 28 10 – Toilet and Bath Accessories.
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	Canadian Standards Association (CSA International) .1 CSA B111-1974 (R1998), Wire Nails, Spikes and Staples. .2 CAN/CSA-G164-M92 (R1998), Hot Dip Galvanizing of Irregularly Shaped Articles. .3 CSA O121-M1978 (R1998), Douglas Fir Plywood. .4 CAN/CSA-O141-91 (R1999), Softwood Lumber. .5 CSA O151-M1978 (R1998), Canadian Softwood Plywood. .6 CAN/CSA-O325.0-92 (R1998), Construction Sheathing.
	.2	National Lumber Grades Authority (NLGA) .1 Standard Grading Rules for Canadian Lumber, 2014.
1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE	.1	Lumber identification: by grade stamp of an agency certified by Canadian Lumber Standards Accreditation Board.
	.2	Plywood identification: by grade mark in accordance with applicable CSA standards.
	.3	Plywood, OSB and wood based composite panel construction sheathing identification: by grademark in accordance with applicable CSA standards.
1.4 WASTE	.1	Do not dispose of preservative treated wood through incineration.
MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL	.2	Do not dispose of preservative treated wood with materials destined for recycling or reuse.
	.3	Dispose of treated wood, end pieces, wood scraps and sawdust at sanitary landfill.
	.4	Dispose of unused wood preservative material at official hazardous material collections site.

.5

Do not dispose of unused preservative material into sewer system, into streams, lakes, onto ground or in other locations where they will

pose health or environmental hazard.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 LUMBER MATERIAL .1 Lumber: unless specified otherwise, softwood, S4S, moisture content 19% or less in accordance with following standards:

- CAN/CSA-O141. .1
- NLGA Standard Grading Rules for Canadian Lumber. .2
- .2 Furring, blocking, nailing strips, grounds, rough bucks:
 - Board sizes: "Standard" or better grade. .1
 - Dimension sizes: "Standard" light framing or better grade. .2
 - Post and timbers sizes: "Standard" or better grade. .3

2.2 PANEL MATERIALS .1 Douglas fir plywood (DFP): to CSA O121, exterior quality with pressure treated preservative.

2.3 ACCESSORIES .1 Nails, spikes and staples: to CSA B111.

- .2 Nails, spikes and staples:
 - Use common spiral nails and spiral spikes except where indicated otherwise.
 - Use hot galvanized finish steel for exterior work, interior high humidity areas and for pressure treated lumber except where indicated otherwise.
 - Bolt, nut, washer, screw and pin type fasteners: with hot-dip galvanized finish to CSA G164-M92 for exterior work, interior high humidity areas and for pressure treated lumber.
 - Use surface fastenings of following types, except where specific type is indicated.
 - To hollow masonry, plaster and panel surfaces use toggle bolt.
 - To solid masonry and concrete use expansion shield .2 with lag screw.
 - To structural steel use bolts through drilled hole, or welded stud-bolts or power driven self-drilling screws.
 - Submit alternate fasteners for Departmental Representative's approval.

2.4 FINISHES .1 Galvanizing: to CAN/CSA-G164, use galvanized fasteners for exterior work, pressure- preservative, fire-retardant treated lumber.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION	.1	Treat surfaces of material with wood preservative, before installation.
	.2	Apply preservative by dipping, or by brush to completely saturate and maintain wet film on surface for minimum 3 minute soak on lumber and one minute soak on plywood.
	.3	Re-treat surfaces exposed by cutting, trimming or boring with liberal brush application of preservative before installation.
	.4	Treat material as follows: .1 Wood furring for exterior applications.
3.2 INSTALLATION	.1	Comply with requirements of NBC, supplemented by the following paragraphs.
	.2	Install furring and blocking as required to space-out and support surface applied materials or other work as indicated.
	.3	Align and plumb faces of furring and blocking to tolerance of 1:600.
	.4	Install rough bucks, nailers and linings to rough openings as required to provide backing for frames and other work.
	.5	Install wood cants, nailers, curbs and other wood supports as required and secure using steel fasteners.
3.3 NAILERS	.1	Install wood nailers as indicated.
	.2	Except where indicated otherwise, use material at least 40 mm (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ") thick secured with 10 mm (3/8") bolts located within 300 mm (12") from ends of members and uniformly spaced at 1200 mm (4'-0") between.
	.3	Countersink bolts where necessary to provide clearance for other work.
3.4 ERECTION	.1	Frame, anchor, fasten, tie and brace members to provide necessary strength and rigidity.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		BLANKET INSULATION	Section 07 21 16 Page 1 of 2
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1	Section 09 22 16 – Non-Structural Metal Fr	aming.
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Materials .1 ASTM C 553-13, Specification for Natural Insulation for Commercial and Ind .2 ASTM C 665-12, Specification for Natural Insulation for Light Frame Constructions. .3 ASTM C 1320-10(R2016), Standar of Mineral Fiber Batt and Blanket Thermal Inconstruction.	Mineral Fibre Blanket ustrial Applications. Mineral-Fiber Blanket action and Manufactured ard Practice for Installation
	.2	Canadian Gas Association (CGA) .1 CAN/CGA-B149.1-2015, Natural G Installation Code Handbook2 CAN/CGA-B149.2-05, Propane Sto	·
	.3	Canadian Standards Association (CSA Integral .1 CSA B111-1974(R2003), Wire Nail	
	.4	Underwriters Laboratories of Canada (ULC .1 CAN/ULC-S604-M1991, Type A CI .2 CAN/ULC-S702-09, Standard for M	nimneys.
1.3 SUBMITTALS	.1	Product Data: .1 Submit manufacturer's printed proc specifications and data sheet in accordance Submittal Procedures.	duct literature, e with Section 00 01 00 -
	.2	Manufacturer's Instructions: .1 Submit manufacturer's installation	instructions.
1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE	.1	Test Reports: certified test reports showing performance characteristics and physical p	

.2

Certificates: product certificates signed by manufacturer certifying materials comply with specified performance characteristics and criteria and physical requirements.

1.1 RELATED WORK

.1 Fire stopping and smoke seals within mechanical assemblies (i.e inside ducts, dampers) and electrical assemblies (i.e. inside cable trays) are specified in Divisions 21, 22, 23, 25, 26 and 28 respectively.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Underwriter's Laboratories of Canada (ULC)
 - .1 ULC-S115-Latest Edition, Fire Tests of Firestop Systems.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- .1 Fire Stop Material: device intended to close off opening or penetration during fire or materials that fill openings in wall or floor assembly where penetration is by cables, cable trays, conduits, ducts and pipes and poke-through termination devices, including electrical outlet boxes along with their means of support through wall or floor openings.
- .2 Single Component Fire Stop System: fire stop material that has Listed Systems Design and is used individually without use of high temperature insulation or other materials to create fire stop system.
- .3 Multiple Component Fire Stop System: exact group of fire stop materials that are Identified within Listed Systems Design to create on site fire stop system.
- .4 Tightly Fitted; (ref: NBC Part 3.1.9.1.1): penetrating items that are cast in place in buildings of noncombustible construction or have "0" annular space in buildings of combustible construction.
 - .1 Words "tightly fitted" should ensure that integrity of fire separation is such that it prevents passage of smoke and hot gases to unexposed side of fire separation.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Provide submittals in accordance with Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Product Data:
 - .1 Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and datasheet and include product characteristics, performance criteria, physical size, finish and limitations.
 - .2 Submit WHMIS MSDS Material Safety Data Sheets in accordance with Section 02 61 33 Hazardous Materials.

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- .3 Shop Drawings:
 - .1 Submit shop drawings to show location, proposed material, reinforcement, anchorage, fastenings and method of installation
 - Construction details should accurately reflect actual job conditions.
- .4 Quality assurance submittals: submit following in accordance with Section 01 45 00
 - .1 Test reports: in accordance with CAN-ULC-S101 for fire endurance and CANULC-S102 for surface burning characteristics.
 - .1 Submit certified test reports from approved independent testing laboratories, indicating compliance of applied fire stopping with specifications for specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
 - .2 Certificates: submit certificates signed by manufacturer certifying that materials comply with specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
 - .3 Manufacturer's Instructions: submit manufacturer's installation instructions and special handling criteria, installation sequence, cleaning procedures.
 - .4 Manufacturer's Field Reports: submit to manufacturer's written reports within 3 days of review, verifying compliance of Work, as described in PART 3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.

1.5 SAMPLES

- .1 Submit samples in accordance with Section 01 10 00
- .2 Submit duplicate 300 x 300 mm samples showing actual firestop material proposed for project.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- .1 Packing, shipping, handling and unloading:
 - .1 Deliver, store and handle materials in accordance with Section 01 61 00 Common Product Requirements.
 - .2 Deliver, store and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - .3 Deliver materials to the site in undamaged condition and in original unopened containers, marked to indicate brand name, manufacturer, and ULC markings.
- .2 Storage and Protection:
 - .1 Store materials indoors and in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations in clean, dry, well-ventilated area.
 - .2 Replace defective or damaged materials with new.

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NRC Project No. 5378 an	d 5379		2016-02-1
1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL	.1	Separate and recycle waste materials in a 01 74 19 - Construction/Demolition Waste Disposal.	
	.2	Collect and separate plastic, paper package cardboard in accordance with Waste Mana	
PART 2 - PRODUCTS			
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Fire stopping and smoke seal systems: in ULC-S115.	accordance with
		.1 Asbestos-free materials and syste an effective barrier against flame, smoke a with requirements of ULC-S115 and not to which they are intended [and conforming to specified in Part 3. .2 Firestop system rating: In accorda Code (NBC).	and gases in compliance exceed opening sizes for o special requirements
	.2	Service penetration assemblies: certified but ULC-S115 and listed in ULC Guide No.40	
	.3	Service penetration firestop components: accordance with ULC-S115 and listed in U and ULC Guide No.40 U19.15 under the L	LC Guide No.40 U19.13
	.4	Fire-resistance rating of installed fire stopp accordance with NBC.	ing assembly in
	.5	Fire stopping and smoke seals at opening re-entry such as cables: elastomeric seal.	s intended for ease of
	.6	Fire stopping and smoke seals at openings pipes, ductwork and other mechanical item vibration control: elastomeric seal.	•
	.7	Primers: to manufacturer's recommendation substrate, and end use.	on for specific material,
	.8	Water: potable, clean and free from injurio substances.	us amounts of deleterious

.9

.10

jurisdiction.

Damming and backup materials, supports and anchoring devices: to manufacturer's recommendations, and in accordance with tested

assembly being installed as acceptable to authorities having

Sealants for vertical joints: non-sagging.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION .1 Examine sizes and conditions of voids to be filled to establish correct thicknesses and installation of materials. Ensure that substrates and surfaces are clean, dry and frost free. .2 Prepare surfaces in contact with fire stopping materials and smoke seals to manufacturer's instructions. .3 Maintain insulation around pipes and ducts penetrating fire separation without interuption to vapour barrier. Mask where necessary to avoid spillage and over coating onto .4 adjoining surfaces; remove stains on adjacent surfaces. .5 Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations or specifications, including product technical bulletins, handling, storage and installation instructions, and datasheets. 3.2 INSTALLATION Install fire stopping and smoke seal material and components in .1 accordance with ULC certification and manufacturer's instructions. .2 Seal holes or voids made by through penetrations, poke-through termination devices, and unpenetrated openings or joints to ensure continuity and integrity of fire separation are maintained. .3 Provide temporary forming as required and remove forming only after materials have gained sufficient strength and after initial curing. .4 Tool or trowel exposed surfaces to a neat finish. .5 Remove excess compound promptly as work progresses and upon completion. 3.3 INSPECTION Notify Consultant when ready for inspection and prior to concealing or .1 enclosing firestopping materials and service penetration assemblies.

3.4 SCHEDULE .1 Firestop and smoke seal at:

- .1 Penetrations through fire-resistance rated masonry, concrete, and gypsum board partitions and walls.
- .2 Edge of floor slabs at curtain wall and precast concrete panels.
- .3 Top of fire-resistance rated masonry and gypsum board

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partitions4 Intersection of fire-board partitions5 Control and sway j gypsum board partitions ar .6 Penetrations throu- and roofs7 Openings and slee separations8 Around mechanica separations9 Rigid ducts: greate bead of fire stopping mater		 .4 Intersection of fire-resistance rated board partitions. .5 Control and sway joints in fire-resis gypsum board partitions and walls. .6 Penetrations through fire-resistance and roofs. .7 Openings and sleeves installed for separations. .8 Around mechanical and electrical a separations. .9 Rigid ducts: greater than 129 cm²: the bead of fire stopping material between retains separation and between retaining angle and 	tance rated masonry and e rated floor slabs, ceilings future use through fire assemblies penetrating fire fire stopping to consist of ining angle and fire
3.5 MANUFACTURER'S .1 FIELD SERVICES .2		Obtain written report from manufacturer ver in handling, installing, applying, protecting a and submit Manufacturer's Field Reports as SUBMITTALS.	and cleaning of product
		Provide manufacturer's field services consist recommendations and periodic site visits for installation in accordance with manufacture	r inspection of product
	.3	.3 Schedule site visits, to review Work, as directed in PART 1 - QUALITY ASSURANCE.	

3.6 CLEAN UP

- .1 Remove excess materials and debris and clean adjacent surfaces immediately after application.
- .2 Remove temporary dams after initial set of fire stopping and smoke seal materials.

1.1 RELATED **SECTIONS**

.4 Section 09 21 16 - Gypsum Board Assemblies

1.3 REFERENCES

- American Society for Testing and Materials International. (ASTM) .1
 - ASTM C 919-12, Standard Practice for use of Sealants in Acoustical Applications.
 - ASTM C 661 Standard Test Method for Indentation .2 Hardness of Elastomeric Type Sealants by means of a Durometer.
 - .3 ASTM C 794 - Test Method for Adhesion-in-Peel Elastomeric Joint Sealants.
 - .4 ASTM C834 - Specification for Latex Sealants.
 - ASTM C 920 Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants. .5
 - ASTM C 1087 Test Method for Determining Compatibility of .6 Liquid-Applied Sealants with Accessories Used in Structural Glazing Systems.
 - .7 ASTM C 1193 - Guide for Use of Joint Sealants.
 - ASTM C 1248 Test Method for Staining of Porous Substrate .8 by Joint Sealants.
 - ASTM C 1311 Specification for Solvent Release Sealants.
 - ASTM C 1330 Cylindrical Sealant Backing for Use with Cold .10 Liquid Applied Sealants.
 - ASTM D 412 Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and .11 Thermoplastic Elastomers—Tension.
 - ASTM D 624 Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional .12 Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers.
 - ASTM D 2240 Test Method for Rubber Property .13 Durometer Hardness.
 - ASTM E 283 Test Method for Determining Rate of Air .14 Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen.
 - .15 ASTM E 331 - Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference.
 - ASATM C679 Standard Test Method for Tack-Free Time of .16 Elastomeric Sealants.
 - ASTM C719 Standard Test Method for Adhesion and .17 Cohesion of Elastomeric Joint Sealants Under Cyclic Movement (Hockman Cycle).
 - .18 ASTM C1135 - Standard Test Method for Determining Tensile Adhesion Properties of Structural Sealants.
 - ASTM D412 Standard Test Method for Vulcanized Rubber .19 and Thermoplastic Rubbers and Thermoplastic Elastomers -Tension.
 - .20 ASTM D2202 - Standard Test Method for Slump of Sealants.

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation	No. 5270	JOINT SEALANTS	Section 07 92 00 Page 2 of 7
NRC Project No. 5378 and	<u> 100. 5578</u>	.1 CAN/CGSB-19.13-M87, Sealing C One-Component, Elastomeric, Che .2 CAN/CGSB-19.24-M90, Multi-com Chemical Curing Sealing Compour	emical Curing. ponent,
	.3	Department of Justice Canada (Jus) .1 Canadian Environmental Protection	n Act, 1999 (CEPA).
	.4	Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Mate (WHMIS) .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSD	•
	.5	Transport Canada (TC) .1 Transportation of Dangerous Good	ds Act, 1992 (TDGA).
	.6	Underwriter's Laboratories of Canada (ULC .1 CAN/ULC S102-07 Standard Meth Surface Burning Characteristics of Materials and Assemblies.	od of Test for
1.4 SUBMITTALS	.1	Submit product data in accordance with Se	ection 00 10 00.
	.2	Manufacturer's product to describe. 1 Caulking compound. 2 Primers. 3 Sealing compound, each type, incl different sealants are in contact with each of	
	.3	Submit samples in accordance with Section	n 00 10 00.
	.4	Submit duplicate samples of each type of n	naterial and colour.
	.5	Cured samples of exposed sealants for each match adjacent material.	ch colour where required to
	.6	Submit manufacturer's instructions in according to the state of the st	
1.6 WARRANTY	.1	Provide a written warranty in the name statement on Installer's letterhead in which or replace joint sealants that demonstration within warranty period specified.	ch Installer agrees to repair
		.1 Warranty Period: Five years fro Substantial Performance.	om date of Certificate of

.2

Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer's Standard form in which joint sealant manufacturer agrees to furnish joint sealants to

repair or replace those that demonstrate deterioration or failure under normal use within warranty period specified.

- Warranty Period for Silicone Sealants: 5 years date of Certificate of Substantial Performance.
- .3 Warranty Conditions: Special warranties exclude deterioration or failure of joint sealants in normal use due to structural movement resulting in stresses on joint sealants exceeding sealant manufacturer's written specifications, joint substrate deterioration, mechanical damage, or normal accumulation of dirt or other contaminants.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

.1 Deliver and store materials in original wrappings and containers with manufacturer's seals and labels, intact. Protect from freezing, moisture, water and contact with ground or floor.

1.8 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- .1 Separate waste materials for recycling in accordance with Section 01 10 00.
- .2 Remove from site and dispose of packaging materials at appropriate recycling facilities.
- .3 Collect and separate for disposal packaging material in appropriate on-site bins for recycling in accordance with Waste Management Plan.
- .4 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic in designated containers.
- .5 Handle and dispose of hazardous materials in accordance with the CEPA, TDGA, Regional and Municipal regulations.
- .6 Unused sealant material must not be disposed of into sewer system, into streams, lakes, onto ground or in other location where it will pose health or environmental hazard.
- .7 Divert unused joint sealing material from landfill to official hazardous material collections.
- .8 Empty plastic joint sealer containers are not recyclable. Do not dispose of empty containers with plastic materials destined for recycling.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- .1 Environmental Limitations:
 - .1 Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under following conditions:
 - .1 When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturer or are below 4.4 degrees C.

JOINT SEALANTS

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- .2 When joint substrates are wet.
- .2 Joint-Width Conditions:
 - .1 Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
- .3 Joint-Substrate Conditions:
 - .1 Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion are removed from joint substrates.

1.10 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Comply with requirements of Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) regarding use, handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous materials; and regarding labelling and provision of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) acceptable to Labour Canada.
- .2 Conform to manufacturer's recommended temperatures, relative humidity, and substrate moisture content for application and curing of sealants including special conditions governing use.
- .3 Ventilate area of work by use of approved portable supply and exhaust fans.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SEALANT MATERIALS

- .1 Products and manufacturers specified establish performance and quality required and are not intended to restrict submission by other manufacturers.
- .2 Acceptance of Products from other manufacturers will be subject to review by the Consultant, for conformity with the Specifications and meeting the physical characteristics of the specified Products. Include compliance with referenced standards. Submittals which do not include adequate data for the product evaluation will not be considered.
- .3 If unapproved, substitute products are included in the bid, the specified Products shall be provided without additional compensation.
- .4 Do not use caulking that emits strong odours, contains toxic chemicals or is not certified as mould resistant in air handling units.
- .5 When low toxicity caulks are not possible, confine usage to areas which off gas to exterior, are contained behind air barriers, or are applied several months before occupancy to maximize off gas time.

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•			
	.6	Where sealants are qualified with primers use or	nly these primers.
	.7	Compatibility: Provide joint sealants and access compatible with one another, and with materia under use conditions, as demonstrated by using ASTM C1087 testing and related experient	als in close proximity sealant manufacturer
	.8	Joint Sealant Standard: Comply with ASTM C 92 requirements for each liquid-applied joint sealan	
	.9	Stain Test Characteristics: Where sealants non-staining, provide sealants tested per non-staining on porous joint substrates indicated	r ASTM C 1248 as
2.2 SEALANT MATERIAL DESIGNATIONS	.1	Type 1: Single-Component, Nonsag, Neutral-Sealant: ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, ClaNT; SWRI validation.	
		 .1 Basis of Design Product: DOW CORN Building Sealant. .2 Hardness, ASTM C 661: 15 durometer Straining, ASTM C 1248: None on limestone, and brick. .5 Colour: As selected by Architect from management 	Shore A. ent: 26 g/L maximum. concrete, granite,
	.2	Type 2: Single-Component, Nonsag, Neutral-Sealant: ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Cla A, and O; SWRI validation.	
		 .1 Basis of Design Product: DOW CORI Building Sealant. .2 Hardness, ASTM C 661: 35 - 45 durome .3 Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Cont .4 Staining, ASTM C 1248: None on limestone, and brick. .5 Colour: As selected by Architect from magnetic control or control or	eter Shore A. ent: 32 g/L maximum concrete, granite,
2.3 SEALANT SELECTION	.1	Perimeters of interior frames, as detailed and ite 2.	mized: Sealant Type
	.2	Joints at tops of non-load bearing masonry walls poured concrete: Sealant Type 1.	at the underside of
2.4 ACCESSORIES	.1	Joint Substrate Primers: Substrate primer recommanufacturer for application.	mended by sealant
	.2	Cylindrical Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type bi-cellular material with surface skin, or Type O opolyurethane, as recommended by sealant manuapplication.	open-cell

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2.5 JOINT CLEANER	.1	Non-corrosive and non-staining type, cormaterials and sealant recommended by	
	.2	Primer: as recommended by manufactur	er.
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 PROTECTION	.1	Protect installed Work of other trades fro	om staining or contamination
3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION	.1	Examine joint sizes and conditions to est relationship for installation of backup ma	
	.2	Clean bonding joint surfaces of harmful r dust, rust, oil grease, and other matter w	
	.3	Do not apply sealants to joint surfaces tro- compound, water repellent, or other coat performed to ensure compatibility of mat required.	tings unless tests have beer
	.4	Ensure joint surfaces are dry and frost from	ee.
	.5	Prepare surfaces in accordance with ma	nufacturer's directions.
3.3 PRIMING	.1	Where necessary to prevent staining, mapping and caulking.	ask adjacent surfaces prior t
	.2	Prime sides of joints in accordance with sinstructions immediately prior to caulking	
3.4 BACKUP MATERIAL	.1	Apply bond breaker tape where required instructions.	to manufacturer's
	.2	Install joint filler to achieve correct joint dapproximately 30% compression.	lepth and shape, with
3.5 MIXING	.1	Mix materials in strict accordance with se instructions.	ealant manufacturer's
3.6 APPLICATION	.1	Sealant1 Apply sealant in accordance with	h manufacturer's written

instructions.

- .2 Mask edges of joint where irregular surface or sensitive joint border exists to provide neat joint.
- .3 Apply sealant in continuous beads.
- .4 Apply sealant using gun with proper size nozzle.
- .5 Use sufficient pressure to fill voids and joints solid.
- .6 Form surface of sealant with full bead, smooth, free from ridges, wrinkles, sags, air pockets, embedded impurities.
- .7 Tool exposed surfaces before skinning begins to give slightly concave shape.
- .8 Remove excess compound promptly as work progresses and upon completion.

.2 Curing.

- .1 Cure sealants in accordance with sealant manufacturer's instructions.
- .2 Do not cover up sealants until proper curing has taken place.

.3 Cleanup.

- .1 Clean adjacent surfaces immediately and leave Work neat and clean.
- .2 Remove excess and droppings, using recommended cleaners as work progresses.
- .3 Remove masking tape after initial set of sealant.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- .1 Section 07 92 00 Joint Sealing.
- .2 Section 08 71 10 Door Hardware.
- .3 Section 09 22 16 Non-Structural Metal Framing.
- .4 Section 09 91 23 Interior Painting.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM International)
 - .1 ASTM A 653/A653M-05a, Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-1.181-99, Ready-Mixed Organic Zinc-Rich Coating.
 - .2 CGSB 41-GP-19Ma-84, Rigid Vinyl Extrusions for Windows and Doors.
- .3 Canadian Standards Association (CSA International)
 - .1 G40.20/G40.21-98, General Requirements for Rolled or Welded Structural Quality Steel/Structural Quality Steel.
 - .2 CSA W59-M1989 (R2001), Welded Steel Construction (Metal Arc Welding) (Metric Version).
- .4 Canadian Steel Door Manufacturers' Association, (CSDMA).
 - .1 CSDMA, Specifications for Commercial Steel Doors and Frames, 2009.
 - .2 CSDMA, Recommended Selection and Usage Guide for Commercial Steel Doors, 2009.
- .5 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 - .1 NFPA 80-2016, Standard for Fire Doors and Fire Windows.
 - .2 NFPA 252-2012, Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
- .6 Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC)
 - .1 CAN4-S104-80 2010, Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
 - .2 CAN4-S105-85 R1992, Fire Door Frames Meeting the Performance Required by CAN4-S104.
- .7 CAN/ULC-S701-01, Thermal Insulation, Polystyrene, Boards and Pipe Covering.
- .8 CAN/ULC-S702, Thermal Insulation, Mineral Fibre, for Buildings.
- .9 CAN/ULC-S704, Thermal Insulation, Polyurethane and Polyisocyanurate Boards, Faced.

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<u> </u>	.10	National Building Code of Canada, 2010.	
1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS	.1	Submit shop drawings in accordance with Sec	tion 00 10 00
	.2	Indicate each type of door, material, steel core reinforcements, location of exposed fasteners, arrangement of hardware, fire rating and finish	openings, glazed
	.3	Indicate each type frame material, core thickned glazing stops, location of anchors and exposed fire rating and finishes.	
	.4	Include schedule identifying each unit, with dorrelating to numbering on drawings and door so	
	.5	Submit test and engineering data, and installat	ion instructions.
1.4 WARRANTY	.1	Doors and frames shall be guaranteed against for a period of three (3) years from the date of Substantial Performance. Where defects occ be responsible for all costs, including painting, hardware, associated with replacing the defect	Certificate of ur, the Contractor sha hanging and installin
PART 2 - PRODUCTS			
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Hot dipped galvanized steel sheet: to ASTM A base steel thickness in accordance with CSDN for Component Parts.	
	.2	Reinforcement channel: to CSA G40.20/G40.2 designation to ASTM A 653M, ZF75.	1, Type 44W, coating
2.2 DOOR CORE MATERIALS	.1	Stiffened construction: face sheets welded, ins .1 Fibreglass: to CAN/ULC-S702, semi-ri	
2.3 PRIMER	.1	Touch-up prime CAN/CGSB-1.181.	
2.4 PAINT	.1	Field paint steel doors and frames in accordan 09 91 23 - Interior Painting. Protect weatherstr Provide final finish shall be free of scratches or	ipping from paint.

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NRC Project No. 5378and No. 537	79
2.5 ACCESSORIES .1	Door silencers: single stud rubber/neoprene type.
.2	Door bottom drop seal: refer to Section 08 71 10 – Door Hardware.
.3	Metallic paste filler: to manufacturer's standard.
.4	Sealant: In accordance with Section 07 92 00 – Joint Sealing.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.6 FRAMES .1 FABRICATION GENERAL	Fabricate frames in accordance with CSDMA specifications.
.2	Fabricate frames to profiles and maximum face sizes as indicated.
.3	Interior frames: 1.6 mm welded type construction.
.4	Blank, reinforce, drill and tap frames for mortised, templated hardware, and electronic hardware using templates provided by finish hardware supplier. Reinforce frames for surface mounted hardware.
.5	Protect mortised cutouts with steel guard boxes.
.6	Prepare frame for door silencers, 3 for single door.
.7	Manufacturer's nameplates on frames and screens are not permitted.
.8	Conceal fastenings except where exposed fastenings are indicated.
.9	Provide factory-applied touch up primer at areas where zinc coating has been removed during fabrication.
.10	Insulate frame components with fibreglass insulation.
2.7 FRAME ANCHORAGE .1	Provide appropriate anchorage to floor and wall construction.
.2	Locate each wall anchor immediately above or below each hinge reinforcement on hinge jamb and directly opposite on strike jamb.
.3	Provide 2 anchors for rebate opening heights up to 1520 mm and 1 additional anchor for each additional 760 mm of height or fraction thereof.
.4	Locate anchors for frames in existing openings not more than 150 mm from top and bottom of each jambs and intermediate at 660 mm o.c. maximum.
0.0 EDAMES WELDES	Molding in accordance of the COA MISS
2.8 FRAMES: WELDED .1 TYPE	Welding in accordance with CSA W59.
.2	Accurately mitre or mechanically joint frame product and securely

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5378and N	lo. 5379	METAL DOORS AND FRAMES	Section 08 11 14 Page 4 of 5
,		weld on inside of profile.	
	.3	Cope accurately and securely weld butt joints o bars, centre rails and sills.	f mullions, transom
	.4	Grind welded joints and corners to a flat plane, and sand to uniform smooth finish.	fill with metallic paste
	.5	Securely attach floor anchors to inside of each	jamb profile.
	.6	Weld in 2 temporary jamb spreaders per frame alignment during shipment.	to maintain proper
2.9 DOOR FABRICATION GENERAL	.1	Doors: swing type, flush, with provision for louv indicated.	re openings as
	.2	Fabricate doors with longitudinal edges welded joints to a flat plane, fill with metallic paste filler smooth finish	ū
	.3	Doors: manufacturers' proprietary construction, engineered as part of a fully operable assembly frame, gasketing and hardware.	
	.4	Blank, reinforce, drill doors and tap for mortised hardware.	I and templated
	.5	Factory prepare holes 12.7 mm diameter and la and through-bolt holes, on site, at time of hardward	
	.6	Reinforce doors where required, for surface mo Provide inverted, recessed, spot welded channel of interior doors.	ounted hardware. els to top and bottom
	.7	Provide factory-applied touch-up primer at area has been removed during fabrication.	s where zinc coating
2.10 HOLLOW STEEL	.1	Form each face sheet from 1.6 mm sheet steel.	
CONSTRUCTION	.2	Reinforce doors with vertical stiffeners, securely sheet at 150 mm on centre maximum.	y welded to each face
	.3	Fill voids between stiffeners of interior doors wit temperature rise rated core.	th fiberglass
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 INSTALLATION	.1	Install doors and frames to CSDMA Installation	Guide.

GENERAL

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5378and No.	. 5379	METAL DOORS AND FRAMES	Section 08 11 14 Page 5 of 5
3.2 FRAME INSTALLATION	.1	Set frames plumb, square, level and at correct e	levation.
INSTALLATION	.2	Secure anchorages and connections to adjacent	t construction.
	.3	Brace frames rigidly in position while building-in. horizontal wood spreader at third points of door frame width. Provide vertical support at centre of over 1200 mm wide. Remove temporary spreade built-in.	opening to maintain f head for openings
	.4	Make allowances for deflection of structure to en are not transmitted to frames.	nsure structural loads
	.5	Caulk perimeter of frames between frame and a	djacent material.
3.3 DOOR INSTALLATION	.1	Install doors and hardware in accordance with hard manufacturer's instructions and Section 08 7 Hardware - General.	
	.2	Provide even margins between doors and jambs finished floor and thresholds as follows. 1 Hinge side: 1.0 mm. 2 Latchside and head: 1.5 mm. 3 Finished floor, top of carpet, noncombus thresholds: 13 mm.	
	.3	Adjust operable parts for correct function.	
	.4	Install louvres.	
3.4 FINISH REPAIRS	.1	Touch up with primer finishes damaged during installation.	
	.2	Fill exposed frame anchors and surfaces with immetallic paste filler and sand to a uniform smooth	
3.5 GLAZING	.1	Install glazing for doors and frames in accordance 08 80 50 - Glazing.	ce with Section

METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

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1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 Section 08 11 00 – Metal Doors and Frames.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Steel Door and Frame Manufacturers' Association (CSDFMA).
 - .1 CSDFMA Canadian Metric Guide for Steel Doors and Frames (Modular Construction): standard hardware location dimensions.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB).
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-69.17-M86(R1993), Bored and Preassembled Locks and Latches.
 - .2 CAN/CGSB-69.18-M90/ANSI/BHMA A156.1-1981, Butts and Hinges.
 - .3 CAN/CGSB-69.19-93/ANSI/BHMA A156.3-1984, Exit Devices.
 - .4 CAN/CGSB-69.20-M90/ANSI/BHMA A156.4-1986, Door Controls (Closers).
 - .5 CAN/CGSB-69.21-[90/ANSI/BHMA A156.5-1984, Auxiliary Locks and Associated Products.
 - .6 CAN/CGSB-69.22-M90/ANSI/BHMA A156.6-1986, Architectural Door Trim.
 - .7 CAN/CGSB-69.24-M90/ANSI/BHMA A156.8-2005, Door Controls Overhead Holders.
 - .8 CAN/CGSB-69.26-96/ANSI/BHMA A156.10-1999, Power-operated Pedestrian Doors.
 - .9 CAN/CGSB-69.29-93/ANSI/BHMA A156.13-2012, Mortise Locks and Latches.
 - .10 CAN/CGSB-69.30-93/ANSI/BHMA.
 - .11 CAN/CGSB-69.31-M89/ANSI/BHMA A156.15-2011, Closer/Holder Release Device.
 - .12 CAN/CGSB-69.32-M90/ANSI/BHMA A156.16-2013, Auxiliary Hardware.
 - .13 CAN/CGSB-69.34-93/ANSI/BHMA A156.18-2012, Materials and Finishes.
 - .14 CAN/CGSB-69.35-M89/ANSI/BHMA A156.19-2013, Power Assist and Low Energy Power Operated Doors.
 - .15 CAN/CSA-B651-04.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Product Data:
 - .1 Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and data sheet in accordance with Section 00 10 00 Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Hardware List:
 - .1 Submit contract hardware list in accordance with Section

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation	DOOR HARDWARE	Section 08 71 10 Page 2 of 5
NRC Project No. 5378 and No. 5	379	
	00 10 00 - Submittal Procedures..2 Indicate specified hardware, includin function, size, finish and other pertinent information.	
.3	Manufacturer's Instructions: .1 Submit manufacturer's installation in:	structions.
.4	Closeout Submittals .1 Provide operation and maintenance locksets, door holders, electrified hardware for manual specified in Section 00 10 00 - Close	or incorporation into
1.4 QUALITY .1 ASSURANCE	Regulatory Requirements: .1 Hardware for doors in fire separation by a Canadian Certification Organization acc Council of Canada.	
.2	Test Reports: certified test reports showing of performance characteristics and physical pro-	
.3	Certificates: product certificates signed by materials comply with specified performance criteria and physical requirements.	
1.5 DELIVERY, .1 STORAGE, AND HANDLING	Packing, Shipping, Handling and Unloading: .1 Deliver, store, handle and protect may with Section 00 10 002 Package each item of hardware incluseparately or in like groups of hardware, laber item definition and location.	aterials in accordance uding fastenings,
.2	Storage and Protection: .1 Store finishing hardware in locked, c	lean and dry area.
1.6 MAINTENANCE .1	Extra Materials: .1 Provide maintenance materials in ac 00 10 00 - Closeout Submittals2 Supply two sets of wrenches for doo	
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 HARDWARE ITEMS .1	Use one manufacturer's products only for sin	nilar items.
2.2 DOOR HARDWARE .1	Locks and latches:	

Building M-2 and M-59
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DOOR HARDWARE

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- .1 Lockset: "Sargent" 10G05LL x 26B.
- .2 Latchset: "Sargent" 10U65LL x 26B.
- .3 Lever handles: plain design.
- .4 Roses: round.
- .5 Normal strikes: box type, lip projection not beyond jamb.
- .6 Cylinders: key into keying system as noted.
- .8 Finished to BHMA 626.
- .2 Butts and hinges:
 - .1 Interior doors: Dorex 114.3mm x 101.6mm x 179 454 NRP X C15.
- .3 Door Closers and Accessories:
 - .1 Door Controls (Closers): to CAN/CGSB-69.20, Designated Letter C.
 - .1 Acceptable Manufacturer:
 - .1 Interior doors "Norton" 1600BC-Reg x AL.

Parallel arm.

- .2 Door controls overhead holders: to CAN/CGSB-69.24, designated by letter C, finished to C32D.
- .4 Architectural door trim: to CAN/CGSB-69.22, designated by letter J and numeral identifiers as listed below, finished to BHMA C26D.
 - .1 Door protection plates: kick plate type, 1.27 mm thick stainless steel finished to BHMA 630.
 - .1 Acceptable Manufacturer:
 - .1 Don-Jo, Commercial Kickplate 90.
 - .2 Push plates: type 1.27 mm thick size 4" x 16", stainless steel finished to BHMA 630.
 - .1 Acceptable Manufacturer:
 - .1 Don-Jo, Push Plate CFK71 and 71.
 - .3 Pull units: stainless steel, size 4" x 16", finished to BHMA 630.
 - .1 Acceptable Manufacturer:
 - Don-Jo, Pull Plate 7137 and CFC7115.
- .5 Door bottom seal: heavy duty door seal of extruded aluminum frame and solid closed cell neoprene seal, surface mounted, closed ends, adjustable automatic retract mechanism when door is open, clear anodized finish.
 - .1 Acceptable Product: "KNC", CT-52, Heavy Duty Surface mounted, clear anodized aluminum & neoprene seal or approved equal.
- .6 Thresholds: 150 mm wide x full width of door opening, extruded aluminum, serrated surface.
- .7 Door Stops: Floor Mounted Door Stops
 - .1 Acceptable Manufacturer:
 - .1 "Hagar" 243F, Light duty dome stop High, or approved equal.

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NRC Project No. 5378 and No	o. <u>5379</u>		
	.8	Weatherstripping: .1 Head and jamb seal: .1 Extruded aluminum frame a neoprene insert, clear anodized fini .2 Adhesive backed neoprene	sh.
2.3 FASTENINGS	.1	Use only fasteners provided by manufacture void warranties and applicable licensed label	
	.2	Supply screws, bolts, expansion shields and other fastening devices required for satisfactory installation and operation of hardware.	
	.3	Exposed fastening devices to match finish of	of hardware.
	.4	Where pull is scheduled on one side of door side, supply fastening devices, and install st through door from reverse side. Install push	o pull can be secured
	.5	Use fasteners compatible with material thro	ugh which they pass.
2.4 KEYING	.1	Doors, locks to be keyed as directed by Dep Representative.	partmental
	.2	Provide keys in duplicate for every lock in the	nis Contract.
	.3	Provide three masterkeys for each MK or G	MK group.
	.4	Stamp keying code numbers on keys and co	ylinders.
	.5	Provide construction cores.	
	.6	Provide all permanent cores and keys to De Representative.	epartmental
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS	.1	Compliance: comply with manufacturer's wr product technical bulletins, product catalogu product carton installation instructions, and	ue installation instructions
	.2	Furnish metal door and frame manufacturer instructions and templates for preparation o hardware.	
	.3	Furnish manufacturers' instructions for prophardware component.	er installation of each

Building M-2 and M-59 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5378 and N	o. 5379	DOOR HARDWARE	Section 08 71 10 Page 5 of 5
3.2 INSTALLATION	.1	Install hardware to standard hardware loca accordance with Canadian Metric Guide for (Modular Construction) prepared by Canadianufacturers' Association.	or Steel Doors and Frames
	.2	Where door stop contacts door pulls, mou	nt stop to strike bottom of
	.3	Install key control cabinet.	
	.4	Use only manufacturer's supplied fastener void manufacturer's warranties and applica "quick" type fasteners, unless specifically sunacceptable.	able licensed labels. Use of
	.5	Remove construction cores when directed Representative; install permanent cores at locks.	
3.3 ADJUSTING	.1	Adjust door hardware, operators, closures smooth operating condition, safety and for	
	.2	Lubricate hardware, operating equipment	and other moving parts.
	.3	Adjust door hardware to provide tight fit at	contact points with frames.
3.4 CLEANING	.1	Perform cleaning after installation to remo- accumulated environmental dirt.	ve construction and
	.2	Clean hardware with damp rag and approvand polish hardware in accordance with m	
	.3	Remove protective material from hardware	e items where present.
	.4	Upon completion of installation, remove su tools and equipment barriers.	urplus materials, rubbish,

Building M-6	GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES	Section 09 21 16
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1,1 RELATED	.1	Section 06 10 00 – Rough Carpentry.
SECTIONS	.2	Section 08 11 00 – Metal Doors and Frames
	.3	Section 09 03 51 - Historic - Plaster
	.4	Section 09 22 16 – Non-Structural Metal Framing
	.5	Section 09 30 13 – Ceramic Tiling
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Materials Internation 1 ASTM C 36/C36M-01, Specification for Government 2 ASTM C 79/C79M-01, Standard Specification and Non-treated Core Gypsum Sheathing Bovernment 3 ASTM C 442/C442M-01, Specification for

- national, (ASTM)
 - Sypsum Wallboard.
 - ation for Treated Board.
 - r Gypsum Backing Board, Gypsum Coreboard, and Gypsum Shaftliner Board.
 - ASTM C 475-01, Specification for Joint Compound and Joint Tape for Finishing Gypsum Board.
 - ASTM C 514-01, Specification for Nails for the Application of Gypsum Board.
 - ASTM C 630/C630M-01, Specification for Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board.
 - ASTM C 840-01, Specification for Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board.
 - ASTM C 954-00, Specification for Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Studs From 0.033 in. (0.84 mm) to 0.112 in. (2.84 mm) in Thickness.
 - ASTM C 1002-01, Specification for Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs.
 - ASTM C 1047-99, Specification for Accessories for Gypsum .11 Wallboard and Gypsum Veneer Base.
 - ASTM C 1280-99, Specification for Application of Gypsum .12 Sheathing Board.
 - .13 ASTM C 1177-01, Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing.
 - ASTM C 1178/C1178M-01, Specification for Glass Mat Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board.
- .2 Association of the Wall and Ceilings Industries International (AWEI)
- .3 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - CAN/CGSB-51.34-M86 R1988, Vapour Barrier, Polyethylene Sheet for Use in Building Construction.

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	.4	Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC) .1 CAN/ULC-S102-1988 R2000, Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials and Assemblies.
1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING	.1	Deliver materials in original packages, containers or bundles bearing manufacturers brand name and identification.
HANDLING	.2	Store materials inside, level, under cover. Keep dry. Protect from weather, other elements and damage from construction operations and other causes.
	.3	Handle gypsum boards to prevent damage to edges, ends or surfaces. Protect metal accessories and trim from being bent or damaged.
1.4 SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS	.1	Maintain temperature minimum 10 degrees C, maximum 21 degrees C for 48 hours prior to and during application of gypsum boards and joint treatment, and for at least 48 hours after completion of joint treatment.
	.2	Apply board and joint treatment to dry, frost free surfaces.
	.3	Ventilation: Ventilate building spaces as required to remove excess moisture that would prevent drying of joint treatment material immediately after its application.
1.5 SAMPLES	.1	Submit samples in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Standard board: to ASTM C 36/C36M regular, Type X, 16 mm thick, 1200 mm wide x maximum practical length, ends square cut, edges squared.
	.2	Glass-mat Moisture Resistant Board: To ASTM D3273, ASTM C1658, and ASTM C1177, 16 mm thick, 1200 mm wide x maximum practical length, ends square cut, edges squared.
	.3	Cement Backer Board: To ASTM C473, ASTM D3273 and ASTM C627, 16 mm thick, 1200 mm wide x maximum practical length, edges squared.
	.4	Insulating strip: rubberized, moisture resistant, closed cell neoprene strip, 50 mm wide.

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	.5	Casing beads, corner beads, control joints and "J-Trim" e ASTM C 1047, zinc-coated zinc-coated by electrolytic promm base thickness, perforated flanges, one piece length	ocess, 0.5
	.6	Joint compound: to ASTM C 475, asbestos-free and as recommended by manufacturer.	
	.7	Tape: as recommended by manufacturer.	
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 ERECTION	.1	Do application and finishing of gypsum board in accordar ASTM C 840 except where specified otherwise.	nce with
	.2	Do application of gypsum sheathing in accordance with A 1280.	STM C
	.3	Erect hangers and runner channels for suspended gypsu ceilings in accordance with ASTM C 840 except where spotherwise.	
	.4	Support light fixtures by providing additional ceiling suspenses within 150 mm of each corner and at maximum (around perimeter of fixture.	
	.5	Install work level to tolerance of 1:1200.	
	.6	Frame with furring channels, perimeter of openings for aclight fixtures, diffusers, grilles.	cess panels,
	.7	Install 19 x 64 mm furring channels parallel to, and at exact of steel stud partition header track.	act locations
	.8	Furr above suspended ceilings for gypsum board fire and stops and to form plenum areas as indicated.	l sound
	.9	Install wall furring for gypsum board wall finishes in accord ASTM C 840, except where specified otherwise.	dance with
	.10	Furr openings and around built-in equipment, cabinets, a panels, on four sides. Extend furring into reveals. Check with equipment suppliers.	
	.11	Furr duct shafts, beams, columns, pipes and exposed se indicated.	rvices where
	.12	Install 150 mm continuous strip of 12.7 mm gypsum boar of partitions where resilient furring installed.	d along base
3.2 APPLICATION	.1	Do not apply gypsum board until bucks, anchors, blocking attenuation, electrical and mechanical work are approved	

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GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

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- .2 Apply single layer gypsum board to metal furring or framing using screw fasteners. Maximum spacing of screws 300 mm on centre.
- .3 Apply single layer gypsum board to concrete or terracotta block surfaces, where indicated, using screw fasteners.
- .4 Install gypsum board with face side out.
- .5 Do not install damaged or damp boards.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- .1 Erect accessories straight, plumb or level, rigid and at proper plane.
 Use full length pieces where practical. Make joints tight, accurately aligned and rigidly secured. Mitre and fit corners accurately, free from rough edges. Secure at 150 mm on centre.
- .2 Install casing beads around perimeter of suspended ceilings.
- .3 Install casing beads where gypsum board butts against surfaces having no trim concealing junction and where indicated.
- .4 Install insulating strips continuously at edges of gypsum board and casing beads abutting metal window and exterior door frames, to provide thermal break.
- .5 Install access doors to electrical and mechanical fixtures specified in respective sections.
 - .1 Rigidly secure frames to furring or framing systems.
- .6 Finish face panel joints and internal angles with joint system consisting of joint compound, joint tape and taping compound installed according to manufacturer's directions and feathered out onto panel faces.
- .7 Gypsum Board Finish: finish gypsum board walls and ceilings to following levels in accordance with Association of the Wall and Ceiling Industries (AWCI) International Recommended Specification on Levels of Gypsum Board Finish:
 - .1 Level 5 (at all areas not concealed by ceramic tile finish): Embed tape for joints and interior angles in joint compound and apply three separate coats of joint compound over joints, angles, fastener heads and accessories; apply a thin skim coat of joint compound to entire surface; surfaces smooth and free of tool marks and ridges.
- .8 Finish corner beads, control joints and trim as required with two coats of joint compound and one coat of taping compound, feathered out onto panel faces.
- .9 Fill screw head depressions with joint and taping compounds to bring flush with adjacent surface of gypsum board so as to be invisible after surface finish is completed.

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	.10	Sand lightly to remove burred edges and other sanding adjacent surface of board.	imperfections. Avoid
	.11	Completed installation to be smooth, level or pleand other defects and ready for surface finish.	umb, free from waves
	.12	Apply one coat of white primer sealer over surfa When dry apply textured finish in accordance winstructions.	
	.13	Mix joint compound slightly thinner than for join	t taping.
	.14	At areas not concealed by ceramic tile finishes, entire surface using trowel or drywall broadknife differences, variations or tool marks.	
	.15	Allow skim coat to dry completely.	
	.16	Remove ridges by light sanding or wiping with o	damp cloth.
	.17	Provide protection that ensures gypsum drywal without damage or deterioration at time of subs	

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122	NO	N-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING	09 22 16 Page 1 of 3
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 RELATED	.1	Section 06 10 100 – Rough Carpentry.	
SECTIONS	.2	Section 09 21 16 - Gypsum Board Assemblies.	
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Materials Internat .1 ASTM C 645-07, Specification for Nonstruc Framing Members.	tural Steel
		.2 ASTM C 754-15, Specification for Installation Framing Members to Receive Screw-Attached Gypt Products.	
	.2	Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)1 CAN/CGSB-1.40-97, Primer, Structural Ste	el, Oil Alkyd Type.
1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE	.1	Test Reports: certified test reports showing compliance performance characteristics and physical properties	
PART 2 - PRODUCTS			
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Non-load bearing channel stud framing: to ASTM C mm, 152 mm stud size, roll formed from 0.91 mm (2 thickness hot dipped galvanized steel sheet, for scr gypsum board. Knock-out service holes at 460 mm	20 gauge) ew attachment of
	.2	Floor and ceiling tracks: to ASTM C 645, in widths t 32 mm flange height.	o suit stud sizes,
	.3	Metal channel stiffener: 1.4 mm thick cold rolled sterust inhibitive coating.	el, coated with
	.4	Insulating strip: rubberized, moisture resistant 3 mm required.	n thick lengths as
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 ERECTION	.1	Align partition tracks at floor and ceiling and secure centre maximum.	at 300 mm on

- .2 Install damp proof course under stud shoe tracks of partitions on slabs on grade.
- .3 Place studs vertically at 355 mm (14") on centre and not more than 50 mm from abutting walls, and at each side of openings and corners. Position studs in tracks at floor and ceiling. Cross brace steel studs as required to provide rigid installation to manufacturer's instructions.
- .4 Erect metal studding to tolerance of 1:1000.
- .5 Attach studs to bottom and ceiling track using screws.
- .6 Co-ordinate simultaneous erection of studs with installation of service lines. When erecting studs ensure web openings are aligned.
- .7 Co-ordinate erection of studs with installation of door/window frames and special supports or anchorage for work specified in other Sections.
- .8 Provide two studs extending from floor to ceiling at each side of openings wider than stud centres specified. Secure studs together, 50 mm apart using column clips or other approved means of fastening placed alongside frame anchor clips.
- .9 Install heavy gauge single jamb studs at openings.
- .10 Erect track at head of door/window openings and sills of sidelight/window openings to accommodate intermediate studs. Secure track to studs at each end, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Install intermediate studs above and below openings in same manner and spacing as wall studs.
- .11 Frame openings and around built-in equipment, cabinets, access panels, on four sides. Extend framing into reveals. Check clearances with equipment suppliers.
- .12 Provide 40 mm stud or furring channel secured between studs for attachment of fixtures behind lavatory basins, toilet and bathroom accessories, and other fixtures including grab bars and towel rails, attached to steel stud partitions.
- .13 Install steel studs or furring channel between studs for attaching electrical and other boxes.
- .14 Extend partitions to ceiling height except where noted otherwise on drawings.
- .15 Maintain clearance under beams and structural slabs to avoid transmission of structural loads to studs. Use 50 mm leg ceiling tracks.
- .16 Install continuous insulating strips to isolate studs from uninsulated surfaces.

Building M-6	NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING	09 22 16
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3.2 CLEANING

.1 Upon completion of installation, remove surplus materials, rubbish, tools and equipment barriers.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		PLASTER	Section 09 23 00 Page 1 of 4
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 SECTION INCLUDES	<u>.</u> 1	Portland Cement plaster repair work.	
1.2 RELATED SECTIONS	.1 .2	Section 06 10 11 – Rough Carpentry. Section 09 91 23 – Interior Painting.	
1.3 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Mater 1 ASTM C206-14, Specification for 2 ASTM C150-15, Standard Specification for 3 ASTM C207-06(2011), Standard Lime for Masonry Purposes. 4 ASTM C897-15, Standard Specification for Masonry Purposes. 5 ASTM C926-16, Standard Specification for Masonry Purposes. 6 ASTM C926-16, Standard Specification for Masonry Purposes. 7 ASTM C1059-13, Standard Specification for Masonry Purposes. 8 ASTM C1059-13, Standard Specification for Masonry Purposes. 9 ASTM C1583-13, Standard Testing for Concrete Surfaces and the Bistrength of Concrete Repair an Tension (Pull-off Method).	or Finishing Hydrated Lime. cification for Portland Cement. d Specification for Hydrated cification for Aggregate for used Plasters. cification for Application of r. ecification for Latex Agents for uncrete. st Method for Tensile Strength Bond Strength or Tensile
	.2	Canadian Standards Association (CSA .1 CAN/CSA-A3000-98, Cementiti	•
	.3	CAN/CSA-A5-98, Portland Cement. CA Inorganic aggregates for use in interior	
	.4	Association of Wall and Ceiling Contrac 1 Association of Wall and Ceiling Standards Manual", 2003 Editio (AWCC Manual).	Contractors Specification
1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE	.1	Qualifications: Work to be undertaken b minimum 5 years' experience, reference request.	

Mock-up: construct mock-up in accordance with Section 00 10 00.

Before application of plaster, at location designated by Departmental Representative, prepare 1 m² representative sample plastering coat.

.2

.3

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		PLASTER Section 09 23 (Page 2 of
	.4	Allow 24 hours for inspection of mock-up by Departmental Representative before proceeding with plaster work.
	.5	When accepted, mock-up will demonstrate minimum standard of quality required for this work. Approved mock-up may remain as part of finished work.
1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING	.1	Deliver, store and handle in accordance with the provision of Section 00 10 00.
HANDLING	.2	Ensure bagged materials are delivered to site and stored in original containers.
	.3	Ensure loose material is delivered, clean, and stored to prevent contamination by foreign material.
	.4	Protect material from damage by moisture and freezing.
1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS	.1	Do plaster work when ambient temperature is between 13° C and 21 C under conditions specified in ASTM C 842.
	.2	Ventilate to facilitate proper application and curing of plaster.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Metal Lath: Use galvanized, metal lath to ASTM C 841 of type and weight to suit plaster system and support spacing.
	.2	Hydrated Lime: to ASTM C 206.
	.3	Cement: to CAN/CSA-A3000.
	.4	Portland Cement: to CAN/CSA-A3000.
	.5	Bonding Adhesive: to ASTM C1059.
	.6	Sand: to ASTM C 35. Clean, sharp, free from deleterious matter.
	.7	Water: potable, free of substances that would affect set of plaster.
2.2 MIXES	.1	Mix plaster in accordance with CAN/CSA-A82.57-M1977.
	.2	Accurately maintain measuring proportions from batch to batch.
	.3	Have materials batch mixed.

.4 Keep mixing tools and bins free of his PART 3 - EXECUTION 3.1 EXAMINATION .1 Examine existing plaster surfaces are 3.2 PROTECTION .1 Protect any fittings and surfaces adjusted and surfaces adjusted and surfaces adjusted and surfaces and surfaces adjusted and surfaces	
 3.1 EXAMINATION .1 Examine existing plaster surfaces are 3.2 PROTECTION .1 Protect any fittings and surfaces adjusted masking. 3.3 PREPARATION .1 Ensure that all existing wall surfaces 	ardened residue.
 3.2 PROTECTION .1 Protect any fittings and surfaces adjusted masking. 3.3 PREPARATION 1 Ensure that all existing wall surfaces 	
masking. 3.3 PREPARATION 1 Ensure that all existing wall surfaces	nd methods of reproducing finish.
	acent to work by covering or
beginning repairs. Remove loose, ur at windows which has been damage construction.	nsound or flaking plaster on walls
.2 Install wire lath in large holes as req	uired.
.3 Before repairing, coat all existing pla by Larsen Products Corp or "Plaster Gypsum Co to prevent re-hydration	Bonder" by United States
.4 Fill all depressions and cracks as no base for new finishes. Completed in plumb, free from waves and other de	stallation to be smooth, level or
.5 Do not repair plaster until adjacent fi protected from damage in a suitable	
.6 Ensure ground, screeds, beads and conduits, pipes, cables and outlets a covered before commencing work.	
.7 Where plaster butts exposed mason strip of polyethylene before applying polyethylene neatly at junction with properties.	plaster to protect masonry. Cut
.8 Apply adhesives to bond new plaste	r with existing.
3.4 INSTALLATION .1 Repair of metal lath1 Remove and replace lath, as	
.2 Use bonding agents on masonry.	s required, with new metal lath.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		PLASTER Section 09 23 00 Page 4 of 4
3.5 APPLICATION	.1	Ensure that plaster finish follows surface irregularities to maintain authenticity of original work.
	.2	Do plaster work to ASTM C 842, unless otherwise specified.
	.3	Base Coat: .1 Apply first coat, with trowel, using sufficient pressure to force it between gaps of lath. Ensure even surface2 Scratch surface with broom when initial set is obtained (2-4 days)3 Keep base coat damp for 3 days4 Cure base coat 10 days in ventilated surroundings.
	.4	Intermediate scratch coat: .1 Wet base coat 2 hours before application of scratch coat. .2 Apply scratch coat. .3 Keep scratch coat damp for 2 days. .4 Cure 6 days.
	.5	Finish coat: 1 Wet intermediate coat thoroughly. 2 Apply finish coat to 3 mm thickness minimum. 3 Smooth finish coat with wood trowel to achieve desired texture and appearance. 4 Trowel patch work to smooth surface, even with adjacent work.
3.6 CLEANING	.1	Remove droppings and splashings, immediately, using clean sponge and water.
3.7 PROTECTION	.1	Protect finished adjoining work, during execution of plaster work, with polyethelene sheets or building paper.
	.2	Remove surplus material, tools, equipment and debris from work area on completion of work.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		CERAMIC TILING	Section 09 30 13 Page 1 of 6
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1 .2	Section 07 92 10 - Joint Sealing. Section 09 21 16 - Gypsum Board Assem	blies
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American National Standards Institute (AN (CTI) .1 ANSI A108.1-2013, Specification of Ceramic Tile (Includes ANSI A108.1A-C, 1 A136.1). .2 CTI A118.3-2013, Specification for Water Cleanable Tile Setting and Grouting Cleanable Tile Setting Epoxy Adhesive (in .3 CTI A118.4-2012, Specification for Mortar (included in ANSI A108.1). .4 CTI A118.6-2010, Specification for (included in ANSI A108.1).	for the Installation of 108.413, A118.110, ANSI or Chemical Resistant, green Epoxy and Water cluded in ANSI A108.1). or Latex Portland Cement
	.2	American Society for Testing and Materials International .1 ASTM C 144-2004, Specification f Mortar.	,
	.3	Canadian General Standards Board (CGS .1 CAN/CGSB-51.34-M86(R1988), V Sheet for Use in Building Construction.	
	.4	Canadian Standards Association (CSA Int1 CAN/CSA-A3000-13, Cementitiou (Consists of A5-98, A8-98, A23.5-98, A362 A456.2-98, A456.3-98).	s Materials Compendium
	.5	Terrazzo Tile and Marble Association of C .1 Tile Specification Guide 093000, T .2 Tile Maintenance Guide.	
1.3 PRODUCT DATA	.1	Submit product data in accordance with S	Section 00 10 00
	.2	Include manufacturer's information on: .1 Ceramic tile, marked to show each required2 Chemical resistant mortar and epo3 Transition strip4 Flexible membrane5 Leveling compound6 Adhesives.	

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1.4 SAMPLES	.1	Submit samples in accordance with Sect	ion 00 10 00
	.2	Wall tile: submit duplicate sample panels	of each colour, size.
	.3	Floor tile: submit duplicate sample panels	s of each colour.
	.4	Transition and reducer strips: each type	and profile.
1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING	.1	Deliver materials in containers with labels grade-seals unbroken.	s legible and intact and
HANDLING	.2	Store material so as to prevent damage of	or contamination.
	.3	Store materials in a dry area, protected for damage.	rom freezing, staining and
	.4	Store cementitious materials on a dry sur	rface.
1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	.1	Maintain air temperature and structural b tile installation area above 12 ° C for 48 after, installation.	
	.2	Do not install tiles at temperatures less the	nan 12 ° C or above 38 ° C.
	.3	Do not apply epoxy mortar and grouts at or above 25 ° C.	temperatures below 15 ° C
1.7 EXTRA MATERIAL	.1	Provide maintenance materials in accord	ance with Section 00 10 00.
	.2	Provide minimum 5% of each type and control project for maintenance use. Store where	
	.3	Maintenance material to be of same proc material.	luction run as installed
PART 2 - PRODUCTS			
2.1 FLOOR TILE	.1	Ceramic mosaic tile: to CAN/CGSB-75.1 50 mm size, slip resistant surface, Match high.	
	.2	Acceptable Material: .1 CMT-1: Olympia Quebec Series	/ "Anthracite" Unglazed.

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2.2 WALL TILE	.1	Ceramic tile: to CAN/CGSB-75.1, Type 5, C surface.	Class MR 1, matt glazed	
	.2	Acceptable Material: .1 CT-1: By Olympia Yura New Series 600 mm.	s – Lead Grey, Size: 300 x	
2.3 THIN SET MORTAR AND ADDITIVES	.1	Acceptable Material: .1 Thin-Set Mortar: .1 Flextile 51 as manufacture: .2 Additive: .1 Flextile 44 as manufacture	•	
	.2	Water: potable and free of minerals and chedetrimental to mortar and grout mixes.	emicals which are	
2.4 BOND COAT	.1	Latex Portland Cement mortar: to ANSI A10 universal dry-set mortar.	08.1, two-component	
2.5 WATERPROOFING SYSTEM	.1	Flexible, load-bearing waterproofing system elastomeric latex compound with a reinforc		
	.2	Acceptable Material: .1 Flextile WP-980 as manufactured by	by Flextile Ltd.	
2.6 GROUT	.1	Chemical-Resistant Grout: .1 Epoxy grout: to ANSI A108.1, having characteristics to match epoxy bond coat. Assame manufacturer. .2 Colour: Silver Grey. .3 Acceptable Material: .1 Two component flex-epoxy Flextile Ltd.	Adhesive and grout by	
2.7 ACCESSORIES	.1	Transition and Reducer Strips: purpose ma aluminum type. 1 At wall or floor tile termination or trafinishes use anodized aluminum profiles ma Schluter Systems Inc. 1 Floor transition between din — Schiene or approved equal 2 Wall outside corner: Schluter Schlute	ansition between dissimilar anufactured by ssimilar materials: Schluter ual	

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122	_	CERAMIC TILING	Section 09 30 13 Page 4 of 6
	.2	.3 Wall termination: Schluter .4 Floor transition between d Schluter – Reno-TK5 Floor expansion/control jo .6 Top of ceramic tile base: \$ Sealant: in accordance with Section 07 92 Thresholds: marble, 16 mm thick, bevelled exposed surfaces, 100 mm wide as indicate	issimilar materials – int: Schluter – Dilex – BWS. Schluter – Jolly. 10 - Joint Sealing. I one side, honed finish to
2.8 MIXES	.1	Portland Cement: 1 Scratch coat: 1 part portland cement hydrated lime to suit job conditions, 4 parts latex additive where required]. Adjust wat water content of sand. 2 Slurry bond coat: portland cement paste. Latex additive may be included. 3 Mortar bed for floors: 1 part portlant part water. Adjust water volume depending Include Latex additive. 4 Mortar bed for walls: 1 part portlant hydrated lime to suit job conditions, 4 parts Adjust water volume depending on water of Latex additive. 5 Levelling coat: 1 part portland cement 1/10 part latex additive, 1 part water included. 6 Bond or setting coat: 1 part portlar hydrated lime, 1 part water. 7 Measure mortar ingredients by vol	as sand, 1 part water, [and ter volume depending on and water mixed to creamy and cement, 4 parts sand, 1 g on water content of sand. Id cement, 1/5 to 1/2 parts as sand and 1 part water. content of sand. Include the later and the later additive. In defending the later additive.
	.2	Dry set mortar: mix to manufacturer's instr	uctions.
	.3	Organic adhesive: pre-mixed.	
	.4	Mix bond and levelling coats, and grout to	manufacturer's instructions.
	.5	Adjust water volumes to suit water content	of sand.
2.9 PATCHING AND LEVELING COMPOUND	.1	Polymer modified, cementitious self-levelling manufactured specifically for resurfacing a Products containing gypsum are not accept Have not less than the following physical polymer. 1.1 Compressive strength – 33.1 MPa. 2. Density - 1.9 (Wet).	nd leveling concrete floors. otable. oroperties:
	.3	Capable of being applied in layers up to 50 to feather edge, and being trowelled to sm	

Ready for use in 4 hours after application.

.4

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		CERAMIC TILING	Section 09 30 13 Page 5 of 6
	.5	Acceptable Material: .1 59 Flex-Flo self-levelling underla Flextile Ltd2 Primer: Flextile 4040 as manufa	
2.10 CLEANING COMPOUNDS	.1	Specifically designed for cleaning masor will not prevent bond of subsequent tile spatching and leveling compounds and emembrane and coat.	setting materials including
	.2	Materials containing acid or caustic mate	erial are not acceptable.
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 WORKMANSHIP	.1	Do tile work in accordance with TTMAC "Ceramic Tile", except where specified of	
	.2	Apply tile to clean and sound surfaces.	
	.3	Fit tile around corners, fitments, fixtures, objects. Maintain uniform joint appearan even. Do not split tiles.	
	.4	Maximum surface tolerance 1:800.	
	.5	Make joints between tile uniform and ap plumb, straight, true, even and flush with layout not visible after installation. Align	n adjacent tile. Ensure sheet
	.6	Lay out tiles so perimeter tiles are minim	num 1/2 size.
	.7	Sound tiles after setting and replace holl full bond.	low-sounding units to obtain
	.8	Make internal angles square.	
	.9	Use transition strip at termination of wall	tile panels.
	.10	Install transition or reducer strips at junc dissimilar materials.	tion of tile flooring and
	.11	Allow minimum 24 h after installation of	tiles, before grouting.
	.12	Clean installed tile surfaces after installa	ation and grouting cured.
	.13	Install waterproofing system under floor mm above top of floor.	tiles and on walls up to 300
	.14	Install self-levelling underlayment under	floor tiles.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		CERAMIC TILING	Section 09 30 13 Page 6 of 6
3.2 WALL TILE	.1	In shower stalls and as indicated insta	•
	.2	shower walls and to underside of ceiling In washrooms as indicated, install CT-above finish floor and full height of was urinals and where indicated.	-2 tiles Wainscot up to 1100 mm
3.3 FLOOR TILES	.1	Install mosaic floor tiles type CMT-1 in	ı all shower rooms.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS	Section 09 51 13 Page 1 of 3
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1	Related Sections: .1 Section 09 53 00.01 - Acoustical Susper	nsion.
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Materials Inter .1 ASTM C 423-09a, Standard Test Method Absorption and Sound Absorption Coefficients by Room Method .2 ASTM E 1264-14, Standard Classificatio Ceiling Products3 ASTM E 1477-98a(2013), Standard Test Luminous Reflectance Factor of Acoustical Mate Integrating-Sphere Reflectometers.	d for Sound y the Reverberation on for Acoustical t Method for
	.2	Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB) .1 CAN/CGSB-51.34-M86, Vapour Barrier, for Use in Building Construction and Amendmen .2 CAN/CGSB-92.1-M89, Sound Absorptive Acoustical Units.	t No. 1 1988.
	.3	Canadian Standards Association (CSA Internation.1 CSA B111-1974(R2003), Wire Nails, Sp	
	.4	Department of Justice Canada (Jus) .1 Canadian Environmental Protection Act .2 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act	
	.5	Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Materials (WHMIS) .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).	Information System
	.6	Underwriter's Laboratories of Canada (ULC) .1 CAN/ULC-S102-10, Surface Burning Ch Building Materials and Assemblies.	aracteristics of
1.3 SUBMITTALS	.1	Submit samples in accordance with Section 00 1	0 00.
	_	Output to the Charles of the Charles	

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

.2

.1 Protect on site stored or installed absorptive material from moisture damage.

Submit duplicate 6" x 6" samples of each type acoustical units.

.2 Store extra materials required for maintenance, where directed by Departmental Representative.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS Section 09 51 13 Page 2 of 3
1.5 ENVIRONMENTAL	.1	Permit wet work to dry before beginning to install.
REQUIREMENTS	.2	Maintain uniform minimum temperature of 15 degrees C and humidity of 20 - 40 % before and during installation.
	.3	Store materials in work area 48 hours prior to installation.
1.6 EXTRA MATERIALS	.1	Provide extra materials of acoustic units in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
	.2	Provide acoustical units amounting to 4% of gross ceiling area for each pattern and type required for project.
	.3	Ensure extra materials are from same production run as installed materials.
	.4	Clearly identify each type of acoustic unit, including colour and texture.
	.5	Deliver to Departmental Representative, upon completion of the work of this section.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Acoustic units for suspended ceiling system]: to CAN/CGSB-92.1, ASTM E 1264. .1 Type XX.
		.2 Class A3 Wet formed ceramic and mineral fiber composite.
		.4 Pattern CE, Class A5 Textures: fine fissured.
		.6 Flame spread rating of 25 or less in accordance with CAN/ULC-S102.
		.7 Smoke developed 50 or less in accordance with CAN/ULC-S102.
		 .8 Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC) designation of 0.55. .9 Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC) rating 40, in accordance with ASTM E 1264
		.10 Light Reflectance (LR) range of 0.82 to ASTM E 1477.
		.11 Edge type square edge..13 Colour white..14 Size 610 mm x 1220 mm x 16 mm thick.
		.15 Shape flat.
		.16 Sag resistant17 Anti-mold and mildew.
		.18 Acceptable Material:.1 Ceramaguard – Fine Fissured by Armstrong.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS	Section 09 51 13 Page 3 of 3
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 EXAMINATION	.1	Do not install acoustical panels and tiles until was been inspected by Departmental Representative	•
3.2 INSTALLATION	.1	Install acoustical panels and tiles in ceiling sus	pension system.
3.3 INTERFACE WITH OTHER WORK	.1	Co-ordinate ceiling work to accommodate comsections, such as light fixtures, diffusers, speak be built into acoustical ceiling components.	
3.4 EXISTING CEILINGS	.1	Where existing ceilings are affected by new wo required and reinstall using undamaged existin Replace damaged components with new match	g components.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		ACOUSTICAL SUSPENSION Section 09 53 00.01 Page 1 of 2
PART 1 - GENERAL		
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1	Section 09 51 13 – Acoustical Panel Ceilings
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM International) .1 ASTM C 635-07, Specifications for the Manufacture, Performance and Testing of Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-In Panel Ceilings. .2 ASTM C 636-13, Practice for Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-In Panels.
1.3 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	.1	Maximum deflection: 1/360th of span to ASTM C 635 deflection test.
1.4 SHOP DRAWINGS	.1	Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 MATERIALS	.1 .2	Intermediate duty system to ASTM C 635. Basic materials for suspension system: commercial quality cold rolled
	.2	steel zinc coated.
	.3	Suspension system: non fire rated, made up as follows: .1 two directional exposed tee bar grid. .1 Acceptable material: .1 Bailey Metal Products Ltd.: Exposed two directional Tee Grid System. .2 Donn DX, Suspension System by CGC Inc. .3 Prelude XL, Exposed Tee System by Armstrong.
	.4	Exposed tee bar grid components: shop painted satin sheen white. Components die cut. Main tee with double web, rectangular bulb and 25 mm rolled cap on exposed face. Cross tee with rectangular bulb; web extended to form positive interlock with main tee webs; lower flange extended and offset to provide flush intersection.
	.5	Hanger wire: galvanized soft annealed steel wire. 1 3.6 mm diameter for access tile ceilings. 2 to ULC design requirements for fire rated assemblies. 2.6 mm diameter for [other] ceilings.

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	.6	Hanger inserts: purpose made.	
	.7	Accessories: splices, clips, wire ties, retaine flush, to complement suspension system co recommended by system manufacturer.	
PART 3 - EXECUTION			
3.1 INSTALLATION	.1	Installation: in accordance with ASTM C 636 otherwise.	S except where specified
	.2	Install suspension system to manufacturer's Certification Organizations tested design red	
	.3	Do not erect ceiling suspension system until been inspected by Departmental Representation	
	.4	Install hangers spaced at maximum 1200 m mm from ends of main tees.	m centres and within 150
	.5	Lay out system according to reflected ceiling	g plan.
	.6	Ensure suspension system is co-ordinated v components.	vith location of related
	.7	Install wall moulding to provide correct ceiling	g height.
	.8	Completed suspension system to support su as lighting fixtures, diffusers,]grilles, and spe	
	.9	Support at light fixtures, diffusers with additing hangers within 150 mm of each corner and a around perimeter of fixture.	
	.10	Interlock cross member to main runner to pr	ovide rigid assembly.
	.11	Frame at openings for light fixtures, air diffus changes in ceiling heights.	sers, speakers and at
	.12	Finished ceiling system to be square with acwithin 1:1000.	ljoining walls and level
3.2 CLEANING	.1	Touch up scratches, abrasions, voids and or surfaces.	ther defects in painted
		END OF SECTION	

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING	Section 09 65 16 Page 1 of 4
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1	Not Used	
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Materials (A .1 ASTM F 1913 Standard Specification Covering Without Backing2 ASTM D 2047, Standard Test Method Friction of Polish-Coated Flooring of 0.6 or gre .3 ASTM F 970, Standard Test Method f 250 PSI4 ASTM E 648, Standard Test Method f of 0.45 watts/cm ² or greater, Class I.	for Vinyl Sheet Floor for State Coefficient of eater. or Static Load Limit –
	.2	Canadian Standards Association (CSA Interna .1 CAN/CSA-ISO 14040-06(r2011), Envi - Life Cycle Assessment - Principles and Fram	ronmental Management
1.3 SAMPLES	.1	Submit samples in accordance with Section 00	0 10 00
	.2	Submit duplicate 300 x 300 mm sample pieces mm long base, edge strips.	s of sheet material, 300
1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS	.1	Provide maintenance data for resilient flooring manual specified in Section 00 10 00.	for incorporation into
1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS	.1	Provide extra materials of resilient sheet floori accordance with Section 00 10 00	ng and adhesives in
	.2	Provide 1 m² of each colour, pattern and type required for project for maintenance use.	flooring material
	.3	Extra materials to be in one piece and from sa installed materials.	me production run as
	.4	Clearly identify each roll of sheet flooring and adhesive.	each container of
	.5	Deliver to Departmental Representative, upon of this section.	completion of the work
	.6	Store where directed by Departmental Repres	entative.

- .4 Sheet flooring joints to be heat-welded, with welding rods as supplied by manufacturer
- .4 Metal edge strips:
 - .1 Aluminum extruded, smooth, mill finish with lip to extend under floor finish.
- .5 External corner protectors: type recommended by flooring manufacturer.
- .6 Edging to floor penetrations: aluminum, type recommended by flooring manufacturer.
- .7 Cove Base Filler Strip:
 - .1 Acceptable Material: CFS-00-A Cove Filler Strip as manufactured by Johnsonite Inc.
- .8 Transition and reducer trims, vinyl, colour to match sheet flooring, size and shape purpose-made. Acceptable Manufacturer: Bengard.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SITE VERIFICATION OF CONDITIONS

.1 Ensure concrete floors are clean and dry by using test methods recommended by flooring manufacturer.

3.2 PREPARATION

- .1 Remove sub-floor ridges and bumps. Fill low spots, cracks, joints, holes and other defects with sub-floor filler.
- .2 Clean floor and apply filler; trowel and float to leave smooth, flat hard surface. Prohibit traffic until filler cured and dry.
- .3 Prime sub-floor to resilient flooring manufacturer's printed instructions.
- .4 Prepare Substrates according to ASTM F 710 including the following:
 - .1 Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
 - .1 Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Results must not exceed 5 lbs. Moisture Vapour Emission Rate per 1,000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.

-or-

- .2 Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Must not exceed 80%.
- .2 A pH test for alkalinity must be conducted. Results should range between 7 and 9. If the test results are not within the acceptable range of 7 to 9, the installation must not proceed until the problem has been corrected.
- .3 Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer.

3.3 APPLICATION: FLOORING

- .1 Provide a high ventilation rate, with maximum outside air, during installation, and for 48 to 72 hours after installation. If possible, vent directly to the outside. Do not let contaminated air recirculate through a district or whole building air distribution system.
- .2 Apply adhesive uniformly using recommended trowel. Do not spread more adhesive than can be covered by flooring before initial set takes place.
- .3 Lay flooring with seams parallel to building lines to produce a minimum number of seams. Border widths minimum 1/3 width of full material.
- .4 Run sheets in direction of traffic. Double cut sheet joints and continuously heat weld according to manufacturer's printed instructions.
- .5 As installation progresses, and after installation roll flooring with 45 kg minimum roller to ensure full adhesion.
- .6 Cut flooring neatly around fixed objects.
- .7 Terminate flooring at centreline of door in openings where adjacent floor finish.

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	.8	Install metal edge strips at top of cove base an reducer trim at exposed edges where flooring	
3.4 APPLICATION: BASE	.1	Cove Base: 200 mm high.	
	.2	Lay out base to keep number of joints at minir	num.
	.3	Clean substrate and prime with one coat of ac	lhesive.
	.4	Apply adhesive to back of base.	
	.5	Set base against wall and floor surfaces tightly roller.	y by using 3 kg hand
	.6	Install straight and level to variation of 1:1000.	
	.7	Scribe and fit to door frames and other obstruend pieces at flush door frames.	ctions. Use premoulded
	.8	Cope internal corners. Use premoulded corne external corners. Use formed straight base macorners of other angles.	
	.9	Use cove type base.	
	.10	Heat weld base in accordance with manufactuinstructions, using welding rods as supplied by	
3.5 CLEANING	.1	Remove excess adhesive from floor, base and damage.	d wall surfaces without
	.2	Clean, seal and wax floor and base surface to printed instructions.	flooring manufacturer's
3.6 PROTECTION	.1	Protect new floors from time of final set of adh	esive.
	.2	Prohibit traffic on floor for 48 hours after instal	lation.

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED	.1	Section 05 50 00 – Metal Fabrications
SECTIONS	.2	Section 06 10 00 – Rough Carpentry.
	.3	Section 07 92 00 – Joint Sealants.
	.4	Section 09 03 51 – Historic – Plaster
	.5	Section 09 21 16 – Gypsum Board Assemblies
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	Department of Justice Canada (Jus) .1 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA), 1999, c. 33.
	.2	Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) .1 EPA Test Method for Measuring Total Volatile Organic Compound Content of Consumer Products, Method 24 – 1993, (for Surface Coatings).
	.3	Health Canada / Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
	.4	Master Painters Institute (MPI) .1 MPI Architectural Painting Specifications Manual, 2012.
	.5	National Fire Code of Canada – 2010.
	.6	Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC) .1 SSPC Painting Manual, Volume Two, 8th Edition, Systems and Specifications Manual.
	.7	Transport Canada (TC) .1 Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (TDGA), 1992, c. 34.
1.3 QUALITY	.1	Qualifications:

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

.1 Qualifications:

- .1 Contractor: minimum of five years proven satisfactory experience. Provide list of last three comparable jobs including, job name and location, specifying authority, and project manager.
- .2 Journeymen: qualified journeymen who have "Tradesman Qualification Certificate of Proficiency" engaged in painting work.
- .3 Apprentices: working under direct supervision of qualified trades person in accordance with trade regulations.

.2 Mock-Ups:

- .1 Construct mock-ups in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
 - .1 Provide 1000 mm x 1000 mm mock-up. Prepare and

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INTERIOR PAINTING

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paint designated surface, area, room or item (in each colour scheme) to specified requirements, with specified paint or coating showing selected colours, gloss/sheen, textures.

- .2 Mock-up will be used:
 - .1 To judge workmanship, substrate preparation, operation of equipment and material application and workmanship to MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual standards.
- .3 Locate where directed.
- .4 Allow 24 hours for inspection of mock-up before proceeding with work.
- .5 When accepted, mock-up will demonstrate minimum standard of quality required for this work. Approved mock-up may not remain as part of finished work.
- .3 Health and Safety:
 - .1 Do construction occupational health and safety in accordance with Section 01 15 45.

1.4 SCHEDULING

- .1 Submit work schedule for various stages of painting to Departmental Representative for review. Submit schedule minimum of 48 hours in advance of proposed operations.
- .2 Paint occupied facilities in accordance with approved schedule. Schedule operations to approval of Departmental Representative such that painted surfaces will have dried and cured sufficiently before occupants are affected.
- .3 Obtain written authorization from Departmental Representative for changes in work schedule.
- .4 Schedule painting operations to prevent disruption of occupants.
- .5 Painting should occur before absorptive materials/furnishings have been installed in the space.

1.5 WARNING

.1 <u>DO NOT USE SPRAY PAINT EQUIPMENT:</u> Only paint brush and roller will be accepted on this project.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submittals in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
- .2 Product Data:
 - .1 Submit product data and instructions for each paint and coating product to be used.
 - .2 Submit product data for the use and application of paint thinner.
 - .3 Submit two copies of Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) in accordance with Section 00 10 00.

.3 Samples:

- .1 Submit full range colour sample chips to indicate where colour availability is restricted.
- .2 Submit duplicate 200 x 300 mm sample panels of each paint, stain, clear coating, special finish with specified paint or coating in colours, gloss/sheen and textures required to MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual standards submitted on following substrate materials:
 - .1 3 mm plate steel for finishes over metal surfaces.
 - .2 13 mm birch plywood for finishes over wood surfaces.
 - .3 50 mm concrete block for finishes over concrete or concrete masonry surfaces.
 - .4 13 mm gypsum board for finishes over gypsum board and other smooth surfaces.
- .3 Retain reviewed samples on-site to demonstrate acceptable standard of quality for appropriate on-site surface.
- .4 Test reports: submit certified test reports for paint from approved independent testing laboratories, indicating compliance with specifications for specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
 - .1 Lead, cadmium and chromium: presence of and amounts.
 - .2 Mercury: presence of and amounts.
 - .3 Organochlorines and PCBs: presence of and amounts.
- .5 Certificates: submit certificates signed by manufacturer certifying that materials comply with specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
- .6 Manufacturer's Instructions:
 - .1 Submit manufacturer's installation and application instructions.
- .7 Closeout Submittals: submit maintenance data for incorporation into manual specified in Section 00 10 00, include following:
 - .1 Product name, type and use.
 - .2 Manufacturer's product number.
 - .3 Colour number[s].
 - .4 MPI Environmentally Friendly classification system rating.

1.7 MAINTENANCE

.1 Extra Materials:

- .1 Deliver to extra materials from same production run as products installed. Package products with protective covering and identify with descriptive labels. Comply with Section 00 10 00.
- .2 Quantity: provide one litre can of each type and colour of primer, stain, finish coating. Identify colour and paint type in relation to established colour schedule and finish system.
- .3 Delivery, storage and protection: comply with Departmental Representative requirements for delivery and storage of extra materials.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- .1 Packing, Shipping, Handling and Unloading:
 - .1 Pack, ship, handle and unload materials in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
- .2 Acceptance at Site:
 - .1 Identify products and materials with labels indicating:
 - .1 Manufacturer's name and address.
 - .2 Type of paint or coating.
 - .3 Compliance with applicable standard.
 - .4 Colour number in accordance with established colour schedule.
- .3 Remove damaged, opened and rejected materials from site.
- .4 Storage and Protection:
 - .1 Provide and maintain dry, temperature controlled, secure storage.
 - .2 Store materials and supplies away from heat generating devices.
 - .3 Store materials and equipment in well ventilated area with temperature range 7 degrees C to 30 degrees C.
- .5 Store temperature sensitive products above minimum temperature as recommended by manufacturer.
- .6 Keep areas used for storage, cleaning and preparation clean and orderly. After completion of operations, return areas to clean condition.
- .7 Remove paint materials from storage only in quantities required for same day use.
- .8 Fire Safety Requirements:
 - .1 Provide one 9 kg Type ABC fire extinguisher adjacent to storage area.
 - .2 Store oily rags, waste products, empty containers and materials subject to spontaneous combustion in ULC approved, sealed containers and remove from site on a daily basis.
 - .3 Handle, store, use and dispose of flammable and combustible materials in accordance with National Fire Code of Canada requirements.
- .9 Waste Management and Disposal:
 - .1 Separate waste materials for recycling in accordance with Section 01 74 19 Construction/Demolition Waste Management and Disposal.
 - .2 Remove from site and dispose of packaging materials at appropriate recycling facilities.
 - .3 Collect and separate for disposal paper, plastic, polystyrene, corrugated cardboard, packaging material for recycling in accordance with Waste Management Plan (WMP).
 - .4 Separate for recycling and place in designated containers waste in accordance with Waste Management Plan (WMP).

- .5 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic in designated containers.
- .6 Handle and dispose of hazardous materials in accordance with CEPA, TDGA, Regional and Municipal Regulations.
- .7 Ensure emptied containers are sealed and stored safely.
- .8 Unused paint materials must be disposed of at official hazardous material collections site.
- .9 Paint, stain and wood preservative finishes and related materials (thinners, and solvents) are regarded as hazardous products and are subject to regulations for disposal. Information on these controls can be obtained from Provincial Ministries of Environment and Regional levels of Government.
- .10 Material which cannot be reused must be treated as hazardous waste and disposed of in an appropriate manner.
- .11 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic waste, including used sealant and adhesive tubes and containers, in containers or areas designated for hazardous waste.
- .12 To reduce the amount of contaminants entering waterways, sanitary/storm drain systems or into ground follow these procedures:
 - .1 Retain cleaning water for water-based materials to allow sediments to be filtered out.
 - .2 Retain cleaners, thinners, solvents and excess paint and place in designated containers and ensure proper disposal.
 - .3 Return solvent and oil soaked rags used during painting operations for contaminant recovery, proper disposal, or appropriate cleaning and laundering.
 - .4 Dispose of contaminants in approved legal manner in accordance with hazardous waste regulations.
 - .5 Empty paint cans are to be dry prior to disposal or recycling (where available).
- .13 Where paint recycling is available, collect waste paint by type and provide for delivery to recycling or collection facility.
- .14 Set aside and protect surplus and uncontaminated finish materials. Deliver to or arrange collection by employees, or organizations for verifiable re-use or re-manufacturing.

1.9 SITE CONDITIONS

- .1 Surface and Environmental Conditions:
 - .1 Apply paint finish in areas where dust is no longer being generated by related construction operations or when wind or ventilation conditions are such that airborne particles will not affect quality of finished surface.
 - .2 Apply paint to adequately prepared surfaces and to surfaces within moisture limits.
 - .3 Apply paint when previous coat of paint is dry or adequately cured.
- .2 Additional interior application requirements:
 - .1 Apply paint finishes when temperature at location of installation can be satisfactorily maintained within manufacturer's recommendations.
 - .2 Apply paint in occupied facilities during silent hours only.

Schedule operations to approval of Departmental Representative such that painted surfaces will have dried and cured sufficiently before occupants are affected.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Paint materials listed in the MPI Approved Products List (APL) are acceptable for use on this project.
- .2 Provide paint materials for paint systems from single manufacturer.
- .3 Only qualified products with E2 "Environmentally Friendly" rating are acceptable for use on this project.
- .4 Conform to latest MPI requirements for interior painting work including preparation and priming.
- .5 Materials (primers, paints, coatings, varnishes, stains, lacquers, fillers, thinners, solvents, etc.) in accordance with MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual "Approved Product" listing.
- .6 Linseed oil, shellac, and turpentine: highest quality product from approved manufacturer listed in MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual, compatible with other coating materials as required.
- .7 Provide paint products meeting MPI "Environmentally Friendly" E2 ratings based on VOC (EPA Method 24) content levels.
- .8 Use MPI listed materials having minimum E2 rating where indoor air quality (odour) requirements exist.
- .9 Paints, coatings, adhesives, solvents, cleaners, lubricants, and other fluids:
 - .1 Water-based.
 - .2 Non-flammable.
 - .3 Manufactured without compounds which contribute to ozone depletion in the upper atmosphere.
 - .4 Manufactured without compounds which contribute to smog in the lower atmosphere.
 - .5 Do not contain methylene chloride, chlorinated hydrocarbons, toxic metal pigments.
- .10 Formulate and manufacture water-borne surface coatings with no aromatic solvents, formaldehyde, halogenated solvents, mercury, lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium or their compounds.
- .11 Flash point: 61.0 degrees C or greater for water-borne surface coatings and recycled water-borne surface coatings.

- .12 Ensure manufacture and process of both water-borne surface coatings and recycled water-borne surface coatings does not release:
 - .1 Matter in undiluted production plant effluent generating 'Biochemical Oxygen Demand' (BOD) in excess of 15mg/L to natural watercourse or sewage treatment facility lacking secondary treatment.
 - .2 Total Suspended Solids (TSS) in undiluted production plant effluent in excess of 15mg/L to natural watercourse or a sewage treatment facility lacking secondary treatment.
- .13 Water-borne paints and stains, recycled water-borne surface coatings and water borne varnishes to meet minimum "Environmentally Friendly" E2 rating.
- .14 Recycled water-borne surface coatings must not contain:
 - .1 Lead in excess of 600.0 ppm weight/weight total solids.
 - .2 Mercury in excess of 50.0 ppm weight/weight total product.
 - .3 Cadmium in excess of 1.0 ppm weight/weight total product.
 - .4 Hexavelant chromium in excess of 3.0 ppm weight/weight total product.
 - .5 Organochlorines or polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBS) in excess of 1.0 ppm weight/weight total product.

2.2 MIXING AND TINTING

- .1 Mix paste, powder or catalyzed paint mixes in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- .2 Use and add thinner in accordance with paint manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use kerosene or similar organic solvents to thin water-based paints.
- .3 Re-mix paint in containers prior to and during application to ensure break-up of lumps, complete dispersion of settled pigment, and colour and gloss uniformity.

2.3 GLOSS/SHEEN RATINGS

.1 Paint gloss is defined as sheen rating of applied paint, in accordance with following values:

Gloss	Description	Units	Units
Level		@ 60 degrees	@ 85 degrees
G1	Matte or Flat finish	0 to 5	10 maximum
G2	Velvet finish	0 to 10	10 to 35
G3	Eggshell finish	10 to 25	10 to 35
G4	Satin finish	20 to 35	35 minimum
G5	Semi-Gloss finish	35 to 70	
G6	Gloss finish	70 to 85	
G7	High-Gloss finish	>85	

.2 Gloss level ratings of painted surfaces as noted on Finish Schedule.

3.1 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

.1 Compliance: comply with manufacturer's written recommendations or specifications, including product technical bulletins, handling, storage and installation instructions, and data sheet.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		INTERIOR PAINTING	Section 09 91 23 Page 9 of 12
3.2 GENERAL	.1	Perform preparation and operations for interior painting in accordance with MPI Architectural Painting Specifications Manual except where specified otherwise.	
	.2	Apply paint materials in accordance with pa application instructions.	aint manufacturer's written
3.3 EXAMINATION	.1	Investigate existing substrates for problems related to proper and complete preparation of surfaces to be painted. Report to Departmental Representative, damages, defects, unsatisfactory or unfavourable conditions before proceeding with work.	
	.2	Conduct moisture testing of surfaces to be calibrated electronic moisture meter, excep moisture using simple "cover patch test". D until conditions fall within acceptable range manufacturer.	t test concrete floors for o not proceed with work
	.3	Maximum moisture content as follows: .1 Stucco, plaster and gypsum board: .2 Concrete: 12% .3 Clay and Concrete Block/Brick: 12 .4 Wood: 15%	
3.4 PREPARATION	.1	Protection: .1 Protect existing building surfaces a from paint spatters, markings and other dar non-staining covers or masking. If damag surfaces as directed by Departmental Reprosurfaces as directe	mage by suitable ed, clean and restore esentative. attached such as Fire nd equipment.
	.2	Surface Preparation: .1 Remove electrical cover plates, ligh hardware on doors, bath accessories and dequipment, fittings and fastenings prior to upperations. Identify and store items in securafter painting is completed2 Move and cover furniture and portanecessary to carry out painting operations.	other surface mounted undertaking painting re location and re-installed able equipment as

.3 Clean and prepare surfaces in accordance with MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual requirements. Refer to MPI Manual in

.3 Place "WET PAINT" signs in occupied areas as painting operations progress. Signs to approval of Departmental Representative.

regard to specific requirements and as follows:

- .1 Remove dust, dirt, and other surface debris by vacuuming, wiping with dry, clean cloths.
- .2 Wash surfaces with a biodegradable detergent and clean warm water using a stiff bristle brush to remove dirt, oil and other surface contaminants.
- .3 Rinse scrubbed surfaces with clean water until foreign matter is flushed from surface.
- .4 Allow surfaces to drain completely and allow to dry thoroughly.
- .5 Prepare surfaces for water-based painting, water-based cleaners should be used in place of organic solvents.
- .6 Use trigger operated spray nozzles for water hoses.
- .7 Many water-based paints cannot be removed with water once dried. Minimize use of mineral spirits or organic solvents to clean up water-based paints.
- .4 Prevent contamination of cleaned surfaces by salts, acids, alkalis, other corrosive chemicals, grease, oil and solvents before prime coat is applied and between applications of remaining coats. Apply primer, paint, or pretreatment as soon as possible after cleaning and before deterioration occurs.
- .5 Where possible, prime non-exposed surfaces of new wood surfaces before installation. Use same primers as specified for exposed surfaces.
 - .1 Apply vinyl sealer to MPI #36 over knots, pitch, sap and resinous areas.
 - .2 Apply wood filler to nail holes and cracks.
 - .3 Tint filler to match stains for stained woodwork.
- .6 Sand and dust between coats as required to provide adequate adhesion for next coat and to remove defects visible from a distance up to 1000 mm.
- .7 Clean metal surfaces to be painted by removing rust, loose mill scale, welding slag, dirt, oil, grease and other foreign substances in accordance with MPI requirements. Remove traces of blast products from surfaces, pockets and corners to be painted by brushing with clean brushes or vacuum cleaning.
- .8 Touch up of shop primers with primer as specified.

3.5 APPLICATION

- .1 Apply paint by brush, roller. Conform to manufacturer's application instructions unless specified otherwise.
- .2 Brush and Roller Application:
 - .1 Apply paint in uniform layer using brush and/or roller type suitable for application.
 - 2 Work paint into cracks, crevices and corners.
 - .3 Paint surfaces and corners not accessible to brush using spray, daubers and/or sheepskins. Paint surfaces and corners not accessible to roller using brush, daubers or sheepskins.

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		.4 Brush and/or roll out runs and sagsRolled surfaces free of roller tracking and h.5 Remove runs, sags and brush mar repaint.	neavy stipple.
	.3	Use dipping, sheepskins or daubers only w practical in places of difficult access.	hen no other method is
	.4	Apply coats of paint continuous film of uniform spots or bare areas before next coat of paints.	
	.5	Allow surfaces to dry and properly cure after subsequent coats for minimum time period manufacturer.	
	.6	Sand and dust between coats to remove vi	sible defects.
	.7	Finish surfaces both above and below sigh surrounding surfaces, including such surfaceupboards and cabinets and projecting led	ces as tops of interior
3.6 MECHANICAL/ ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	.1	Paint finished area exposed conduits, pipir other mechanical and electrical equipment match adjacent surfaces, except as indicat	with colour and finish to
	.2	Touch up scratches and marks on factory pequipment with paint as supplied by manuf	
	.3	Do not paint over nameplates.	
	.4	Keep sprinkler heads free of paint.	
	.5	Paint inside of ductwork where visible behi diffusers with primer and one coat of matt be	
3.7 SITE TOLERANCES	.1	Walls: no defects visible from a distance of	1000 mm at 90 degrees to
	.2	surface. Ceilings: no defects visible from floor at 45 viewed using final lighting source.	degrees to surface when
	.3	Final coat to exhibit uniformity of colour and across full surface area.	d uniformity of sheen
3.8 CLEAN-UP	.1	Remove paint where spilled, splashed, spla progresses using means and materials tha affected surfaces.	
	.2	Keep work area free from an unnecessary equipment, surplus materials and debris.	accumulation of tools,

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	.3	Remove combustible rubbish materials and empty paint cans each day and safely dispose of same in accordance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.	
	.4	Clean equipment and dispose of wash water materials, solvents used for oil based mater cleaning and protective materials (e.g. rags papers, etc.), paints, thinner, paint remover with the safety requirements of authorities I noted herein.	rials as well as other s, drop cloths, masking rs/strippers in accordance
	.5	Painting equipment shall be cleaned in leak permit particulate matter to settle out and be remaining from cleaning operations shall be in a manner acceptable to authorities having	e collected. Sediment e recycled or disposed of
	.6	Paint and coatings in excess of repainting recycled as noted herein.	requirements shall be
3.9 RESTORATION	.1	Clean and re-install hardware items remove painting operations.	ed before undertaken
	.2	Remove protective coverings and warning after operations cease.	signs as soon as practical
	.3	Remove paint splashings on exposed surfa Remove smears and spatter immediately a using compatible solvent.	
	.4	Protect freshly completed surfaces from pa Avoid scuffing newly applied paint.	int droppings and dust.
	.5	Restore areas used for storage, cleaning, r paint to clean condition.	nixing and handling of

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122	METAL TOILET COMPARTMENTS Section 10 21 13.13 Page 1 of 5				
PART 1 - GENERAL					
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	Section 10 21 16 - Shower and Dressing Compartments.				
SECTIONS	Section 10 28 10 - Toilet And Bath Accessories.				
1.2 REFERENCES	American Society for Testing and Materials International, (ASTM). 1 ASTM A 167-R2009, Specification for Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip. 2 ASTM A 240/A240M-R15B, Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications. 3 ASTM A 480/A480M-12, Specification for General Requirements for Flat-Rolled Stainless and Heat Resisting Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip. 4 ASTM A 653/A653M-2015, Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.				
	Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB). 1 CAN/CGSB-1.81-M90, Air Drying and Baking Alkyd Primer for Vehicles and Equipment. 2 CAN/CGSB-1.88-92, Gloss Alkyd Enamel Air Drying and Baking. 3 CAN/CGSB-1.104M-91, Semigloss Alkyd, Air Drying and Baking Enamel.				
	Canadian Standards Association (CSA International). .1 CAN/CSA-B651-12, Barrier-Free Design.				
1.3 SUBMITTALS	Product Data: .1 Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and data sheet in accordance with Section 00 10 00				
	Shop Drawings: 1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 00 10 00 2 Indicate fabrication details, plans, elevations, hardware, and installation details.				
	Samples: .1 Submit samples in accordance with Section 00 10 00				

Manufacturer's Instructions:

Submit manufacturer's installation instructions.

.4

.1

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1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE	.1	Test Reports: certified test reports showing compliance with specified performance characteristics and physical properties.
	.2	Certificates: product certificates signed by manufacturer certifying materials comply with specified performance characteristics and criteria and physical requirements.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS		
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Metal toilet partitions and urinal screens.
	.2	Sheet steel: commercial quality to ASTM A653 GR33 designation zinc coating.
	.3	Minimum base steel thickness: .1 Panels and doors: 0.8 mm2 Pilasters: 0.9 mm3 Reinforcement: 3.0 mm.
	.4	Toilet Partitions: .1 Doors 1460 mm high2 Stiles 2083 mm high.
	.5	Urinal Screens: .1 457 mm x 1067 mm high.
	.6	Headrails: 25 mm x 41 mm x 1.5 mm thick, clear anodized, extruded aluminum, anti grip design.
	.7	Pilaster shoe: 0.8 mm stainless steel 100 mm high.
	.8	Attachment: stainless steel tamperproof type screws and bolts.
	.9	Acceptable Manufacturer: .1 Hadrian Manufacturing Inc.
2.2 COMPONENTS	.1	Hinges: .1 Heavy duty,self-lubricating sleeve, fully concealed, mounted on upper and lower pilaster hinge brackets2 Material/finish: stainless steel3 Swing: as indicated4 Return movement: gravity5 Emergency access feature.
	.2	Latch set: surface mounted, combination latch, combination door-stop, keeper and bumper, chrome plated non-ferrous, emergency access feature.
	.3	Wall and connecting brackets: chrome plated non-ferrous extrusion or

casting.

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		METAL TOILET COMPARTMENTS Section 10 21 13.13 Page 3 of 5
	.4	Coat hook: combination hook and rubber door bumper, chrome plated non-ferrous.
	.5	Door pull: Barrier-free type, stainless steel.
2.3 FABRICATION	.1	Doors and screens: 25 mm thick, two steel sheets faces pressure bonded to honeycomb core, 1460 mm high.
	.2	Pilasters: 32 mm thick, constructed same as door, 2083 mm high.
	.3	Provide formed and closed edges for doors, panels and pilasters. Miter and weld corners and grind smooth.
	.4	Provide internal reinforcement at areas of attached hardware and fittings. Temporarily mark location of reinforcement for tissue holders and grab bars.
	.5	Provide 0.8 mm thick type 316 stainless steel protective shields on urinal side of toilet partition panels next to urinals and on urinal screens. Make protective shields 1000 mm high with top of shield 1200 mm above finished floor. Make shields to full width of partition or screen panel. Fasten with stainless steel screws.
2.4 FINISHES	.1	Clean, degrease and neutralize steel components with phosphate or chromate treatment.
	.2	Spray apply primer to CAN/CGSB-1.81, 1 coat.
	.3	Spray apply finish enamel to CAN/CGSB-1.88, type 2 gloss, 2 coats and bake to smooth, hard finish 0.025 mm thick.
	.4	Finish: doors and pilaster/panels same colour as selected from manufacturer's standard colours: 535 Light Grey.
PART 3 - EXECUTION		
3.1 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS	.1	Compliance: comply with manufacturer's written data, including product technical bulletins, product catalogue installation instructions, product carton installation instructions, and data sheets.
3.2 INSTALLATION	.1	Ensure supplementary anchorage, if required, is in place.
	.2	Do work in accordance with CAN/CSA-B651.

3.3 ERECTION

- .1 Partition erection.
 - .1 Install partitions secure, plumb and square.
 - .2 Leave 12 mm space between wall and panel or end pilaster.
 - .3 Anchor mounting brackets to masonry/concrete surfaces using screws and shields: blocking/backing must be provided, to hollow masonry walls using bolts and toggle type anchors.
 - .4 Attach panel and pilaster to brackets with through type sleeve bolt and nut.
 - .5 Provide for adjustment of floor-braced pilasters variations with screw jack through steel saddles made integral with pilaster. Conceal floor fixings with stainless steel shoes.
 - .6 Equip doors with hinges, latch set, and each stall with coat hook mounted on partition wall, mounting heights 1200 mm. Adjust and align hardware for easy, proper function. Set door open position at 30 degrees to front. Install door bumper door mounting.
 - .7 Equip outswinging doors with door pulls on inside and outside of door in accordance with CAN/CSA-B651.
 - .8 Install hardware grab bars in barrier-free stalls..
- .2 Floor supported and overhead braced partition erection.
 - .1 Attach pilasters to floor with pilaster supports and level, plumb, and tighten installation with levelling device.
 - .1 Secure pilaster shoes in position.
 - .2 Secure headrail to pilaster face with not less than two fasteners per face.
 - .3 Set tops of doors parallel with overhead brace when doors are in closed position.
 - .2 Floor supported partition erection.
 - .1 Secure pilasters to floor with pilaster supports anchored with minimum 50 mm penetration in structural floor.
 - .2 Level, plumb and tighten installation with levelling device.
 - .3 Secure pilaster shoes in position.
 - .4 Set tops of doors level with tops of pilasters when doors are in closed position.
 - .3 Screens erection:
 - .1 Provide urinal stall screens consisting of panel and post.
 - .2 Anchor wall-hung screen panels to walls with 3 panel brackets and wing brackets and vertical upright consisting of tubular headrail stock and end sockets anchored to floor.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- .1 Adjust doors and locks for optimum, smooth operating condition.
- .2 Lubricate hardware and other moving parts.

3.5 CLEANING

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122	Ī	METAL TOILET COMPARTMENTS	Section 10 21 13.13 Page 5 of 5
		accumulated environmental dirt.	
	2	Clean surfaces after installation using manucleaning procedures.	ufacturer's recommended
	3	Clean aluminum with damp rag and approv	red non-abrasive cleaner.
	4	Clean and polish hardware and stainless co	omponents.
	5	Upon completion of installation, remove surtools and equipment barriers.	rplus materials, rubbish,

END OF SECTION

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SHOWER AND DRESSING **COMPARTMENTS**

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED .1 Section 05 50 00 - Metal Fabrications. **SECTIONS** .2 Section 09 21 16 - Gypsum Board Assemblies. .3 Section 09 30 13 - Ceramic Tiling. .4 Section 10 21 13.13 – Metal Toilet Compartments. 1.2 REFERENCES .1 American Society for Testing and Materials International, (ASTM). ASTM A 167-(R2009), Specification for Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip. ASTM A 653/A653M-2015, Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process. ASTM A 924/A924M-14e1, Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process. .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB). CAN/CGSB-1.36-[97], General Purpose Interior Alkyd Varnish. .2 CAN/CGSB-71.20-[M88], Adhesive Contact Brushable. CAN/CGSB-1.81-[M90], Air Drying and Baking Alkyd Primer .3 for Vehicles and Equipment. CAN/CGSB-1.88-[92], Gloss Alkyd Enamel Air Drying and Baking. CAN/CGSB-1.104-[91], Semigloss Alkyd Air Drying and Baking Enamel. .3 Canadian Standards Association (CSA International). CAN/CSA-B651, Barrier-Free Design. .4 National Electrical Manufacturers' Association (NEMA). .1 NEMA LD-3.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Product Data:
 - Submit manufacturer's printed product literature, specifications and data sheet in accordance with Section 00 10 00
- .2 **Shop Drawings:**
 - .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 00 10 00
 - Indicate fabrication details, plans, elevations, hardware, and installation details.
- .3 Samples:
 - Submit samples in accordance with Section 00 10 00 .1
 - Submit duplicate 300 x 300 mm samples of panel showing finishes, edge and corner construction and core construction.

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NRC Project No. 5122			
	.4	Manufacturer's Instructions: .1 Submit manufacturer's installation i	nstructions.
1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE	.1	Test Reports: certified test reports showing compliance with specified performance characteristics and physical properties.	
	.2	Certificates: product certificates signed by manufacturer certifying materials comply with specified performance characteristics and criteria and physical requirements.	
PART 2 - PRODUCTS			
2.1 MATERIALS	.1	Shower and dressing compartments.	
	.2	Acceptable Manufacturer: Bobrick Duraline	Series.
	.3	Compact Laminate (Solid Phenolic) Dressing Shower Dividers: 1 Gap-Free interlocking design. 2 Stiles Mounting Configuration: 1 Floor-mounted, overhead-between extruded anodized aluminum heading anti-grip profile. 1 Stile Height: 2110 in	praced with satin finish, rails, 1.65 mm thick with
	.4	Materials: Solidly fused plastic laminate with surfaces; integrally bonded coloured face sl phenolic-resin core.	
	.5	Edges: Black; brown edges not acceptable.	
	.6	Colour: 949-58 White	
	.7	Fire Resistance: .1 Natoinal Fire Protection Association Code Interior Wall and Ceiling Finish: Class Code: Class II.	•
	.8	Finished Thickness: .1 Stiles 19 mm2 Panels 13 mm.	
	.9	Stiles: Floor-anchored stiles furnished with	expansion shields and

threaded rods.

- washers, flat washers, spacer sleeves, expansion anchors, and shoe
- .1 Levelling Devices: 7 gauge, 5 mm thick, corrosion-resistant, chromate-treated, double zinc-plated steel angle leveling bar bolted to stile; furnished with 10 mm diameter threaded rods, hex nuts, lock retainers.
- .2 Stile Shoes: One-piece, 22 gauge (0.8 mm), 18-8, Type 304

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SHOWER AND DRESSING COMPARTMENTS

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stainless steel, 102 mm height; tops with 90 degrees return to stile. One-piece shoe capable of adapting to 19 mm or 1 inch (25 mm) stile thickness and capable of being fastened (by clip) to stiles starting at wall line.

- .10 Wall Posts: Pre-drilled for hardware, 18-8, Type 304, 16 gauge (1.6 mm) stainless steel with satin finish; 25 mm x 38 mm.
- .11 Anchors: Expansion shields and threaded rods at floor connections as applicable.
- .12 Hardware:
 - .1 Fastening: Hardware secured to door and stile by through-bolted, theft-resistant, pin-in-head Torx stainless steel machine screws into factory installed, threaded brass inserts. Fasteners secured directly into core not acceptable.
 - .1 Threaded Brass Inserts: Factory-installed; withstand direct pull force exceeding 680 kg per insert.
 - .2 Clothes Hooks: Projecting no more than 29 mm from face of door.
 - .8 Fittings:
 - .1 Standard, commercial hardware.
 - .1 Mounting Brackets: Mounted inside compartment; exposed brackets on exterior of compartment not acceptable with the exception of outswing doors.
 - .2 Institutional Hardware
 - .1 Mounting Brackets: 16 gauge (1.2 mm) stainless steel and extend full height of panel.
 - .2 U-Channels: Secure panels to stiles.
 - .3 Angle Brackets: Secure stiles-to-walls and panels to walls.

2.2 FINISHES

- .1 Clean, degrease and neutralize steel components with phosphate or chromate treatment.
- .2 Finish: pilaster/panels same colour.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

.1 Compliance: comply with manufacturer's written data, including product technical bulletins, product catalogue installation instructions, product carton installation instructions, and data sheets.

3.2 INSTALLATION

.1 Ensure supplementary anchorage, is in place.

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	.2	Do work in accordance with Manufacturer's	written instructions.
3.3 ERECTION	.1	Partition erection. 1 Install partitions secure, plumb and square. 2 Gap-free Installation between wall and panel or end pilaster. 3 Anchor mounting brackets to masonry-concrete surfaces using screws and shields, to blocking/backing must be provided hollow walls using bolts and toggle type anchors. 4 Attach panel and pilaster to mounting brackets. 5 Provide templates, drilling dimensions for locating threaded studs through finished ceilings.	
	.2	Floor supported and overhead braced partiti .1 Attach pilasters to floor with floor ch and tighten installation with secure to floor c .2 Secure pilaster shoes in position3 Secure headrail to pilaster face with fasteners per face.	annel and level, plumb, hannel.
	.3	Floor supported partition erection: 1 Secure pilasters to floor with pilaste minimum 50 mm penetration in structural flo 2 Level, plumb and tighten installation 3 Secure pilaster shoes in position. 4 Set tops of doors level with tops of pin closed position.	or. with levelling device.
3.4 CLEANING	.1	Perform cleaning after installation to remove accumulated environmental dirt.	e construction and
	.2	Clean surfaces after installation using manu cleaning procedures.	facturer's recommended
	.3	Clean aluminum with damp rag and approve	ed non-abrasive cleaner.
	.4	Clean and polish hardware and stainless co	mponents.
	.5	Upon completion of installation, remove surp tools and equipment barriers.	olus materials, rubbish,

END OF SECTION

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		TOILET AND BATH ACCESSORIES Section 10 28 10 Page 1 of 4
PART 1 - GENERAL		
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1	Section 06 10 00 – Rough Carpentry
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) .1 ASTM A 167-2009, Standard Specification for Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip. .2 ASTM B 456-03, Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Copper Plus Nickel Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium. .3 ASTM A 653/A653M-06, Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process. .4 ASTM A 924/A924M-10, Standard Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process.
	.2	Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB) .1 CAN/CGSB-1.81-M90, Air Drying and Baking Alkyd Primer for Vehicles and Equipment. .2 CAN/CGSB-1.88-92, Gloss Alkyd Enamel, Air Drying and Baking. .3 CAN/CGSB-12.5-M86, Mirrors, Silvered. .4 CGSB 31-GP-107Ma-90, Non-inhibited Phosphoric Acid Base Metal Conditioner and Rust Remover.
	.3	Canadian Standards Association (CSA) .2 CAN/CSA-G164-[M92], Hot Dip Galvanizing of Irregularly Shaped Articles.
1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS	.1	Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
	.2	Indicate size and description of components, base material, surface finish inside and out, hardware and locks, attachment devices, description of rough-in-frame, building-in details of anchors for grab bars.
1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS	.1	Provide maintenance data for toilet and bath accessories for incorporation into manual specified in Section 00 10 00 - Closeout Submittals.

- .2 Shower rods: 25 mm dia stainless steel tubing of required length with satin chrome finished flanges. Shower rod material and anchorage to withstand downward pull of 0.9 kN.
 - .1 Acceptable material:
 - .1 Shower Rod: Bobrick B-207.
- .3 Soap holder: surface mounted, stainless steel dished tray, self draining, concealed fasteners.
 - .1 Acceptable material:
 - .1 Frost Code 1136S.
- .4 Robe hook: stainless steel with concealed fasteners.
 - .1 Acceptable material:
 - 1 Frost Code 1138S.
- .5 Waste receptacle: Type surface mounted, size 384 mm x 216 mm x 584 mm high, stainless steel.
 - .1 Acceptable Manufacturer: American Specialties Model No. 20826.
- .6 Mirror: wall mounted unit, fixed framed mirror 6 mm to CAN/CGSB-12.5, stainless steel frame with shelf.
 - .1 Acceptable material:
 - .1 Frost Stock Series Mirror, Fixed: Frost Code 941-1836
 - .2 Heavy Duty Shelf 18" long x 4" deep: Frost Code

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		950-4.
	.7	Corner Shelf surface mounted, 204 x 204 triangle, stainless steel. .1 Acceptable material: .1 Frost Code 950-8 x 8.
	.8	Utility hook rack, white finish, five (5) double hooks" 1. Acceptable Manufacturer: Nystrom, Product Number NH02021030
2.3 FABRICATION	.1	Weld and grind joints of fabricated components flush and smooth. Use mechanical fasteners only where approved.
	.2	Wherever possible form exposed surfaces from one sheet of stock, free of joints.
	.3	Brake form sheet metal work with 1.5 mm radius bends.
	.4	Form surfaces flat without distortion. Maintain flat surfaces without scratches or dents.
	.5	Back paint components where contact is made with building finishes to prevent electrolysis.
	.6	Hot dip galvanize concealed ferrous metal anchors and fastening devices to CSA G164.
	.7	Shop assemble components and package complete with anchors and fittings.
	.8	Deliver inserts and rough-in frames to job site at appropriate time for building-in. Provide templates, details and instructions for building in anchors and inserts.
	.9	Provide steel anchor plates and components for installation on studding and building framing.
PART 3 - EXECUTION		
5 = 1.200 11011		
3.1 INSTALLATION	.1	Install and secure accessories rigidly in place as follows: 1 Stud walls: install steel back-plate to stud prior to plaster or drywall finish. Provide plate with threaded studs or plugs. 2 Hollow masonry units or existing plaster/drywall: use toggle bolts drilled into cell/wall cavity. 3 Solid masonry, marble, stone or concrete: use bolt with lead expansion sleeve set into drilled hole. 4 Toilet/shower compartments: use male/female through bolts.

Use tamper proof screws/bolts for fasteners.

.2

Building M-6	TOILET AND BATH ACCESSORIES	Section 10 28 10
Washroom Renovation		Page 4 of 4
NRC Project No. 5122		

.3 Fill units with necessary supplies shortly before final acceptance of building.

END OF SECTION

Building M-6 Washroom Renovation NRC Project No. 5122		METAL LOCKERS	Section 10 51 13 Page 1 of 2
PART 1 - GENERAL			
1.1 RELATED SECTIONS	.1	Section 00 10 00 - Submittal Procedures	S.
1.2 REFERENCES	.1	CAN/CGSB-44.402001, Steel Clothing	Locker.
1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS	.1	Submit shop drawings in accordance win Submittal Procedures.	th Section 00 10 00 -
	.2	Indicate, thicknesses of metal, fabricatin assembled banks of lockers (including re bases, trim, numbering, filler panels, end	einstated existing lockers),
1.4 SAMPLES	.1	Submit samples in accordance with Sec Procedures.	tion 00 10 00 - Submittal
PART 2 - PRODUCTS			
2.1 ACCESSORIES	.1	Filler Panel .1 No.18 MSG filler panels, size as requestions on architectural drawings .2 Pop riveted construction .3 Top: flat .4 Finish: To match reinstated existing l	
	.4	Number Plate .1 Doors shall have a high strength number plate 64 mm wide x 25 mm high 11 mm high. Plates shall accommodate in a recess flush with door surface and swith two rivets. Lockers will be number Representative.	with numbers not less than e up to four digits, be nestled shall be fastened to the door
2.2 BENCHES	.1	Seats: Hardwood laminate 32 mm thick long.	x 241 mm wide x 1829 mm
	.2	Bench Pedestals: 6 mm x 64 mm alumir epoxy polyester powder finish. Colour Departmental Representative.	
	.3	Acceptable Manufacturer: Hadrian	

Building M-6	METAL LOCKERS	Section 10 51 13
Washroom Renovation		Page 2 of 2
NRC Project No. 5122		
DADT & EVENITION		
PART 3 - EXECUTION		

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Assemble and install lockers in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- .2 Securely fasten lockers to grounds and nailing strips.
- .3 Install wall trim around recessed locker banks.
- .4 Install filler panels (false fronts) where required and where obstructions occur. Refer to drawings
- .5 Install finished end panels to exposed ends of locker banks.
- .6 Install locker numbers.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)
 - .1 ASHRAE 90.1-2016, Energy Standard for Buildings except Low-Rise Residential Buildings.
- .2 Ontario Regulation
 - .1 ONTARIO OBC-2012, 2012 Ontario Building Code Compendium.
- .3 National Research Council Canada, 2015
 - .1 NRC Canadian Building Code, National Building Code of Canada 2015.
- .4 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 - .1 NFPA (Fire) 13, Installation of Sprinkler Systems, 2016 edition.

1.2 GENERAL

- .1 This section covers items common to all sections of Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23 & 25.
- .2 Coordinate location & installation of all equipment with all trades to ensure the equipment is serviceable.
- .3 Contractor shall be responsible to ensure that all requirements of Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23 & 25 are met and comply with all other divisions and contract documents.
- .4 The word "provide" shall mean "supply and install".

1.3 EQUIPMENT

- .1 General:
 - .1 Mechanical equipment that is not regulated by the Green Energy Act, shall carry a permanent label installed by the manufacturers stating the equipment complies permanent label installed by the manufacturers stating the equipment complies with the requirement of ASHRAE 90.1.
 - .2 The minimum equipment efficiency, standard rating and operating conditions shall be as per ASHRAE 90.1, superceded by Ontario Building Code (OBC) Supplementary Standard SB -10, unless indicated otherwise on contract documents. The higher of the energy efficiencies of the listed equipment shall prevail.
 - .3 Provide new materials and equipment of proven design, quality and of current models with published ratings for which replacement parts are readily available.
 - .4 Uniformity: Use product of one manufacturer unless otherwise specified, for equipment or material of the same type of classification.

.2 Installation:

.1 Unions, flanges and/or couplings: provide for ease of maintenance and disassembly.

- .2 Space for servicing, disassembly and removal of equipment and components: provide as recommended by manufacturer, Code or as indicated; whichever is the more stringent.
- .3 Equipment drains: pipe to floor drains in a manner which is non-obstructing.
- .4 Install equipment, rectangular cleanouts and similar items parallel to or perpendicular to building lines.
- .5 Unless otherwise specified, follow manufacturer's recommendations for safety, adequate access for inspection, maintenance and repairs.
- .6 Permit equipment maintenance and disassembly with minimum disturbance to connecting piping and duct systems without interference with building structure or other equipment.
- .7 Lubrication: Provide accessible lubricating means for bearings, including permanent lubrication "Lifetime" bearings. Extended grease nipples to be supplied.

1.4 ANCHOR BOLTS AND TEMPLATES

.1 Supply anchor bolts and templates for installation by other divisions.

1.5 TRIAL USAGE

.1 Engineer may use equipment and systems for test purposes or for continuity of operation prior to acceptance. Supply labour, material, and instruments required for testing & operation.

1.6 PROTECTION OF OPENINGS

.1 Protect equipment and systems openings from dirt, dust, and other foreign materials with materials appropriate to system.

1.7 ELECTRICAL

- .1 Electrical work to conform to Division 26 including the following:
 - .1 Control wiring and conduit is specified in Division 26 except for conduit, wiring and connections below 50 V which are related to control systems. Refer to Division 26 for quality of materials and workmanship.
- .2 Any costs associated with deviation of mechanical equipment rating affecting electrical Division 26 shall be carried by the mechanical contractor.
- .3 All control wiring & conduit associated with Building Automation System & HVAC controls shall be provided by Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23 & 25 including power wiring to all control panels & other field mounted control devices. Emergency power circuits are provided by Division 26 in the vicinity of the power source.

1.8 PAINTING

- .1 To Section 09 91 23 Interior Painting.
- .2 Apply at least one coat of corrosion resistant primer paint to ferrous supports and site fabricated work.

- .3 Prime and touch up marred finished paintwork to match original. Use primer or enamel to match original. Do not paint over nameplates.
- .4 Restore to new condition, finishes which have been damaged too extensively to be merely primed and touched up.
- .5 Hangers, supports and equipment fabricated from ferrous metals shall be given at least one coat of corrosion resistant primer paint before shipment to job site.
- .6 Touch-up damaged surfaces of all mechanical equipment and materials, to the satisfaction of Engineer. Use primer or enamel to match original. Do not paint over nameplates.

1.9 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- .1 Waste Reduction Workplan (WRW):
 - .1 Perform work in accordance with project's WRW. If one does not exist, provide the following:
 - .1 Identify opportunities for reduction, re-use and/or recycling of materials.
 - .2 Post workplan or summary where workers on site are able to review its
- .2 Materials Source Separation Program (MSSP):
 - .1 Perform all work in accordance with project's MSSP. If one does not exist, provide the following:
 - .1 Provide containers for collection of re-usable and/or recyclable materials.
 - .2 Transport off-site salvaged materials to authorized recycling facility or to users of material for re-use.
- .3 Disposal of Waste:
 - .1 Disposal of waste, volatile materials, mineral spirits, oil, paint thinner, etc. into waterways, storm or sanitary sewers is prohibited.
- .4 Storage, Handling and Protection:
 - .1 Store materials for re-use in a secure area as directed by project manager, where they will not be damaged. Provide protection of materials as necessary.
 - .2 Unless otherwise specified, removed materials become the Contractor's property. Contractor shall be responsible for transport & delivery of non-salvageable items to a licensed disposal facility.

1.10 DEMONSTRATION AND OPERAING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

- .1 Supply tools, equipment and personnel to demonstrate and instruct operating and maintenance personnel in operating, controlling, adjusting, trouble-shooting and servicing of all systems and equipment during regular work hours, prior to acceptance.
- .2 Where specified elsewhere in Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23 & 25, manufacturers to provide demonstrations and instructions.
- .3 Use operation and maintenance manual, as-built drawings, audio visual aids, etc. as part of instruction materials.

- .4 Instruction duration time requirements as specified in appropriate sections.
- .5 Where deemed necessary, Owner may record these demonstrations on video tape for future reference.
- .6 Furnish trained instructors to instruct Owner's operating staff in the operation, maintenance and adjustment of all mechanical equipment; and, instruct personnel on any changes to or modifications of any equipment made under terms of the guarantee.
- .7 The instructions shall take place during regular working hours before systems are accepted and turned over to Owner's staff.
- .8 Ensure that the Owner's operating personnel have received and been given opportunity to review the Operating and Maintenance Manuals prior to commencing instruction. Allow two full days on site for review of these manuals with Owner's personnel and for their instruction in operation and maintenance of all mechanical equipment.

1.11 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit operation and maintenance data for incorporation into manual.
- Operation and maintenance manual (O&M) to be approved by, and final copy in electronic format deposited with, Engineer before final inspection.
- .3 For all equipment listed in O&M manuals provide a schedule detailing the supplied component, name, address & phone no. of equipment vendor, parts supplier and warranty agent.
- .4 Operation data to include:
 - .1 Control schematics for each system including environmental controls.
 - .2 Description of each system and its controls.
 - .3 Description of operation of each system at various loads together with reset schedules and seasonal variances.
 - .4 Operation instruction for each system and each component.
 - .5 Description of actions to be taken in event of equipment failure.
 - .6 Valves schedule and flow diagram.
- .5 Maintenance data shall include:
 - .1 Servicing, maintenance, operation and trouble-shooting instructions for each item of equipment.
 - .2 Data to include schedules of tasks, frequency, tools required and task time.
- .6 Performance data to include:
 - .1 Equipment manufacturer's performance data sheets with point of operation as left after commissioning is complete.
 - .2 Equipment performance verification test results.
 - .3 Special performance data as specified elsewhere.
 - .4 Testing, adjusting and balancing reports as specified in Section 23 05 93 Testing, Adjusting and Balancing.

.7 Approvals:

- .1 Submit electronic format (pdf) copy of draft Operation and Maintenance Manual to Engineer for approval. Submission of individual data will not be accepted unless so directed by Engineer. PDF file to include tabs to allow navigation to each section of the manual.
- .2 Make changes as required and re-submit as directed by Engineer.
- .3 Upon acceptance by Engineer submit one (1) electronic format (pdf) and three (3) hardcopies of O&M manuals to Owner.

.8 Additional data:

.1 Prepare and insert additional data into operation and maintenance manual when the need becomes apparent during demonstrations and instructions specified above.

1.12 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCTS

.1 Design is based on first manufacturer's name under acceptable products. Subsequent manufacturer's names indicate that those named are acceptable providing they meet specifications and space limitations and are subject to acceptance by Shop Drawing Review. All other manufacturers must submit request in writing to NRC prior to Tender close in order to be considered acceptable. Notice of acceptable contractors will be provided via Addendum only.

1.13 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit single electronic (pdf) copy of shop drawings and product data along with transmittal, in accordance with project requirements. Hard copy shop drawings shall not be accepted.
- .2 Shop drawings and product data shall show:
 - .1 Mounting arrangements.
 - .2 Operating and maintenance clearances. e.g. access door swing spaces.
- .3 Shop drawings and product data shall be accompanied by:
 - .1 Detailed drawings of bases, supports, and anchor bolts.
 - .2 Acoustical sound power data, where applicable.
 - .3 Points of operation on full equipment performance curves.
 - .4 Manufacturer to certify as to current model production.
 - .5 Certification of compliance to applicable codes.
- .4 The information to be indicated on manufacturers' shop drawings submitted for review shall include the following:
 - .1 General arrangement drawings showing component parts. Where the equipment proposed, or a component part thereof, includes modifications to a manufacturers' standard to meet the requirements of a specification, a complete assembly drawing must be submitted.
 - .2 Overall dimensions, roughing-in dimensions and clearance dimensions of all major components.
 - .3 Mounting details and dimensions.

- .4 Complete certified performance data for the specified application with particular reference to rate of flow, operating pressure and temperatures, entering and leaving conditions of air or fluid, operating weights, operating limitation, electrical characteristics and BHP requirements.
- .5 Gauge of fabricated material and finish specification.
- .6 Vibration isolators and resilient hangers stating locations and weight distribution.
- .7 Electrical wiring diagrams, control panel boards, motor test data, motor starters and controls for electrically-operated equipment furnished by mechanical trades.
- .5 Review of shop drawings or detail drawings will not relieve the obligation of ensuring that the equipment, materials, or layouts meet the functional requirements of the specifications, and that all necessary mounting space and clearance requirements are met. Thus, the Engineer's review is for assistance only.
- No equipment will be accepted on the job site without shop drawings having been reviewed by the Engineer.

1.14 CLEANING

.1 Prior to turnover to client, clean interior and exterior of all new systems. Replace all air & hydronic filters on new & modified systems. Vacuum interior of new and modified ductwork and air handling units.

1.15 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

- .1 Site records:
 - .1 Mechanical sub-contractor shall mark all changes as work progresses and as changes occur.
 - On a weekly basis, transfer information to record set of documents, revising to show all work as actually installed.
 - .3 Use different colour waterproof ink for each service.
 - .4 Make available for reference purposes and inspection at all times.
- .2 As-built drawings:
 - .1 Prior to start of Testing, Adjusting and Balancing (TAB), finalize production of as-built drawings.
 - .2 Identify each drawing in lower right hand corner in letters at least 12 mm high as follows: "AS BUILT DRAWINGS: THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN REVISED TO SHOW MECHANICAL SYSTEMS AS INSTALLED" (Signature of Contractor) (date).
 - .3 Submit electronic copy to Engineer for approval and make corrections as directed.
 - .4 TAB to be performed using as-built drawings.
 - .5 Following approval, submit completed hard copy as-built drawings scanned soft copy with Operating and Maintenance Manuals.
- .3 Submit copies of as-built drawings in colour pdf for inclusion in final TAB report.

1.16 CONFLICT/CO-ORDINATION DRAWINGS

- .1 For congested areas, prior to installation the contractor shall prepare interference drawings indicating proposed location of all systems & equipment including ductwork, piping, fans, diffusers, VAV boxes, conduits, lighting fixtures, etc. Prior to installation the contractor shall submit the drawings to the Engineer for review.
- .2 Architectural, structural and electrical outlines may be shown to assist in coordination of work; confirm final arrangements before layout of mechanical work.
- .3 Do not scale.
- .4 Except where dimensioned, drawings indicate general mechanical layouts only.
- .5 Provide field drawings to show relative positions of various services. Obtain approval before beginning work. As a minimum provide layout/coordination drawings for mechanical rooms & corridor ceilings. Drawings must show coordination between all equipment and systems within the given space. All sub-trades to coordinate their work in conjunction with others.
- .6 Within six (6) weeks of Letter of Intent, mechanical & electrical trades to verify that proposed rooms, shafts, chases, reflected ceiling elevations, etc. provide adequate space for the installation of mechanical & electrical systems. This is to identify if there are any spatial shortcomings and to give adequate time for construction manager, consultants and trades to make any dimensional changes and to make clear to all trades where items are to be installed. Installation and layout will not be on a first come first layout basis.
- .7 If this procedure is not followed the contractor shall be responsible for all modifications required to integrate the systems & equipment.
- .8 When requested by the City, contractor shall provide a single line isometric drawing of the proposed plumbing vent system.

1.17 FEES AND PERMITS

.1 Pay all fees and obtain all permits, taxes relating to the mechanical scope of work.

1.18 WARRANTY

.1 Unless indicated otherwise provide one (1) year warranty starting at substantial completion for all new systems including materials, equipment & labour.

1.19 LOCATION OF MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT

.1 Allow for 1500 mm of adjustment for exact location of air handling units, pumps, ducts, piping, etc. at no extra cost or credit.

1.20 ELECTRONIC DRAWINGS

.1 Goodkey, Weedmark & Associates Limited will agree to supply the mechanical drawings in the form of electronic documents for the project to the User for the convenience of the User in carrying out its work. The User shall sign a License Agreement before drawings will be released.

1.21 CUTTING, PATCHING & CORING

- .1 Provide cutting, patching and coring of all walls, ceiling & concrete slabs and other surfaces as required for mechanical work. Check with Owner or Building Management prior to core drilling and cutting of structure regarding building requirements and policies. Provide notification, clearance & protection.
- .2 The following procedure shall be followed for cutting & core drilling:
 - .1 Contractor to coordinate and summarize all new cores and openings in building structure. Contractor to investigate on site and locate any existing available hole which may be re-used for new systems.
 - .2 Contractor to prepare a layout sketch showing all existing openings & holes and required new openings & holes, with size and locations to the closest grid line in both directions, and submit for review and approval by the architect & structural engineer.
 - .3 Structural engineer to provide written report outlining acceptance of the openings, as well as specific requirements for reinforcing at each location.
 - .4 Contractor to proceed with reinforcing tracing as per report and scanning for electrical conduit. Scanning to be completed using ground penetrating Radar (GPR) technology.
 - .5 Contractor shall identify at each location prior to coring and cutting the location, direction and layer of each reinforcing bar and conduit.
 - Any core or opening where reinforcing steel was cut during the cutting & coring process must be retained on site, and the Contractor must inform the engineer with the following information: size of the reinforcing bar, reinforcing layer location (top steel or bottom slab steel) and direction of the bar (east west or north south).
- .3 Patch and make good surfaces cut, damaged or disturbed, to Engineer's approval. Match existing material, colour, finish and texture or as indicated otherwise.
- .4 Provide dust tight screens or partitions to localize dust generating activities and for protection of finished areas of work, workers and public.

1.22 MECHANICAL COST BREAKDOWN

- .1 Upon award of contract, provide mechanical cost breakdown as per attached schedules for engineer's review and for progress billing purposes.
- .2 Costs such as site trailers, mobilization, shop drawings, engineering, etc. to be included as part of material and labour for each piece of equipment.
- .3 Controls programming and commissioning to be billed upon completion of commissioning.
- .4 Fire protection engineering costs to be included as part of material and labour costs.
- .5 Closeout documents including O&M manuals, as-built drawings, approved air & hydronic TAB reports, seismic letters, NFPA letters, etc. shall constitute 5% of the total mechanical construction cost and shall be approved as a single lump sum line item after submission to and final acceptance by Engineer. Contractor to indicate cost as a separate line item in Progress Billing.

- .6 Proposed billings to be submitted a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar days prior to submission of first billing, for review and approval by Engineer.
- .7 Equipment costs are to be broken down into specific equipment grouping and submitted with proposed billing submittal.

1.23 FINAL INSPECITON

- .1 Do not request final inspection until:
 - .1 Deficiencies are less than 5 items.
 - .2 All systems have been tested and are ready for operation.
 - .3 All air & water balancing has been completed as applicable.
 - .4 The Owner's operating personnel have been instructed in the operation of all systems and equipment.
 - .5 The complete operation and maintenance data books have been delivered to the Engineer.
 - .6 All inspection certificates have been furnished including but not limited to seismic certification, NFPA (Fire) 13 certification, City's final plumbing inspection.
 - .7 All record drawings have been completed and approved.
 - .8 All fire extinguishers have been installed.
 - .9 The cleaning up is finished in all respects.
 - .10 Upon completion of above, contractor to request in writing for final site review with a minimal 72 hour notification.
- .2 Final installation shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

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Date:

Contract Price \$

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Project:

HVAC		Total Contract Amount \$	% to Date	Total to Date \$	Previous Amount Invoiced \$	Amount this Claim \$	Balance Remaining \$
Mobilization –	Admin., Site Set-up						
Drafting & Coo	rdinating						
Claratin a	Material						
Sleeving	Labour						
	Material						
Sheet Metal	Labour						
Grilles,	Material						
Diffusers	Labour						
	Equipment						
Silencers	Labour						
Fans, VAV &	Equipment						
FP Boxes	Labour						
DTII's	Equipment						
R.T.U.'s, Curbs, A.H.U.'s &	Labour						
Filters	Start-up						
	Equipment						
A/C Units	Labour						
	Start-up						
	Equipment						
Smoke/Fire Dampers	Labour						

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Contract Price \$

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Project: Date:

HVAC		Total Contract Amount \$	% to Date	Total to Date \$	Previous Amount Invoiced \$	Amount this Claim \$	Balance Remaining \$	
	Equi	pment						
VFD's	Labo	our						
	Start	-up						
Inculation	Material							
msuration	Insulation Labour							
Close-out Documentation (5%)								
TOTAL ORIO	TOTAL ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT							
Change Orders								
Architect's C	O#	GWA CCO or SI #						
#		#						
#	# #							
Total Change (Total Change Order Amount							
- 3 mi 2 mi go (
TOTAL CON	TRAC	T AMOUNT						

NOTE: Change Orders that do not reference the Architect's Change Order number and Goodkey, Weedmark's Contemplated Change Order (CCO) or Site Instruction (SI) number will not be reviewed.

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Contract	Price	\$
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Project: Date:

Controls		Total Contract Amount \$	% to Date	Total to Date \$	Previous Amount Invoiced \$	Amount this Claim \$	Balance Remaining \$	
Mobilization –	Admir	ı., Site Set-up						
TT 1	Equi	pment						
Hardware	Labo	our						
Material								
Wiring	Wiring Labour							
Close-out Documentation (5%)								
TOTAL ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT								
Change Orders Architect's CO # GWA CCO or SI # #								
# #								
Total Change C	Order A	mount						
TOTAL CON	TRAC	T AMOUNT						

NOTE: Change Orders that do not reference the Architect's Change Order number and Goodkey, Weedmark's Contemplated Change Order (CCO) or Site Instruction (SI) number will not be reviewed.

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Contract Price \$

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Project: Date:

Plumbing		Total Contract Amount	% to Date	Total to Date \$	Previous Amount Invoiced	Amoun t this Claim \$	Balance Remaining \$
Mobilization – Admin., Sit	e Set-up						
San. Storm Underground	Material						
Piping & Floor Drains	Labour						
Classing	Material						
Sleeving	Labour						
San. Storm Above	Material						
Ground Piping & Roof Drains	Labour						
	Material						
Domestic Water Piping	Labour						
Chilled/Condensing	Material						
Water Piping	Labour						
Hasting Water Dining	Material						
Heating Water Piping	Labour						
Carpinia	Material						
Gas Piping	Labour						
E 10'ID'	Material						
Fuel Oil Piping	Labour						
	Material						
Medical Piping	Labour						

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Contract Price \$

Page	1
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Project: Date:

Plumbing		Total Contract Amount	% to Date	Total to Date \$	Previous Amount Invoiced \$	Amoun t this Claim \$	Balance Remaining \$
Plumbing Equipment							
	Equipment						
Boilers	Labour						
	Start-up						
	Equipment						
Hot Water Tanks	Labour						
	Start-up						
	Equipment						
Pumps, VFD's	Labour						
	Start-up						
Expansion Tanks,	Equipment						
Coils, Heat Exchangers	Labour						
	Equipment						
Chillers	Labour						
	Start-up						
	Equipment						
Unit/Force Flow Heaters	Labour						
	Start-up						
	Equipment						
Plumbing Fixtures	Labour						
	Laudui						

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Section 20 05 01 MECHANICAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Contract Price	\$
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Project: Date:

Plumbing		Total Contract Amount \$	% to Date	Total to Date \$	Previous Amount Invoiced \$	Amoun t this Claim \$	Balance Remaining \$
Insulation							
Domestic	Material						
Domestic	Labour						
Chilled/Condenser	Material						
Cililed/Colidelisel	Labour						
Haating	Material						
Heating	Labour						
Close-out Documentation (5%)							
TOTAL ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT							
Change Orders							
Architect's CO # GWA CCO or SI #							
#	#						
#	#						
Total Change Order Amount							
TOTAL CONTRACT AMOUNT							

NOTE: Change Orders that do not reference the Architect's Change Order number and Goodkey, Weedmark's Contemplated Change Order (CCO) or Site Instruction (SI) number will not be reviewed.

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS

.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Section, apply to work specified in this section.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

.1 Firestopping: Material or combination of materials used to retain integrity of fire-rated construction by maintaining an effective barrier against the spread of flame, smoke, water and hot gases through penetrations in fire rated wall and floor assemblies.

1.4 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK OF THIS SECTION

- .1 Only tested firestop systems shall be used in specific locations as follows:
 - .1 Penetrations for the passage of duct, piping, and other mechanical equipment through fire-rated vertical barriers (walls and partitions), horizontal barriers (floor/ceiling assemblies), and vertical service shaft walls and partitions
 - .2 Repetitive plumbing penetrations in fire-rated floor assemblies. Penetrations exist for the installation of tubs, showers, aerators and other plumbing fixtures.
- .2 All penetrations through walls as a result of this work shall be assumed to be 1 hour rated unless otherwise indicated.

1.5 RELATED WORK OF OTHER SECTIONS

- .1 Coordinate work of this section with work of other sections as required to properly execute the work and as necessary to maintain satisfactory progress of the work of other sections, including:
 - .1 Section 04 04 99 Masonry for Minor Works
 - .2 Section 07 84 00 Firestopping
 - .3 Section 09 21 16 Gypsum Board Assemblies

1.6 REFERENCES

- .1 Test Requirements: ULC-S115-M or CAN4-S115-M, "Standard Method of Fire Tests of Through Penetration Fire Stops".
- .2 International Firestop Council Guidelines for Evaluating Firestop Systems Engineering Judgements.
- .3 Inspection Requirements: ASTM E2174-14b, "Standard Practice for On-site Inspection of Installed Fire Stops.

- .4 CAN/ULC-S102-M, Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- .5 All major building codes: NBC, OBC.
- .6 NFPA (Fire) 101 Life Safety Code, 2015 Edition
- .7 ASTM G21-15, Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- .1 Proposed firestop materials and methods shall conform to applicable governing codes having local jurisdiction.
- .2 Firestop Systems do not re-establish the structural integrity of load bearing partitions/assemblies, or support live loads and traffic. Installer shall consult the structural engineer prior to penetrating any load bearing assembly.
- .3 For those firestop applications that exist for which no ULC or cUL tested system is available through a manufacturer, a manufacturer's engineering judgement derived from similar ULC or cUL system designs or other tests will be submitted to local authorities having jurisdiction for their review and approval prior to installation. Engineer judgement drawings must follow requirements set forth by the International Firestop Council.

1.8 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit Product Data: Manufacturer's specifications and technical data for each material including the composition and limitations, documentation of ULC or cUL firestop systems to be used and manufacturer's installation instructions to comply with Division 01.
- .2 Manufacturer's engineering judgement identification number and drawing details when no ULC or cUL system is available for an application. Engineer judgement must include both project name and contractor's name who will install firestop system as described in drawing.
- .3 Submit material safety data sheets provided with product delivered to job-site.
- .4 Submit a complete firestopping and smokeseal schedule. Schedule is to include complete details, cut sheets, system descriptions and location of each proposed firestopping & smokeseal application.

1.9 INSTALLER QUALIFICATIONS

.1 Engage an experienced Installer who is certified, licensed, or otherwise qualified by the firestopping manufacturer as having been provided the necessary training to install manufacturer's products per specified requirements. A manufacturer's willingness to sell its firestopping products to the Contractor or to an Installer engaged by the Contractor does not in itself confer qualification on the buyer.

1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

.1 Deliver materials undamaged in manufacturer's clearly labelled, unopened containers, identified with brand, type, and ULC or cUL label where applicable.

- .2 Coordinate delivery of materials with scheduled installation date to allow minimum storage time at job-site.
- .3 Store materials under cover and protect from weather and damage in compliance with manufacturer's requirements.
- .4 Comply with recommended procedures, precautions or remedies described in material safety data sheets as applicable.
- .5 Do not use damaged or expired materials.

1.11 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- .1 Do not use materials that contain flammable solvents.
- .2 Scheduling:
 - .1 Schedule installation of CAST IN PLACE firestop devices after completion of floor formwork, metal form deck, or composite deck but before placement of concrete.
 - .2 Schedule installation of Drop-In firestop devices after placement of concrete but before installation of the pipe penetration. Diameter of sleeved or cored hole to match the listed system for the device.
 - .3 Schedule installation of other firestopping materials after completion of penetrating item installation but prior to covering or concealing of openings.
- .3 Verify existing conditions and substrates before starting work. Correct unsatisfactory conditions before proceeding.
- .4 Weather conditions: Do not proceed with installation of firestop materials when temperatures exceed the manufacturer's recommended limitations for installation printed on product label and product data sheet.
- .5 During installation, provide masking and drop cloths to prevent firestopping materials from contaminating any adjacent surfaces.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FIRESTOPPING, GENERAL

- .1 Provide firestopping composed of components that are compatible with each other, the substrates forming openings, and the items, if any, penetrating the firestopping under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by the firestopping manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- .2 Provide components for each firestopping system that are needed to install fill material. Use only components specified by the firestopping manufacturer and approved by the qualified testing agency for the designated fire-resistance-rated systems.
- .3 Firestopping Materials are either "cast-in-place" (integral with concrete placement) or "post installed." Provide cast-in-place firestop devices prior to concrete placement.

- .4 Penetrations in Smoke Barriers: Provide firestopping with ratings determined in accordance with ULC S-115.
 - .1 L-Rating: Not exceeding 25.4 L/s/sq.m (5.0 cfm/sq.ft.) of penetration opening at both ambient and elevated temperatures.
- .5 Mold Resistance: Provide penetration firestoppping with mold and mildew resistance rating of 0 as determined by ASTM G21.

2.2 ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS

.1 Hilti (Canada) Corporation (1-800-363-4458), 3M (1-800-328-1687), or as alternative materials approved by addendum in accordance with Instructions to Tenderers.

2.3 MATERIALS

- .1 Use only firestop products that have been ULC or cUL tested for specific fire-rated construction conditions conforming to construction assembly type, penetrating item type, annular space requirements, and fire-rating involved for each separate instance.
- .2 Pre-Installed firestop devices for use with non-combustible and combustible pipes (closed and open systems) penetrating concrete floors and/or gypsum walls.
- .3 Sealants or caulking materials for use with non-combustible items including steel pipe, copper pipe, rigid steel conduit and electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- .4 Sealants or caulking materials for use with sheet metal ducts.
- .5 Intumescent sealants or caulking materials for use with combustible items (penetrates consumed by high heat and flame) including insulated metal pipe, PVC jacketed, flexible cable or cable bundles and plastic pipe.
- .6 Firestop collar or wrap devices attached to assembly around combustible plastic pipe (closed and open piping systems) tested to 50 Pa. differential.
- .7 Materials used for large size/complex penetrations made to accommodate cable trays, multiple steel and copper pipes, electrical busways in raceways.
- Non curing, re-penetrable materials used for large size/complex penetrations made to accommodate cable trays, multiple steel and copper pipes, electrical busways in raceways.
- .9 For blank openings made in fire-rated wall or floor assemblies, where future penetration of pipes, conduits, or cables is expected.
- .10 For penetrations through a Fire Separation wall provide a firestop system with a "F" Rating as determined by ULC or cUL as indicated below:

Fire Resistance Rating of Separation

30 minutes

45 minutes

1 hour

1.5 hours

Required ULC or cUL "F" Rating of Firestopping Assembly

20 minutes

45 minutes

45 minutes

1 hour

Section 20 05 10 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING FOR MECHANICAL SYSTEMS Page 5

2 hours	1.5 hours
3 hours	2 hours
4 hours	3 hours

For combustible pipe penetrations through a Fire Separation provide a firestop system with a "F" Rating as determined by ULC or cUL which is equal to the fire resistance rating of the construction being penetrated.

.11 For penetrations through a Fire Wall or horizontal Fire Separation provide a firestop system with a "FT" Rating as determined by ULC or cUL which is equal to the fire resistance rating of the construction being penetrated.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 PREPARATION

- .1 Verification of Conditions: Examine areas and conditions under which work is to be performed and identify conditions detrimental to proper or timely completion.
 - .1 Verify penetrations are properly sized and in suitable condition for application of materials.
 - .2 Surfaces to which firestop materials will be applied shall be free of dirt, grease, oil, rust, laitance, release agents, water repellents, and any other substances that may affect proper adhesion.
 - .3 Ensure all service lines are in place, tested and acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction, prior to application of fire stopping and smoke seal.
 - .4 Provide masking and temporary covering to prevent soiling of adjacent surfaces by firestopping materials.
 - .5 Comply with manufacturer's recommendations for temperature and humidity conditions before, during and after installation of firestopping.
 - .6 Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 COORDINATION

- .2 Coordinate construction of openings and penetrations to ensure that the fire stop systems are installed according to specified requirements.
- .3 Coordinate sizing of sleeves, openings, core-drilled holes, or cut openings to accommodate through-penetration fire stop systems.
- .4 Coordinate fire stopping with other trades so that obstructions are not placed in the way prior to the installation of the fire stop systems.

3.3 INSTALLATION

.1 Regulatory Requirements: Install firestop materials in accordance with ULC Fire Resistance Directory or UL Products Certified for Canada (cUL) Directory or Omega Point Laboratories Directory.

- Page
- .2 Manufacturer's Instructions: Comply with manufacturer's instructions for installation of through-penetration and construction joint materials.
 - .1 Seal all holes or voids made by penetrations to ensure an air and water resistant seal.
 - .2 Consult with mechanical engineer, project manager, and damper manufacturer prior to installation of ULC or cUL firestop systems that might hamper the performance of fire dampers as it pertains to duct work.
 - .3 Protect materials from damage on surfaces subjected to traffic.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Examine sealed penetration areas to ensure proper installation before concealing or enclosing areas.
- .2 Keep areas of work accessible until inspection by applicable code authorities.
- .3 Inspection of through-penetration firestopping shall be performed in accordance with ASTM E2174, "Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Fire Stops" or other recognized standard.
- .4 Perform under this section patching and repairing of firestopping caused by cutting or penetrating of existing firestop systems already installed by other trades.

3.5 IDENTIFICATION & DOCUMENTATION

- .1 The firestop contractor is to supply documentation for each single application addressed. This documentation shall identify each penetration and joint location on the entire project.
- .2 The Documentation Form for through penetrations is to include:
 - .1 A Sequential Location Number
 - .2 The Project Name
 - .3 Date of Installation
 - .4 Detailed description of the penetrations location
 - .5 Tested System or Engineered Judgement Number
 - .6 Type of assembly penetrated
 - .7 A detailed description of the size and type of penetrating item
 - .8 Size of opening
 - .9 Number of sides of assemblies addressed
 - .10 Hourly rating to be achieved
 - .11 Installers Name
- .3 Submit the record document to the Engineer at the completion of the project.

- .4 Identify through-penetration firestop systems with pressure-sensitive, self-adhesive, preprinted vinyl labels. Attach labels permanently to surfaces of penetrated construction on both sides of each firestop system installation where labels will be visible to anyone seeking to remove penetrating items or firestop systems. Include the following information on labels:
 - .1 The words: "Warning -Through Penetration Firestop System-Do Not Disturb. Notify Building Management of Any Damage."
 - .2 Contractor's Name, address, and phone number.
 - .3 Through-Penetration firestop system designation of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - .4 Date of Installation.
 - .5 Through-Penetration firestop system manufacturer's name.
 - .6 Installer's Name.

3.6 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- .1 Remove equipment, materials and debris, leaving area in undamaged, clean condition.
- .2 Clean all surfaces adjacent to sealed holes and joints to be free of excess firestop materials and soiling as work progresses.

3.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT

- .1 Separate and recycle waste materials in accordance with Waste Management Plan as specified in Section 01 74 19, and place in designated areas for recycling.
- .2 Place materials defined as hazardous or toxic waste in designated containers. Before disposing of containers, relieve containers of any remaining foam and pressure. Allow foam to fully cure before disposing. Never dispose of foam in a liquid state.
- .3 Collect and separate plastic, paper packaging and corrugated cardboard in accordance with Waste Management Plan.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 SHOP DRAWINGS

- .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Submit catalogue details for each type of door illustrating profiles, dimensions and methods of assembly.

Part 2 Products

2.1 ACCESS DOORS

- .1 Supply and install as necessary to gain access to all concealed mechanical equipment for operating, inspecting, adjusting, servicing.
- .2 Sizes: Except as indicated otherwise, to be minimum sizes as follows:
 - .1 For body entry: 600 x 600 mm (24" x 24").
 - .2 For hand entry: 300 x 300 mm (12" x 12").
- .3 Construction: Rounded safety corners, concealed hinges, screwdriver latch, anchor straps, able to open 180°.
- .4 Materials
 - .1 Tiled or marble surfaces and other special areas: Stainless steel with brushed satin or polished finish as directed by Consultant.
 - .2 All other areas: Prime coated steel.
- .5 Fire Rating
 - .1 Access doors fire rating to match that of wall, ceiling or floor the access door is installed in. Coordinate with architectural drawings.

2.2 EXCLUSIONS

.1 Lay-in tile ceilings. In this instance, use unobtrusive identification locators.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Installation in accordance with Manufacturer's installation instructions for particular surface.

3.2 LOCATION

.1 Location: Ensure that equipment is clearly within view and accessible for operating, inspecting, adjusting, servicing without the need for special tools.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME)
 - .1 ASME B16.15-2013, Cast Bronze Threaded Fittings, Classes 125 and 250.
 - .2 ASME B16.18-2012, Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings.
 - .3 ASME B16.22-2013, Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Pressure Fittings.
 - .4 ASME B16.24-2016, Cast Copper Alloy Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Class 150, 300, 600, 900, 1500 and 2500.
- .2 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM A307-14, Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength.
 - .2 ASTM B88M-16, Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube (Metric).
- .3 American Water Works Association (AWWA)
 - .1 AWWA C111/A21.11-12, Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings.
- .4 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA B242-05 (R2016), Groove- and Shoulder-Type Mechanical Pipe Couplings.

1.3 PRODUCT DATA

.1 Submit product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 PIPING

- .1 Domestic hot, cold and recirculation systems, within building.
 - .1 Above ground: copper tube, hard drawn, type L: to ASTM B88M.
 - .2 Buried or embedded: copper tube, soft annealed, type K: to ASTM B88M, in long lengths and with no buried joints.
- .2 Piping to be of all North American manufacturers.

2.2 FITTINGS

.1 Bronze pipe flanges and flanged fittings, Class 150 and 300: to ASME B16.24.

- .2 Cast bronze threaded fittings, Class 125 and 250: to ASME B16.15.
- .3 Cast copper, solder type: to ASME B16.18.
- .4 Wrought copper and copper alloy, solder type: to ASME B16.22.
- .5 Fittings to be of all North American manufacturers.

2.3 JOINTS

- .1 Rubber gaskets, 1.6 mm thick: to AWWA C111/A21.11.
- .2 Bolts, nuts, hex head and washers: to ASTM A307, heavy series.
- .3 Solder: 95/5 lead free solder. No lead content in excess of 0.2%.
- .4 Teflon tape: for threaded joints.
- .5 Dielectric connections between dissimilar metals: dielectric fitting to ASTM F492, complete with thermoplastic liner. Bronze or brass ball valves are an acceptable dielectric fitting where applicable.

2.4 VALVES

.1 Refer to Section 23 05 23 - Valves.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with Canadian Plumbing Code, Provincial Plumbing Code and local authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Cut square, ream and clean tubing and tube ends, clean recesses of fittings and assemble without binding.
- .3 Install pipe work in accordance with Section 23 05 05 Installation of Pipe Work, supplemented as specified herein.
- .4 Assemble piping using fittings manufactured to ANSI standards.
- .5 Install DCW piping below and away from DHW and DHWR and other hot piping so as to maintain temperature of cold water as low as possible.
- .6 Connect to fixtures and equipment in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions unless otherwise indicated.
- .7 Buried tubing:
 - .1 Lay in well compacted washed sand in accordance with AWWA Class B bedding.
 - .2 Bend tubing without crimping or constriction. No fittings permitted below grade.

.8 Install isolation valves at all branch take-offs and to isolate each piece of equipment, and as indicated.

3.2 PRESSURE TESTS

- .1 Refer to Section 23 05 05 Installation of Pipework.
- .2 Test pressure: greater of 1½ times maximum system operating pressure or 860 kPa.

3.3 FLUSHING AND CLEANING

.1 Flush entire system for 8 h. Ensure outlets flushed for 2 h. Let stand for 24 h, then draw one sample off longest run. Submit to testing laboratory to verify that system is clean. Let system flush for additional 2 h, then draw off another sample for testing. Submit test results to Engineer.

3.4 PRE-START-UP INSPECTIONS

- .1 Systems to be complete, prior to flushing, testing and start-up.
- .2 Verify that system can be completely drained.
- .3 Ensure that pressure booster systems are operating properly.
- .4 Ensure that air chambers, expansion compensators are installed properly.

3.5 DISINFECTION

- .1 Flush out, disinfect and rinse system to requirements of authority having jurisdiction and to the approval of Engineer.
- .2 Upon completion, provide laboratory test reports on water quality for Engineer approval.

3.6 START-UP

- .1 Timing: Start up after:
 - .1 Pressure tests have been completed.
 - .2 Disinfection procedures have been completed.
 - .3 Certificate of static completion has been issued.
- .2 Provide continuous supervision during start-up.
- .3 Start-up procedures:
 - .1 Establish circulation and ensure that air is eliminated.
 - .2 Check pressurization to ensure proper operation and to prevent water hammer, flashing and/or cavitation.
- .4 Rectify start-up deficiencies.

3.7 PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION

.1 Timing:

.1 After pressure and leakage tests and disinfection completed, and certificate of completion has been issued by authority having jurisdiction.

.2 Procedures:

- .1 Verify that flow rate and pressure meet Design Criteria.
- .2 TAB DHWR in accordance with Section 23 05 93 Testing Adjusting and Balancing (TAB) of Mechanical Systems.
- .3 Adjust pressure regulating valves while withdrawal is maximum and inlet pressure is minimum.
- .4 Verify performance of temperature controls.
- .5 Verify compliance with safety and health requirements.
- .6 Check for proper operation of water hammer arrestors. Run 10% of outlets for 10 seconds, then shut off water immediately. If water hammer occurs, replace water hammer arrestor or re-charge air chambers. Repeat for outlets and flush valves.
- .7 Confirm water quality consistent with supply standards, verifying that no residuals remain as a result of flushing and/or cleaning.

.3 Reports:

- .1 In accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements: Reports, using report forms as specified in Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements: Report Forms and Schematics.
- .2 Include certificate of water flow and pressure tests conducted on incoming water service, demonstrating adequacy of flow and pressure.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM B32-08 (R2014), Specification for Solder Metal.
 - .2 ASTM B306-13, Specification for Copper Drainage Tube (DWV).
 - .3 ASTM C564-14, Specification for Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.
 - .4 ASTM C1540-15, Standard Specification for Heavy Duty Shielded Couplings Joining Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA B70-12 (R2016), Cast Iron Soil Pipe, Fittings and Means of Joining.
 - .2 CSA B125-01, Plumbing Fittings.
- .3 Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI)
 - .1 CISPI 310-04, Specification for coupling for use in connection with hubless cast iron soil pipe and fittings for sanitary and storm drain, waste, and vent piping applications.

Part 2 Products

2.1 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- .1 Above ground sanitary, storm and vent Type DWV to: ASTM B306.
 - .1 Fittings.
 - .1 Cast brass: to CSA B125.
 - .2 Wrought copper: to CSA B125.
 - .2 Solder: 95/5, lead free, to ASTM B32, type 50A.

2.2 CAST IRON PIPING AND FITTINGS

- .1 Buried sanitary and vent minimum NPS 3, to: CSA B70.
 - .1 Mechanical joints.
 - .1 Provide hubless soil pipe couplings designated as Heavyweight, constructed of extra wide 4 to 6 band corrugated type 304 stainless steel bands, with heavy duty worm drive clamps.
 - .2 Flanged gasket to be made of neoprene rubber, meeting ASTM C564 and unit to meet CISPI 310 and ASTM C1540 standards.
 - .3 Tightened to 80 in. lbs. torque.

- .4 Acceptable materials: Mission Rubber Company.
- .2 Provide proper transition fittings to tie into existing hub and spigot type pipe when found on site.
- .2 Above ground sanitary, storm and vent: to CSA B70.
 - .1 Mechanical joints.
 - .1 Provide hubless soil pipe couplings designated as Heavyweight, constructed of extra wide 4 to 6 band corrugated type 304 stainless steel bands, with heavy duty worm drive clamps.
 - .2 Flanged gasket to be made of neoprene rubber, meeting ASTM C564 and unit to meet CISPI 310 and ASTM C1540 standards.
 - .3 Tightened to 80 in. lbs. torque.
 - .4 Acceptable materials: Mission Rubber Company.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with Canadian Plumbing Code, Provincial Plumbing Code and local authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Allow for locating of existing buried sanitary piping prior to excavating for connection of new services.
- specifications. Install buried pipe on 150 mm (6") bed of compacted clean Granular A bedding compacted to 95% (min.) dry proctor density, shaped to accommodate hubs and fittings, to line and grade as indicated. The material should be placed in maximum 300 mm thick lifts. (If trench bottom is unstable, bring to Engineers attention before bedding is laid). Limit vertical deflection and increase pipe support by compacting soil in both directions away from the pipe toward trench walls. Initial backfill to begin at springline of pipe to 300 mm (12") above pipe using compacted clean Granular A bedding compacted to 95% (min.) dry proctor density. Final backfill shall be in accordance with Geotechnical Report and as minimum utilize clean Granular A compacted to 95% dry proctor density in 300 mm thick lifts. Bedding and backfill shall be provided by this division and in accordance with Div. 02 Site Work.
- .4 Install above ground piping parallel and close to walls and ceilings to conserve headroom and space, and to grade as indicated.
- .5 Urinal waste pipe & fittings shall be DWV PVC equivalent to IPEX System 15 in accordance with specification Section 22 13 18 Drainage Waste and Vent Plastic. Extend plastic piping up to combined waste from adjacent lavatory or other plumbing fixtures allowing dilution of waste.
- On pumped discharge, cast iron with mechanical joint shall not be allowed. (Use Type L copper with DWV fittings or galvanized steel above ground only.)

3.2 TESTING

.1 Test in accordance with OBC Part 7 requirements.

.2 Hydraulically test to verify grades and freedom from obstructions.

3.3 PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION

- .1 Cleanouts:
 - .1 Ensure accessible and that access doors are correctly located.
 - .2 Open, cover with linseed oil and re-seal.
 - Verify that cleanout rods can probe as far as the next cleanout, at least. .3
- .2 Test to ensure traps are fully and permanently primed.
- .3 Storm water drainage:
 - .1 Verify domes are secure.
 - .2 Ensure weirs are correctly sized and installed correctly.
 - .3 Verify provisions for movement of roof system.
- Ensure that fixtures are properly anchored, connected to system and effectively vented. .4
- .5 Affix applicable label (storm, sanitary, vent, pump discharge etc.) c/w directional arrows every floor or 4.5 m (whichever is less).

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM D2564-12, Specification for Solvent Cements for Poly (PVC) (Vinyl-Chloride) Plastic Piping Systems.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA B1800-15, Thermoplastic Nonpressure Piping Compendium.
- .3 Underwriters Laboratories of Canada (ULC)
 - .1 CAN/ULC S102.2-10, Method of Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Flooring, Floor Coverings, and Miscellaneous Materials and Assemblies.
 - .2 CAN/ULC S115-11, Standard Method of Fire Tests of Firestop Systems.

Part 2 Products

2.1 PIPING AND FITTINGS

- .1 DWV PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride):
 - .1 Application: below grade sanitary, storm & vent piping & fittings and above grade where combustible piping is permitted excluding OBC 3.2.6 (High-rise) applications and ceiling plenums.
 - .2 Pipe and Fittings: Drain, waste and vent pipe and fittings shall be certified to CSA B181.2. When combustible pipe and fittings are used in buildings required to be of non-combustible construction, they shall be listed by ULC to the Standard CAN/ULC S102.2 and clearly marked with the certification logo indicating a flame-spread rating not exceeding 25.
 - .3 Acceptable material: IPEX System 15 DWV.
- .2 Fire & smoke resistant coated DWV PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride) piping & fittings:
 - .1 Application: Above grade sanitary, storm & vent piping & fittings where combustible piping is permitted including OBC 3.2.6 High-rise applications and within ceiling plenums.
 - .2 Pipe and Fittings: Drain, waste and vent pipe and fittings shall be certified to CSA B181.2 and when used in non-combustible construction, high-rise buildings and air plenums, they shall be tested and listed in accordance with CAN/ULC S102.2 and clearly marked with the certification logo indicating a flame-spread rating not exceeding 25 and a smoke-developed classification not exceeding 50.
 - .3 Acceptable material: IPEX System XFR 15/50 PVC-DWV.

.3 Firestopping Devices:

.1 All combustible pipe penetrations shall comply with the requirements described in the O.B.C. 3.1.9.4.(1) through (8) and provide a firestop system that has been Tested and Listed to the test Standard CAN/ULC S115 with a pressure differential of 50 Pa. In addition, the manufacturer shall provide a documentation confirming compliance with the listed system.

.4 Solvent Welding:

- .1 Solvent cements shall be CSA certified and meet the requirements of ASTM D2564. One-step cement may be used for sizes from NPS 40 to 150. Two-step cement must be used in conjunction with primer on larger pipe sizes. Proper solvent cementing procedures must be followed at all times.
- .2 The manufacturer, shall be consulted prior to installation for proper solvent welding procedures and proper solvent cement requirements.

.5 Expansion/Contraction:

.1 Compensation shall be made to accommodate expansion/contraction on the drainage system. It is recommended that there be compensation on every second floor for the vertical piping system. Consult pipe system manufacturer for specific details regarding approved compensation methods.

.6 Compatibility:

.1 To ensure compatibility, performance and material quality, all pipe and fitting drainage system shall be produced by the same manufacturer.

.7 Quality Control:

.1 The manufacturer of the pipe and fitting system shall be contacted prior to the installation to obtain precise installation instructions. Site meetings shall be arranged and include, the Contractor, Manufacturer and Building Inspector.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with Canadian Plumbing Code, Provincial Plumbing Code and local authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Allow for locating of existing buried sanitary piping prior to excavating for connection of new services.
- .3 Bedding and backfilling should be in accordance with City of Ottawa standards and specifications. Install buried pipe on 150 mm (6") bed of compacted clean Granular A bedding compacted to 95% (min.) dry proctor density, shaped to accommodate hubs and fittings, to line and grade as indicated. The material should be placed in maximum 300 mm thick lifts. (If trench bottom is unstable, bring to Engineers attention before bedding is laid). Limit vertical deflection and increase pipe support by compacting soil in both directions away from the pipe toward trench walls. Initial backfill to begin at springline of pipe to 300 mm (12") above pipe using compacted clean Granular A bedding compacted to 95% (min.) dry proctor density. Final backfill shall be in accordance with Geotechnical Report (if available) and as minimum utilize clean

Granular A compacted to 95% dry proctor density in 300 mm thick lifts. Bedding and backfill shall be provided by this division.

.4 Plastic pipe shall not be used on pumped sanitary & storm discharge.

3.2 TESTING

- .1 Test in accordance with OBC Part 7 requirements.
- .2 Pressure test buried systems before backfilling.
- .3 Hydraulically test to verify grades and freedom from obstructions.
- .4 Video Testing:
 - .1 Provide video scanning of underground sanitary and storm piping for contractor's review and approval prior to pouring of concrete. Repair deficiencies and re-scan as required. Submit final video to Engineer for record.
 - .2 Flush & video scan sanitary and storm piping for contractor's review and approval prior to building turnover. Repair deficiencies and re-scan as required. Submit final video to Engineer for record.

3.3 PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION

- .1 Cleanouts:
 - .1 Ensure accessible and that access doors are correctly located.
 - .2 Open, cover with linseed oil and re-seal.
 - .3 Verify cleanout rods can probe as far as the next cleanout, at least.
- .2 Test to ensure traps are fully and permanently primed.
- .3 Storm water drainage:
 - .1 Verify domes are secure.
 - .2 Ensure weirs are correctly sized and installed correctly.
 - .3 Verify provisions for movement of roof system.
- .4 Ensure that fixtures are properly anchored, connected to system and effectively vented.
- .5 Affix applicable label (storm, sanitary, vent, pump discharge etc.) c/w directional arrows every floor or 4.5 m (whichever is less).

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society of Sanitary Engineering (ASSE)
 - .1 ASSE (Plumbing) 1017-2009, Performance Requirements for Temperature Actuated Mixing Valves for Hot Water Distribution Systems.
 - .2 ASSE (Plumbing) 1018-2001, Performance Requirements for Trap Seal Primer Valves-Potable Water Supplied.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CAN/CSA B64 Series-11 (R2016), Backflow preventers and vacuum breakers (Consists of B64.0, B64.1.1, B64.1.2, B64.1.3, B64.1.4 B64.2, B64.2.1, B64.2.1.1, B64.2.2, B64.3, B64.3.1, B64.4, B64.4.1, B64.5, B64.5.1, B64.6, B64.6.1, B64.7, B64.8 and B64.9).
 - .2 CSA B79-08 (R2013), Floor, Area and Shower Drains, and Cleanouts for Residential Construction.
- .3 Plumbing and Drainage Institute (PDI)
 - .1 PDI WH201-2010. Water Hammer Arresters Standard.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 For shop drawings, indicate dimensions, construction details and materials.
- .3 For product data, indicate dimensions, construction details and materials for items specified herein.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- .1 Provide maintenance data for incorporation into manual specified in Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Data to include:
 - .1 Description of plumbing specialities and accessories, giving manufacturers name, type, model, year and capacity.
 - .2 Details of operation, servicing and maintenance.
 - .3 Recommended spare parts list.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FLOOR DRAINS

.1 Floor drains: to CSA B79. Refer to schedule on drawings.

2.2 CLEANOUTS

- .1 Cleanout plugs: heavy cast iron male ferrule with brass screws and threaded brass or bronze plug. Sealing-caulked lead seat or neoprene gasket.
 - .1 Acceptable material: Watts, J.R. Smith & Zurn Z-1449.
- .2 Access covers:
 - .1 Wall access: face or wall type, stainless steel round cover with flush head securing screws, bevelled edge frame complete with anchoring lugs. Acceptable material: Watts, Zurn ZANB-1463 (wall), ZANB-1460 (floor).
 - .2 Floor access: round cast iron body and frame with adjustable secured nickel bronze top, and.
 - .1 Plugs: bolted bronze with neoprene gasket.
 - .2 Cover for unfinished concrete floors: nickel bronze round, gasket, vandal-proof screws. Acceptable material: Watts, Zurn ZX-1612-BP.
 - .3 Cover for terrazzo finish: polished nickel bronze with recessed cover for filling with terrazzo, vandal-proof locking screws. Acceptable material: Watts, Zurn ZX-1400-BP-Z.
 - .4 Cover for tile and linoleum floors: polished nickel bronze with recessed cover for linoleum or tile infill, complete with vandal-proof locking screws. Acceptable material: Watts, Zurn ZN-1602-BP-VP light traffic.

2.3 TRAP SEAL PRIMERS

- .1 Type 1: for use on urinal or water closet cold water line.
 - .1 Pressure drop activated type, all brass construction with "O" ring seals, 12 mm (NPT ½) male inlet & 12 mm (NPT ½) female outlet drip line connection with viewing holes, and removable fitter screen. Trap primer shall have no adjustment. Operating range shall be 138 kPa (20 psi) to 861 kPa (125 psi). Operates on pressure drop of Minimum 20 kPa (3 psi). One (1) to six (6) drain taps per unit.
 - .2 Identify on as-built drawings the location of each trap seal primer.
 - .3 Ensure all trap seal primers are accessible for maintenance purposes and are connected to urinal or water closet cold water line. Trap line shall be from top of cold water line and include a service valve. All to be serviceable from access doors.
 - .4 Acceptable materials: Mifab M-500, Watts, Zurn Z-1022.
- .2 Type 2: for use on lavatory cold water line.
 - Brass trap seal primer with removable poppet, integral vacuum breaker, gasketted access cover 13 NPT (½") threaded inlet and outlet connections, complete with 13 NPT (½") sweat connection adapters and 13 NPT (½") drip line connection.
 - .2 Trap seal primers are listed with I.A.P.M.O. and CSA and are tested and certified to the ASSE 1018.
 - .3 Trap seal primers shall be installed minimum 305 mm (12") above the grid of a floor drain or flood level rim of equipment served.

- .4 Operating range for trap seal primers is 138 kPa (20 psi) to 861 kPA (125 psi). Operates on pressure drop of Minimum 14 kPA (2 psi).
- .5 Acceptable material: PPP Prime-pro, Mifab MI-TSP-3, Watts, Zurn.

2.4 WATER HAMMER ARRESTORS

- .1 Copper construction, bellows or piston type: to PDI-WH201.
- .2 Acceptable material: Watts, J.R. Smith & Zurn Z-1700.

2.5 VACUUM BREAKERS

- .1 To CSA B64.
- .2 Atmospheric vacuum breaker:
 - .1 Acceptable material: Zurn Model 35 (chrome finish), Watts.
- .3 Hose connection vacuum breaker:
 - .1 Acceptable material: Zurn Model BFP-9, Watts.

2.6 HOSE BIBBS AND SEDIMENT FAUCET

- .1 Bronze construction complete with integral back flow preventer, hose thread spout, cap chain, replaceable composition disc, and chrome plated in finished areas.
- .2 Acceptable material: Watts.

2.7 STRAINERS

- .1 860 kPa (125 psi), Y type with 20 mesh, Monel, bronze or stainless steel removable screen.
- .2 NPS 2 and under, bronze body, screwed ends, with brass cap.
 - .1 Acceptable material: Watts, Wilkins S-XL.

2.8 UNDER SINK THERMOSTATIC MIXING VALVE

- .1 Thermostatic Mixing Valve:
 - .1 The valve shall be ASSE standard 1070 and IAPMO CUPC listed and controls the temperature of the hot water. It shall have a lead free brass 4-port, "H" pattern body. Lead free* under counter thermostatic valves shall comply with codes and standards, where applicable, requiring reduced lead content. The valve shall include integral check valves, integral screens and an adjustment nut with locking feature. The valve shall be provided with 10 mm (3/8"), male compression or quick-connect fittings.
 - .2 Acceptable material: Watts series LFUSG-B or as scheduled.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with Canadian Plumbing Code, and local authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and as specified.

3.2 FLOOR DRAINS

- .1 Floor drains to be installed at lowest point in floor and placed to ensure floor finishing is flush/slightly higher than strainer. Contractor to chip concrete around drains, lower assembly, patch concrete and provide floor finish should the installed elevation be unacceptable to Engineer.
- .2 Contractor to provide suitable means of protecting floor drains and cleanouts from damage during construction. Contractor to be responsible for turning over facility to Owner with floor drains and strainers in new condition. Damaged material shall be replaced with new at contractor's expense.

3.3 CLEANOUTS

- .1 In addition to those required by code, and as indicated, install at base of soil and waste stacks, and rainwater leaders.
- .2 Bring cleanouts to wall or finished floor unless serviceable from below floor.
- .3 Building drain cleanout and stack base cleanouts: line size to maximum NPS4.

3.4 WATER HAMMER ARRESTORS

.1 Install on branch supplies to fixtures or group of fixtures.

3.5 HOSE BIBBS AND SEDIMENT FAUCETS

.1 Install at bottom of risers, at low points to drain systems, and as indicated.

3.6 TRAP SEAL PRIMERS

- .1 Install for floor drains and elsewhere, as indicated.
- .2 Install on cold water supply to nearest frequently used plumbing fixture, in concealed space, to approval of Engineer.
- .3 Install soft copper tubing to floor drain.
- .4 Identify on as-built drawings the location of each trap seal primer.
- .5 Ensure all trap seal primers are accessible for maintenance purposes. Install access doors.

3.7 STRAINERS

.1 Install with sufficient room to remove basket.

3.8 START-UP

- .1 Timing: Start-up only after:
 - .1 Pressure tests have been completed.
 - .2 Disinfection procedures have been completed.
 - .3 Certificate of static completion has been issued.
 - .4 Water treatment systems operational.
- .2 Provide continuous supervision during start-up.

3.9 TESTING AND ADJUSTING

- .1 Timing:
 - .1 After start-up deficiencies rectified.
 - .2 After certificate of completion has been issued by authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Application tolerances:
 - .1 Pressure at fixtures: +/- 70 kPa.
 - .2 Flow rate at fixtures: +/- 20%.
- .3 Adjustments:
 - .1 Verify that flow rate and pressure meet design criteria.
 - .2 Make adjustments while flow rate or withdrawal is (1) maximum and (2) 25% of maximum and while pressure is (1) maximum and (2) minimum.
- .4 Floor drains:
 - .1 Verify operation of trap seal primer.
 - .2 Prime, using trap primer. Adjust flow rate to suit site conditions.
 - .3 Check operations of flushing features.
 - .4 Check security, accessibility, removability of strainer.
 - .5 Clean out baskets.
- .5 Access doors:
 - .1 Verify size and location relative to items to be accessed.
- .6 Cleanouts:
 - .1 Verify covers are gas-tight, secure, yet readily removable.
- .7 Water hammer arrestors:
 - .1 Verify proper installation of correct type of water hammer arrester.
- .8 Strainers:
 - .1 Clean out repeatedly until clear.
 - .2 Verify accessibility of cleanout plug and basket.
 - .3 Verify that cleanout plug does not leak.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CAN/CSA B45 Series-02 (R2013), Plumbing Fixtures (Consists of B45.0-02, B45.1-02, B45.2-02, B45.3-02, B45.4-02, B45.5-02, B45.6-02, B45.7-02, B45.8-02 and B45.9-02), Includes Updates No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and No. 4 (2007).
 - .2 CSA B125-01, Plumbing Fittings.
 - .3 CSA B651-12, Accessible Design for the Built Environment.

1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Indicate, for all fixtures and trim:
 - .1 Dimensions, construction details, roughing-in dimensions.
 - .2 Factory-set water consumption per flush at recommended pressure.
 - .3 (For water closets, urinals): minimum pressure required for flushing.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

.1 Provide maintenance data including monitoring requirements for incorporation into manuals specified in Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

.2 Include:

- .1 Description of fixtures and trim, giving manufacturer's name, type, model, year, capacity.
- .2 Details of operation, servicing, maintenance.
- .3 List of recommended spare parts.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- .1 Fixture piping.
 - .1 Hot and cold water supplies to each fixture:
 - .1 Stops supplies shall be all brass with full turn brass seams and washer replaceable attachment shall be IPS inlet x compression OD outlet to fixture. All fixture stop valves shall be screw driver type.
 - .2 Chrome plated in all exposed places.

.2 Waste:

- .1 Cast brass adjustable style P-trap with cleanout on each fixture not having integral trap.
- .2 Chrome plated in all exposed places.
- .3 Sink and lavatory heavy gauge P-traps shall be cast brass adjustable style with 17 ga. seamless brass wall bend. Attachment nuts shall be brass, no zinc allowed. P-traps to be removable/union type or to include cleanout.
- .4 Lavatory strainers shall be chrome plated cast brass with 17 ga. seamless brass tailpiece.
- .5 All barrier-free lavatories and sinks shall have chrome plated offset tail piece in addition to P-trap with cleanout. Insulate P-trap and hot & cold water pipes with pre-formed & finished surface insulation. Armaflex insulation and tape not acceptable.

.2 Fixtures:

- .1 Manufacture in accordance with CSA B45.
- .2 All products, where applicable, shall be marked with manufacturer's name or product #.
- .3 Trim, fittings: manufacture in accordance with CSA B125.
- .4 Number, locations: Architectural drawings to govern.
- .5 Fixtures in any one location to be product of one manufacturer and of same type.
- Trim in any one location to be product of one manufacturer and of same type unless otherwise indicated.
- .7 Reference drawing schedule for configuration and type.

2.2 CARRIERS

.1 Provide for all wall mounted plumbing fixtures.

2.3 ROUGHING-IN OF FIXTURES

.1 Rough-in for equipment supplied by other to be complete with valved supplies, wastes and vents, capped and associated fitting piping & reducers.

2.4 PLUMBING FIXTURES

.1 Reference fixture schedule on Drawings.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Mounting heights:
 - .1 Standard: to comply with manufacturer's recommendations unless otherwise indicated or specified.
 - .2 Wall-hung fixtures: as indicated on architectural elevations.

.3 Physically handicapped: to comply with most stringent of either NBCC, OBC or CAN/CSA B651.

3.2 URINALS

.1 Urinal waste pipe & fittings shall be DWV PVC equivalent to IPEX System 15 in accordance with specification Section 22 13 18 - Drainage Waste and Vent - Plastic. Extend plastic piping up to combined waste from adjacent lavatory or other plumbing fixtures allowing dilution of waste.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- .1 Conform to water conservation requirements specified in this section.
- .2 Adjustments:
 - .1 Adjust water flow rate to design flow rates and sensors.
 - .2 Adjust pressure to fixtures to ensure no splashing at maximum pressures.
 - .3 Adjust flush valves to suit actual site conditions.
- .3 Checks:
 - .1 Water closets: flushing action.
 - .2 Aerators: operation, cleanliness.
 - .3 Vacuum breakers, backflow preventers: operation under all conditions.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-1.181-99, Ready-Mixed Organic Zinc-Rich Coating.

Part 2 Products

2.1 NOT USED

.1 Not Used.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 CONNECTIONS TO EQUIPMENT

- .1 In accordance with manufacturer's instructions unless otherwise indicated.
- .2 Use valves and either unions or flanges for isolation and ease of maintenance and assembly.
- .3 Use double swing joints when equipment mounted on vibration isolation and when piping subject to movement.

3.2 CLEARANCES

- .1 Provide clearance around systems, equipment and components for observation of operation, inspection, servicing, maintenance and as recommended by manufacturer.
- .2 Provide space for disassembly, removal of equipment and components as recommended by manufacturer or as indicated (whichever is greater) without interrupting operation of other system, equipment, and components.

3.3 DRAINS

- .1 Install piping with grade in direction of flow except as indicated or specified otherwise.
- .2 Install drain valve at low points in piping systems, at equipment at section isolating valves and at base of all risers.
- .3 Pipe each drain valve discharge separately to above floor drain. Discharge to be visible.
- .4 Drain valves: NPS 3/4 full port ball valves unless indicated otherwise, with hose end male thread, cap and chain.

3.4 AUTOMATIC AIR VENTS

- .1 Install automatic air vents at high points of piping systems.
- .2 Install full port ball at each automatic air vent.
- .3 Air vents must have minimum connection of 13 mm ($\frac{1}{2}$ ").

3.5 DIELECTRIC COUPLINGS

- .1 General: Compatible with system, to suit pressure rating of system.
- .2 Locations: Where dissimilar metals are joined.
- .3 NPS 2 and under: isolating unions or bronze valves.
- .4 Over NPS 2: Isolating flanges.

3.6 PIPEWORK INSTALLATION

- .1 Screwed fittings to be jointed with Teflon tape.
- .2 Protect openings against entry of foreign material.
- .3 Install so that equipment can be isolated and removed without interruption to operation of any other equipment or systems.
- .4 Assemble piping using fittings manufactured to ANSI standards.
- .5 Weldolets sockolets Saddle type branch fittings may be used on mains if branch line is no larger than half the size of the main. Hole saw (or drill) and ream main so as to maintain full inside diameter of branch line prior to welding saddle. Provide isolation valves at each branch connection.
- .6 Install exposed piping, equipment, rectangular cleanouts and similar items parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- .7 Install concealed pipework so as to minimize furring space, maximize headroom, and conserve space.
- .8 Except where indicated otherwise, slope piping in direction of flow for positive drainage and venting.
- .9 Except where indicated, install so as to permit separate thermal insulation of each pipe.
- .10 Group piping wherever possible and as indicated.
- .11 Ream pipes, remove scale and other foreign material before assembly.
- .12 Use eccentric reducers at pipe size changes to ensure positive drainage and venting.
- .13 Provide for thermal expansion as indicated and specified.

.14 Contractor shall carry a structural engineer to design and certify the support system for any piping distribution system exceeding 100 mm (4") or where piping is grouped such that the distributed weight exceeds the building structure limits. (Note: In steel building structure the piping supports shall never be supported by a single joist or off the bottom chord of the joist or truss.

3.7 ESCUTCHEONS

- .1 Install on pipes passing through walls, partitions, floors, and ceilings in finished areas.
- .2 Construction: One piece type with set screws. Chrome or nickel plated brass or type 302 stainless steel.
- .3 Sizes: Outside diameter to cover opening or sleeve. Inside diameter to fit around pipe or outside of insulation if so provided.

3.8 FLUSHING OUT OF PIPING SYSTEMS

- .1 Preparatory to acceptance, clean and refurbish equipment and leave in operating condition, including replacement of filters in piping systems.
- .2 Provide test results upon completion and retain written report on status after complete.

3.9 PRESSURE TESTING OF EQUIPMENT AND PIPEWORK

- .1 Advise Engineer 48 hours minimum prior to performance of pressure tests.
- .2 Pipework: Test to 1½ times normal operating pressure to a maximum of the piping systems working pressure including devices (i.e.: valves, fittings, accessories). Minimum test pressure to be 862 kPa (125 psi).
- .3 Maintain specified test pressure without loss for four 4 hours minimum. Temperature of system to remain constant during of test.
- .4 Prior to tests, isolate equipment and other parts which are not designed to withstand test pressure or media.
- .5 Conduct tests in presence of Engineer.
- .6 Bear costs for repairs or replacement, retesting, and making good. Engineer to determine whether repair or replacement is appropriate.
- .7 Insulate or conceal work only after approval and certification of tests by Engineer.

3.10 EXISTING SYSTEMS

- .1 Connect into existing piping systems at times approved by Engineer.
- .2 Request written approval 10 days minimum, prior to commencement of work.
- .3 Be responsible for damage to existing plant by this work.
- .4 Ensure daily clean-up of existing areas.

- .5 Cleaning & flushing of new piping to be done prior to making final connection to existing system.
- .6 Provide full size bypass as required to ensure cleaning of piping.

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.0 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers.
 - .1 ASHRAE 90.1-2016, Energy Code for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings.
- .2 Electrical Equipment Manufacturers' Advisory Council (EEMAC)
- .3 National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
 - .1 NEMA MG 1-2016, Motors and Generators.
- .4 Ontario Regulation
 - .1 ONTARIO OBC-2012, 2012 Ontario Building Code Compendium.

1.3 ELECTRICAL

- .1 Electrical work to conform to Division 26 including the following:
 - .1 Control wiring and conduit is specified in Division 26 except for conduit, wiring and connections below 50 V which are related to control systems specified in Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23 & 25. Refer to Division 26 for quality of materials and workmanship.

1.4 SHOP DRAWINGS

.1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

.1 Provide maintenance data for motors, drives and guards for incorporation into manual specified in Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

.1 Motors to be premium efficiency, in accordance with NEMA 1 premium motor standards and the requirements of ASHRAE 90.1 unless superceded by Ontario Building Code (OBC) Supplementary Standard SB-10.

2.2 MOTORS

.1 Provide premium efficiency motors for mechanical equipment to NEMA MG 1 Part 31.

.2 Motors efficiency must exceed the following:

(ODP) Type							
	•						
		3600					
NEMA Premium Nominal Efficiency							
82.5%	85.5%	77.0%					
86.5%	86.5%	84.0%					
87.5%	86.5%	85.5%					
88.5%	89.5%	85.5%					
89.5%	89.5%	86.5%					
91.0%	91.0%	88.5%					
91.7%	91.7%	89.5%					
91.7%	93.0%	90.2%					
92.4%	93.0%	91.0%					
93.0%	93.6%	91.7%					
93.6%	94.1%	91.7%					
94.1%	94.1%	92.4%					
94.1%	94.5%	93.0%					
94.5%	95.0%	93.6%					
94.5%	95.0%	93.6%					
95.0%	95.4%	93.6%					
95.0%	95.4%	94.1%					
95.4%	95.8%	94.1%					
95.4%	95.8%	95.0%					
	1200 NEMA Premium 82.5% 86.5% 87.5% 88.5% 89.5% 91.0% 91.7% 92.4% 93.0% 93.6% 94.1% 94.1% 94.5% 95.0% 95.0% 95.0%	Speed (RPM) 1200 1800 NEMA Premium Nominal Efficient 82.5% 85.5% 86.5% 86.5% 87.5% 86.5% 88.5% 89.5% 89.5% 91.0% 91.0% 91.7% 91.7% 91.7% 91.7% 93.0% 92.4% 93.0% 93.0% 93.6% 93.6% 93.6% 94.1% 94.1% 94.1% 94.1% 94.1% 94.1% 94.5% 95.0% 95.0% 95.4% 95.0% 95.4%					

Totally Enclosed Fan-Cooled (TEFC) Type Motor Speed (RPM) Size 1200 1800 3600 HP **NEMA Premium Nominal Efficiency** 1 & below 82.5% 85.5% 77.0% 87.5% 86.5% 84.0% 1.5 2 88.5% 86.5% 85.5% 3 86.5% 89.5% 89.5% 5 88.5% 89.5% 89.5% 7.5 91.0% 91.7% 89.5% 10 91.7% 90.2% 91.0% 91.7% 92.4% 91.0% 15 20 91.7% 93.0% 91.7% 25 93.0% 93.6% 91.7% 30 93.0% 93.6% 91.7% 40 94.1% 94.1% 92.4% 50 94.1% 94.5% 93.0% 60 94.5% 95.0% 93.6% 75 94.5% 95.4% 93.6% 100 95.0% 95.4% 94.1% 125 95.0% 95.4% 95.0% 150 95.8% 95.8% 95.0% 200 95.8% 96.2% 95.4%

^{.3} Motors under 373 W (½ HP): speed as indicated, continuous duty, built-in overload protection, resilient mount, single phase, 120 V, unless otherwise specified or indicated.

- .4 Motors 373 W (½ HP) to 14.92 kW (20 HP): EEMAC Class B/F, squirrel cage induction, speed as indicated, continuous duty, drip proof, ball bearing, maximum temperature rise 45°C/60°Cover ambient of 30°C, 3 phase, 600 V, unless otherwise specified or indicated.
- .5 Two speed motors shall be double winding type.
- .6 Motors coupled with VFD shall be premium efficiency, inverter duty type to NEMA MG 1 Part 31 and shall have as a minimum EEMAC Class F insulation. Inverter ready motors shall not be acceptable.
- .7 Motors coupled with VFD's shall include a shaft grounding ring.
- .8 Motors located outside to be TEFC type, unless located in insulated weatherproof enclosure.

2.3 TEMPOARY MOTORS

.1 If delivery of specified motor will delay completion or commissioning work, install motor approved by Consultant for temporary use. Work will only be accepted when specified motor is installed.

2.4 BELT DRIVES

- .1 Fit reinforced belts in sheave matched to drive. Multiple belts to be matched sets.
- .2 Use cast iron or steel sheaves secured to shafts with removable keys unless otherwise specified.
- .3 For motor under 7.5 kW (10 HP): standard adjustable pitch drive sheaves, having plus or minus 10% range. Use mid-position of range for specified r/min.
- .4 For motors 7.5 kW (10 HP) and over: sheave with split tapered bushing and keyway having fixed pitch unless specifically required for item concerned. Provide sheave of correct size to suit balancing.
- .5 Correct size of sheave to be determined during start-up and commissioning.
- .6 Minimum drive rating: 1½ times nameplate rating on motor. Keep overhung loads within manufacturer's design requirements on prime mover shafts.
- .7 Motor slide rail adjustment plates to allow for centre line adjustment.

2.5 DRIVE GUARDS

- .1 Provide guards for unprotected drives.
- .2 Guards for belt drives;
 - .1 Expanded metal screen welded to steel frame.
 - .2 Minimum 1.6 mm (16 ga.). sheet metal tops and bottoms.
 - .3 $38 \text{ mm} (1\frac{1}{2})$ dia. holes on both shaft centres for insertion of tachometer.
 - .4 Removable for servicing.
 - .5 OSHA approved.

MOTORS, DRIVES AND GUARDS FOR MECHANICAL SYSTEMS Page 4

- .6 Sized to allow either sheave to be increased by two sizes.
- .3 Provide means to permit lubrication and use of test instruments with guards in place.
- .4 Install belt guards to allow movement of motors for adjusting belt tension.
- .5 Plenum fan assembly must have an enclosed safety screen as per OSHA standards.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Fasten securely in place.
- .2 Ensure motor installation is easily removable for servicing.

Part 1 GENERAL

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
 - .1 ASTM B16/B16M-10(2015), Standard Specification for Free-Cutting Brass Rod, Bar and Shapes for Use in Screw Machines.
 - .2 ASTM B62-15, Specification for Composition Bronze or Ounce Metal Castings.
- .2 Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc. (MSS).
 - .1 MSS SP-80-2013, Bronze Gate Globe, Angle and Check Valves.

1.3 PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Submit data for all valves specified in this section.

1.4 CLOSEPIT SUBMITTALS

.1 Submit maintenance data for incorporation into manual specified in Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

1.5 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

.1 Refer to Acceptable Products Table in Part 3 of this section.

Part 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- .1 All valves of the same type to be from one manufacturer.
- .2 All valves to have CRN registration numbers.

2.2 CHECK VALVES

- .1 NPS 2 and under, bronze swing type, bronze disc:
 - .1 Standard specification: MSS SP-80.
 - .2 Connections: with hex. shoulders.
 - .3 Body: Y-pattern with integral seat at 45°, screw-in cap with hex head.
 - .4 Disc and seat: renewable rotating disc, two-piece hinge disc construction; seat: regrindable.

2.3 BALL VALVES

- .1 NPS 4 and under:
 - .1 Body and cap: cast high tensile bronze to ASTM B62 or brass to ASTM B16/B16M C36000.
 - .2 Stem: tamperproof ball drive.
 - .3 Stem packing nut: external to body.
 - .4 Ball and seat: replaceable chrome plated brass solid full port ball and Teflon seats.
 - .5 Stem seal: TFE with external packing nut.
 - .6 Operator: removable lever handle.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCTS TABLE

.1 Refer to Acceptable Products Table in Part 3 of this section.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install rising stem valves in upright position with stem above horizontal.
- .2 Handwheel with chain operators are to be installed on all valves more than 3 metres above floor.
- .3 Remove internal parts before soldering or brazing.
- .4 Install all valves such that adequate clearance is provided to allow for obstruction free operation.
- .5 Install valves at all branch take-offs and to isolate each piece of equipment, and as indicated.
- .6 For all threaded valves provide one screwed union beside each valve to allow easy replacement of valve.
- .7 Install all valves as per manufacturer's recommendation.

System Valve Type Bronze Cast fron Cast Steel End Connoction Miscellaneous Remarks				Class				1
Domestic Water Sali	System	Valve Type	Bronze		Cast Steel	End Connection	Miscellaneous	Remarks
Gate 1501 3001 1621 2501 1501 3001 Flanqed/Grooved OS&Y [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] Non-rising Stem]								
Butterfty 150 300 152 250 150 300 50 250 250 150 300 50 250 250 150 300 50 250 250 300 3					[150] [300]		[OS&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem]	
Check								
Balancing		,						
Chilled Water Ball 400 (600) Soldered/Threaded CS&Y [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] Non-rising Stem Residence CS&Y Inside Screw] Resing Stem Non-rising Stem Residence CS&Y								
Gate 150 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 150 300 300 125 250 300	Chilled Water				[]			
Butterfly					[150] [300]		[OS&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem]	
Check 150 300 125 250 150 300 Soldered/Threaded/Flanged/Grooved		Butterfly						
Balancing 150 300 125 250 150 300 25 250 150 300 25 250 150 300 25 250		,						
Heating Water / Glycol Ball 400 600 Soldered/Threaded Gate 150 300 125 250 150 300 Flanged/Grooved Go&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Butterfly 150 300 125 250 150 300 Flanged/Grooved Go&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] GoWY] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] GoWY] G		Balancing						
Sate 150 300 125 250 150 300 125 250 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 30 30 30 30 30 30	Heating Water / Glycol							
Butterfly 150 300 125 250 150 300 Soldered/Threaded/Flanged/Grooved Balancing 150 300 125 250 150 300 Soldered/Threaded/Flanged/Grooved Balancing 150 300 125 250 150 300 Soldered/Threaded/Flanged/Grooved Cos&Y [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Use Cast Steel over NPS 10 Use Cast Steel over NPS 10 Soldered/Threaded/Flanged Cos&Y [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Use Cast Steel over NPS 10 Use Cast		Gate			[150] [300]	Flanged/Grooved	[OS&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem]	
Check		Butterfly					11 0 11 0 1	
Balancing 150 300 125 250 150 300 Socket Weld/Threaded/Flanged OS&Y Inside Screw Rising Stem Insing Stem Use Cast Steel over NPS 10		Check						
Low Pressure Steam Gate 150 300 125 250 150 300 Socket Weld/Threaded/Flanged Cos&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Use Cast Steel over NPS 10		Balancing	[150] [30	0] [125] [250]	[150] [300]	Soldered/Threaded/Flanged/Grooved		
High Pressure Steam Gate [150] [300] [125] [250] [150] [300] Socket Weld/Threaded/Flanged Cosky [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Use Cast Steel over NPS 10	Low Pressure Steam		[150] [30	0] [125] [250]	[150] [300]	Socket Weld/Threaded/Flanged		Use Cast Steel over NPS 10
Condensate Ball [400] [600]		Gate	[150] [30	0] [125] [250]	[150] [300]	Socket Weld/Threaded/Flanged		Use Cast Steel over NPS 10
Check	Condensate						11 0 11 0 1	
Natural Gas Ball [400] [600] Threaded/Flanged Lubricated Plug [150] [300] [125] [250] [150] [300] Threaded/Flanged Socket Weld Socket		Check			[150] [300]			
Lubricated Plug [150] [300] [125] [250] [150] [300] Threaded/Flanged Socket Weld Socke	Natural Gas	Ball						
Oil Ball [400] [600] Socket Weld [OS&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Disc: Cast Iron Check [150] [300] [125] [250] [150] [300] Socket Weld [OS&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Disc: Cast Iron Check [150] [300] [125] [250] [150] [300] Socket Weld Disc: A126 Class B, Seat: Cast Iron Ceneral All valves to have CRN registration numbers. All valves to be rated for the indicated operating pressures for the system they are to be used on. Handwheel with chain operators on valves installed more than 2400mm above floor Notes: Gate valves specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel		Lubricated Plug			[150] [300]	Threaded/Flanged		
Gate [150] [300] [125] [250] [150] [300] Socket Weld [OS&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem] Disc: Cast Iron	Oil							
Check [150] [300] [125] [250] [150] [300] Socket Weld Disc: A126 Class B, Seat: Cast Iron		Gate			[150] [300]	Socket Weld	[OS&Y] [Inside Screw] [Rising Stem] [Non-rising Stem]	Disc: Cast Iron
All valves to have CRN registration numbers. All fittings 2-1/2" and over to be flanged or grooved were acceptable in above table All valves to be rated for the indicated operating pressures for the system they are to be used on. Handwheel with chain operators on valves installed more than 2400mm above floor Notes: Gate valves specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel		Check						Disc: A126 Class B, Seat: Cast Iron
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All fittings 2-1/2" and over to be flanged or grooved were acceptable in above table All valves to be rated for the indicated operating pressures for the system they are to be used on. Handwheel with chain operators on valves installed more than 2400mm above floor Notes: Gate valves specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel	General							
All valves to be rated for the indicated operating pressures for the system they are to be used on. Handwheel with chain operators on valves installed more than 2400mm above floor Notes: Gate valves Specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel	All valves to have CRN r	egistration numbe	ers.					
Handwheel with chain operators on valves installed more than 2400mm above floor Notes: Gate valves specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel	All fittings 2-1/2" and over	er to be flanged or	grooved	vere acceptab	le in above ta	able		
Notes: Gate valves specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel	All valves to be rated for	the indicated ope	rating pre	ssures for the	system they	are to be used on.		
Gate valves specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel	Handwheel with chain or	perators on valves	installed	more than 240	0mm above	floor		
Gate valves specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel								
specify if OS&Y Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel								
Use rising stem where visual indication of valve position is required. Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel	Gate valves							
Use non-rising stem where space is limited. Cast Steel	specify if OS&Y							
Cast Steel				tion is required	d.			
		ere space is limited	d.					
Higher class ratings are available for special applications								
and the same of th	Higher class ratings are	available for spec	ial applica	tions				

Valve Model # Table

			Kitz			Crane
		2" &	Under	2-1/2" & Over	2" & L	Inder
System	Valve Type	Solder	Threaded	Flanged	Solder	Threaded
Domestic Water	Ball	59	58	-	9322	9302
Chilled Water	Butterfly	-	-	6122	-	-
Heating Water / Glycol	Check	23	22	78	1342	37
			Tour & And	erson		
		2" &	Under	2-1/2"	& Over	2" 8
	Valve Type	Solder	Threaded	Flanged	Grooved	Solder
	Balancing	STAS	STAD	STAF-SG	STAG	CBV-S
			Kitz			Crane
		2" &	Under	2-1/2" & Over	2" & L	Inder
	Valve Type	Solder	Threaded	Flanged	Solder	Threaded
Low Pressure Steam	Gate	-	24	72	-	428
High Pressure Steam	Gate	-	42	150SCL	-	431UB
Condensate	Gate	-	24	72	-	428
	Check	23	22	78	1342	37
Natural Gas	Ball	59	58	-	9322	9302
	Lubricated Plug					
Oil	Ball					
	Gate					
	Check					

Jenkins

2-1/2" & Over	2" & Under		2-1/2" & Ove	r		
Flanged	Solder	Threaded	Flanged			
-	902BJ	901BJ	-			
44BXZ	-	-	2232EJ			
373	4093J	4037	587J			
Armstr	ong			Bell & Go	ssett	
k Under	2-1/2"	& Over	2" & U	Inder	2-1/2"	& Over
Threaded	Flanged	Grooved	Solder	Threaded	Flanged	Grooved
CBV-T	CBV-G	CBV-G	CB-S	CB	CB-F	CB-G
		Jenkins	5			
2-1/2" & Over	2" &	Under	2-1/2" & Ove	r		
Flanged	Solder	Threaded	Flanged			
465-1/2	-	810J	454J			
47UF	-	47CUJ	J1009B8F			
465-1/2	-	810J	454J			
373	4093J	4037	587J			
-	902BJ	901BJ	-			

Domestic, Ch	illed & Heating Wa	ter/Glycol up	to 200 psi				
Valve Type			Crane	Jenkins	Toyo	Victaulic	Kitz
Ball	NPS 4 & Under	Solder	9202 (up to 3")	202J (up to 3")	5049A	_	59
		Threaded	9201 (up to 4")	201J (up to 4")	5044A	722	58
Check	NPS 2 & Under	Solder	1342	4093J	237	-	23
		Threaded	37	4037	236	-	22
	NPS 21/2 & Over	Flanged	373	587J	435	-	78
		Grooved	-	-		716	-
Low Pressure	Steam & Condens	ate (0 to 15 ps	i)				
Valve Type			Crane	Jenkins	Toyo	Kitz	
Gate	NPS 2 & Under	Threaded	428	810J	293	24	
	NPS 21/2 & Over	Flanged	465-1/2	454J	421	72	
Check	NPS 2 & Under	Threaded	37	4037J	236	22	
	NPS 2½ & Over	Flanged	373	587J	535	78	
Natural Gas							
Valve Type			Crane	Jenkins	Toyo	Kitz	
Ball	2" & Under	Threaded	9201	201J	5044A	58	

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME)
 - .1 ASME B31.1-2016, Power Piping.
- .2 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM A125-96(2013)e1, Specification for Steel Springs, Helical, Heat-Treated.
 - .2 ASTM A307-14, Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile Strength.
 - .3 ASTM A563-15, Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts (Metric).
- .3 Factory Mutual (FM)
- .4 Manufacturer's Standardization Society of the Valves and Fittings Industry (MSS)
 - .1 MSS SP-58-2009, Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation.
- .5 Underwriter's Laboratories of Canada (ULC).

1.3 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Construct pipe hanger and support to manufacturer's recommendations utilizing manufacturer's regular production components, parts and assemblies.
- .2 Base maximum load ratings on allowable stresses prescribed by ASME B31.1 or MSS SP-58.
- .3 Ensure that supports, guides, anchors do not transmit excessive quantities of heat to building structure.
- .4 Design hangers and supports to support systems under all conditions of operation, allow free expansion and contraction, prevent excessive stresses from being introduced into pipework or connected equipment.
- .5 Provide for vertical adjustments after erection and during commissioning. Amount of adjustment to be in accordance with MSS SP-58.

1.4 DESIGN FOR SEISMIC EVENTS

.1 Design supports, platforms, hangers, racks to withstand seismic events as specified Section 23 05 49.01 - Seismic Restraint Systems (SRS).

1.5 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Submit shop drawings and product data for following items:
 - .1 All bases, hangers and supports.
 - .2 Connections to equipment & structure.
 - .3 Structural assemblies.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

.3 Provide maintenance data for incorporation into manual specified in Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

- .1 Fabricate hangers, supports and sway braces in accordance with ANSI B31.1 and MSS SP-58.
- .2 Use components for intended design purpose only. Do not use for rigging or erection purposes.
- .3 Use oversized hangers to suit insulation thickness. Provide insulation protection shields to protect insulation.

2.2 PIPE HANGERS

- .1 Finishes:
 - .1 Pipe hangers and supports: galvanized after manufacture.
 - .2 Use electro-plating galvanizing process or hot dipped galvanizing process.
 - .3 Ensure steel hangers in contact with copper piping are copper plated or epoxy coated.
- .2 Upper attachment structural: Suspension from lower flange of I-Beam.
 - .1 Cold piping NPS 2 maximum: Malleable iron C-clamp with hardened steel cup point setscrew, locknut and carbon steel retaining clip.
 - .1 Rod: 9 mm UL listed.
 - .2 Cold piping NPS 2½ or greater, all hot piping: Malleable iron beam clamp, eye rod, jaws and extension with carbon steel retaining clip, tie rod, nuts and washers, UL listed to MSS SP-58.
- .3 Upper attachment structural: Suspension from upper flange of I-Beam.
 - .1 Cold piping NPS 2 maximum: Ductile iron top-of-beam C-clamp with hardened steel cup point setscrew, locknut and carbon steel retaining clip, UL listed to MSS SP-58.

- .2 Cold piping NPS 2½ or greater, all hot piping: Malleable iron top-of-beam jaw-clamp with hooked rod, spring washer, plain washer and nut UL listed.
- .4 Upper attachment to concrete.
 - .1 Ceiling: Carbon steel welded rod, clevis plate, clevis pin and cotters with weldless forged steel nut.
 - .2 Concrete wedge anchor with knockout protector plate UL listed to MSS SP-58. Anchor installation to be via concrete pre-drilling. Impact insert type anchor not allowed.
- .5 Manufacturer assemblies:
 - .1 Sway braces for seismic restraint systems: to Section 23 05 49.01 Seismic Restraint Systems (SRS).
- .6 Hanger rods: threaded rod material to MSS SP-58.
 - .1 Ensure that hanger rods are subject to tensile loading only.
 - .2 Provide linkages where lateral or axial movement of pipework is anticipated.
 - .3 Do not use 22 mm or 28 mm rod.
- .7 Pipe attachments: material to MSS SP-58.
 - .1 Attachments for steel piping: carbon steel black.
 - .2 Attachments for copper piping: copper plated black steel.
 - .3 Use insulation shields for hot pipework.
 - .4 Oversize pipe hangers and supports.
- .8 Adjustable clevis: material to MSS SP-58 UL listed, clevis bolt with nipple spacer and vertical adjustment nuts above and below clevis. Ensure "U" has hole in bottom for riveting to insulation shields.
- .9 Yoke style pipe roll: carbon steel yoke, rod and nuts with cast iron roll, to MSS SP-58.
- .10 U-bolts: carbon steel to MSS SP-58 with 2 nuts at each end to ASTM A563.
 - .1 Finishes for steel pipework: black.
 - .2 Finishes for copper, glass, brass or aluminum pipework: black, with formed portion epoxy coated.
- .11 Pipe rollers: cast iron roll and roll stand with carbon steel rod to MSS SP-58, Type 43.
 - .1 Finish: Hot dipped galvanized steel.
 - .2 Acceptable material: Tolco or approved equal.

2.3 RISER CLAMPS

- .1 Steel or cast iron pipe: black carbon steel to MSS SP-58, type 42, UL listed.
- .2 Copper pipe: carbon steel copper plated to MSS SP-58, type 42.
- .3 Bolts: to ASTM A307.
- .4 Nuts: to ASTM A563.

2.4 INSULATION PROTECTION SHIELDS

- .1 Insulated cold piping: 64 kg/m³ density insulation plus insulation protection shield to: MSS SP-58, galvanized sheet carbon steel. Length designed for maximum 3 m span.
- .2 Insulated hot piping: Curved plate 300 mm long, with edges turned up, welded-in centre plate for pipe sizes NPS 12 and over, carbon steel to comply with MSS SP-58.

2.5 CONSTANT SUPPORT SPRING HANG Hangers

- .1 Springs: alloy steel to ASTM A125, shot peened, magnetic particle inspected, with +/-5% spring rate tolerance, tested for free height, spring rate, loaded height and provided with CMTR.
- .2 Load adjustability: 10% minimum adjustability each side of calibrated load. Adjustment without special tools. Adjustments not to affect travel capabilities.
- .3 Provide upper and lower factory set travel stops.
- .4 Provide load adjustment scale for field adjustments.
- .5 Total travel to be actual travel + 20%. Difference between total travel and actual travel 25 mm minimum.
- .6 Individually calibrated scales on each side of support calibrated prior to shipment, complete with calibration record.

2.6 VARIABLE SUPPORT SPRING HANGERS

- .1 Vertical movement: 13 mm minimum, 50 mm maximum, use single spring pre-compressed variable spring hangers.
- .2 Vertical movement greater than 50 mm: use double spring pre-compressed variable spring hanger with 2 springs in series in single casing.
- .3 Variable spring hanger to be complete with factory calibrated travel stops.
- .4 Steel alloy springs: to ASTM A125, shot peened, magnetic particle inspected, with +/-5% spring rate tolerance, tested for free height, spring rate, loaded height and provided with CMTR.

2.7 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

.1 Fabricate equipment supports not provided by equipment manufacturer from structural grade steel to suit installation location meeting requirements of structural engineer's design. Submit details and calculations with shop drawings showing proposed fastening to structure.

2.8 EQUIPMENT ANCHOR BOLTS AND TEMPLATES

.1 Provide templates to ensure accurate location of anchor bolts.

.2 For attachment to concrete, provide concrete wedge anchors with knockout protection plate UL listed. Anchor installation to be via concrete pre-drilling. Impact insert type anchor not allowed.

2.9 PIPE, DUCT, CONDUIT PENETRATIONS THROUGH SLABS

.1 Where piping or conduits penetrate through the floor of mechanical room, a 100 mm high housekeeping pad shall be installed with minimum 150 mm between conduit/pipe and the edge of the pad. This pad shall be bonded to the existing slab through which the pipes, ducts or conduit shall pass.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with: manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.
- .2 Vibration Control Devices:
- .1 Install on piping systems at pumps and elsewhere as indicated.
- .3 Clamps on riser piping:
 - .1 Support independent of connected horizontal pipework using riser clamps and riser clamp lugs welded to riser.
 - .2 Bolt-tightening torques to be to industry standards.
 - .3 Steel pipes: Install below coupling or shear lugs welded to pipe.
 - .4 Cast iron pipes: Install below joint.
- .4 Clevis plates:
 - .1 Attach to concrete with 4 minimum concrete inserts, one at each corner.
- .5 Provide supplementary structural steelwork where structural bearings do not exist or where concrete inserts are not in correct locations.
- .6 Use approved constant support type hangers where:
 - .1 vertical movement of pipework is 13 mm or more,
 - .2 transfer of load to adjacent hangers or connected equipment is not permitted.
- .7 Use variable support spring hangers where:
 - .1 transfer of load to adjacent piping or to connected equipment is not critical.
 - .2 variation in supporting effect does not exceed 25% of total load.
- .8 When attaching to open web steel joists provide additional hangers for pipes with diameters of 75 mm or greater in order to reduce the magnitude of the concentrated load and spread the load to the joists equally. In these cases the allowable spacing of hangers for pipes permitted under ASME / MSS SP-58 will be reduced and additional hangers will be required as directed by steel fabricator and/or structural engineer.
- .9 Locate hangers at the top of open web steel joists where the horizontal and diagonal members meet at a joint.

.10 All installations must be in conjunction with Section 23 05 49.01 - Seismic Restraint System.

3.2 HANGER SPACING

- .1 Plumbing piping: most stringent requirements of Manufacturer's recommendations, Canadian Plumbing Code, Provincial Code, or authority having jurisdiction.
- .2 Fire protection: to applicable fire code.
- .3 Gas & fuel piping: to applicable code.
- .4 Copper piping: up to NPS ½: every 1.5 m.
- .5 Flexible joint roll groove pipe: in accordance with table below, but not less than one hanger at joints.
- .6 Within 300 mm of each elbow.

Maximum Pipe	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Size: NPS	Spacing Steel	Spacing Copper	Spacing XFR
up to 11/4	2.1 m	1.8 m	1.6 m
11/2	2.7 m	2.4 m	1.6 m
2	3.0 m	2.7 m	1.8 m
21/2	3.6 m	3.0 m	1.8 m
3	3.6 m	3.0 m	2.2 m
4	4.2 m	3.6 m	2.6 m
6	5.1 m		3.1 m
8	5.7 m		3.6 m
10	6.6 m		4.0 m
12	6.9 m		4.4 m

.7 Pipework greater than NPS 12: to MSS SP-58.

3.3 HANGER INSTALLATION

- .1 Install hanger so that rod is vertical under operating conditions.
- .2 Adjust hangers to equalize load.
- .3 Support from structural members. Where structural bearing does not exist or inserts are not in suitable locations, provide supplementary structural steel members.

3.4 HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT

- .1 Angularity of rod hanger resulting from horizontal movement of pipework from cold to hot position not to exceed 4° from vertical.
- .2 Where horizontal pipe movement is less than 13 mm, offset pipe hanger and support so that rod hanger is vertical in the hot position.

3.5 FINAL ADJUSTMENT

- .1 Adjust hangers and supports:
 - .1 Ensure that rod is vertical under operating conditions.
 - .2 Equalize loads.
- .2 Adjustable clevis:
 - .1 Tighten hanger load nut securely to ensure proper hanger performance.
 - .2 Tighten upper nut after adjustment.
- .3 C-clamps: Follow manufacturer's recommended written instructions and torque values when tightening C-clamps to bottom flange of beam.
- .4 Beam clamps: Hammer jaw firmly against underside of beam.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 ASHRAE HVAC Application 2015, Chapter 54 Seismic & Wind Restraint Design. In addition reference ASHRAE "A Practical Guide to Seismic Restraint".
- .2 Ontario Regulation
 - .1 ONTARIO OBC-2012, 2012 Ontario Building Code Compendium.
- .3 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 - .1 NFPA (Fire) 13, Installation of Sprinkler Systems, 2016 edition.
 - .2 NFPA (Fire) 14, Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems, 2016 edition.
 - .3 NFPA (Fire) 20, Installation of Stationary Pumps for Fire Protection, 2016 edition.
- .4 Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA)
 - .1 SMACNA Seismic Restraint Manual, 3rd Ed.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

.1 SRS: acronym for Seismic Restraint System.

1.4 GENERAL DECRIPTION

- .1 This section covers design, supply and installation of complete SRS for all systems, equipment specified for installation on this project. This includes fire protection piping & mechanical equipment and systems, both vibration isolated and statically supported.
- .2 SRS to be fully integrated into & compatible with:
 - .1 Noise and vibration controls specified elsewhere in this project specification.
 - .2 Structural, mechanical, electrical design of project.
- .3 During a seismic event, SRS to prevent systems and equipment from causing personal injury and from moving from normal position.
- .4 Specified critical systems as noted below must remain operational during and after an earthquake:
 - .1 All systems for buildings as listed in OBC Table 4.1.8.17.
 - .2 Life safety systems for P2 buildings.
 - .3 Natural gas & fuel oil systems for P2 buildings.

- .5 Design to be by Professional Engineer specializing in design of SRS and registered in Province of Ontario. The following shall bear the SRS Design Engineer's seal and signature:
 - .1 SRS calculations.
 - .2 SRS shop drawings.
 - .3 SRS installation inspections.
 - .4 SRS final certification letter for the project.

Note: The final certification letter shall identify the following with the body of the letter:

- .1 The date of the final inspection.
- .2 The list of contract documents which were reviewed including but not limited to the mechanical drawings, project change orders, site instructions, etc.
- .3 A statement which clearly identified any exclusions of scope of service.
- .4 A statement that certifies the installation meets the latest version of OBC & applicable codes & standards.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Submittals to include:
- .1 Full details of design criteria, calculations for all equipment & associated systems.
- .2 Seismic Design Engineer shall provide a spreadsheet identifying all equipment requiring or not requiring seismic restraints and include all calculations.
- .3 A copy of the seismic design engineer professional liability insurance coverage.
- .3 Submit additional copy of shop drawings and product data to Structural Engineer for review of connection points to building structure.

1.6 MAINTENANCE DATA

.1 Provide maintenance data including monitoring requirements for incorporation into manuals specified in Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

- .1 Definitions
 - .1 Seismic System: isolation and seismic restraint products supplied by one supplier.
 - .2 Manufacturer: manufacturer of the isolation and seismic restraint system.
 - .3 Supplier: manufacturers' and seismic engineer's representative
 - .4 Seismic Engineer: a Professional Engineer holding a Certificate of Authorization in the Province of Ontario with a minimum of 5 years experience in seismic design, and with a minimum of \$1 million Professional Liability Insurance.
- .2 Each contactor shall use one Supplier to provide seismic design, isolation, and seismic restraint.

- .3 Seismic restraints are to be provided for all operational and functional components of building services in accordance with the current Ontario Building Code, ASHRAE Standard "A Practical Guide to Seismic Restraint", NFPA (Fire) 13, 14 & 20, SMACNA "Seismic Restraint Manual" and good engineering practice.
- .4 The contractor shall utilize a Supplier familiar with the design of seismic systems to provide a comprehensive package of isolation and seismic restraint for the project. Provide detailed shop drawings showing the proposed restraint system for all required equipment, piping, and ductwork on the project. The shop drawings shall include calculations certified by the Seismic Engineer.
 - .1 Acceptable Suppliers: HTS Engineering, Master Group, Walmar, E.H. Price.
 - .2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Kinetics / Vibron, Tecoustics, Mason, Gripple Seismic.
 - .3 Alternates to be approved by Addendum only.
- .5 Cable restraint systems, rod stiffener clamps and seismic isolator capacities to be verified by an independent test laboratory. Connection materials and site specific designs to be by the Seismic Engineer. The Seismic Engineer may specify material and anchors provided by the contractor where this is appropriate. It is the contractors' responsibility to ensure that the Seismic Engineers' requirements and specification have been met.
- .6 At the completion of the project, the Supplier and the Seismic Engineer shall review the installations on site, and shall prepare a written report, with a sealed letter from the Seismic Engineer, certifying that the installations have been completed in accordance with their design and shop drawings.
- .7 The Manufacturer shall be a member of VISCMA (Vibration Isolation and Seismic Control Manufacturers Association). They shall have a letter issued to their Supplier confirming that they have reviewed and accepted the engineering practices used by the Seismic Engineer. The letter shall also state that the manufacturer accepts the Supplier to act as their representative for the product.

2.2 SEISMIC FORCE

- .1 The Importance Factor for this project is:
 - .1 I = 1.0 All other buildings i.e.: Office & General Buildings. Note: As per OBC.
- .2 The site classification for seismic site response and shear wave velocity parameters shall be as indicated on structural documents and as recorded in the geotechnical report.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install Seismic Restraint Systems in accordance with Seismic Engineer's and manufacturer's recommendations.
- .2 Install SRS at least 25 mm from all other equipment, systems, and services.
- .3 Co-ordinate connections with all disciplines.

3.2 INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATION

- .1 SRS to be inspected and certified by Manufacturer upon completion of installation.
- .2 Seismic Design Engineer shall provide written report to Engineer certifying that SRS has been installed in accordance with the SRS drawings. The report shall bear the seal and signature of the SRS Design Engineer.

3.3 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION

.1 Upon completion and acceptance of certification, hand over to Engineer complete set of construction documents, revised to show "as-built" conditions.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB).
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-24.3-92, Identification of Piping Systems.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association (CSA).
 - .1 CSA B149.1-15, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.
- .3 National Fire Protection Association
 - .1 NFPA (Fire) 13, Installation of Sprinkler Systems, 2016 Edition.

1.3 PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Product data to include paint colour chips, all other products specified in this section.

1.4 SAMPLES

- .1 Submit samples in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Samples to include nameplates, labels, tags, lists of proposed legends.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

.1 Identification systems to be in accordance with existing building NRC standard. If there is no existing building identification system obvious than the following applies.

2.2 MANUFACTURER'S EQUIPMENT NAMEPLATES

- .1 Plastic laminate nameplate mechanically fastened to each piece of equipment by manufacturer.
- .2 Lettering and numbers to be raised or recessed.
- .3 Information to include, as appropriate:
 - .1 Equipment: Manufacturer's name, model, size, serial number, capacity.

.2 Motor: voltage, Hz, phase, power factor, duty, frame size.

2.3 SYSTEM NAMEPLATES

- .1 Colours:
 - .1 Hazardous: red letters, white background.
 - .2 Elsewhere: black letters, white background.
- .2 Construction:
 - .1 1/8" thick laminated plastic, matte finish, with square corners, letters accurately aligned and machine engraved into core.
- .3 Sizes:
 - .1 Conform to following table:

Size #	Height Sizes	No. of Lines	Height of Letters
Size #	(mm)	No. of Lines	(mm)
1	40	1	20
2	75	1	50

- .2 Use maximum of 25 letters/numbers per line.
- .4 Locations:
 - .1 Terminal cabinets, control panels: Use size #1.
 - .2 Equipment in Mechanical Rooms: Use size #2.

2.4 PIPING SYSTEMS GOVERNED BY CODES

- .1 Identification:
 - .1 Natural gas: To CSA B149.1.
 - .2 Sprinklers: To NFPA (Fire) 13.

2.5 IDENTIFICATION OF PIPING SYSTEMS

- .1 Identify contents by background colour marking, legend; direction of flow by arrows. To NRC and CAN/CGSB-24.3 except where specified otherwise.
- .2 Legend:
 - .1 Block capitals to sizes and colours listed in CAN/CGSB-24.3.
- .3 Arrows showing direction of flow:
 - .1 Continuous wrap full diameter of pipe at each end of pipe identification markers.
- .4 Extent of background colour marking:
 - .1 To full circumference of pipe or insulation.
 - .2 Length to accommodate full length of legend and arrows.
- .5 Materials for background colour marking, legend, arrows:
 - .1 Pipes and tubing 3/4" and smaller: Waterproof and heat-resistant pressure sensitive plastic marker tags.

- .2 All other pipes: Pressure sensitive plastic-coated cloth or vinyl with protective overcoating, waterproof contact adhesive undercoating, suitable for ambient of 100% RH and continuous operating temperature of 300°F and intermittent temperature of 400°F.
- .6 Colours and Legends:
 - .1 Where not listed, obtain direction from Engineer.
 - .2 Colours for legends, arrows: To following table:

Background colour:	Yellow	Legend, arrows:	BLACK
-	Green		WHITE
	Red		WHITE

.3 Background colour marking and legends for piping systems:

Contents	Background colour marking	Legend
Hot water heating supply	Yellow	HEATING SUPPLY
Hot water heating return	Yellow	HEATING RETURN
Domestic hot water supply	Green	DOM. HW SUPPLY
Dom. HWS recirculation	Green	DOM. HW CIRC
Domestic cold water supply	Green	DOM. CWS
Storm water	Green	STORM
Sanitary	Green	SAN.
Plumbing vent	Green	SAN. VENT

2.6 IDENTIFICATION DUCTWORK SYSTEMS

- .1 150 mm (6") high stencilled letters and directional arrows 150 mm (6") long x 50 mm (2") high.
- .2 Colours: Black, or co-ordinated with base colour to ensure strong contrast.

2.7 MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT, VALVES CONTROLLERS, PUMPS, BOILERS, FAN COIL ETC.

- .1 Lamicoid tag with 13 mm (½") stamped identification data filled with black paint.
- .2 Include flow diagrams for each system, of approved size, showing charts and schedules with identification of each tagged item, valve type, service, function, normal position, location of tagged item.
- .3 Brass tags with 13 mm (½") stamped identification data filled with black paint.
- .4 Brass tags to be stamped with system identification and valve number system as outlined below:

SYSTEM	BRASS TAG STAMP
Domestic Cold Water	DC-1,2,
Domestic Hot Water	DH-1,2,
Storm	ST-1,2,
Sanitary	SA-1,2,
Heating Water	HW-1.2

2.8 CONTROLS COMPONENTS IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Identify all systems, equipment, components, controls, sensors with system nameplates specified in this section.
- .2 Inscriptions to include function and (where appropriate) fail-safe position.

2.9 LANGUAGE

.1 Identification to be in English.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 TIMING

.1 Provide identification only after all painting specified in Architectural section is complete re: Interior Painting has been completed.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- .1 Perform work in accordance with CAN/CGSB-24.3 except as specified otherwise.
- .2 Provide ULC and CSA registration plates as required by respective agency.

3.3 NAMEPLATES

- .1 Locations:
 - .1 In conspicuous location to facilitate easy reading and identification from floor. operating
- .2 Standoffs:
 - .1 Provide for nameplates on hot and/or insulated surfaces.
- .3 Protection
 - .1 Do not paint, insulate or cover in any way.

3.4 LOCATION OF IDENTIFICATION ON PIPING AND DUCTWORK SYSTEMS

- On long straight runs in open areas in boiler rooms, equipment rooms, galleries, tunnels: At not more than 17 m (55 ft.) intervals and more frequently if required to ensure that at least one is visible from any one viewpoint in operating areas and walking aisles.
- .2 Adjacent to each change in direction.
- .3 At least once in each small room through which piping or ductwork passes.
- .4 On both sides of visual obstruction or where run is difficult to follow.
- .5 On both sides of separations such as walls, floors, partitions.
- .6 Where system is installed in pipe chases, ceiling spaces, galleries, other confined spaces, at entry and exit points, and at each access opening.

- .7 At beginning and end points of each run and at each piece of equipment in run.
- .8 At point immediately upstream of major manually operated or automatically controlled valves, dampers, etc. Where this is not possible, place identification as close as possible, preferably on upstream side.
- .9 Identification to be easily and accurately readable from usual operating areas and from access points.
- .10 Position of identification to be approximately at right angles to most convenient line of sight, considering operating positions, lighting conditions, risk of physical damage or injury and reduced visibility over time due to dust and dirt.
- .11 At branch take-offs on both main and branch.

3.5 MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT, VALVES, CONTROLLERS

- .1 Valves and operating controllers, except at plumbing fixtures, radiation, or where in plain sight of equipment they serve: Secure tags with non-ferrous chains or closed "S" hooks.
- .2 Install one copy of flow diagrams, valve schedules mounted in frame behind non-glare glass where directed by Engineer. Provide one copy (reduced in size if required) in each operating and maintenance manual.
- .3 Number valves in each system consecutively.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)
 - .1 ANSI/ASHRAE 110-2016, Method of Testing Performance of Laboratory Fume Hoods.

1.3 GENERAL

.1 TAB means to test, adjust and balance to perform in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents and to do all other work as specified in this section.

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS OF TAB PERSONNEL

- .1 Names of all personnel it is proposed to perform TAB to be submitted to and approved by Engineer within 14 days of award of contract.
- .2 Provide documentation confirming qualifications, successful experience and certification in good standing with CAABC, NEBB, or NBCTA.
- .3 The following are acceptable TAB contractors:
 - .1 Maxima Technical Services Inc.
 - .2 Kanata Air Balancing & Engineering
 - .3 Capital Airflow Ltd.
 - .4 Brassard Adjustments & Calibrations Inc.
 - .5 Evenflow Balancing Co.

1.5 PURPOSE OF TAB

- .1 Test to verify proper and safe operation, determine actual point of performance, evaluate qualitative and quantitative performance of equipment, systems and controls at design, average and low loads using actual or simulated loads
- .2 Adjust and regulate equipment and systems so as to meet specified performance requirements and to achieve specified interaction with all other related systems under all normal and emergency loads and operating conditions.
- .3 Balance systems and equipment to regulate flow rates to match load requirements over full operating ranges.

1.6 EXCEPTIONS

.1 TAB of systems and equipment regulated by codes, standards to be to satisfaction of authority having jurisdiction.

- .1 Schedule time required for TAB (including repairs, re-testing) into project construction and completion schedule so as to ensure completion before acceptance of project.
- .2 Do TAB of each system independently and subsequently, where interlocked with other systems, in unison with those systems.
- .3 Coordinate TAB with controls, mechanical and electrical contractors.

1.8 PRE-TAB REVIEW

- .1 Review contract documents before project construction is started and confirm in writing to Engineer adequacy of provisions for TAB and all other aspects of design and installation pertinent to success of TAB.
- .2 Review specified standards and report to Engineer in writing all proposed procedures which vary from standard.
- .3 During construction, co-ordinate location and installation of all TAB devices, equipment, accessories, measurement ports and fittings.

1.9 START-UP

- .1 Follow start-up procedures as recommended by equipment manufacturer unless specified otherwise.
- .2 Follow special start-up procedures specified elsewhere in Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23 & 25.

1.10 OPERATION OF SYSTEMS DURING TAB

.1 Operate systems for length of time required for TAB and as required by Engineer for verification of TAB reports.

1.11 START OF TAB

- .1 Notify Engineer 7 days prior to start of TAB.
- .2 Start TAB only when building is essentially completed, including:
 - .1 Installation of ceilings, doors, windows, other construction affecting TAB.
 - .2 Application of weatherstripping, sealing, caulking.
 - All pressure, leakage, other tests specified elsewhere in Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23 & 25.
 - .4 All provisions for TAB installed and operational.
- .3 Start-up, verification for proper, normal and safe operation of all mechanical and associated electrical and control systems affecting TAB including but not limited to:
 - .1 Proper thermal overload protection in place for electrical equipment.
 - .2 Air systems:
 - .1 Filters in place, clean.
 - .2 Duct systems clean.

- .3 Ducts, air shafts, ceiling plenums are airtight to within specified tolerances.
- .4 Correct fan rotation.
- .5 Fire, smoke, volume control dampers installed and open.
- .6 Coil fins combed, clean.
- .7 Access doors, installed, closed.
- .8 All outlets installed, volume control dampers open.

1.12 APPLICATION TOLERANCES

- .1 Do TAB to following tolerances of design values:
 - .1 All other HVAC systems: plus 5%, minus 5%.

1.13 ACCURACY TOLERANCES

.1 Measured values to be accurate to within plus or minus 2% of actual values.

1.14 INSTRUMENTS

- .1 Prior to TAB, submit to Engineer list of instruments to be used together with serial numbers.
- .2 Calibrate in accordance with requirements of most stringent of referenced standard for either applicable system or HVAC system.
- .3 Calibrate within 3 months of TAB. Provide certificate of calibration to Engineer.

1.15 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit, prior to commencement of TAB:
- .2 Proposed methodology and procedures for performing TAB if different from referenced standard.

1.16 PRELIMINARY TAB REPORT

- .1 Submit for checking and approval of Engineer, prior to submission of formal TAB report, sample of rough TAB sheets. Include:
 - .1 Details of instruments used.
 - .2 Details of TAB procedures employed.
 - .3 Calculations procedures.
 - .4 Summaries.

1.17 TAB REPORT

- .1 Format to be in accordance with Associated Air Balancing Council (AABC/CAABC).
- .2 TAB report to show all results in SI units or Imperial (IP), to match drawings and specifications, and to include:
 - .1 Project record drawings.
 - .2 System schematics.

.3 Submit pdf electronic copy of TAB Report to Engineer for verification and approval.

1.18 VERIFICATION

- .1 All reported results subject to verification by Engineer.
- .2 Provide manpower and instrumentation to verify up to 30% of all reported results.
- .3 Number and location of verified results to be at discretion of Engineer.
- .4 Bear costs to repeat TAB as required to satisfaction of Engineer.
- .5 At request of commissioning agent, provide manpower and instrumentation to verify an additional 30% of all reported results.

1.19 SETTINGS

- .1 After TAB is completed to satisfaction of Engineer, replace drive guards, close all access doors, lock all devices in set positions, and ensure sensors are at required settings.
- .2 Permanently mark all settings to allow restoration at any time during life of facility. Markings not to be eradicated or covered in any way.

1.20 COMPLETION OF TAB

.1 TAB to be considered complete only when final TAB Report received and approved by Engineer.

1.21 SYSTEMS

- .1 Quality assurance: Perform TAB under direction of supervisor qualified by AABC.
- .2 Air Systems: Include both specified and measured data.
 - .1 Air Handling Equipment:
 - .1 Maximum air flow volume.
 - .2 Fan total pressure.
 - .3 Motor volts, amps and power.
 - .4 Fan rotational speed.
 - .5 Fan Power, calculate fan efficiency.
 - .6 Equipment static pressure profile.
 - .2 Duct Air Quantities Mains and Branches:
 - .1 Duct size.
 - .2 Number of pressure/velocity readings per traverse.
 - .3 Sum of velocity measurements.
 - .4 Average velocity.
 - .5 Duct air flow volume.
 - .6 Barometric pressure and duct air temperature.
 - .3 Air Outlets/Inlets
 - .1 Outlet location and designation.
 - .2 Manufacturers catalogue identification and type.
 - .3 Air outlet flow factors. Use 1.0 when flow hood is used.
 - .4 Air flow volumes.

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.5 Deflector vane or diffuser cone settings.

1.22 PLUMBING SYSTEMS

.1 Flush valves adjusted to suit project pressure conditions.

Part 2 **Products**

2.1 **NOT USED**

.1 Not used.

Part 3 **Execution**

3.1 **BALANCING AND ADJUSTING PREPARATION**

- .1 Perform testing, adjusting and balancing work after equipment and systems starting procedures have been properly completed.
- Perform balancing during heating and cooling season of first year of operation, and at .2 times when directed by Engineer, to ensure proper settings of controls under both summer and winter peak load conditions.
- .3 Vary load to verify operation of system under partial load conditions. Test start-up, shut-down, emergency conditions, safety controls operation and automatic and manual resets and interlocks.
- Cap all instrument test ports. Obtain caps from sheet metal contractor and install. .4

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
 - .1 ASTM C335/C335M-10e1, Test Method for Steady State Heat Transfer Properties of Horizontal Pipe Insulation.
 - .2 ASTM C449-07(2013), Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber-Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement.
 - .3 ASTM C921-10(2015), Standard Practice for Determining the Properties of Jacketing Materials for Thermal Insulation.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-51.10-92, Mineral Fibre Board Thermal Insulation.
 - .2 CAN/CGSB-51.11-92, Mineral Fibre Thermal Insulation Blanket.
 - .3 CGSB 51-GP-52Ma, Vapour Barrier, Jacket and Facing Material for Pipe, Duct and Equipment Thermal Insulation.
- .3 Manufacturer's Trade Associations: Thermal Insulation Association of Canada (TIAC):
 National Insulation Standards.
- .4 Underwriters Laboratories of Canada (ULC)
 - .1 CAN/ULC S102-10, Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials and Assemblies.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- .1 For purposes of this section:
 - .1 "CONCEALED" insulated mechanical services and equipment in suspended ceilings and non-accessible chases and furred-in spaces.
 - .2 "EXPOSED" will mean "not concealed" as defined herein.
 - .3 Insulation systems insulation material, fasteners, jackets, and other accessories.
- .2 TIAC Codes:
 - .1 CRD: Code Round Ductwork,
 - .2 CRF: Code Rectangular Finish.

1.4 SHOP DRAWINGS

.1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

.2 Submit for approval manufacturer's catalogue literature related to installation, fabrication for duct jointing recommendations.

1.5 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

- .1 Submit manufacturer's installation instructions in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements, if requested by Engineer.
- .2 Installation instructions to include procedures to be used, installation standards to be achieved.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

.1 Installer to be specialist in performing work of this section, and have at least 5 years successful experience in this size and type of project, qualified to standards.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- .1 Deliver materials to site in original factory packaging, labelled with manufacturer's name, address.
- .2 Protect from weather and construction traffic.
- .3 Protect against damage from any source.
- .4 Store at temperatures and conditions required by manufacturer.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FIRE AND SMOKE RATING

- .1 In accordance with CAN/ULC S102:
 - .1 Maximum flame spread rating: 25.
 - .2 Maximum smoke developed rating: 50.

2.2 INSULATION

- .1 Mineral fibre as specified herein includes glass fibre, rock wool, slag wool.
- .2 Thermal conductivity ("k" factor) not to exceed specified values at 24°C mean temperature when tested in accordance with ASTM C335/C335M.
- .3 TIAC Code C-1: Rigid mineral fibre board to CAN/CGSB-51.10, with factory applied vapour retarder jacket to CGSB 51-GP-52Ma (as scheduled in PART 3 of this Section).
- .4 TIAC Code C-2: Mineral fibre blanket to CAN/CGSB-51.11 faced with factory applied vapour retarder jacket to CGSB 51-GP-52Ma (as scheduled in PART 3 of this section).
 - .1 Mineral fibre: to CAN/CGSB-51.11.
 - .2 Jacket: to CGSB 51-GP-52Ma.
 - .3 Maximum "k" factor: to CAN/CGSB-51.11.

.4 Density: 24 kg/m³.

2.3 JACKETS

- .1 Canvas: 220 gm/m² cotton, plain weave, treated with dilute fire retardant lagging adhesive to ASTM C921.
- .2 Lagging adhesive: Compatible with insulation.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- .1 Vapour retarder lap adhesive: Water based, fire retardant type, compatible with insulation.
- .2 Indoor Vapour Retarder Finish: Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation.
- .3 Insulating Cement: hydraulic setting on mineral wool, to ASTM C449.
- .4 Outdoor Vapour Retarder Mastic:
 - .1 Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation.
 - .2 Reinforcing fabric: Fibrous glass, untreated 305 g/m².
- .5 Tape: self-adhesive, aluminum, reinforced, 75 mm (3") wide minimum.
- .6 Contact adhesive: quick-setting
- .7 Canvas adhesive: washable.
- .8 Tie wire: 1.5 mm stainless steel.
- .9 Banding: 19 mm (3/4") wide, 0.5 mm thick stainless steel.
- .10 Facing: 25 mm (1") galvanized steel hexagonal wire mesh stitched on one face of insulation.
- .11 Fasteners: 2 mm diameter pins with 38 mm (1½") diameter clips, length to suit thickness of insulation.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 PRE- INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Pressure testing of ductwork systems to be complete, witnessed and certified.
- .2 Surfaces to be clean, dry, free from foreign material.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with TIAC National Standards.
- .2 Apply materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and this specification.

- .3 Use two layers with staggered joints when required nominal thickness exceeds 75 mm (3").
- .4 Maintain uninterrupted continuity and integrity of vapour retarder jacket and finishes.
 - .1 Hangers, supports to be outside vapour retarder jacket.
- .5 Supports, Hangers in accordance with Section 23 05 29 Bases, Hangers and Supports
 - .1 Apply high compressive strength insulation where insulation may be compressed by weight of ductwork.
- .6 Fasteners: At 300 mm (12") oc in horizontal and vertical directions, minimum two rows each side.

3.3 DUCTWORK INSULATION SCHEDULE

.1 Insulation types and thicknesses: Conform to following table:

	TIAC	Vapour	Thickness
	Code	Retarder	mm (in.)
Exhaust ducts within 3 m from roof/exterior wall	C-1	yes	50 (2")

.2 Finishes: Conform to following table:

TIAC Code

	Rectangular	Round
Indoor, concealed	none	none
Indoor, exposed	Canvas	Canvas

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) (latest edition).
 - .1 ASTM B209-14, Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate.
 - .2 ASTM C335/C335M-10e1, Test Method for Steady State Heat Transfer Properties of Horizontal Pipe Insulation.
 - .3 ASTM C449-07(2013), Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber-Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement.
 - .4 ASTM C921-10(2015), Practice for Determining the Properties of Jacketing Materials for Thermal Insulation.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-51.2-95, Thermal Insulation, Calcium Silicate, for Piping, Machinery and Boilers.
 - .2 CAN/CGSB-51.9-92 Mineral Fibre Thermal Insulation for Piping and Round Ducting.
 - .3 CAN/CGSB-51.11-92, Mineral Fibre Thermal Insulation Blanket.
 - .4 CAN/CGSB-51.12-95, Cement, Thermal Insulating and Finishing.
 - .5 CAN/CGSB-51.40-95, Thermal Insulation, Flexible, Elastomeric, Unicellular, Sheet and Pipe Covering.
 - .6 CGSB 51-GP-52Ma, Vapour Barrier, Jacket and Facing Material for Pipe, Duct and Equipment Thermal Insulation.
- .3 Manufacturer's Trade Associations (latest edition).
 - .1 Thermal Insulation Association of Canada (TIAC): National Insulation Standards.
- .4 Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC)
 - .1 CAN/ULC S102-10, Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials and Assemblies.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- .1 For purposes of this section:
 - .1 "CONCEALED" insulated mechanical services in suspended ceilings and non-accessible chases and furred-in spaces.
 - .2 "EXPOSED" will mean "not concealed" as defined herein.

- .2 TIAC ss:
 - .1 CRF: Code Rectangular Finish.
 - .2 CPF: Code Piping Finish.

1.4 SHOP DRAWINGS

- .1 Submit shop drawings in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Submit for approval manufacturer's catalogue literature related to installation, fabrication for pipe, fittings, valves and jointing recommendations.

1.5 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

- .1 Submit manufacturer's installation instructions in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Installation instructions to include procedures to be used, installation standards to be achieved.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

.1 Installer to be specialist in performing work of this section, and have at least 5 years successful experience in this size and type of project, qualified to standards.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- .1 Deliver materials to site in original factory packaging, labelled with manufacturer's name, address.
- .2 Protect from weather, construction traffic.
- .3 Protect against damage from any source.
- .4 Store at temperatures and conditions required by manufacturer.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FIRE AND SMOKE RATING

- .1 In accordance with CAN/ULC S102:
 - .1 Maximum flame spread rating: 25.
 - .2 Maximum smoke developed rating: 50.

2.2 INSULATION

- .1 Mineral fibre as specified herein includes glass fibre, rock wool, slag wool.
- .2 Thermal conductivity ("k" factor) not to exceed specified values at 24°C mean temperature when tested in accordance with ASTM C335/C335M.

- .3 TIAC Code A-1: Rigid moulded mineral fibre without factory applied vapour retarder jacket (as scheduled in PART 3 of this section).
 - .1 Mineral fibre: to CAN/CGSB-51.9.
 - .2 Maximum "k" factor: to CAN/CGSB-51.9.
- .4 TIAC Code A-3: Rigid moulded mineral fibre with factory applied vapour retarder jacket (as scheduled in PART 3 of this section).
 - .1 Mineral fibre: to CAN/CGSB-51.9.
 - .2 Jacket: to CGSB 51-GP-52Ma.
 - .3 Maximum "k" factor: to CAN/CGSB-51.9.
- .5 TIAC Code C-2: Mineral fibre blanket faced with factory applied vapour retarder jacket (as scheduled in PART 3 of this section).
 - .1 Mineral fibre: to CAN/CGSB-51.11.
 - .2 Jacket: to CGSB 51-GP-52Ma.
 - .3 Maximum "k" factor: to CAN/CGSB-51.11.
 - .4 Density: 24 kg/m³.
- .6 TIAC Code A-6: Flexible unicellular tubular elastomer.
 - .1 Insulation: to CAN/CGSB-51.40 with vapour retarder jacket.
- .7 TIAC Code A-2: Rigid moulded calcium silicate in sections and blocks, and with special shapes to suit project requirements.
 - .1 Insulation: to CAN/CGSB-51.2.
 - .2 Maximum "k" factor: to CAN/CGSB-51.2.
 - .3 Design to permit periodic removal and re-installation.

2.3 INSULATION SECUREMENT

- .1 Tape: Self-adhesive, aluminum, reinforced, 50 mm wide minimum.
- .2 Contact adhesive: Quick setting.
- .3 Canvas adhesive: Washable.
- .4 Tie wire: 1.5 mm diameter stainless steel.
- .5 Bands: Stainless steel, 19 mm wide, 0.5 mm thick.

2.4 CEMENT

- .1 Thermal insulating and finishing cement:
 - .1 To CAN/CGSB-51.12.
 - .2 Hydraulic setting or Air drying on mineral wool, to ASTM C449.

2.5 VAPOUR RETARDER LAP ADHESIVE

.1 Water based, fire retardant type, compatible with insulation.

2.6 INDOOR VAPOUR RETARDER FINISH

.1 Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation.

2.7 JACKETS

- .1 Canvas:
 - .1 220 gm/m² cotton, plain weave, treated with dilute fire retardant lagging adhesive to ASTM C921.
 - .2 Lagging adhesive: Compatible with insulation.
 - .3 Random samples to be taken during installation c/w date & time on sample.
- .2 Aluminum:
 - .1 To ASTM B209.
 - .2 Thickness: 0.50 mm sheet.
 - .3 Finish: embossed.
 - .4 Joining: Longitudinal and circumferential slip joints with 50 mm laps.
 - .5 Fittings: 0.5 mm thick die-shaped fitting covers with factory-attached protective liner.
 - .6 Metal jacket banding and mechanical seals: stainless steel, 19 mm wide, 0.5 mm thick at 300 mm spacing.
- .3 PVC:
 - .1 Ontario Building Code compliant for 25/50 flame spread and smoke developed.
 - .2 Minimum thickness 0.015 mil.
 - .3 Colour white unless otherwise specified.
 - .4 Non yellowing UV stabilized.
 - .5 Minimum service temperatures: -20°C.
 - .6 Maximum service temperature: 65°C.
 - .7 Moisture vapour transmission: 0.02 perm.
 - .8 Fastenings:
 - .1 Use solvent weld adhesive compatible with insulation to seal laps and joints.
 - .2 Tacks.
 - .3 Pressure sensitive vinyl tape of matching colour.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 PRE- INSTALLATION REQUIREMENT

- .1 Pressure testing of piping systems and adjacent equipment to be complete, witnessed and certified.
- .2 Surfaces to be clean, dry, free from foreign material.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with TIAC National Standards.
- .2 Apply materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and this specification.

- .3 Use two layers with staggered joints when required nominal wall thickness exceeds 75 mm.
- .4 All roof drain bodies shall be thermally insulated with 50 mm thick mineral fibre blanket faced with factory applied vapour retarder jacket.
- .5 Maintain uninterrupted continuity and integrity of vapour retarder jacket and finishes.
 - .1 Hangers, supports to be outside vapour retarder jacket.
 - .2 Saddles to have ridges to limit movement while in hanger.
 - .3 To be edge flared to prevent cutting/damage to insulation coverage.
- .6 Supports, Hangers:
 - .1 Apply high compressive strength insulation, suitable for service, at oversized saddles and shoes where insulation saddles have not been provided.

3.3 REMOVABLE, PRE-FABRICATED, INSULATION AND ENCLOSURES

- .1 Application: At expansion joints, valves, primary flow measuring elements flanges and unions at equipment.
- .2 Design: To permit movement of expansion joint and to permit periodic removal and replacement without damage to adjacent insulation.
- .3 Insulation:
 - .1 Insulation, fastenings and finishes: same as system.
 - .2 Jacket: PVC.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF ELASTOMERIC INSULATION

- .1 Insulation to remain dry at all times. Overlaps to manufacturer's instructions. Ensure tight joints.
- .2 Provide vapour retarder as recommended by manufacturer.

3.5 PIPING INSUALTION SCHEDULES

- .1 Includes valves, valve bonnets, strainers, flanges and fittings unless otherwise specified.
- .2 TIAC Code: A-1.
 - .1 Securements: Tape at 300 mm oc.
 - .2 Seals: lap seal adhesive, lagging adhesive.
 - .3 Installation: TIAC Code 1501-H.
- .3 TIAC Code: A-3.
 - .1 Securements: Tape at 300 mm oc.
 - .2 Seals: VR lap seal adhesive, VR lagging adhesive.
 - .3 Installation: TIAC Code: 1501-C.
- .4 TIAC Code: A-6.
 - .1 Insulation securements: Bands.

- .2 Seals: lap seal adhesive, lagging adhesive.
- .5 TIAC Code: C-2.
 - .1 Insulation securements: combination of wire and bands.
 - .2 Seals: lap seal adhesive, lagging adhesive.
 - .3 Installation: TIAC Code: 1501-C.
- .6 TIAC Code: A-2.
 - .1 Insulation securements: stainless steel bands.
 - .2 Seals: lap seal adhesive, lagging adhesive.
 - .3 Installation: TIAC Code: 1501-H.
- .7 Thickness of insulation to be as listed in following table:

Application	Temp °C	TIAC code	Pipe sizes (1	NPS) and inst	ulation thic	kness (mm)
			½ to 1¼	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	4 to 6	8 & over
Hot Water Heating	61 - 93	A-1	38	50	50	50
Hot Water Heating	up to 60	A-1	25	38	38	38
Domestic Hot Water		A-1	25	38	38	38
Heating/Cooling with Vapour Barrier		A-3	25	38	38	38
Domestic Cold Water		A-3	25	25	25	25

- .8 Finishes:
 - .1 Exposed indoors: Canvas, except generator exhaust shall be aluminum.
 - .2 Exposed piping & fittings in mechanical rooms: PVC.
 - .3 Exposed exterior: Aluminum.
 - .4 Concealed, indoors: PVC on valves and fittings only. No further finish.
 - .5 Use vapour retarder jacket on TIAC code A-3 insulation compatible with insulation.
 - .6 Finish attachments: Stainless steel bands at 150 mm oc. Seals: wing or closed.
 - .7 Installation: To appropriate TIAC code CRF/1 through CPF/5.
- .9 Storm piping & fittings to be insulated from all roof drain bodies to storm piping at grade level.
- .10 Domestic hot & cold and recirc piping shall be completely thermally insulated to fixtures, except exposed supply assembly at fixtures.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM A924/A924M-16ae1, Standard Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process.
- .2 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA B228.1-1968, Pipe, Ducts and Fittings for Residential Type Air Conditioning Systems.
- .3 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 - .1 NFPA (Fire) 90A, Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems, 2015 Edition.
 - .2 NFPA (Fire) 90B, Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems, 2015 Edition.
- .4 Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACA)
 - .1 SMACNA Seismic Restraint Manual, 3rd Edition.
 - .2 SMACNA 016-2012, HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual, 2nd Edition.

1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Indicate following:
 - .1 Sealants
 - .2 Tape
 - .3 Proprietary Joints

1.4 CERTIFICATION OF RATINGS

.1 Catalogue or published ratings shall be those obtained from tests carried out by manufacturer or independent testing agency signifying adherence to codes and standards.

Part 2 Products

2.1 SEAL CLASSIFICATION

.1 Classification as follows:

Maximum System Total Pressure	SMACNA Seal Class
Pressure Pa 500	A
250 125	A A
123	11

- .2 Seal classification:
 - .1 Class A: longitudinal seams, transverse joints, duct wall penetrations and connections made airtight with sealant.
- .3 Application:
 - .1 All new & existing supply ductwork.
 - .2 All new return & exhaust ductwork.

2.2 SEALANT

- .1 Sealant: oil resistant, polymer type flame resistant duct sealant. Temperature range of minus 22°F to plus 200°F.
 - .1 Acceptable material: Duro Dyne S-2.

2.3 DUCT LEAKAGE

.1 In accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Leakage Test Manual.

2.4 FITTINGS

- .1 Fabrication: to SMACNA.
- .2 Radiused elbows:
 - .1 Rectangular: standard radius: 1.5 times width of duct.
 - .2 Round: 1.5 times diameter.
- .3 Mitred elbows, rectangular:
 - .1 To 400 mm (16"): with single thickness turning vanes.
 - .2 Over 400 mm (16"): with double thickness turning vanes.
- .4 Branches:
 - .1 Rectangular main and branch: with 45° entry on branch.
 - .2 Round main and branch: enter main duct at 45° with conical connection.
 - .3 Provide volume control damper in branch duct near connection to main duct.

- .5 Transitions:
 - .1 Diverging: 20° maximum included angle.
 - .2 Converging: 30° maximum included angle.
- .6 Offsets:
 - .1 Full radiused elbows.
- .7 Obstruction deflectors: maintain full cross-sectional area. Maximum included angles: as for transitions.

2.5 FIRESTOPPING

- .1 Retaining angles all around duct, on both sides of fire separation.
- .2 Firestopping material and installation must not distort duct.

2.6 GALVANIZED STEEL

- .1 Lock forming quality: to ASTM A924/A924M, Z90 zinc coating.
- .2 Thickness, fabrication and reinforcement: to SMACNA.
- .3 Joints: to SMACNA.

2.7 ESCUTCHEON ANGELS

.1 40 mm x 40 mm angle iron frame on both sides of exposed rectangular or round ducts, on both sides of non-rated partitions. Escutcheon angles material & gauge shall be equal to base material.

2.8 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- .1 Strap hangers: of same material as duct but next sheet metal thickness heavier than duct. Maximum size duct supported by strap hanger: 500 mm (20").
- .2 Hanger configuration: to SMACNA.
- .3 Hangers: black steel angle with black steel rods to SMACNA and following table:

Duct Size (in.)	Angle Size (in.)	Rod Size (in.)
up to 30	1 x 1 x 1/8	1/4
31 to 42	1½ x 1½ x 1/8	1/4
43 to 60	1½ x 1½ x 1/8	2/5
61 to 84	2 x 2 x 1/8	2/5
85 to 96	2 x 2 x 1/5	
97 and over	$2 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{4}$	

- .4 Upper hanger attachments:
 - .1 For concrete: manufactured concrete inserts.
 - .2 For steel joist: manufactured joist clamp or steel plate washer.
 - .3 For steel beams: manufactured beam clamps.

.5

Transverse bracing to SMACNA Seismic Restraint Manual when vertical rod length exceeds 1.8m.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 GENERAL

- .1 Do work in accordance with NFPA (Fire) 90A, NFPA (Fire) 90B, CSA B228.1 and SMACNA.
- .2 Do not break continuity of insulation vapour barrier with hangers or rods. Insulate strap hangers 100 mm (4") beyond insulated duct.
- .3 Support risers in accordance with ASHRAE and SMACNA.
- .4 Install breakaway joints in ductwork on each side of fire separation.
- .5 Install proprietary manufactured flanged duct joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .6 Manufacture duct in lengths to accommodate installation of acoustic duct lining.
- .7 Install escutcheon sheet metal angles on both sides of exposed rectangular or round ducts on both sides of non-rated partitions. Seal void with acoustic sealant.

3.2 HANGERS

- .1 Strap hangers: install in accordance with SMACNA.
- .2 Angle hangers: complete with locking nuts and washers.
- .3 Hanger spacing: in accordance with SMACNA as follows:

Duct Size mm (in.)	Spacing m (ft.)
to 1500 (60)	3 (10)
1525 (61) and over	2.5 (8)

.4 Provide transverse sway bracing to SMACNA on hangers having a vertical rod length exceeding 1.8 m.

3.3 SEALING

.1 Apply sealant to outside of joint to manufacturer's recommendations.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - .1 CSA B228.1-1968, Pipes, Ducts and Fittings for Residential Type Air Conditioning.

1.3 PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Indicate the following:
 - .1 Flexible connections.
 - .2 Duct access doors.
 - .3 Instrument test ports.

1.4 CERTIFIATION OF RATINGS

.1 Catalogue or published ratings shall be those obtained from tests carried out by manufacturer or independent testing agency signifying adherence to codes and standards.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

.1 Manufacture in accordance with CSA B228.1.

2.2 FLEXIBLE CONNECTIONS

- .1 Frame: galvanized sheet metal frame 0.6 mm thick with fabric clenched by means of double locked seams.
- .2 Material:
 - .1 Fire resistant, self-extinguishing, neoprene coated glass fabric, temperature rated at minus 40°C to plus 90°C, density of 1.3 kg/m².

2.3 ACCESS DOORS IN DUCTS

- .1 Non-insulated ducts: sandwich construction of same material as duct, one sheet metal thickness heavier, minimum 0.6 mm thick complete with sheet metal angle frame.
- .2 Insulated ducts: sandwich construction of same material as duct, one sheet metal

thickness heavier, minimum 0.6 mm thick complete with sheet metal angle frame and 25 mm thick rigid glass fibre insulation.

- .3 Gaskets: neoprene.
- .4 Hardware:
 - .1 Up to 300 x 300 mm: 2 sash locks complete with safety chain.
 - .2 301 to 450 mm: 4 sash locks complete with safety chain.
 - .3 451 to 1000 mm: piano hinge and minimum 2 sash locks.
 - .4 Doors over 1000 mm: piano hinge and 2 handles operable from both sides.
 - .5 Hold open devices.

2.4 INSTRUMENT TEST PORTS

- .1 1.6 mm thick steel zinc plated after manufacture.
- .2 Cam lock handles with neoprene expansion plug and handle chain.
- .3 28 mm minimum inside diameter. Length to suit insulation thickness.
- .4 Neoprene mounting gasket.
- .5 Acceptable material: Duro Dyne IP1 or IP2.

2.5 SPIN-IN COLLARS

- .1 Conical galvanized sheet metal spin-in collars with lockable butterfly damper.
- .2 Sheet metal thickness to co-responding round duct standards.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Flexible connections:
 - .1 Install in following locations:
 - .1 Inlets and outlets to supply air units and fans.
 - .2 Inlets and outlets of exhaust and return air fans.
 - .3 As indicated.
 - .2 Length of connection: 100 mm.
 - .3 Minimum distance between metal parts when system in operation: 75 mm.
 - .4 Install in accordance with recommendations of SMACNA.
 - .5 When fan is running:
 - .1 Ducting on each side of flexible connection to be in alignment.
 - .2 Ensure slack material in flexible connection.
- .2 Access doors and viewing panels:
 - .1 Size:
 - .1 450 x 450 mm for person size entry.
 - .2 450 x 450 mm for servicing entry.

- .3 300 x 300 mm for viewing.
- .4 As indicated.
- .2 Location:
 - .1 At fire and smoke dampers.
 - .2 At control dampers.
 - .3 At devices requiring maintenance.
 - .4 At locations required by code.
 - .5 At reheat coils.
 - .6 Elsewhere as indicated.
- .3 Instrument test ports.
 - .1 General:
 - .1 Install in accordance with recommendations of SMACNA and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - .2 Locate to permit easy manipulation of instruments.
 - .3 Install insulation port extensions as required.
 - .4 Locations.
 - .1 For traverse readings:
 - .1 At ducted inlets to roof and wall exhausters.
 - .2 At inlets and outlets of other fan systems.
 - .3 At main and sub-main ducts.
 - .4 And as indicated.
 - .2 For temperature readings:
 - .1 At outside air intakes.
 - .2 In mixed air applications in locations as approved by Engineer.
 - .3 At inlet and outlet of coils.
 - .4 Downstream of junctions of two converging air streams of different temperatures.
 - .5 And as indicated.

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

.1 Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACA).

1.3 PRODUCT DATA

.1 Submit product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 GENERAL

.1 Manufacture to SMACNA standards.

2.2 SINGLE BLADE DAMPERS

- .1 Of same material as duct, but one sheet metal thickness heavier. V-groove stiffened.
- .2 Size and configuration to recommendations of SMACNA, except maximum height 100 mm (4").
- .3 For rectangular ducts adjustable lever with shaft extension to accommodate insulation thickness.
- .4 For round branch ducts adjustable lever with shaft extension to accommodate insulation thickness.
- .5 Inside and outside nylon end bearings.
- .6 Channel frame of same material as adjacent duct, complete with angle stop.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install where indicated.
- .2 Install in accordance with recommendations of SMACNA and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .3 For supply, return and exhaust systems, locate balancing dampers in each branch duct.

- .4 Runouts to registers and diffusers: install single blade damper located as close as possible to main ducts.
- .5 All dampers to be vibration free.
- .6 Ensure damper operators are observable and accessible.

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - .1 ASTM C177-13, Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 CAN/CGSB-51.10-92, Thermal Insulation, Mineral Fibre, Block or Board, for Ducting, Machinery and Boilers.
- .3 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 - .1 NFPA (Fire) 90A, Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems, 2015 Edition.
 - .2 NFPA (Fire) 90B, Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems, 2015 Edition.
- .4 Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada
 - .1 CAN/ULC S102-10, Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials and Assemblies.

1.3 PRODUCT DATA

.1 Submit product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

Part 2 Products

2.1 DUCT LINER

- .1 General:
 - .1 Fibrous glass or "textile" fibrous glass duct liner: air stream side faced with mat facing.
 - .2 Flame spread rating shall not exceed 25. Smoke development rating shall not exceed 50 when tested in accordance with CAN/ULC-S102.
- .2 Rigid:
 - .1 Use on flat surfaces where indicated.
 - .2 25 mm (1") thick, to CAN/CGSB-51.10, fibrous glass rigid board duct liner.
 - .3 Density: 36 kg/m³ minimum.

.4 Thermal resistance to be minimum 0.76 m².°C/W for 25 mm thickness when tested in accordance with ASTM C177, at 24°C mean temperature.

2.2 FASTENERS

.1 Weld pins 2.0 mm diameter, length to suit thickness of insulation. Metal retaining clips, 32 mm square.

2.3 **JOINT TAPE**

.2 Poly-Vinyl treated open weave fibreglass membrane 50 mm wide.

2.4 **SEALER**

- .1 Meet requirements of NFPA (Fire) 90A and NFPA (Fire) 90B.
- .2 Flame spread rating shall not exceed 25. Smoke development rating shall not exceed 50. Temperature range minus 68°C to plus 93°C.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 GENERAL

- .1 Do work in accordance with recommendations of SMACNA duct liner standards as indicated in SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards, Metal and Flexible, except as specified otherwise.
- .2 Line inside of ducts where indicated.
- .3 Duct dimensions, as indicated, are clear inside duct lining.

3.2 DUCT LINER

- .1 Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, and as follows:
 - .1 Fasten to interior sheet metal surface with 100% coverage of adhesive.
 - .2 In addition to adhesive, install weld pins not less than 2 rows per surface and not more than 425 mm on centres.

3.3 JOINTS

.1 Protect leading and trailing edges of each duct section with sheet metal nosing having 25 mm overlap and fastened to duct.

Part 1 GENERAL

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 REFERENCES

- .1 Air Movement and Control Association (AMCA)
 - .1 AMCA 201-02 (R2011), Fans and Systems.
 - .2 AMCA 210-16, Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Rating.
 - .3 AMCA 300-14, Reverberant Room Method for Sound Testing of Fans.
 - .4 AMCA 301-14, Methods for Calculating Fan Sound Ratings from Laboratory Test Data.
 - .5 AMCA 302-73 (R2012), Application of Sone Ratings for Non-Ducted Air Moving Devices.
 - .6 AMCA 303-79 (R2012), Application of Sound Power Level Ratings for Fans.
- .2 ASHRAE/Air Movement and Control Association
 - .1 ASHRAE/AMCA 51-2016, Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Rating.

1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

.1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

.1 Provide maintenance data for incorporation into manual specified in Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements.

1.5 CERTIFICATION OF RATINGS

.1 Catalogued or published ratings shall be those obtained from tests carried out by manufacturer or those ordered by him from independent testing agency signifying adherence to codes and standards.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FANS GENERAL

- .1 Standard of rating:
 - .1 AMCA 201 for fan application.
 - .2 AMCA 302 for application of sone loudness ratings for non-ducted air moving devices.
 - .3 AMCA 303 for application of sound power ratings for ducted air moving devices.

- .4 Performance: to AMCA 210 and ASHRAE 51. Unit to bear AMCA certified seal
- .2 Pwl sound ratings to comply with AMCA 303, tested to AMCA 300 Unit to bear AMCA certified sound rating seal.
- .3 Maximum loudness: 3.5 sones.

2.2 IN-LINE CABINET EXHAUST

- .1 Fan housing construction of corrosion resistant galvanized steel c/w sound absorbing lined insulation.
- .2 Removable bottom housing panel allows easy access to the power assembly for inspection or service.
- .3 Outlet duct connection with integral backdraft damper can be converted from horizontal to vertical discharge.
- .4 Fan scroll is constructed of galvanized steel.
- .5 Fan wheels are double width forward curved centrifugal type. All wheels are dynamically balanced for vibration free operation.
- Motors 115/60/1. All motors are sized to match fan loads, have thermal overload protection and are mounted on vibration isolators. Power assemblies can be easily unplugged and removed for inspection or service. ECM motor with controller.
- .7 Angle mounting brackets can be adjusted to any typical ceiling material thickness.
- .8 Acceptable material: Greenheck, PennBarry, Loren Cook, Twin City.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

.1 Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

3.2 ANCHOR BOLTS AND TEMPLATES

- .1 Supply for installation by other Divisions.
- .2 Size anchor bolts to withstand seismic 4 acceleration and 2 velocity forces.

Part 1 GENERAL

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 This section shall be read in conjunction with specification Section 20 05 01 - Mechanical General Requirements, all mechanical sections, and all other disciplines related to the project.

1.2 PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit product data in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Indicate the following:
 - .1 Capacity.
 - .2 Throw and terminal velocity.
 - .3 Noise criteria.
 - .4 Pressure drop.
 - .5 Neck velocity.

1.3 MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- .1 Provide maintenance materials in accordance with Section 20 05 01 Mechanical General Requirements.
- .2 Include:
 - .1 Keys for volume control adjustment.
 - .2 Keys for air flow pattern adjustment.

1.4 MANUFACTURED ITEMS

.1 Grilles, registers and diffusers of same generic type to be product of one manufacturer.

1.5 CERTIFICAITON OF RATINGS

.1 Catalogued or published ratings shall be those obtained from tests carried out by manufacturer or those ordered by him from independent testing agency signifying adherence to codes and standards.

Part 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- .1 To meet capacity, pressure drop, terminal velocity, throw, noise level, neck velocity as indicated.
- .2 Frames:
 - .1 Full perimeter gaskets.

- .2 Plaster frames where set into plaster or gypsum board and as specified.
- .3 Concealed fasteners.
- .3 Concealed operators.
- .4 Acceptable material: E.H Price Ltd., Nailor, Titus, Krueger, Metal-aire.

2.2 SUPPLY DIFFUSERS

.1 Type SD1: steel, square diffuser with adjustable pattern 600 mm x 600 mm, T-bar or drywall mounting as indicated, off-white. Equivalent to E.H. Price Model SCD.

2.3 RETURN AND EXHAUST GRILLES AND REGISTER

- .1 Type TG1: aluminum, 13 mm x 13 mm egg crate type face bars, baked white enamel finish, ducted where indicated, drywall mounted. Size 600 mm x 150 mm unless otherwise indicated. Equivalent to E.H. Price Model 80.
- .2 Type EG1/RG1: steel construction, 35° deflection, fixed louvres, 20 mm (¾") spacing, off-white baked enamel finish. Size as indicated. Drywall mounted. Equivalent to E.H. Price Model 535.
- .3 Type DG1: door grille, frame both sides. Size as indicated. Aluminum. Equivalent to E.H. Price 520.

2.4 STATIONARY LOUVRES (L)

- .1 Construction: welded with exposed joints ground flush and smooth.
- .2 Material: extruded aluminum alloy 6063-T5.
- .3 Blade: stormproof pattern with centre watershed in blade, reinforcing bosses and maximum blade length of 1500 mm for all louvres.
- .4 Frame, head, sill and jamb: 100 mm (4") deep. One piece extruded aluminum, minimum 3 mm thick with approved caulking slot, integral to unit with additional extended sill or 15 ga. aluminum.
- .5 Mullions: at 1500 mm maximum centres.
- .6 Fastenings: stainless steel SAE-194-8F with SAE-194-SFB nuts and resilient neoprene washers between aluminum and head of bolt, or between nut, ss washer and aluminum body.
- .7 Screen: 19 mm mesh, 2 mm dia. wire aluminum birdscreen on inside face of louvres in formed U-frame.
- .8 Finish:
 - .1 Finish exposed surfaces of exterior aluminum components with factory applied polyvinylidene fluoride (PVF2) coating meeting performance requirements of AAMA 2605, dry film thickness of 0.025 mm.
 - .1 Colours to match PPG Duranar colour as approved by Architect.

- .2 Gloss: Medium.
- .3 Appearance: visibly free of flow.
- .9 Size: 300 x 300.
- .10 Acceptable Materials: Ventex/Alumavent, McGill, PennBarry, Ruskin, E.H. Price, Greenheck.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .2 Install with flat head cadmium plated screws in countersunk holes where fastenings are visible.

Part 1 General

1.1 GENERAL

- .1 The word "provide" in this Division shall be interpreted as "supply, install, and connect".
- .2 Energy Monitoring and Control System (EMCS) shall include Direct Digital Control (DDC) of mechanical systems as specified for this project.
- .3 Building Automation System (BAS) shall include the EMCS as specified for this project.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEM

- .1 Extend the existing Networked DDC Control System to meet the requirements specified for this project. The new and extended DDC products and services shall be fully compatible with the existing Schneider Electric system. The extended Control System shall consist of but is not limited to the following:
 - .1 Software and controllers required to implement a complete and operational system.
 - .2 Input and output control devices including sensors, actuators, conduit and wiring, as required to provide the operations specified.

1.3 ACCEPTABLE CONTRACTOR

.1 Hire the services of Ainsworth Inc. to complete the work of this section.

1.4 CO-ORDINATION

- .1 Contractor shall co-ordinate its work with Mechanical and Electrical. Unless noted otherwise, the Control Contractor shall provide all interface devices, control wiring, and controls as required to provide the control operation specified.
- .2 Unless noted in Division 26, Contractor shall provide line voltage and low voltage control wiring for equipment specified in Division 25. Refer to Division 26 for power wiring, starters, disconnect switches, etc., to be provided for mechanical equipment.
- .3 Contractor shall provide all necessary power and dedicated circuits as required from local 120 volt branch circuits panel board for all Master Control Units. Install tamper locks on breakers of circuit panel.
- .4 Unless noted otherwise, all other installation work required for the complete installation of EMCS, including all interface devices, control and power wiring, controls and controlled devices shall be provided by this Contractor.

1.5 LOCKABLE PANELS

- .1 Provide lockable panel for each MCU or LCU. All panels shall be EEMAC rated to environment requirements with hinged doors.
- .2 Equip all panels for Master Control Units with standard keyed-alike cabinet locks, keyed to same key.

1.6 NAMEPLATES

- .1 Provide nameplates on all control items listed or shown in the submittal and approved control diagrams.
- .2 Identify all panels and items mounted on panel face by laminated plastic nameplates 3 mm thick. Lettering shall be accurately aligned and engraved into the white core. Size of nameplates shall be 20 mm by 100 mm minimum. Lettering shall be minimum 5 mm high normal black lettering.
- .3 Identify Field Sensors and Controlled Devices by engraved metal plates attached to the device by chain.
- .4 Warning signage: provide each motor starter under remote automatic control (DO point on I/O Point Schedules) with signage warning of automatic starting under control of EMCS. (i.e. "Caution this equipment is under automatic remote control of EMCS").

1.7 SHOP DRAWINGS

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 01 33 00. Submit control shop drawings within 15 days of Award of Contract.
- .2 Shop drawings shall include:
 - .1 Description of software programs included.
 - .2 Specification sheets for each piece of equipment or control devices to be provided.
 - .3 Equipment and DDC Controllers location drawings.
 - .4 Mechanical control schematics.
 - .5 Sequence of operation for each mechanical system.
 - .6 DDC control point schedules.

1.8 INSTALLATION AND COMPLETION TESTS

- .1 Installation and Calibration:
 - .1 Set control points and calibrate sensors immediately after installing controls.
- .2 Completion Tests:
 - .1 After installation of each part of the system and completion of mechanical and electrical hook-up, perform tests to confirm correct installation and operation of equipment.
 - .2 Check and calibrate each AI using a calibrated digital thermometer, humidistat, velometer or transducer.
 - .3 Check each DI to insure proper settings and switching contacts.
 - .4 Check each AO to insure proper operation of valves and dampers. Verify tight closing, input and output signals.
 - .5 Check each DO to insure proper operation and lag time.
 - .6 Check all operating software.
 - .7 Check all application software. Provide samples of all logs and commands.
 - .8 Debug all software.

- .9 The Contractor shall be responsible for fine tuning and adjusting all control devices and make modifications as required to provide a fully operational EMCS.
- .10 Submit test report with checklist showing all input/output control points and all software programs.
- .3 All reported results are subject to verification by the Engineer.

1.9 SYSTEM STARTUP VERIFICATION TESTING

- .1 The Contractor shall provide technical personnel and instrumentation to conduct start-up verification testing.
- .2 Verification:
 - .1 Perform point-by-point verification of entire system.
 - .2 Verify the calibration of all AI devices individually.
 - .3 Verify the calibration of all DI devices individually.
 - .4 Verify all AO devices are functional, start and span are correct, direction and normal positions are correct.
 - .5 Verify that all DO devices operate properly and that the normal positions are correct.
 - .6 Verify the system sequences of operation. Simulate all modes of operation.
 - .7 Verify the stability of all DDC loops and optimum start/stop routines.
 - .8 Check each alarm separately.
 - .9 Verify interlocks and conditional control response.
 - .10 Simulate alarm conditions to check the initiating value of variable and interlock action.
- .3 The Contractor shall complete and submit System Start-up Verification Forms. Each item on the verification forms shall be signed off as verified (yes), or not verified (no) and actual date of verification.

1.10 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- .1 The manual shall be custom designed for this project and contain only information relevant to this project.
- .2 The manual shall provide full and complete coverage of the following subjects:
 - .1 Operational Requirements: This document shall describe, in concise English terms, all the functional and operational requirements for the system and its functions that have been implemented.
 - .2 System Operation: Complete step by step procedures for operation of the system, including required actions at each operator station; operation of computer peripherals; input and output formats; and emergency, alarm, and failure recovery. Step-by-step instructions for system start-up, back-up equipment operation, and execution of all system functions and operating modes shall be provided.
 - .3 Maintenance: Documentation of all maintenance procedures for each and all system component including inspection, periodic preventive maintenance, fault diagnosis, and repair or replacement of defective module.

- .4 Test Procedures and Reports: The test implementation shall be recorded with a description of the test exercise script of events and documented as Test Procedures. A provision for the measurement or observation of results, based on the previously published Test Specification, forms the Test Reports.
- .5 Configuration Control: Documentation of the basic system design and configuration with provisions and procedures for planning, implementing, and recording any hardware or software modifications required during the installation, test, and operating lifetime of the system.

1.11 TRAINING

.1 Provide the services of competent instructors who will provide instruction to designated personnel in the adjustment, operation and maintenance, including pertinent safety requirements, of the equipment and system specified. Instructors shall be thoroughly familiar with all aspects of the subject matter they are to teach.

1.12 WARRANTY AND MAINTENANCE

- .1 The Contractor shall provide all services; materials and equipment necessary for the maintenance of the Automatic Control Systems for a period of 12 months concurrent with the warranty period.
- .2 The Contractor shall provide three minor inspections or as required by the manufacturer and one major inspection per year, and all service for the required maintenance. Major inspection shall be scheduled in April or November. A major inspection shall involve a point by point check and/or calibration. Provide dated database log to indicate executed point to point system check.
- .3 Emergency Service: The Owner will initiate service calls when there is indication that the Automatic Control System is not functioning properly. The Contractor shall have qualified personnel available during the contract period to provide service to the "critical" overall control system components whenever required at no additional cost to the owner. The Contractor shall furnish the Departmental Representative with a telephone number where the service personnel can be reached at all times. The service technician shall be on the job ready to service the control system within 4 hours after receiving a request for service. The work shall be performed continuously until the control system is back in reliable operating condition. This service shall be provided on a 24 hours basis 7 days a week.
- .4 Upon completion of each inspection or emergency service, submit fully detailed report in writing to Departmental Representative.

Part 2 Products

2.1 BAS DATA COMMUNICATION NETWORK

- .1 The Control Manufacturer shall design, supply, install and connect existing data communication network to link all new control units, end devices and accessories to provide seamless integration of new control sequences to building system.
- .2 Terminal Control Units (TCUs): Stand-alone DDC Controllers that reside on EMCS-BUS. Terminal Control Unit is not fully user-programmable, but is configured with its hardware and firmware to match a specific application.

2.2 OPERATOR'S COMMANDS AND PROGRAMMING

- .1 Provide software to enable non-programmer operator to perform global supervision tasks such as to view, and edit if applicable, the status of any object and property in the system.
- .2 Operator shall be able to terminate automatic software control, initiate DO and AO manual commands, and return DO and AO manual commands to automatic software controls.
- .3 Provide programming software at OWS to allow operator to create, edit, and download custom application programs to support MCUs and LCUs. On-line programming/configuration shall not interfere with normal system operation and control.

2.3 GRAPHICS SOFTWARE

- .1 Provide existing OWS with upgraded graphics software necessary to permit the operator to create, modify, delete, file, and recall all graphics. Operators shall be able to start and stop equipment or change set points from graphical displays.
- .2 The Contractor shall utilize the graphics software to generate the custom Building Outline Drawings, Equipment and Sensors Location Diagrams, and Control Schematic Diagrams for this project.
- .3 Operator shall be able to build graphic displays that include on-line point data from multiple MCU panels. Data shall be updated every 10 seconds or less.
- .4 Windowing: the windowing environment of the OWS shall allow the user to simultaneously view several graphics at the same time.

2.4 ALARM MANAGEMENT

.1 Provide the software to notify the operator of the occurrence of an alarm condition. All alarm messages shall be displayed and printed. Alarm messages shall include as a minimum: location of alarm, time of occurrence, and type of alarm. Each point shall have its own message. Assignment of messages to a point shall be an operator editable function.

2.5 LOCAL CONTROL UNITS (LCU)

- .1 The Local Control Unit is to be a standalone DDC controller with the following characteristics:
 - .1 LCU shall incorporate a programmable microprocessor, non-volatile program memory, random access memory, power supplies and appropriate communication interfaces as required to perform specified functions.
 - .2 LCU shall incorporate a communication interface port for communication to the Master Control Unit (MCU).
 - .3 LCU shall execute its logic and control (Direct Digital or Closed Loop Process Control) of associated equipment without interacting with any other Processor.
 - .4 Basic functional requirements to include scanning of digital/analog inputs, digital change of state (alarm) monitoring, analog input (alarm) monitoring, on-off digital control with configurable logic, analog control using configurable logic

(including PID) with adjustable dead bands and deviation alarms, control of HVAC systems, specified under sequence of operation instructions.

- .2 Minimum addressable memory shall be sufficient to support all performance and technical specifications. All operating system, executive, application, subroutine, and other configuration definition software, shall reside in non-volatile memory such as EPROM. All control description logic, applicable functions and operating data shall reside in battery backed RAM 72 hours or EEPROM and hence modifiable on-line through the operator panel or remote operator interface. All operating data must be downline loadable from Operator Workstations.
- .3 Each LCU shall have sufficient capacity for its assigned D1, D0, A1, A0 points as indicated on the DDC Input/Output Point Schedules. All points associated with one mechanical system shall be connected directly to the same LCU.
- .4 The LCU shall include as a minimum 2 interface ports for connection of MCU controller and local computer terminal.
- .5 In the event of loss of communications with, or failure of the MCU, this controller shall continue to perform control of the associated equipment. Controllers that use defaults or fail to open or closed position will not be acceptable.
- .6 Unless noted otherwise, LCUs shall not be used to control any major mechanical equipment. LCUs shall be used to control packaged and distributed equipment such as packaged air handling units, radiation, and exhaust fans, and multi-zone VAV boxes.

2.6 LCU SOFTWARE

- .1 Software shall include but not be limited to definitions and operating systems executive, communications, control description logic, operator interface.
- .2 Control description logic shall be written in general control type or high level language.
- .3 Control description logic shall have access to values or status of all points available to the controller including global or common values, allowing cascading and interlocking control.
- .4 Software to be generic and configurable from computer terminal or to be downloaded from operator workstations.

2.7 TERMINAL CONTROL UNITS (TCU)

- .1 Each Terminal Control Unit (TCU) is to be a microprocessor-based standalone DDC controller with the following characteristics:
 - .1 Hardware and firmware are configured to control a specific type of terminal equipment such as conventional single zone VAV box or fan powered VAV box.
 - .2 The controller shall incorporate a communication interface port for communication to the Master Control Unit (MCU).
 - .3 Each TCU shall have sufficient capacity and memory to support its operating system, data bases and specified functional requirements under sequence of operation instructions.
- .2 Each TCU shall support multiple modes of operation including Day/Weekly Schedules, Occupied/Unoccupied Mode, and Override Mode.

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- .3 Any Operator Workstation (OWS) connected to the communication network shall be able to access all information including sensor values, operating status, setpoints, on/off schedules, alarm limits and other operating parameters of each TCU. Operator at OWS connected to the network shall be able to make setpoint adjustments, assign high and low alarm limits and make programming changes.
- .4 Powerfail Protection: all system setpoints, proportional bands, control algorithms, and any other programmable parameters shall be stored such that a power failure of any duration will not require reprogramming the DDC controller.

2.8 AIR SYSTEM STATIC PRESSURE SENSORS AND TRANSMITTERS

- .1 Sensors shall meet the following:
 - .1 Multipoint element with self-averaging manifold.
 - .2 Maximum pressure loss: 160 Pa at 10 m/s. (air stream manifold).
 - .3 Accuracy: +1% of actual duct static pressure.
- .2 Provide each sensor with a transmitter to meet the following requirements:
 - .1 Output signal: 4 20 mA linear into 500 ohm maximum load.
 - .2 Calibrated span: not to exceed 150% of duct static pressure at maximum flow.
 - .3 Accuracy: +1.0% of full scale.
 - .4 Repeatability: within 0.5% of output.
 - .5 Linearity: within 1.5% of span.
 - .6 Deadband or hysteresis: 0.1% of span.
 - .7 External exposed zero and span adjustment.
 - .8 Range: 0 to 125 Pa static pressure downstream of VAV boxes and 0 to 373 Pa static pressure upstream of VAV boxes, unless otherwise noted.

2.9 AIR SYSTEM VELOCITY SENSOR/ TRANSMITTER

- .1 Sensors shall meet the following requirements:
 - .1 Multipoint static and total pressure sensing element with self-averaging manifold, and with integral air equalizer and straightener section.
 - .2 Maximum pressure loss: 37 Pa at 10 m/s.
 - .3 Accuracy: +1% of actual duct velocity.
- .2 Provide each sensor with a transmitter to meet the following requirements:
 - .1 Output signal: 4 20 mA or 0 10VDC linear into 500 ohm maximum load.
 - .2 Calibrated span: not to exceed 25% of duct static pressure at maximum flow.
 - .3 Accuracy: +0.4% of span.
 - .4 Repeatability: within 0.1% of output.
 - .5 Linearity: within 0.5% of span.
 - .6 Deadband or hysteresis: 0.1% of span.
 - .7 External exposed zero and span adjustment.
 - .8 Air velocity range: 1 m/s to 10 m/s at 15°C.

2.10 PRESSURE/ CURRENT TRANSMITTERS

- .1 Provide pressure-to-current transmitters having the following minimum specifications:
 - .1 Internal materials of the transducer suitable for continuous contact with industrial standard instrument air, compressed air, water or steam as applicable.
 - .2 Output signal of 4-20 mA into a maximum of 500 ohm load.
 - .3 Output variations of less than 0.2% full scale for supply voltage variations of $\pm 10\%$.
 - .4 Combined nonlinearity, repeatability and hysteresis effects not to exceed $\pm 0.5\%$ of full scale output over entire range.
 - .5 Integral zero and span adjustment.
 - .6 Temperature effect of $\pm 1.5\%$ full scale/50°C or less.
 - .7 Output short circuit and open circuit protection.
 - .8 Over-pressure input protection to a minimum of twice rated input.
 - .9 Pressure ranges to suit application.

2.11 DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTERS

- .1 Provide differential pressure transmitters having the following minimum specifications:
 - .1 Internal materials to be suitable for continuous contact with the process material measured including compressed air, water, glycol, or steam as applicable.
 - .2 Output signal of 4-20 mA into maximum of 500 ohm load.
 - .3 Output variation of less than 0.2% full scale for supply voltage variations of $\pm 10\%$.
 - .4 Combined nonlinearity repeatability and hysteresis effects not to exceed $\pm 0.5\%$ of full scale output over entire range.
 - .5 External exposed integral zero and span adjustment.
 - .6 Temperature effect of $\pm 1.5\%$ full scale/50°C or less.
 - .7 Output short circuit and open circuit protection.
 - .8 Over-pressure input protection to a minimum of twice rated input.
 - .9 Differential Pressure ranges to suit application.

3.2 PRESSURE SWITCHES

- .1 Provide pressure or differential pressure switches for ranges as indicated on point schedule.
- .2 Pressure sensing elements shall be bourdon tube, bellows or diaphragm type.
- .3 Adjustable setpoint and differential.
- .4 Pressure switches shall be snap action type rated at 120 volts, 15 amps AC or 24 volts DC.
- .5 Sensor assembly shall operate automatically and reset automatically when condition returns to normal.

3.3 CONTROL RELAYS

.1 Contacts rated at 5 amps at 120 V AC.

.2 Relays to be plug in type with termination base.

3.4 CURRENT TRANSDUCER

- .1 Provide current transducers with range to match load being metered.
- .2 Current transducers shall measure line current and produce a proportional signal in one of the following ranges.
 - .1 4-20 mA dc.
 - .2 0-1 V dc.
 - .3 0-10 V dc.
 - .4 0-20 V dc.

3.5 CURRENT SENSING RELAY

- .1 Provide adjustable current-operated solid-state relays with integral zero leakage LED for switching AC or DC circuits.
- .2 The contacts shall close when the current level sensed by the internal current transformer exceeds the trip point set by the multi-turn adjustment.
- .3 Range of monitored AC current to suit application and to be submitted with shop drawings.

3.6 CONTROL DAMPERS

.1 Construction: Blades shall not exceed 200 mm wide or 1250 mm long. Modular maximum size 1250 mm wide x 1500 mm high. Multiple sections to have stiffening mullions and jack shafts.

.2 Materials:

- .1 Frame: 2.3 mm (13 gauge) galvanized sheet steel.
- .2 Blades: two sheets 0.5 mm (22 gauge) or 1.6 mm (16 gauge) galvanized steel.
- .3 Bearings: oil impregnated sintered bronze. Provide additional thrust bearings for vertical blades.
- .4 Linkage and shafts: zinc plated steel.
- .5 Seals: Replaceable neoprene seals or stain-less steel spring on sides, top and bottom of frame and along all blade edges and blade ends.

.3 Performance:

- .1 50 L/s/m² maximum allowable leakage against 1000 Pa static pressure.
- .2 Temperature range: minus 50°C to 100°C.

3.7 DAMPER OPERATORS ELECTRONIC

- .1 Provide direct coupled type electronic proportional damper operators where indicted or required.
- .2 Spring return for "fail-safe" in Normally Open or Normally Closed position where required.

- .3 Size operators to control dampers against maximum pressure or dynamic closing pressure whichever is greater.
- .4 For modulating services, provide feedback circuit to indicate actuator position.
- .5 Power Requirements 12 VA maximum at 24 V AC.
- .6 Input signal: 2 to 10 VDC or 4 to 20 mA.

3.8 ELECTRONIC VALVE ACTUATORS

- .1 Provide Electronic Valve Proportional Actuators with spring return to normal positions indicated.
- .2 Construction to be steel, cast iron or cast aluminum.
- .3 For modulating services, provide feedback circuit to indicate actuator position.
- .4 Control Voltage 0-20 V DC or 24 V AC.
- .5 Positioning time nominal 60 seconds.

3.9 THREE POINT FLOATING ELECTRONIC ACTUATORS

- .1 Use of three point floating actuators shall be limited to zone control dampers, radiation or terminal reheat control valves.
- .2 Provide tri-state outputs from DDC controllers (two coordinated binary outputs) for control of actuators.
- .3 Control algorithms shall run the three point floating actuator to one end of its stroke once every 24 hours for verification of operator tracking.

3.10 EXISTING CONTROLS

- .1 Unless noted otherwise or approved by the Engineer in writing, all control devices required for a complete and working EMCS System shall be new and shall be provided by the Contractor. All new controls to be fully compatible with existing EMCS System.
- .2 The Contractor shall submit written requests to disconnect any controls and to obtain equipment down time. Only after receiving these requests shall such work be allowed to proceed.
- .3 The Contractor shall be held responsible for repair costs due to Contractor negligence or abuse of owner equipment, or failure in reporting defective controls within 30 days of contract award.
- .4 Shop drawings shall show all signal levels, pressures, etc., where tying into existing control equipment.
- .5 Where existing controls are not to be reused or not required, they shall be removed and placed in storage for future disposition as directed by the Departmental Representative.

3.11 CONDUIT AND WIRE

- .1 Use type FT6 plenum rated cable for low voltage EMCS wiring in ceiling return plenum. Support FT6 cables in ceiling return plenum using Thomas & Betts TY-RAP cable straps and clamps screwed on to ceiling slab. Spacing to be 2M maximum. Do not use ceiling suspension wires for fastening cables. Exact routings shall suit site conditions and shall be to the approval of the Departmental Representative.
- .2 Use EMT conduit for wiring in mechanical, electrical, janitor rooms or equipment rooms.
- .3 Unless noted otherwise, install network cable within building in EMT conduit and install network cable between buildings in buried PVC conduit. The Control Contractor shall provide conduits with spare capacity not less than 50%.
- .4 Field wiring for each digital input and output shall be No. 20 AWG, stranded twisted pair. For multi-conductor wire having four or more conductors, wire size shall be not less than No. 22 AWG solid copper. Analog input shall be wired with shielded No. 20 AWG, stranded twisted pair, copper wire. Analog output shall be wired with 3 shielded No. 20 AWG stranded twisted copper wires.
- .5 Where conduits pass through fire rated walls or floors, provide schedule 40 steel sleeves filled with fire stopping material and approved sealant around conduits to maintain fire rating integrity.

3.12 RESPONSIBILITY FOR QUANTITIES

.1 Failure to carry the correct lengths or sizes of conduit or correct types of wire or the correct number of DDC panels is the Contractor's responsibility and shall not be basis for additional charges by the Contractor.

3.13 WIRING IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Provide numbered tape markings on all branch control wiring, and pneumatic tubing.
- .2 At all junction boxes, splitters, cabinets and outlet boxes, maintain identification system.
- .3 Use colour coded wires in communication cables, matched throughout system.
- .4 Identify all power sources at each panel location.

3.14 CONDUIT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Colour code all Control System conduits to NRC standards.
- .2 Coding to be located on all conduits and cables exposed after completion of construction in all locations including suspended accessible ceilings, tunnels and shafts.
- .3 Coding to be plastic tape or paint at all points where conduit or cable enters wall, ceiling, or floor, and at 15000 mm intervals.

3.15 MANUFACTURER'S AND CSA LABELS

.1 Manufacturers' nameplates and CSA labels to be visible and legible after equipment is installed.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 GENERAL

- .1 All equipment shall be installed in according to manufacturers' published instructions.
- .2 Provide programming for the system and adhere to the sequence of operation specified.

3.2 DDC INPUT/ OUTPUT POINT SCHEDULE

- .1 DDC Input/Output Point Schedule, as shown on the Mechanical Drawings and required to implement specified control sequence.
- .2 Naming convention: PWGSC Standardized Identifiers and Expansions of Building Names, System Names and Point Names shall be used for identification. Identifiers shall be not more than 10 alphanumeric characters, and Expansions shall not more than 40 characters.
- .3 The Application Programs shall be assigned with the specified DDC points as indicated on the DDC Input/Output Schedule. In addition, the Application Program shall be assigned with the following point types:
 - Alarm Program with: all space temperature AI points, all supply air temperature AI points, all supply air and return air humidity AI points, all air filter pressure drop AI points, all supply air static pressure AI points, all AI points of heating water supply and return temperature, all AI points of chilled water supply and return temperature, all DI points of fans and pumps.
 - .2 Auto Start/Stop Program with: all DO points of fans and pumps.
 - .3 Run Time Total Program with: all DO points.
 - .4 Heavy Equipment Delay Program with: all DO points of motors of 15 kW and larger.
 - .5 PID Control Program with: all AO points of control valves (except terminal heating control valves and radiation control valves) and control dampers (except terminal zone control dampers).
 - .6 Analog/PI Total Program with all AI or PI points of water meters and energy meters.
- .4 All DI or DO points assigned with "alarm" and "run time total" programs shall be provided with "critical" and "maintenance" alarms. All AI or AO points assigned with "alarm" program shall be provided with "critical" and "cautionary" alarms.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF SENSORS

- .1 Install sensors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- .2 Sensors used in mixing plenums shall be the averaging type. Averaging sensors shall be installed in a serpentine manner vertically across the duct. Each bend shall be supported with a capillary clip.
- .3 Low-limit sensors used in mixing plenums shall be installed in a serpentine manner horizontally across duct. Each bend shall be supported with a capillary clip. Provide 3 m of sensing element for each 1 m² of cross section area.

- .4 All pipe mounted temperature sensors shall be installed in wells. Install all liquid temperature sensors with heat conducting fluid in thermal wells.
- .5 Outdoor air temperature sensors shall be installed on north wall, complete with sun shield at designated location.
- .6 Building static pressure sensors: Pipe the low pressure port of the differential air static pressure sensor to the static pressure port located on the outside of the building through a high volume accumulator. Pipe the high pressure port to a location behind a thermostat cover.
- .7 Supply duct static pressure sensor: Pipe the high pressure tap of the differential air static pressure sensor to the duct using a pitot tube. Pipe the low pressure port to a tee in the high pressure tap tubing of the corresponding building static pressure sensor.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF ACTUATORS

- .1 Install actuators in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- .2 Electronic dampers: Actuators shall be direct mounted on damper shaft or jackshaft unless shown as a linkage installation. For low leakage dampers with seals, the actuator shall be mounted with a minimum 5 degree available for tightening the damper seals.
- .3 Electronic Valves: Actuators shall be connected to valves with adapters approved by the actuator manufacturer. Actuators and adapters shall be mounted following the actuator manufacturer's recommendations.

3.5 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

.1 Refer to the drawings for sequence of operation

1 REFERENCES

- .1 Perform all work to meet or exceed the requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code, CSA Standard C22.1 (latest edition).
- .2 Consider CSA Electrical Bulletins in force at time of tender submission, while not identified and specified by number in this Division, to be forming part of related CSA Part II standard.
- .3 Do overhead and underground systems in accordance with CSA C22.3 except where specified otherwise.
- .4 Where requirements of this specification exceed those of above mentioned standards, this specification shall govern.
- .5 Notify the NRC Departmental Representative as soon as possible when requested to connect equipment supplied by NRC which is not CSA approved.
- .6 Refer to Sections 00 10 00 & 0015 45.

2 PERMITS AND FEES

- .1 Submit to Electrical Inspection Department and Supply Authority necessary number of drawings and specifications for examination and approval prior to commencement of work.
- .2 Pay all fees required for the performance of the work.

3 START-UP

.1 Instruct the NRC Departmental Representative and operating personnel in the operation, care and maintenance of equipment supplied under this contract.

4 INSPECTION AND FEES

- .1 Furnish a Certificate of Acceptance from the Authorized Electrical Inspection Department on completion of work.
- .2 Request and obtain Special Inspection approval from the Authorized Electrical Inspection Department for any non-CSA approved control panels or other equipment fabricated by the contractor as part of this contract.
- .3 Pay all fees required for inspections.

5 FINISHES

- .1 Shop finish metal enclosure surfaces by removal of rust and scale, cleaning, application of rust resistant primer inside and outside, and at least two coats of finish enamel.
 - .1 Outdoor electrical equipment "equipment green" finish to EEMAC Y1-1-1955.
 - .2 Indoor switchgear and distribution enclosures light grey to EEMAC 2Y-1-1958.

.2 Clean and touch up surfaces of shop-painted equipment scratched or marred during shipment or installation, to match original paint.

6 ACOUSTICAL PERFORMANCE

- .1 In general provide equipment producing minimal sound levels in accordance with the best and latest practices established by the electrical industry.
- .2 Do not install any device or equipment containing a magnetic flux path metallic core, such as gas discharge lamp ballasts, dimmers, solenoids, etc., which are found to produce a noise level exceeding that of comparable available equipment.

7 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Identify with 3mm (1/8") Brother, P-Touch non-smearing tape, or an alternate approved by the NRC Departmental Representative, all electrical outlets shown on drawings and/or mentioned in the specifications. These are the lighting switches, recessed and surface mounted receptacles such as those in offices and service rooms and used to plug in office equipment, telecommunication equipment or small portable tools. Indicate only the source of power (Ex. for a receptacle fed from panel L32 circuit #1: "L32-1").
- .2 Light fixtures are the only exceptions for electrical equipment identification (except as noted in 7.13 below). They are not to be identified.
- .3 Identify with lamicoid nameplates all electrical equipment shown on the drawings and/or mentioned in the specification such as motor control centers, switchgear, splitters, fused switches, isolation switches, motor starting switches, starters, panelboards, transformers, high voltage cables, industrial type receptacles, junction boxes, control panels, etc., regardless of whether or not the electrical equipment was furnished under this section of the specification.
- .4 Coordinate names of equipment and systems with other Divisions to ensure that names and numbers match.
- .5 Wording on lamicoid nameplates to be approved by the NRC Departmental Representative prior to fabrication.
- .6 Provide two sets of lamicoid nameplates for each piece of equipment; one in English and one in French.
- .7 Lamicoid nameplates shall identify the equipment, the voltage characteristics and the power source for the equipment. Example: A new 120/240 volt single phase circuit breaker panelboard, L16, is fed from panelboard LD1 circuit 10.

"PANEL L16 120/240 V FED FROM LD1-10"

PANNEAU L16 120/240 V ALIMENTE PAR LD1-10

- .8 Provide warning labels for equipment fed from two or more sources "DANGER MULTIPLE POWER FEED" black letters on a yellow background. These labels are available from NRC's Facilities Maintenance group in building M-19.
- .9 Lamicoid nameplates shall be rigid lamicoid, minimum 1.5 mm (1/16") thick with:
 - .1 Black letters engraved on a white background for normal power circuits.
 - .2 Black letters engraved on a yellow background for emergency power circuits.
 - .3 White letters engraved on a red background for fire alarm equipment.
- .10 For all interior lamicoid nameplates, mount nameplates using two-sided tape.
- .11 For all exterior lamicoid nameplates, mount nameplates using self-tapping 2.3 mm (3/32") dia. slot head screws two per nameplate for nameplates under 75 mm (3") in height and a minimum of 4 for larger nameplates. Holes in lamicoid nameplates to be 3.7 mm (3/16") diameter to allow for expansion of lamicoid due to exterior conditions.
 - .1 No drilling is to be done on live equipment.
 - .2 Metal filings from drilling are to be vacuumed from the enclosure interiors.
- All lamicoid nameplates shall have a minimum border of 3 mm (1/8"). Characters shall be 9 mm (3/8") in size unless otherwise specified.
- .13 Identify lighting fixtures which are connected to emergency power with a label "EMERGENCY LIGHTING/ÉCLAIRAGE D'URGENCE", black letters on a yellow background. These labels are available from NRC's Facilities Maintenance group in building M-19.
- .14 Provide neatly typed updated circuit directories in a plastic holder on the inside door of new panelboards.
- .15 Carefully update panelboard circuit directories whenever adding, deleting, or modifying existing circuitry.
- .16 Identify molded case breaker with lamicoid nameplate.

8 WIRING IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Unless otherwise specified, identify wiring with permanent indelible identifying markings, using either numbered or coloured plastic tapes on both ends of phase conductors of feeders and branch circuit wiring.
- .2 Maintain phase sequence and colour coding throughout.

9 CONDUIT AND CABLE IDENTIFICATION

- .1 All new conduits to be factory painted, colour-coded EMT, type as follows:
 - .1 Fire alarm red conduit
 - .2 Emergency power circuits yellow conduit
 - .3 Voice/data blue conduit
 - .4 Gas detection system purple conduit
 - .5 Building Automation system orange conduit

- .6 Security system green conduit
- .7 Control system black conduit
- .2 Apply paint to the covers of junction boxes and condulets of existing conduits as follows:
 - .1 Fire alarm red
 - .2 Emergency power circuits yellow
 - .3 Voice/data blue
 - .4 Gas detection system purple
 - .5 Building Automation system orange
 - .6 Security system green
 - .7 Control system black
- .3 For system running with cable, half-lap wrap with dedicated coloured PVC tape to 100 mm width, tape every 5 m and both sides where cable penetrates a wall.
- .4 All other systems need not be coloured.

10 MANUFACTURER'S & APPROVALS LABELS

- .1 Ensure that manufacturer's registration plates are properly affixed to all apparatus showing the size, name of equipment, serial number, and all information usually provided, including voltage, cycle, phase and the name and address of the manufacturer.
- .2 Do not paint over registration plates or approval labels. Leave openings through insulation for viewing the plates. Contractor's or sub-contractor's nameplate not acceptable.

11 WARNING SIGNS AND PROTECTION

- .1 Provide warning signs, as specified or to meet requirements of Authorized Electrical Inspection Department and NRC Departmental Representative.
- .2 Accept the responsibility to protect those working on the project from any physical danger due to exposed live equipment such as panel mains, outlet wiring, etc. Shield and mark all live parts with the appropriate voltage. Caution notices shall be worded in both English and French.

12 LOAD BALANCE

- .1 Measure phase current to new panelboards with normal loads operating at time of acceptance. Adjust branch circuit connections as required to obtain best balance of current between phases and record changes, and revise panelboard schedules.
- .2 Measure phase voltages at loads and adjust transformer taps to within 2% of rated voltage of equipment.

13 MOTOR ROTATION

.1 For new motors, ensure that motor rotation matches the requirements of the driven equipment.

.2 For existing motors, check rotation before making wiring changes in order to ensure correct rotation upon completion of the job.

14 GROUNDING

- .1 Thoroughly ground all electrical equipment, cabinets, metal supporting frames, ventilating ducts and other apparatus where grounding is required in accordance with the requirements of the latest edition of the Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, C.S.A. C22.1 and corresponding Provincial and Municipal regulations. Do not depend upon conduits to provide the ground circuits.
- .2 Run separate green insulated stranded copper grounding conductors in all electrical conduits including those feeding toggle switches and receptacles.

15 TESTS

- .1 Provide any materials, equipment and labour required and make such tests deemed necessary to show proper execution of this work, in the presence of the NRC Departmental Representative.
- .2 Correct any defects or deficiencies discovered in the work in an approved manner at no additional expense to the Owner.
- .3 Megger all branch circuits and feeders using a 600V tester for 240V circuits and a 1000V tester for 600V circuits. If the resistance to ground is less than permitted by Table 24 of the Code, consider such circuits defective and do not energize.
- .4 The final approval of insulation between conductors and ground, and the efficiency of the grounding system is left to the discretion of the local Electrical Inspection Department.

16 COORDINATION OF PROTECTIVE DEVICES

.1 Ensure circuit protective devices such as overcurrent trips, fuses, are installed to values and settings as indicated on the Drawings.

17 WORK ON LIVE EQUIPMENT & PANELS

.1 NRC requires that work be performed on non-energized equipment, installation, conductors and power panels. For purposes of quotation assume that all work is to be done after normal working hours and that equipment, installation, conductors and power panels are to be de-energized when worked upon.

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

.1 Common Work Results - Electrical Section 26 05 00

1.2 **DEFINITIONS**

.1 SRS: acronym for Seismic Restraint System.

1.3 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- .1 This section covers design, supply and installation of complete SRS for all systems, equipment specified for installation on this project by Division 26. This includes, but is not limited to, electrical light fixtures, transformers, MCC's, UPS, diesel generators, fire protection, conduit, communications, electrical equipment and systems, both vibration isolated and statically supported.
- .2 Cable restraint systems, rod stiffener clamps and seismic isolator capacities to be verified by an independent test laboratory. Connection materials and site specific designs to be by the Seismic Engineer. The Seismic Engineer may specify material and anchors provided by the contractor where this is appropriate. It is the contractors' responsibility to ensure that the Seismic Engineers' requirements and specification have been met

1.4 REFERENCES

- .1 Canadian Standards Association (CSA).
 - .1 CSA S832-14, Seismic Risk Reduction of Operational and Functional Components (OFCs) of Buildings.
- .2 Ontario Regulation
 - .1 ONTARIO OBC-2012, 2012 Ontario Building Code.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Electrical General Requirements.
- .2 Submit seismic restraint shop drawings, c/w seal of Professional Engineer registered in Province of Ontario, clearly identifying equipment/systems reviewed and the equipment/systems requiring restraint. Shop drawings must clearly show all forces transferred to structure.
- .3 Seismic Design Engineer shall provide a spreadsheet identifying all equipment and systems requiring or not requiring seismic restraints and include all circulations.
- .4 Submit additional copy of shop drawings and product data to project Structural Engineer for review of connection points to building structure.

1.6 MAINTENANCE DATA

.1 Provide maintenance data including monitoring requirements for incorporation into manuals specified in Section 26 05 00 - Electrical General Requirements.

1.7 SEISMIC FORCE

- .1 The Importance Factor for this project is:
 - .1 I = 1.0 All other buildings i.e.: Office & General Buildings. Note: As per OBC.

Part 2 Products

2.1 SRS MANUFACTURER

- .1 SRS to be from one manufacturer regularly engaged in production of same, 5 years experience.
- .2 Acceptable materials: Korfund-Sampson, Mason Industries, Tecoustics, Vibra-Sonic Control, Vibron.

2.2 GENERAL

- .1 Design to be by Professional Engineer specializing in design of SRS and registered in Province of Ontario. Division 26 to include all costs associated with this work as it relates to Division 26 installations.
- .2 SRS to be fully integrated into, compatible with:
 - .1 Noise and vibration controls specified elsewhere in this project specification, telecommunications.
 - .2 Structural, mechanical, electrical design of project.
- .3 During seismic event, SRS to prevent systems and equipment from causing personal injury, interfering with other systems, and from moving from normal position.
- .4 Design and installation in accordance with OBC, CSA S832.
- .5 SRS to provide gentle and steady cushioning action and avoid high impact loads.
- .6 SRS to restrain seismic forces in all directions.
- .7 Fasteners and attachment points to resist same load as seismic restraints.
- .8 SRS to be fully integrated into, compatible with:
 - .1 Expansion, anchoring and guiding requirements.
 - .2 Equipment vibration isolation and equipment SRS.
- .9 SRS utilizing cast iron, threaded pipe, other brittle materials not permitted.

- .10 Attachments to RC structure:
 - .1 Use high strength mechanical expansion anchors.
 - .2 Drilled or power driven anchors not permitted.
- .11 Seismic control measures not to interfere with integrity of firestopping.

2.3 SRS FOR STATIC EQUIPMENT, SYSTEMS

- .1 Floor-mounted equipment, systems:
 - .1 Anchor equipment to equipment supports.
 - .2 Anchor equipment supports to structure.
 - .3 Use size of bolts scheduled in approved shop drawings.
- .2 Suspended equipment, systems:
 - .1 Use one or combination of following methods:
 - .1 Install tight to structure.
 - .2 Cross-brace in all directions.
 - .3 Brace back to structure.
 - .4 Slack cable restraint system.
 - .2 SRS to prevent sway in horizontal plane, "rocking" in vertical plane, sliding and buckling in axial direction.
 - .3 Hanger rods to withstand compressive loading and buckling.

2.4 SRS FOR VIBRATION ISOLATED EQUIPMENT

- .1 Floor-mounted equipment, systems:
 - .1 Use one or combination of following methods:
 - .1 Vibration isolators with built-in snubbers.
 - .2 Vibration isolators and separate snubbers.
 - .3 Built-up snubber system approved by Engineer, consisting of structural elements and elastomeric layer.
 - .2 SRS to resist complete isolator unloading.
 - .3 SRS not to jeopardize noise and vibration isolation systems. Provide 4-8 mm clearance between seismic restraint snubbers and equipment during normal operation of equipment and systems.
 - .4 Cushioning action to be gentle and steady by utilizing elastomeric material or other means in order to avoid high impact loads.

- .2 Suspended equipment, systems:
 - .1 Use one or combination of following methods:
 - .1 Slack cable restraint system.
 - .2 Brace back to structure via vibration isolators and snubbers.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Install Seismic Restraint Systems in accordance with Seismic Engineer's and manufacturer's recommendations.
- .2 Install SRS at least 25 mm from all other equipment, systems, services
- .3 Co-ordinate connections with all disciplines.

3.2 INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATION

- .1 SRS to be inspected and certified by Manufacturer upon completion of installation.
- .2 Seismic Design Engineer shall provide written report to Engineer certifying that SRS has been installed in accordance with the SRS drawings. The report shall bear the seal and signature of the SRS Design Engineer.

3.3 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION

.1 Lab Upon completion and acceptance of certification, hand over to Engineer complete set of construction documents, revised to show "as-built" conditions.

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

.1 Common Work Results - Electrical Section 26 05 00

1.2 MATERIALS

- .1 Provide only new equipment and materials, without blemish or defect, bearing Canadian Standards Association or Authorized Electrical Inspection Department labels, and subject to the approval of the NRC Departmental Representative.
- .2 After a contract is awarded, utilize alternative methods and/or materials only after receiving the NRC Departmental Representative's approval.

Part 2 Products

2.1 BUILDING WIRES AND GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Conductor material for branch circuit wiring and grounding:
 - .1 Stranded copper.
 - .2 Neutral wire: continuous throughout its length without breaks.
 - .3 Separate insulated green grounding conductors in all electrical conduits.
 - .4 All wire and cable insulation shall meet the C.S.A. Standards for the types and services hereinafter specified. Colours as per section 4-036 of Electrical Code.
 - .5 Where otherwise specified, use wire and cable types as follows:
 - .1 Type R90 XLPE cross-link polyethylene stranded for applications using wires sized No. 8 and larger.
 - .2 Type T90 stranded for applications using wires sized No. 10 and smaller.
 - .3 For fire alarm wiring refer to Section 283100.
 - .4 Approved heat resistant wire for wiring through and at lighting and heating fixtures. Where insulation types are shown on the drawings other types shall not be used unless the specification is more restrictive.
 - .6 Use BX cable only under the following conditions:
 - .1 Wiring from a junction box to a recessed lighting fixture in suspended ceilings. Cable length not to exceed 1.5 m (5'), or
 - .2 Wiring or switches or 15 amp receptacles in partitions having removable wall panels, or
 - .3 When specifically called for on drawings.
 - .7 Use stranded wire no smaller than No. 12 AWG for lighting and power and no smaller than No. 16 AWG for control wiring.
 - .8 Conductors shall be soft copper properly refined and tinned having a minimum conductivity of 98%.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 BUILDING WIRES

- .1 Install building wires as follows:
 - .1 Make joints, taps and splices in approved boxes with solderless connectors. Joints and/or splices are not acceptable inside a panelboard.
 - .2 Ensure the lugs accommodate all the strands of the conductor.
 - .3 Replace any wire or cable showing evidence of mechanical injury.
 - .4 Use No. 10 AWG for branch circuit wiring extending more than 30 m (100 ft.) to farthest outlet from panel.
 - .5 Circuit numbers indicated on the drawing are intended as a guide for the proper connection of multi-wire circuits at the panel.
 - .6 Take care to keep the conductors free from twisting.
 - .7 Use an approved lubricant for pulling in conduit.
 - .8 Leave sufficient slack on all runs to permit proper splicing and connection of electrical devices.
 - .9 Branch circuit wiring of 120 volt applications to be multi-wire utilizing common neutrals. Under no condition shall any switch break a neutral conductor.
 - .10 Provide and install an approved fire- retardant wrap or coating for PVC jacketed cables installed in a grouped configuration of two or more.

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

.1 Section 26 05 00 - Common Work Results - Electrical.

Part 2 Products

2.1 EQUIPMENT

- .1 Clamps for grounding of conductor: size as required to electrically conductive underground water pipe.
- .2 Copper conductor: minimum 6 m long for each concrete encased electrode, bare, stranded, tinned, soft annealed, size as indicated.
- .3 Rod electrodes: copper clad steel 19 mm dia by 3 m long.
- .4 Plate electrodes: galvanized steel, surface area 0.2 m², 1.6 mm thick.
- .5 Grounding conductors: bare stranded copper, tinned, soft annealed, size as indicated.
- .6 Insulated grounding conductors: green, type RW90.
- .7 Ground bus: copper, size as indicated, complete with insulated supports, fastenings, connectors.
- .8 Non-corroding accessories necessary for grounding system, type, size, material as indicated, including but not necessarily limited to:
 - .1 Grounding and bonding bushings.
 - .2 Protective type clamps.
 - .3 Bolted type conductor connectors.
 - .4 Thermit welded type conductor connectors.
 - .5 Bonding jumpers, straps.
 - .6 Pressure wire connectors.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION GENERAL

- .1 Install complete permanent, continuous grounding system including, electrodes, conductors, connectors, accessories. Where EMT is used, run ground wire in conduit.
- .2 Install connectors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .3 Protect exposed grounding conductors from mechanical injury.
- .4 Use mechanical connectors for grounding connections to equipment provided with lugs.

- .5 Soldered joints not permitted.
- .6 Install bonding wire for flexible conduit, connected at one end to grounding bushing, solderless lug, clamp or cup washer and screw. Neatly cleat bonding wire to exterior of flexible conduit.
- .7 Install flexible ground straps for bus duct enclosure joints, where such bonding is not inherently provided with equipment.
- .8 Make grounding connections in radial configuration only, with connections terminating at single grounding point. Avoid loop connections.
- .9 Bond single conductor, metallic armoured cables to cabinet at supply end, and provide non-metallic entry plate at load end.

3.2 SYSTEM AND CIRCUIT GROUNDING

.1 Install system and circuit grounding connections to neutral of secondary 208 V system.

3.3 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

.1 Install grounding connections to typical equipment included in, but not necessarily limited to following list. Service equipment, transformers, switchgear, duct systems, frames of motors, motor control centres, starters, control panels, building steel work, generators, elevators and escalators, distribution panels, outdoor lighting.

3.4 COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

- .1 Install grounding connections for telephone, sound, fire alarm, intercommunication systems as follows:
 - .1 Telephones: make telephone grounding system in accordance with telephone company's requirements.
 - .2 Sound, fire alarm, intercommunication systems as indicated.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with Section 26 05 00 Common Work Results Electrical.
- .2 Perform ground continuity and resistance tests using method appropriate to site conditions and to approval of NRC Departmental Representative.
- .3 Perform tests before energizing electrical system.
- .4 Disconnect ground fault indicator during tests.

Part 1 General

1.1 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 00 10 00.
- .2 Submit stamped engineered drawings for structures supporting transformers on walls or other structures other than the floor.
- .3 Prior to any installation of circuit breakers in either a new or existing installation, Contractor must submit three (3) copies of a certificate of origin, from the manufacturer, duly signed by the factory and the local manufacturer's representative, certifying that all circuit breakers come from this manufacturer, they are new and they meet standards and regulations. These certificates must be submitted to the Departmental Representative for approval.
 - .1 The above applies to all breakers rated above 240V.
 - .2 The above applies to all breakers rated up to 240V and 100A or more.
- .4 A delay in the production of the certificate of origin won't justify any extension of the contract and additional compensation.
- .5 Any work of manufacturing, assembly or installation should begin only after acceptance of the certificate of origin by Departmental Representative. Unless complying with this requirement, Departmental Representative reserves the right to mandate the manufacturer listed on circuit breakers to authenticate all new circuit breakers under the contract at the Contractor's expense.
- .6 In general, the certificate of origin must contain:
 - .1 The name and address of the manufacturer and the person responsible for authentication. The responsible person must sign and date the certificate;
 - .2 The name and address of the licensed dealer and the person of the distributor responsible for the Contractor's account.
 - .3 The name and address of the Contractor and the person responsible for the project.
 - .4 The name and address of the local manufacturer's representative. The local representative must sign and date the certificate.
 - .5 The name and address of the building where circuit breakers will be installed:
 - .1 Project title.
 - .2 End user's reference number.
 - .3 The list of circuit breakers.

1.2 IDENTIFICATION

.1 Identification as per Section 26 05 00.

Part 2 Products

2.1 DISCONNECT SWITCHES, FUSED AND NON-FUSED

- .1 Fusible and non-fusible disconnect switches in EEMAC Enclosure as indicated.
- .2 Provision for padlocking in "OFF" switch position.
- .3 Mechanical voidable door interlock in "ON" position.
- .4 Fuses: size and type as indicated.
- .5 Fuseholders in each switch to be suitable without adaptors, for type and size of fuse indicated.
- .6 Quick-make, quick-break action.
- .7 "ON-OFF" switch position indication on switch enclosure cover.
- .8 Standard of acceptance: Square D, Cutler-Hammer, Siemens, ABB.

2.2 GROUNDING

- .1 Insulated grounding conductors in accordance with Section 26 05 00.
- .2 Compression connectors for grounding to equipment provided with lugs.

2.3 DRY TYPE TRANSFORMER

- .1 Type ANN, C802.2.
- .2 Single or three phase, KVA rating, input and output voltage as indicated.
- .3 Class 200, 130°C temperature rise insulation rating for 15kva and 30kva transformer. Class 220, 150°C temperature rise insulation system for other sizes.
- .4 Copper windings.
- .5 Four 2.5% taps, 2-FCAN and 2-FCBN.
- .6 EEMAC 1 enclosure with lifting lugs, removable metal front and side panels.
- .7 Drip shield.
- .8 Standard of acceptance: Hammond or approved equal.

2.4 PANELBOARDS

- .1 600 volt rated power panelboards: bus and breakers rated for 25,000 amp r.m.s. symmetrical interrupting capacity at 600V or as indicated.
- .2 250 volt lighting panelboards to have minimum interrupting capacity of 10,000 amp r.m.s. symmetrical.

- .3 Panelboards that have a main breaker indicated in plan shall be service entranced approved (i.e. barrier to separate main breaker from remainder of panels).
- .4 Sequence phase bussing with odd numbered breakers on left and even on right, with each breaker identified by permanent number identification as to circuit number and phase.
- .5 Panelboards: mains, number of circuits, number and size of branch circuit breakers as indicated.
- .6 Two keys for each panelboard and all panelboards to be keyed alike.
- .7 Copper bus, neutral and ground bar with neutral of same ampere rating as mains.
- .8 Suitable for: plug-in breaker for molded case circuit breaker, bolt-on breakers for miniature circuit breaker
- .9 Hinged door, trim finish: baked grey enamel.
- .10 Drip shield.
- .11 Surface mount with hinge door, unless otherwise indicated on drawing.
- .12 Complete circuit directory with typewritten legend showing description of each circuit.
- .13 Manufacturer: Square D or approved equal.

2.5 MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKER

- .1 Thermal-magnetic moulded case circuit breakers, quick-make, quick-break type, for manual and automatic operation with temperature compensation for 40°C ambient.
- .2 Common-trip breakers with single handle for multiple applications.
- .3 All new 120V to 600V circuit breakers installed on this project are to include the handle accessory, "Handle Padlock Attachment", which locks breakers on or off.
- .4 Magnetic instantaneous trip elements in circuit breakers, to operate only when the value of current reaches 10 times their setting.
- .5 Circuit breaker and panel to be of same manufacturer.
 - Circuit breakers minimum interrupt rating: 25KA for 600/347V or greater if indicated.
- .6 Electronic trip unit as indicated by drawing.
 - LI: long time and instantaneous
 - LSI: long time, short time and instantaneous
 - LSIG: long time, short time, instantaneous and grounding

A: with Ammeter

E: with energy meter

- .7 On board control power for trip unit
- .8 Standard of acceptance: Square D or approved equal.

2.6 FUSES

- .1 250V and 600V time delay, rejection style, HRC-I, Class RK5.
- .2 Standard of acceptance: Gould-Shawmut or approved equal.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 DISCONNECT SWITCHES

.1 Install disconnect switches complete with fuses as indicated.

3.2 GROUNDING

- .1 Install complete permanent, continuous, system and circuit, equipment, grounding systems including, conductors, compression connectors, accessories, as indicated, to conform to requirements of Engineer, and local authority having jurisdiction over installation. Where EMT is used, run ground wire in conduit.
- .2 Install connectors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- .3 Protect exposed grounding conductors from mechanical injury.
- .4 Soldered joints not permitted.

3.3 DRY TYPE TRANSFORMER

- .1 Transformers above 75 kVA mount on floor.
- .2 Provide adequate clearance around transformer for ventilation.
- .3 Install transformers in level upright position.
- .4 Remove shipping supports only after transformer is installed and just before putting into service.
- .5 Loosen isolation pad bolts until no compression is visible.
- .6 Make primary and secondary connections shown on wiring diagram.
- .7 Energize transformers immediately after installation is completed, where practicable.
- .8 Provide equipment identification in accordance with Section 26 05 00.

.9 Connect transformer through side of housing.

3.4 PANELBOARDS

- .1 Locate panelboards as indicated and mount securely, plumb, and square, to adjoining surfaces.
- .2 Mount panels to height specified in section 26 27 26 or as indicated.
- .3 Connect loads to circuits as indicated.
- .4 Connect neutral conductors to common neutral bus.

3.5 MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

.1 Install circuit breakers as indicated.

3.6 FUSES

- .1 Install fuses in mounting devices immediately before energizing circuit.
- .2 Install fuses correctly sized to assigned electrical circuits.
- .3 Provide 3 spare fuses for each rating supplied.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED WORK

.1 Motors and controls to Sections 26 22 19, 26 29 03 & 26 29 10.

1.2 MATERIALS

- .1 Provide only new equipment and materials, without blemish or defect, bearing Canadian Standards Association or Authorized Electrical Inspection Department labels, and subject to the approval of the NRC Departmental Representative.
- .2 After a contract is awarded, utilize alternative methods and/or materials only after receiving the NRC Departmental Representative's approval.

1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

.1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 00 10 00.

1.4 IDENTIFICATION

.1 Identification as per Section 26 05 00.

Part 2 Products

2.1 WIRING DEVICES

- .1 Switches:
 - .1 Specification grade, shallow body, designed to withstand high inductive fluorescent loads CSA C22.2 No. 55.
 - .2 Number of poles as indicated.
 - .3 Captive mounting screws, quiet safe mechanical action with rust-proofed mounting strap and silver alloy contact points.
 - .4 Toggle actuated, colour white unless otherwise indicated.
 - .5 Brass screw terminals rated 20 AMP at 125 volt.
 - .6 Standard of acceptance: Hubbell, Leviton.
- .2 LED occupancy sensor (ceiling mounted):
 - .1 120V, suitable for use with installed light fixture.
 - .2 Dual Technology.
 - .3 360° coverage pattern.
 - .4 No minimum load requirements.
 - .5 Adjustable delayed-OFF time.
 - .6 No field calibration or sensitivity adjustments required.
 - .7 Fire year warranty.
 - .8 Standard of acceptance: Diversa WOR or equivalent approved by NRC Departmental Representative.

.3 Receptacles:

- .1 Duplex type, CSA type 5-15R, 125 volt, 15A, U ground, specification grade with the following features:
 - .1 Flush type with parallel blade slots.
 - .2 Double-wiping contacts.
 - .3 Double-grounding terminals.
 - .4 Break-off feature for separate feeds.
 - .5 One piece body, colour white unless otherwise indicated.
- .2 Special receptacles with ampacity and voltage as indicated.
- .3 Receptacles of one manufacturer throughout the project.

.4 Cover Plates:

- .1 Cover plates for wiring devices.
- .2 Smooth white plastic for wiring devices mounted in flush-mounted outlet box.
- .3 Sheet metal cover plates for wiring devices mounted in surface-mounted outlet box.
- .4 Multi-outlet covers as indicated.
- .5 Splitters, Junction Boxes & Cabinets:
 - .1 Sheet metal enclosure, welded corners and formed cover, provided as required.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 LOCATION OF OUTLETS

- .1 The number and general location of outlets for lighting, power, telephones, etc., are to be as shown on the drawings. Install all outlets accurately and uniformly with respect to building details. When centering outlets, make allowance for overhead pipes, ducts, etc. and for variations in wall or ceiling finish, window trim, etc. Reinstall incorrectly installed outlets at no cost to the Owner. Make field power and control connections as indicated.
- .2 The location of all outlets as shown on the plans are approximate and are subject to change, up to 3m (10') without extra cost or credit provided the information is given prior to the installation of the outlet.
- .3 Unless otherwise specified, locate light switches on latch side of doors. Determine the direction of all door swings from the architectural drawings or on site, not from the electrical drawings.

3.2 MOUNTING HEIGHTS

- .1 Mounting height of equipment is from finished floor to centreline of equipment unless specified or indicated otherwise.
- .2 If mounting height of equipment is not indicated verify before proceeding with installation.

- .3 Generally, locate outlets as follows: (except those otherwise shown on the drawings):
 - .1 Local switches 1.1m (3'-7") to centreline.
 - .2 Wall receptacles 400mm (1'-4") to centreline.
 - .3 Fan coil speed control switch 1.2m (3'-11") to centreline.

3.3 WIRING DEVICES

- .1 Install wiring devices as follows:
 - .1 Where more than one local device is shown at one location, they are to be set under one cover plate.
 - .2 Install single throw switches with handle in "up" position when switch closed.
 - .3 Devices in gang type outlet box when more than one device is required in one location.
 - .4 Protect stainless steel cover plate finish with paper or plastic film until painting and other work is finished.
 - .5 Do not use cover plates meant for flush outlet boxes on surface-mounted boxes.
 - .6 Install metal barriers where required.
 - .7 Remove insulation carefully from ends of conductors and connect wiring as required.
 - .8 Bond and ground as required.

3.4 SPLITTERS AND DEVICES

- .1 Installation of splitters, junction boxes, pull boxes & cabinets as follows:
 - .1 Mount plumb, true and square to the building lines.
 - .2 Install in inconspicuous but accessible locations.
 - .3 Install pull boxes so as not to exceed 30 m (100') of conduit run between boxes or as indicated.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

.1 Common Work Results - Electrical Section 26 05 00

1.2 MATERIALS

- .1 Provide only new equipment and materials, without blemish or defect, bearing Canadian Standards Association or Authorized Electrical Inspection Department labels, and subject to the approval of the NRC Departmental Representative.
- .2 After a contract is awarded, utilize alternative methods and/or materials only after receiving the NRC Departmental Representative's approval.

1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- .1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 001000.
- .2 Submit complete photometric data prepared by independent testing laboratory for luminaires where specified, for review by NRC Departmental Representative.

Part 2 Products

2.1 FINISHES

- .1 Baked enamel finish.
 - .1 Metal surfaces of luminaire housing and reflectors finished with high gloss powder coated baked enamel applied after fabrication to give smooth uniform appearance, free from pinholes or defects.

2.2 METAL SURFACES

.1 Metal surfaces to be minimum 20 gauge steel.

2.3 LIGHT CONTROL DEVICES

.1 All luminaire lenses to be injection moulded clear virgin acrylic unless otherwise noted.

2.4 LUMINAIRES

- .1 LED
 - .1 Type 1:
 - .1 120V 305mm x 1220mm, 40W-47W, suitable for recessed mounting in T-bar ceiling.
 - .2 Rigid die embossed steel housing, 100mm deep, powder coated housing.
 - .3 5-year warranty.
 - .4 Removable LED boards and driver for ease of service/replacement.

- .5 Rated to deliver L80 performance for 50,000 hours.
- .6 4000k colour temperature, minimum 4000 Lumen output.
- .7 Standard of acceptance: Lithonia GTL-4-40L-LP840 or equivalent approved by the NRC Departmental Representative.

.2 Type 3:

- .1 120V, 1220mm long, LED linear strip, suitable for surface or suspended mounting.
- .2 5-year warranty.
- .3 Rated to deliver L70 performance for 100,000 hours.
- .4 4000k colour temperature, minimum 3800 lumen output.
- .5 Standard of acceptance: Philips Fluxstream LF-4-FR-39-40-U-LAG or equivalent approved by the NRC Departmental Representative.

.2 LED Pot light

- .1 Type 2:
 - .1 l20V, 150mm open LED downlight, suitable for recessed mounting in drywall ceiling.
 - .2 5-year warranty.
 - .3 4000k colour temperature, 82 CRI, minimum 1500 lumen output.
 - .4 Standard of acceptance: Lithonia Reality REAL6C6D-MW-ESL-1500L-35K-.95SC-120 or equivalent approved by the NRC Departmental Representative.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Supply and install all lighting fixtures complete with lamps, switches, supports, etc., to provide a complete working lighting system.
- .2 Locate and install luminaires as indicated.

3.2 LUMINAIRE SUPPORTS

- .1 For suspended ceiling installations support each luminaire, including exit lights and pot lights, independently of the ceiling support system with separate chains at each end. No. 80 steel sash chain minimum.
- .2 Unless otherwise specified support fluorescent luminaires mounted in continuous rows once every 3.6 m (12').

3.3 WIRING

.1 Connect luminaires to lighting circuits directly for exit fixtures and exterior floodlights.

3.4 LUMINAIRE ALIGNMENT

.1 Align luminaires mounted in continuous rows to form a straight uninterrupted line.

.2 Align luminaires mounted individually parallel or perpendicular to building grid lines as shown on drawing.

3.5 EXTERIOR FLOODLIGHTS

- .1 Install floodlights in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and as indicated.
- .2 Aim energized floodlights as indicated during darkness and in the presence of the NRC Departmental Representative.

3.6 PHOTOELECTRIC LIGHTING CONTROL

.1 Install photoelectric controls in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

END OF SECTION

Part 1 General

1.1 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

.1 Common Work Results - Electrical Section 26 05 00

1.2 MATERIALS

- .1 Provide only new equipment and materials, without blemish or defect, bearing Canadian Standards Association or Authorized Electrical Inspection Department labels, and subject to the approval of the NRC Departmental Representative.
- .2 After a contract is awarded, utilize alternative methods and/or materials only after receiving the NRC Departmental Representative's approval.

1.3 SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

.1 Submit shop drawings and product data in accordance with Section 00 10 00.

1.4 SCOPE OF WORK

.1 Supply and install all required material, equipment and labour to provide the fire alarm changes and additions as shown on the drawings and indicated by this section of the specification.

1.5 CONTRACTOR QULIFICATION

.1 The contractor must ensure the supervisor, site foreman and electrician working on site hold valid fire alarm certificate.

1.6 REFERENCES

- .1 Government of Canada
 - .1 TB OSH Chapter 3-03, [latest edition], Treasury Board of Canada, Occupational Safety and Health, Chapter 3-03, Standard for Fire protection Electronic Data Processing Equipment.
 - .2 TB OSH Chapter 3-04, [latest edition], Treasury Board of Canada, Occupational Safety and Health, Chapter 3-04, Standard for Fire Alarm Systems.
- .2 Treasury Board: Fire Protection Standard effective April 1, 2010
- .3 Health Canada/Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS)
 - .1 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- .4 Underwriter's Laboratories of Canada (ULC)
 - .1 CAN/ULC-S524-14, Standard for the Installation of Fire Alarm Systems.
 - .2 CAN/ULC-S525-16, Audible Signal Device for Fire Alarm Systems.
 - .3 CAN/ULC-S527-11, Control Units for Fire Alarm Sytems.

- .4 CAN/ULC-S536-13, Inspection and Testing of Fire Alarm Systems.
- .5 CAN/ULC-S537-13, Verification of Fire Alarm Systems.
- .5 National Fire Protection Agency
 - .1 NFPA 72-[latest edition], National Fire Alarm Code.
 - .2 NFPA 90A-[latest edition], Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.

Part 2 Products

2.1 AUDIBLE, VISUAL DEVICES

- .1 Fire bell DC polarized vibrating type, 150 mm (6") size, red and rated for 24VDC, 0.15 A, 92db at 3 m (10'). Edwards model No. 439D-6AWC.
- .2 Conventional system.
- .3 Visual Device:
 - .1 Fire alarm strobe only, red in colour.
 - .2 Adjustable cd output of 15, 20, 75 & 110.
 - .3 Red with red trim ring.
 - .4 Include Synchronization module to synchronize strobes.
 - .5 Standard of acceptance: Chubb Edwards G1R-VM.

2.2 CONDUIT AND WIRING

- .1 Raceway to be 21mm EMT unless indicated otherwise on the drawings. Wiring between junction box on underside of slab and heat detector junction box in T-bar ceiling to be 21mm flexible conduit.
- .2 All wiring is to be colour coded to match existing system and is to be of stranded copper.
- .3 Zone wiring is to be #16 TEW colour coded stranded copper.
- .4 Signal wiring to be sized to take into account voltage drop and is not to be smaller than #12 TW colour coded stranded copper.
- .5 Bell All signal circuit wiring to be class "A" using 4#16 TW (or larger) colour coded stranded copper wires. Where series 6 VAC series bells are used, two #12 TW colour coded stranded copper wires are to be used and the bells are to be connected in series.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 MOUNTING OF EQUIPMENT

- .1 Recess mount equipment in all areas except where specified in unfinished areas.
 - .1 Fire alarm bells 2.1m (7'-0") to centreline.

- .2 Mounting heights from floor level to centerline of equipment are as follows:
 - .1 Fire alarm bells, horns, strobes 2.1m (7'-0") to centreline.

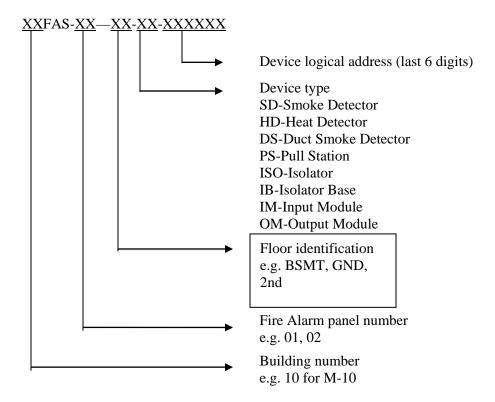
3.2 CONDUIT AND WIRING

- .1 All conduit to include a #16 TW stranded copper green ground wire.
- .2 Use only uninsulated ring-type STA-KON lugs on screw connections.
- .3 Run conduit tight along underside of ceiling slab or roof deck, unless noted otherwise on drawings.
- .4 In rooms having false ceilings, each fire detection device is to have one junction box secured to the underside of the ceiling slab or roof deck and another firmly supported to the false ceiling tile. The junction box connected to the fire alarm device is not to be used as a raceway for connection to other devices. All splices and routing to other fire alarm devices is to be from the junction box mounted on the underside of the ceiling slab or roof deck.
- .5 Use Tee bar electrical box hangers (Caddy #51224 for 610mm T-bar spacing) to mount heat detectors on T-bar ceiling tiles.
- .6 Install a maximum of 1.5 m (5'-0") 3/4" (21mm) flexible conduit where a heat detector is installed on T-bar ceiling tiles. This is to allow the ceiling tile, having the device, to be shifted two feet either direction for access above the ceiling.
- .7 Leave 6 inch loops of wire in all junction boxes.
- .8 For new installations, no splicing of wires is to be made.
- .9 For renovations, splices may be made in junction boxes other than those at heat detectors after receiving approval of the NRC Departmental Representative. All splices must be soldered and taped.
- .10 Upon awarding of the contract, the NRC Departmental Representative shall provide the contractor with the standard wiring diagram for detection devices, A-7481.
- .11 Prior to installing raceways, submit to the NRC Departmental Representative a proposed method and layout of conduit for approval.

3.3 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- .1 Label each manual alarm station and each audible signal device with its unique identification number as per drawings. Use lamicoid nameplates as per Section 26 05 00.
- .2 Label each initiating device use P-Touch type as per Section 26 05 00. Devices are to be numbered per the format shown below.

Example M-10 fire alarm #1 Heat detector 000001 10FAS-01-GND-HD-000001



- .3 Refer to 26 05 00 for fire alarm conduit color coding.
- .4 Label wires as per drawing and as per Section. 26 05 00.
- .5 Update remote annunciator panels and fire alarm panel zone directories if new zones are added to the system.

3.4 SCHEDULING OF SHUTDOWNS

.1 Make written shutdown request to the NRC Departmental Representative at least 48 hours in advance. Acceptance of shutdown request will be determined by the NRC Departmental Representative based on building user needs. Fire alarm systems are to be shut down by NRC staff only. **Contractor is not to shutdown system on their own.**

3.5 INTEGRATION INTO SYSTEM MONITORING AT BUILDING M-1

Presently all NRC buildings in Ottawa report back their fire alarm status to the M1 building central monitoring station. The monitoring station consists of a computer graphics terminal showing building layouts of each building, and is linked on an internal NRC network. The new fire alarm system under this contract must communicate all

addressable input points to the existing computer graphics monitoring station, Fireworks by Chubb Edwards. All required modifications to the existing Fireworks station are to be included in this tender.

- .1 Conventional (non-addressable) devices:
 - .1 Integrate any new zones installed as part of this project into the monitoring system at building M-1. This is to be done by factory trained technician.
 - .2 Remove from the monitoring system at building M-1 any zones removed as part of this project.
 - .3 Make appropriate changes to the monitoring system at building M-1 to reflect any zone location changes as appropriate.
 - .4 All work on the monitoring system at building M-1 is to be done by factory trained technician.

3.6 ACCEPTANCE TEST

- .1 Perform tests in accordance with the latest regulations and in the presence of the NRC Departmental Representative and the representative of the regulating authority.
- .2 Test each device and alarm circuit to ensure manual alarm stations, thermal and smoke detectors transmit alarms to control panel and actuate alarm.
- .3 Check annunciator panels to ensure that the correct zones are activated.
- .4 Simulate grounds and breaks on alarm and signalling circuits to ensure proper operation of trouble signals.
- .5 Record amperage drawn by audible signal device circuits if new audible signal devices have been added to the circuit.
- .6 Give the NRC Departmental Representative one set of marked in red prints labelled "As Built".
- .7 Provide the NRC Departmental Representative with a letter of verification from the manufacturer of the equipment stating that the equipment supplied under this contract has been installed as per the latest CAN/ULC S537 and CAN/ULC-S524 standards and as per the latest edition of the Ontario Building Code.
- .8 For new fire alarm systems provide the NRC Departmental Representative with a certificate of verification stating that the equipment has been installed as per the latest CAN/ULC-S537 and CAN/ULC-S524 standards and as per the latest edition of the National Building Code.

END OF SECTION



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National Research Council Canada 1200 Montreal Road, Building M-19, Room 340 Ottawa Ontario, K1A 0R6 August 11, 2017

Attention: Isabelle D'Amour-Tanguay, Project Manager

RE: Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey

Washroom Renovation Project

Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON

DST File No.: GV-OT-028813

1.0 INTRODUCTION

DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (DST) was retained by the National Research Council (NRC) to conduct a Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey (DSS) for the Washroom Renovation Project at Building M-06, located at the NRC Campus, 1200 Montreal Road, in Ottawa, ON.

The Designated Substances Report is required under the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act in order to identify designated substances that may be present within the project area. The Canada Labour Code also stipulates under Part II, Section 124 that every employer shall ensure that the health and safety at work of every person employed by the employer is protected. By having a DSS conducted, NRC will be able to inform his or her employees, contractors, and tenants of any designated substances that may be present and possibly disturbed throughout the planned renovation work.

DST staff completed a visual inspection of building materials for the presence of suspected designated substances and select hazardous materials in the areas of Building M-06 that will be affected by the project on May 24, 2017.

2.0 SCOPE OF WORK

The survey implemented by DST included the 11 designated substances listed in Section 30 of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, R.S.O. 1990, Chapter 0.1. Designated Substances, as identified under the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act, are as follows:

- Acrylonitrile;
- Arsenic;
- Asbestos-Containing Materials (ACMs) both friable and non-friable;
- Benzene;
- Coke Oven Emissions;
- Ethylene Oxide;
- Isocyanates;
- Lead;
- Mercury;
- Silica; and
- Vinyl Chloride.

Other Hazardous Materials which are not classified as Designated Substances, but were included as part of the survey and considered pertinent due to applicable regulations, best practice guidelines and/or potential risks to human health and/or the environment, are:

- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs);
- Mould:
- Ozone-depleting substances; and
- Other hazardous materials, as deemed pertinent.

3.0 METHODOLOGY

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The field program for this survey was completed by DST on May 24, 2017. The survey was non-destructive in nature and limited to areas within Building M-06 that may be affected by washroom renovation project. The project areas are as follows:

- The existing men's washroom located on the 2nd level;
- The area in between Room 207 and the 3rd level staircase where the woman's washroom will be constructed;
- The crawlspace in between the 1st and 2nd levels; and
- The ceiling and ceiling space of Room 108.

Materials suspected of containing designated substances were visually identified, based on the surveyor's knowledge of the historical composition of building products. Visual identification of materials suspected to contain asbestos was supported by the collection and analysis of a limited number of representative samples, where applicable. Materials suspected of containing designated substances other than asbestos and lead in paint were identified by appearance, age, and knowledge of historical applications. Equipment that may contain polychlorinated biphenyls (e.g. electrical transformers and fluorescent light ballasts) can often be identified by examining manufacturer's labels.

In Ontario, a material is defined as an Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM) if the material has a minimum asbestos content of 0.5 per cent (%) by dry weight, as O. Reg. 278/05, as amended. ACMs can be divided into two categories: friable and non-friable material. A friable ACM is a material that can be crumbled, powdered, or pulverized by hand pressure and can readily release fibres when disturbed. Common applications of friable ACMs are sprayed or trowelled surfacing materials (e.g. sprayed fireproofing and textured coatings) as well as mechanical and thermal insulation. Non-friable materials are materials that will generally release fibres only when cut or shaped. Common non-friable ACMs include vinyl floor products, caulking applications, asbestos textile products and asbestos cement products (transite). Some of these products may become friable with time or when disturbed.

Twenty-four (24) representative bulk samples of suspected ACMs were collected by DST during the site investigation. Samples were collected in order to meet the bulk sampling requirements stipulated in O.Reg. 278/05, as amended. The bulk samples were submitted to and analyzed by Paracel Laboratories Ltd. (Paracel). Paracel is an accredited laboratory through the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (CALA) and the NVLAP. All bulk samples were analyzed using a combination of dispersion staining and polarised light microscopy (PLM). This analytical method complies with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Method 600/R-93/116 dated July 1993, which is the regulatory approved protocol for bulk asbestos analysis in Ontario.

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With regards to lead in paint, although the Ontario Ministry of Labour (MoL) has published a guideline for control of lead exposures on construction projects in Ontario, it does not include criteria for the classification of lead-paint. Instead, it uses presumed airborne lead concentrations for specific tasks as criteria for classifying work. However, in regulations set by the United States (U.S.) Department of Housing and Urban Development, lead-based paint is classified as any paint application containing at least 1.0 milligrams of lead per square centimetre of surface area (1.0 mg/cm²), or at least 0.5% lead content by weight [(5,000 parts per million (ppm)]. This criterion was widely, although not universally, used in Canada. In Canada, the Federal Canada Consumer Product Safety Act's *Surface Coating Materials Regulations SOR/2005-109* has lowered the allowable concentration of lead in paints for new consumer products to 0.009% lead content by weight (90 ppm). For the purposes of the survey and this report, paint applications having detectable concentrations of lead are considered to be lead-containing.

Two (2) paint samples were collected by DST for lead content analysis during the site investigation. All other paints encountered in the project area were in good condition and sampling could not occur without matrix interference (i.e. removing the paint without the substrate material).

Selected photographs are included in Appendix A. Bulk asbestos analytical results are included in Appendix B.

4.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION REVIEW

Prior to the commencement of field work, DST project personnel reviewed past hazardous materials bulk sampling documentation, as pertinent to the project areas. As part of the project, DST reviewed the following report:

• Designated Substances Survey, Building M-06, Ottawa, ON. Prepared by Oakhill Environmental, March 2007.

DST referenced the identifiable and applicable sampling and analytical results of the abovenoted documentation. DST's field program included the sampling of previously identified ACMs when necessary to meet sampling requirements of O. Reg. 278/05, as amended. DST also sampled any additional suspected ACMs identified and the documented any other Designated Substances encountered.

5.0 FINDINGS

5.1. Asbestos

Based on laboratory analysis, the following materials contain regulated concentrations of asbestos in the project area:

- Approximately twenty-four (24) square metres of non-friable fibreboard wall material, in good condition, located on the south wall of Room 207 contains 20% Chrysotile asbestos (DST Sample 28813-06A).
- Less than one half (0.5) metre of friable cardboard wrap pipe insulation debris located on the upper ceiling tile surface in the men's washroom contains 30% Chrysotile asbestos (DST Sample 28813-05A).

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- Approximately three (3) linear metres of friable cardboard pipe wrap insulation associated with air handling unit UNH04/06UNH04 located on the top of Office 108 contains 30% Chrysotile asbestos (DST Sample 28813-05A), observed in good condition.
- Eight (8) friable grey cement compound pipe fittings, associated with UNH04/06UNH04 located on the top above Office 108 contain 65% Chrysotile asbestos (DST Samples 28813-09A), observed in good condition.
- Approximately one (1) square metre of non-friable white caulking associated with the asbestos-containing fibreboard on the south wall of Room 207 contains 5% Chrysotile asbestos (DST Sample 28813-07A), observed in good condition.
- Approximately sixteen (16) square metres of non-friable, black mastic applied to concrete associated with 12"x12" vinyl floor tiles beige with white speckles, located in the 2nd level existing men's washroom contains 5% Chrysotile asbestos (DST Sample 28813-01 A, mastic layer). The vinyl tiles themselves should also be considered asbestos-containing as the mastic layer cannot be effectively separated.
- Cast iron drainpipe joint caulking is suspected to be asbestos-containing. Samples were not collected by DST to avoid compromising the drainpipe waterproof seals.

Bulk sampling and/or onsite visual observations has confirmed that the following materials <u>do</u> <u>not contain</u> regulated concentrations of asbestos in the project area:

- Terra-cotta mortar; (DST Samples 28813-02A-C);
- Drywall joint compound (DST Samples 28813-03A-C)
- Beige marble pattern vinyl sheet located on the wall of the men's washroom (DST Samples 28813-04A-C));
- Concrete block mortar located in the crawl space between Levels 1 and 2 (DST Samples 28813-08A-C);
- 1'x1' pressed wood ceiling tiles located in the men's washroom;
- 2'x4' pinhole ceiling tiles located in Office 108 (manufacturer date stamp of 2008 postdates the use of asbestos in building materials); and
- Fibreglass insulation on air handling ducts, piping and fittings in the project area.

5.2. Lead

Based on visual observations and bulk sampling analytical results for samples collected by DST, the following paint contains concentrations of lead greater than the Federal Canada Consumer Product Safety Act's limit of 90 ppm:

• Grey floor paint, containing 2,890 parts per million (ppm) of lead, located on concrete floors throughout the project areas (DST sample 28813-LP-02).

No other lead paint samples were collected by DST for lead content analysis, as other paints and surface coatings encountered in the project areas were in good condition and sampling without matrix interference (i.e. removing the paint without the substrate material) would have proved difficult. All other paints and surface coatings in the project areas shall be assumed to

contain detectable concentrations of lead, unless specific bulk sampling and laboratory analysis confirms otherwise.

Light blue paint located on the exterior walls of the men's washroom did not contain detectable concentrations of lead (DST Sample 28813-lp-01).

Lead is also suspected to be present in the following materials:

Ceramic tile glazing;

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- Joint filler between terrazzo floor slabs;
- Cast-iron drainpipe joint caulking;
- Solder on the joints of copper piping and eavestroughs; and
- · Emergency light batteries.

5.3. Mercury

Mercury is suspected to be present in the following equipment:

- Fluorescent light fixtures containing fluorescent light tubes were observed. Fluorescent light tubes contain mercury in a vapour form and in the phosphor coating on the lamp tube; and
- The tilt switch mechanism in wall-mounted Thermostats.

5.4. Silica

Based on the historical composition of building materials, silica is expected to be present in:

- Mortars,
- Terra cotta block;
- · Concrete and cement materials;
- Ceramic tile;
- Vinyl floor tiles;
- Drywall;
- and
- 2'x4' ceiling tiles.

5.5. Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs), also known as Chlorobiphenyls, are hazardous chemicals which were used in the manufacturing of a variety of equipment, such as electrical equipment, heat exchangers, hydraulic systems, and for several other specialized applications. PCBs are commonly found within electrical ballasts manufactured prior to 1981, found within fluorescent light fixtures and high intensity discharge lamps.

Light fixtures with T12 lamps are more likely to contain ballasts that were manufactured prior to 1981. T8 lamps are associated with light fixtures that were manufactured after the phase-out of

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PCB-containing ballasts. The letter "T" denotes the shape of the light fixture (e.g. tubular) and the number which follows indicates the diameter in eights of an inch.

DST did not disassemble any of the light fixtures in the project areas to identify the presence of ballasts, as the light fixtures were energized at the time of site visit. Based on limited visual observations, DST observed T12 and T8 lamps throughout the project areas. Light fixtures with T12 light ballasts are suspected to contain PCBs, until proven otherwise.

5.6. Mould

Approximately two (2) square metres of suspected mould growth was visually identified above the ceiling space on the ceiling and north wall of Office 108.

5.7. Other Designated Substances and Hazardous Materials

The following Designated Substances and Hazardous Materials were neither observed, nor suspected of being present, in forms or quantities that would impact the renovation work:

- Acrylonitrile;
- Arsenic:
- Benzene;
- Coke Oven Emissions;
- Ethylene Oxide;
- Isocyanates;
- Vinyl Chloride; and
- Ozone-depleting substances (ODSs).

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the site investigation, sampling and analysis, the following Designated Substances and hazardous materials are present in forms and quantities expected to have a measurable impact on the Washroom Renovation Project at the NRC Building M-06:

- Asbestos;
- Lead;
- Mercury;
- Silica:
- PCBs; and
- Mould.

DST's recommendations for each material, which are based upon both regulatory compliance and best practice guidelines, are included in the following sections below.

6.1. Asbestos

The disturbance of asbestos-containing materials on construction and demolition projects in the province of Ontario is governed by *O. Reg. 278/05, Asbestos on Construction Projects and in Buildings and Repair Operations* enabled under the *Occupational Health and Safety Act (R.S.O. 1990, Chapter 0.1),* as amended. This regulation classifies all asbestos disturbances as either

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Low Risk (Type 1), Moderate Risk (Type 2), or High Risk (Type 3), each of which has defined precautionary measures. All asbestos materials are subject to specific handling and disposal precautions, and must be removed prior to demolition or renovation. The Ontario Ministry of Labour (MOL) must be notified of any project involving removal of more than a minor amount (e.g. typically one square metre) of friable asbestos material.

Identified asbestos-containing friable pipe fitting insulation and cardboard wrap insulation require a minimum of Type 2 abatement procedures under Ontario Regulation 278/05, as amended, when disturbing/removing/repairing one (1) square metre or less of this material. Should renovation or disturbance be required of more than one (1) square metre of friable ACM, Type 3 abatement procedures are required. It should also be noted that pipe insulation and/or pipe fitting insulation in good condition can be removed using Type 2 glove-bag procedures, provided the glove-bag seal can be maintained throughout the removal and cleaning process. If these conditions cannot be met, then more stringent procedures will be required.

Asbestos containing friable cardboard pipe wrap insulation was observed above the ceiling tiles in the men's washroom. Removal of all or part of a false ceiling to obtain access to a work area, if asbestos-containing material is likely to be lying on the surface of the false ceiling requires minimum Type 2 work procedures.

The removal or disturbance of non-friable ACMs (fibreboard wall material, vinyl floor tile and associated mastic ((both considered ACM as the mastic layer cannot be separated)), caulkings) can be completed using Type 1 asbestos precautionary measures, provided the material is wetted and only non-powered hand-held tools are used. If these conditions cannot be met, than more stringent (Type 2 or Type 3) procedures are required.

The time weight average exposure limit (TWAEL) for airborne asbestos is prescribed by Ontario Regulation 490/09 *Designated Substances*, as amended. Work procedures and personal protective equipment must be used to ensure that workers are not exposed to airborne asbestos levels that exceed this TWAEL.

The following recommendations apply to ACMs:

- 1. In general, materials must be maintained in good condition;
- 2. The condition of material(s) identified in this report must be inspected at least annually, and this record must be updated accordingly;
- 3. Appropriate work procedures and precautionary measures must be used, as outlined in O. Reg. 278/05, as amended, when performing work that may disturb ACMs or suspected ACMs, including prior to building demolition;
- 4. If ACMs or suspected ACMs become damaged and worker exposure to the material is likely to occur, the damaged material must be repaired or removed following work procedures outlined in O. Reg. 278/05, as amended; and
- 5. Disposal of asbestos waste is controlled by the Ontario Environmental Protection Act, R.R.O., 1990, Regulation 347, *General Waste Management*, as amended. This regulation requires that asbestos waste be sealed in double containers resistant to puncture and tears, and appropriately labelled. The waste must be disposed at a licensed waste disposal site. Proper notification must be issued to the site representative prior to transportation of waste. The transport of the waste to the disposal site is controlled by the federal *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act*, 1992 (TDGA).

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Materials that have not been analyzed, but are visibly similar to other materials identified as asbestos-containing, must be considered asbestos-containing unless proven otherwise by laboratory analysis.

6.2. Lead

The Occupational Health and Safety Branch of the Ontario MoL has published *Guideline: Lead on Construction Projects*. This document classifies all lead disturbances as Type 1, Type 2a, Type 2b, Type 3a or Type 3b work, and assigns different levels of respiratory protection and work procedures for each classification. In the absence of specific legislation for lead on construction projects, this guideline should be followed when disturbing lead-containing materials.

Paints containing elevated concentrations of lead can pose a health risk to humans if ingested or inhaled. Such lead paints are also a risk to the environment with the potential to contaminate soil and groundwater. Paints with elevated lead content can also pose a health risk to workers while completing renovations within the building.

Although the Federal Canada Consumer Product Safety Act's *Surface Coating Materials Regulations SOR/2005-109*, as amended, has set a limit of 90 ppm for surface coating materials, there may be a potential for exposure to high levels of lead depending on the activities performed that disturb the lead-containing materials, even at low lead concentrations. Conducting a risk assessment to assess the potential for exposure should be performed to determine the need to follow procedures such as those in the MoL guideline referenced above.

The TWAEL for airborne lead is prescribed by Ontario Regulation 490/09 *Designated Substances*, as amended. Work procedures and personal protective equipment must be used to ensure that workers are not exposed to airborne lead levels that exceed this TWAEL.

DST recommends that any future disturbance of lead-containing materials avoid operations that generate high levels of dust (e.g. sanding, grinding) and that should these operations be required, appropriate precautionary measures be implemented for worker exposure.

Prior to or during renovation work, the following additional procedures should be performed with respect to other anticipated lead-containing materials:

- Type 1 lead precautionary measures can be used for the disturbance of ceramic tile glazing and the joint filler materials between terrazzo floor slabs, provided non-powered handtools are used. If this condition cannot be met, more stringent precautionary measures would ne necessary.
- Copper piping and cast iron drain pipe joint caulking can be cut a small distance (e.g. 50 mm) from the joints to avoid direct disturbance of the lead material;
- Emergency light batteries and other batteries should be removed when decommissioned and disposed of as lead-containing waste.

The disposal of construction waste containing lead is governed by O. Reg. 347/90 - General – Waste Management, as amended. The transport of the waste to the disposal site is controlled by the federal Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (TDGA), 1992.

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6.3. Mercury

There are no regulations that specifically govern the disturbance of mercury on construction projects. However, the Occupational Health and Safety Division of the Ontario MoL has published *The Safe Handling of Mercury: A Guide for the Construction Industry*. This document provides advice on how to reduce the risk of mercury exposure, and outlines clean-up methods for spills. In the absence of specific legislation for mercury on construction projects, this guideline would serve as a reasonable, peer reviewed standard for work procedures.

When the removal of fluorescent light tubes is required, the tubes should be removed intact from the fixtures. This prevents worker exposure to mercury vapour, particularly if the tube was energized shortly before removal.

The TWAEL for mercury is prescribed by Ontario Regulation 490/09 *Designated Substances*, as amended. Work procedures and personal protective equipment must be used to ensure that workers are not exposed to airborne mercury levels that exceed this exposure limit.

Liquid mercury is classified as a hazardous waste under O. Reg. 347/90, as amended. The transport of the waste to a disposal site is controlled by O. Reg. 347/90 and by the federal TDGA. It is now common practice to recycle fluorescent light tubes and avoiding the generation of hazardous waste.

6.4. Silica

The Occupational Health and Safety Branch of the Ontario Ministry of Labour have published *Guideline: Silica on Construction Projects*. This document classifies all silica disturbances as Type 1, Type 2 or Type 3 work, and assigns different levels of respiratory protection and work procedures for each classification.

The TWAEL for airborne silica is prescribed by Ontario Regulation 490/09 *Designated Substances*, as amended. Work procedures and personal protective equipment must be used to ensure that workers are not exposed to airborne silica levels that exceed this exposure limit.

As a general rule, it is preferable to use more stringent dust suppression techniques and engineering controls as opposed to relying on respiratory protection to control worker exposure. Respiratory protection should only be relied on as a last resort when dust suppression techniques and engineering controls fail to control worker.

6.5. Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

Prior to removal or disposal, the PCB content of equipment and/or liquids should be confirmed to determine proper procedures to be followed, unless conservatively assumed to contain PCBs. When the fluorescent light fixtures are taken out of service, these ballasts, as well as other ballasts, should be examined to determine whether they contain PCBs. This can be done by comparing the manufacturer date codes stamped on the ballasts to information contained in the document titled *Identification of Lamp Ballasts Containing PCBs*, published by Environment Canada. Ballasts that contain PCBs must be packaged, transported and disposed of in accordance with all appropriate provincial and federal regulations..

O. Reg. 347, General – Waste Management, as amended, is regulated under the Environmental Protection Act to regulate the handling, storage and transportation of hazardous substances and

waste dangerous goods. The transport of PCB waste to the disposal site is controlled by the federal Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, 1992. Proper notification must be issued to the site representative prior to transportation of waste. Use, storage, labelling, and reporting requirements are also outlined within the federal PCB Regulation under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA).

6.6. Mould

Any mould remedial activities shall follow appropriate standards/ guidelines appropriate to the scope of work as outlined within the Canadian Construction Association (CCA) document Mould Guidelines for the Canadian Construction Industry, CCA 822004.

7.0 CLOSURE

A Limitations of Report section, which forms an integral part of this report, is attached.

We trust that the information contained herein meets your needs. Should you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us.

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LIMITATIONS OF REPORT

This report is intended for client use only. Any use of this document by a third party, or any reliance on or decisions made based on the findings described in this report, are the sole responsibility of such third parties, and DST Consulting Engineers Inc. accepts no responsibility for damages, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions conducted based on this report. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

The data, conclusions and recommendations which are presented in this report, and the quality thereof, are based on a scope of work authorized by the client. The sampling program included asbestos/paint bulk sampling in select representative areas for laboratory analysis. There is a practical limitation on the number of intrusive test cuts that can be made and the number of samples that can be collected in an occupied building. This requires the investigator to extrapolate observations and analytical results between test cut locations. The uncertainty, and inherent risk, associated with this necessity increases with the distance between sampling locations. Note, however, that no scope of work, no matter how exhaustive, can guarantee to identify all contaminants. This report therefore cannot warranty that all building conditions are represented by those identified at specific locations.

Recommendations, when included, are made in good faith and are based on several successful experiences.

Any recommendations and conclusions provided that are based on conditions or assumptions reported herein will inherently include any uncertainty associated with those conditions or assumptions.

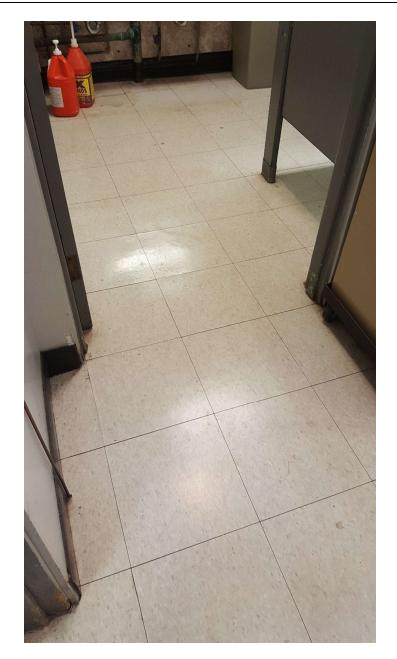
Note also that standards, guidelines and practices related to environmental investigations may change with time. Those which were applied at the time of this investigation may be obsolete or unacceptable at a later date.

Any comments given in this report on potential remediation problems and possible methods are intended only for the guidance of the designer. The scope of work may not be sufficient to determine all of the factors that may affect construction, clean-up methods and/or costs. Contractors bidding on this project or undertaking clean-ups should, therefore, make their own interpretation of the factual information presented and draw their own conclusions as to how the conditions may affect their work.

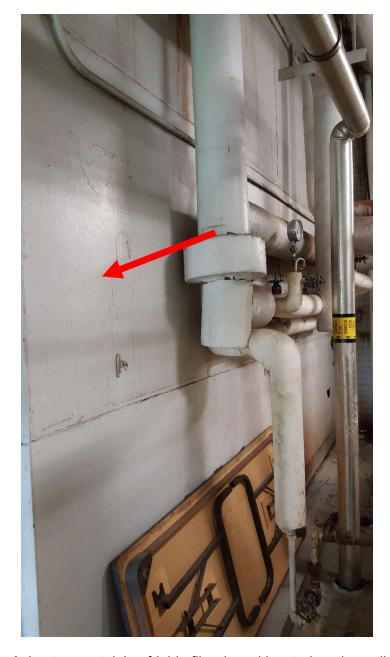
Any results from an analytical laboratory or other subcontractor reported herein have been carried out by others, and DST Consulting Engineers Inc. cannot warranty their accuracy. Similarly, DST cannot warranty the accuracy of information supplied by the client.

APPENDIX A

Select Photographs



Photograph 1: Asbestos-containing black mastic associated with 12"x12" beige vinyl floor tiles, located in the men's washroom. Since the asbestos-containing mastic cannot be effectively separated form the vinyl tiles, the tiles are also considered asbestos-containing.



Photograph 2: Asbestos-containing friable fibre board located on the walls of Room 207.



Photograph 3: Asbestos-containing caulking associated with fibre board located on the walls of Room 207.



Photograph 4: Asbestos-containing cardboard pipe wrap insulation observed above the ceiling tiles of the men's washroom.



Photograph 5: Asbestos-containing cardboard pipe wrap insulation associated with UNH04/06UNH04 located on the roof above Office 108



Photograph 6: Asbestos-containing grey cement compound pipe fitting insulation associated with UNH04/06UNH04 located on the roof above Office 108



Photograph 8: Lead containing grey paint located on concrete floors throughout the project areas.



Photograph 8: Suspect mould growth above ceiling tiles of Office 108.

Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey Building M-6, Washroom Renovation Project DST File No.: GV-OT-028813

APPENDIX B

Laboratory Certificates of Analysis – Asbestos and Lead



300 - 2319 St. Laurent Blvd Ottawa, ON, K1G 4J8 1-800-749-1947 www.paracellabs.com

Certificate of Analysis

DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)

203-2150 Thurston Dr. Ottawa, ON K1G5T9 Attn: Andrew Cooney Client PO: NRC-M6 Project: GV OT 028813

Custody:

Report Date: 31-May-2017 Order Date: 25-May-2017

Order #: 1721293

This Certificate of Analysis contains analytical data applicable to the following samples as submitted:

Paracel ID	Client ID
1721293-01	28813-01A (VFT)
1721293-02	28813-01B (VFT)
1721293-03	28813-01C (VFT)
1721293-04	28813-01A (Mastic)
1721293-05	28813-01B (Mastic)
1721293-06	28813-01C (Mastic)
1721293-07	28813-02A
1721293-08	28813-02B
1721293-09	28813-02C
1721293-10	28813-03A
1721293-11	28813-03B
1721293-12	28813-03C
1721293-13	28813-04A
1721293-14	28813-04B
1721293-15	28813-04C
1721293-16	28813-05A
1721293-17	28813-05B
1721293-18	28813-05C
1721293-19	28813-06A Fibreboard
1721293-20	28813-06B Fibreboard
1721293-21	28813-06C Fibreboard
1721293-22	28813-07A
1721293-23	28813-07B
1721293-24	28813-07C
1721293-25	28813-08A
1721293-26	28813-08B

Approved By:

Alpra

Heather S.H. McGregor, BSc

Laboratory Director - Microbiology



Order #: 1721293

Certificate of AnalysisReport Date: 31-May-2017Client:DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)Order Date: 25-May-2017Client PO:NRC-M6Project Description: GV OT 028813

1721293-27 28813-08C 1721293-28 28813-09A 1721293-29 28813-09B 1721293-30 28813-09C



Certificate of Analysis

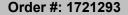
Client: DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)

Client PO: NRC-M6 Pro

Report Date: 31-May-2017 Order Date: 25-May-2017 Project Description: GV OT 028813

Asbestos, PLM Visual Estimation **MDL - 0.5%**

Paracel I.D.	Sample Date	Layers Analyzed	Colour	Description	Asbestos Detected:	Material Identification	% Content
721293-01	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Floor Tile	No	Client ID: 28813-01A (VFT)	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-02	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Floor Tile	No	Client ID: 28813-01B (VFT)	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-03	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Floor Tile	No	Client ID: 28813-01C (VFT)	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-04	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Black	Mastic	Yes	Client ID: 28813-01A (Mastic)	
						Chrysotile	5
						Non-Fibers	95
721293-05	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-01B (Mastic)	
						not analyzed	
721293-06	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-01C (Mastic)	
						not analyzed	
721293-07	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Mortar	No	Client ID: 28813-02A	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-08	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Mortar	No	Client ID: 28813-02B	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-09	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Mortar	No	Client ID: 28813-02C	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-10	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Drywall Joint Compound	No	Client ID: 28813-03A	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-11	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Drywall Joint Compound	No	Client ID: 28813-03B	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-12	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Drywall Joint Compound	No	Client ID: 28813-03C	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-13	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Vinyl Sheet Flooring	No	Client ID: 28813-04A	
						Cellulose	35
						Non-Fibers	65
721293-14	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Vinyl Sheet Flooring	No	Client ID: 28813-04B	
	•					Cellulose	35
						Non-Fibers	65
721293-15	24-May-17	sample homogenized	White	Vinyl Sheet Flooring	No	Client ID: 28813-04C	
	,	, 3		,		Cellulose	35
						Non-Fibers	65





Certificate of Analysis

Client: DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)

Client PO: NRC-M6 Pro

Report Date: 31-May-2017 Order Date: 25-May-2017 Project Description: GV OT 028813

Asbestos, PLM Visual Estimation **MDL - 0.5%**

Paracel I.D.	Sample Date	Layers Analyzed	Colour	Description	Asbestos Detected:	Material Identification	% Content
1721293-16	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Insulation	Yes	Client ID: 28813-05A	
						Chrysotile	30
						Cellulose	20
						MMVF	30
						Non-Fibers	20
1721293-17	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-05B	
						not analyzed	
1721293-18	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-05C	
						not analyzed	
1721293-19	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Fiberboard	Yes	Client ID: 28813-06A Fibreboard	
						Chrysotile	20
						Non-Fibers	80
1721293-20	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-06B Fibreboard	
						not analyzed	
721293-21	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-06C Fibreboard	
						not analyzed	
721293-22	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Brown	Caulking	Yes	Client ID: 28813-07A	
						Chrysotile	5
						Non-Fibers	95
721293-23	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-07B	
						not analyzed	
721293-24	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-07C	
						not analyzed	
1721293-25	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Mortar	No	Client ID: 28813-08A	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-26	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Mortar	No	Client ID: 28813-08B	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-27	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Mortar	No	Client ID: 28813-08C	
						Non-Fibers	100
721293-28	24-May-17	sample homogenized	Grey	Insulation	Yes	Client ID: 28813-09A	
						Chrysotile	65
						Non-Fibers	35
1721293-29	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-09B	
						not analyzed	



Order #: 1721293

Report Date: 31-May-2017 Order Date: 25-May-2017

Project Description: GV OT 028813

Certificate of Analysis

Client: DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)
Client PO: NRC-M6

Asbestos, PLM Visual Estimation **MDL - 0.5%**

Paracel I.D.	Sample Date	Layers Analyzed	Colour	Description	Asbestos Detected:	Material Identification	% Content
1721293-30	24-May-17					Client ID: 28813-09C	
						not analyzed	

^{*} MMVF: Man Made Vitreous Fibers: Fiberglass, Mineral Wool, Rockwool, Glasswool

Analysis Summary Table

Analysis	Method Reference/Description	Lab Location	NVLAP Lab Code *	Analysis Date
Asbestos, PLM Visual Estimation	by EPA 600/R-93/116	2 - Ottawa West Lab	200812-0	30-May-17

^{*} Reference to the NVLAP term does not permit the user of this report to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

Work Order Revisions / Comments

None

^{**} Analytes in bold indicate asbestos mineral content.



Paracel ID: 1721293



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Page __ of ___

			Project Referen	100 C 47 00 . 2	Turna	round Time:	
Client Name: Dot Consulting Engin	neess			nce: 6VOT-028813	☐Immediate ☐1 Day		
Contact Name: Andrew Cooney.				5-117	4 Hour	2 Day	
Address: 2,50 Thurston Dr.			PO#: NR	C-M6	8 Hour	3 Day	
Ottawa, ox			Email Address	accorney 30 detarmorrow		Regular	
Telephone: 613-290-0101, 813	- 249	1415	ハウ	accomen 30 dstgroup.com	Date Require	_	
017-210-0101 / 617	110			MOLD ANALYSIS			
Matrix: ☐Air ☐Bulk ☐Tape Lift			Other	Regulatory Guideline: ☐ON ☐QC ☐]ab □sk	Other:	
Analyses: ☐Microscopic Mold ☐Culturable M		teria GRA	M □PCN	M Asbestos PLM Asbestos Chatfield Asbestos	☐TEM Asbesto	NS	
Paracel Order Number:				Asbestos - Bu	ılk		
		Air		Identify Distinct Building Materials to Be Analys	zea	ne Identified	
1721293	Sampling	Volume (L)	Analysis		Ma		Positive
Sample ID Date			Required	* see below	**50	ee below Stop	_
1 28813-01 A-C	May 24/17		PLM	VFT + Mastic			_
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5 28813-03 A-C				DJC			<u></u>
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8				Cardboard Wrap Insulation	2		1
9 78813-05 A-C	+-			Survey of the state of the stat]_
	,		1	Fibre board			1
11 78813 - 06 A-C	\ \ \		V]
* If left blank, Paracel will analyze all materials identified during	analysis **	If left blank, I	Paracel will ana	alyze all materials as individual samples (at additional cost) per EPA 6			
Comments:					Method of I		
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Paracel ID: 1721293



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Page Zof Z

Client Name:	v		Project Referen	1001 6UUT-0788B		Turnaround Time	
DST Consulting	rgices	2/)	Quote #:			mediate 1 D	,
Contact Name: Andrew Corrar			16	-117		_	
Contact Name: Andrew Corres Address: 2150 Thurston Dr. Ottawe, ON E			PO#: NR	C-M6	8 H		
ottouse, on			Email Address:	21.		☑Re ₂	gular
Telephone 12 2 14 P	1416		acoo	noy & dstgroup. com	D	ate Required:	
Telephone: 63-290-0101, 613-748	1417	CREC		MOLD ANALYSIS			
Tona Life	$\overline{}$		Other	Regulatory Guideline: DON QC	C □AB	SK Other:	
Matrix: ☐Air ☐Bulk ☐Tape Lift				A Asbestos □PĽM Asbestos □Chatfield Asi		EM Asbestos	
Analyses: ☐Microscopic Mold ☐Culturable M	old ∟Bac	teria GRA	M LIPCN			717 1 100 00000	
Paracel Order Number:				Asbesto		Combine Identified	
1721293		Air	1	Identify Distinct Building Materials to Be	Analyzed	Materials?	Positive
110101	Sampling	Volume	Analysis Required	* see below		**see below	Stop?
Sample ID	Date	(L)					4
1 28813-07 A-C	May 24/17		PLM	Caulting		 	
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3 28813-08 A-C				Concrede Block Mortal		 	十市
4			1	1 1 1 1 1 1		 	
5 28813-09 A-C				Grey Coment Compo	mor	 	
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Certificate of Analysis

DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)

203-2150 Thurston Dr. Ottawa, ON K1G5T9 Attn: Andrew Cooney Client PO: NRC-M6 Project: GV OT 028813

Custody:

Report Date: 1-Jun-2017 Order Date: 25-May-2017

Order #: 1721260

This Certificate of Analysis contains analytical data applicable to the following samples as submitted:

Paracel ID Client ID 1721260-01 28813-LP01 1721260-02 28813-LP02

Approved By:



Dale Robertson, BSc Laboratory Director



Order #: 1721260

Report Date: 01-Jun-2017

Certificate of Analysis Client: DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)

Order Date: 25-May-2017 Client PO: NRC-M6 Project Description: GV OT 028813

Analysis Summary Table

Analysis	Method Reference/Description	Extraction Date Analysis Date			
Metals, ICP-OES	based on MOE E3470, ICP-OES	31-May-17	31-May-17		

Sample Data Revisions

None

Work Order Revisions/Comments:

None

Other Report Notes:

n/a: not applicable ND: Not Detected

MDL: Method Detection Limit

Source Result: Data used as source for matrix and duplicate samples

%REC: Percent recovery.

RPD: Relative percent difference.

Report Date: 01-Jun-2017

Order Date: 25-May-2017



Certificate of Analysis

Client: DST Consulting Engineers Inc. (Ottawa)

Client PO: NRC-M6 Project Description: GV OT 028813

Sample Results

Lead	Sampl	Matrix: Paint e Date: 24-May-17		
Paracel ID	Client ID	Units	MDL	Result
1721260-01	28813-LP01	ug/g	20	<20
1721260-02	28813-LP02	ug/g	20	2890

Laboratory Internal QA/QC

	F	Reporting		Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Result	%REC	Limit	RPD	Limit	Notes
Matrix Blank									
Lead	ND	20	ug/g						
Matrix Duplicate									
Lead	36.5	20	ug/g	ND			0.0	30	
Matrix Spike									
Lead	269		ug/L	ND	108	70-130			

Paracel ID: 1721260

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Chain of Custody (Lab Use Only)

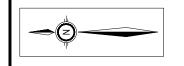
Client Name: DST Consulting Engineers Project Reference: GUOT-078813 Turnaroun Contact Name: Andrew Coona Quote # 16-1/7	1
Contact Name: Andrew Coord Address: Z150 Thurston Ottown, On Telephone: 613-790-001, 613-748-1415 Criteria: O. Reg. 153/04 (As Amended) Table RSC Filing O. Reg. 558/00 PWQO CCME SUB (Storm) SUB (Sanitary) Municipality: Other: Matrix Type: S (Soil/Sod.) GW (Ground Water) SW (Surface Water) SS (Storm/Sanitary Sewer) P (Paint) A (Air) O (Other) Paracel Order Number: Turnaroun Turnaroun Turnaroun Turnaroun Sub (Storm) Sub (Storm) Sub (Storm) Sub (Storm) Sub (Sanitary) Municipality: Other: Sample Taken Sample Taken	of _
Criteria: O. Reg. 153/04 (As Amended) Table RSC Filing O. Reg. 558/00 PWQO CCME SUB (Storm) SUB (Sanitary) Municipality: Other: Matrix Type: S (Soil/Sod.) GW (Ground Water) SW (Surface Water) SS (Storm/Sanitary Sewer) P(Paint) A(Air) O (Other) Required Analyses 1	d Time:
Criteria: O. Reg. 153/04 (As Amended) Table RSC Filing O. Reg. 558/00 PWQO CCME SUB (Storm) SUB (Sanitary) Municipality: Other: Matrix Type: S (Soil/Sod.) GW (Ground Water) SW (Surface Water) SS (Storm/Sanitary Sewer) P(Paint) A(Air) O (Other) Required Analyses 1	□3 Day
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2 29013 · LP 02	片님
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Comments: Method of Delive	у;
Received by Driver/Depot: Received at Lab: Verified By:	MA
Relinquished By (Print): And Clay (Ording) Date/Time: Discrifing: 36 1718 Date/Time: Ording: Date/Time: Discrifing: 36 1718	20-11-
Date/Time: May 15/17 - Temperature: °C Temperature: °C pH Verified [] By: N/16	/) /

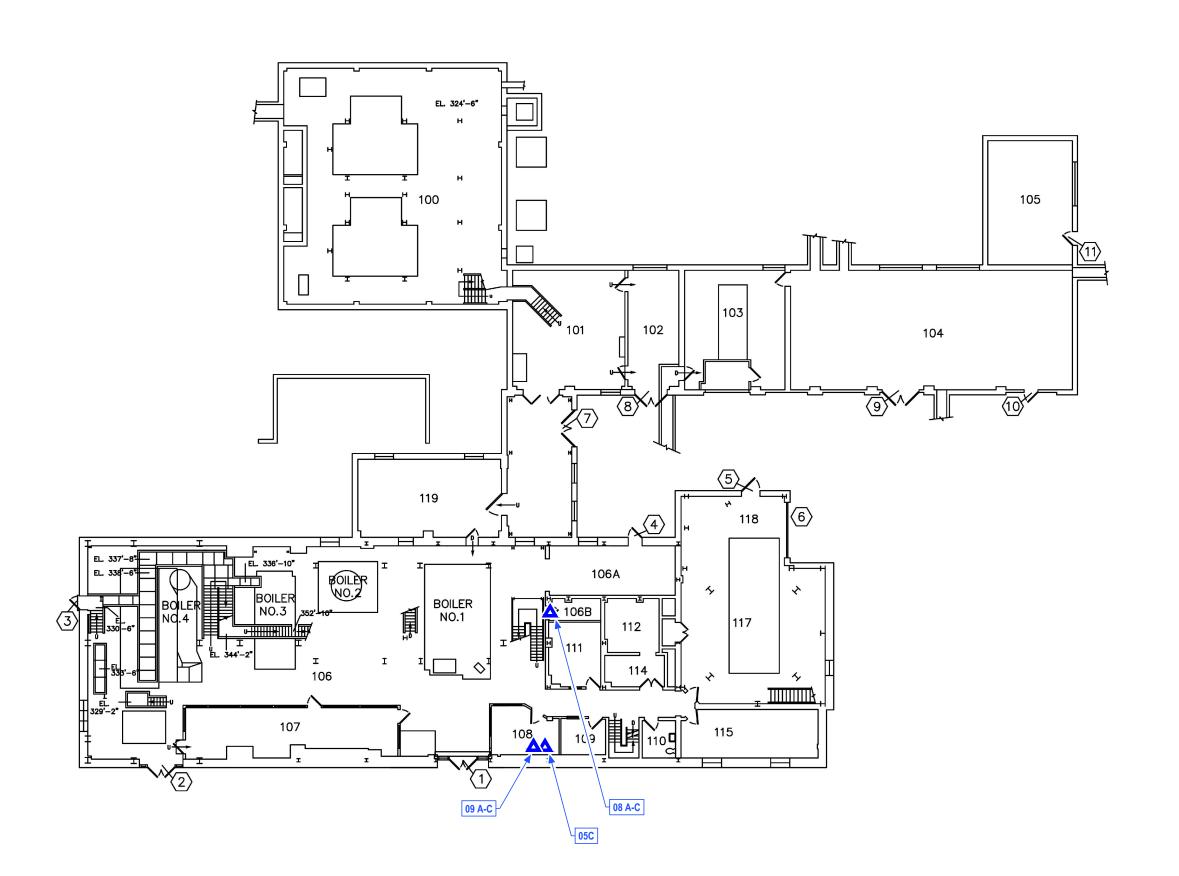
Chain of Custody (Env) - Rev 0.7 Feb. 2016

Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey Building M-6, Washroom Renovation Project DST File No.: GV-OT-028813

APPENDIX C

Floor Plan







Notes

- This drawing shall be read in conjunction with the associated technical report.
- 2. Do not scale drawing.
- All sample identifiers are prefixed with '28813-' which was excluded for drawing clarity.
- 4. Base drawings provided by client.

Legend



Approximate asbestos sample location, as applicable

Α	11/08/17	Preliminary	B.H.
Revision	Date	Issue	Approval

National Research Council

Site

Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON

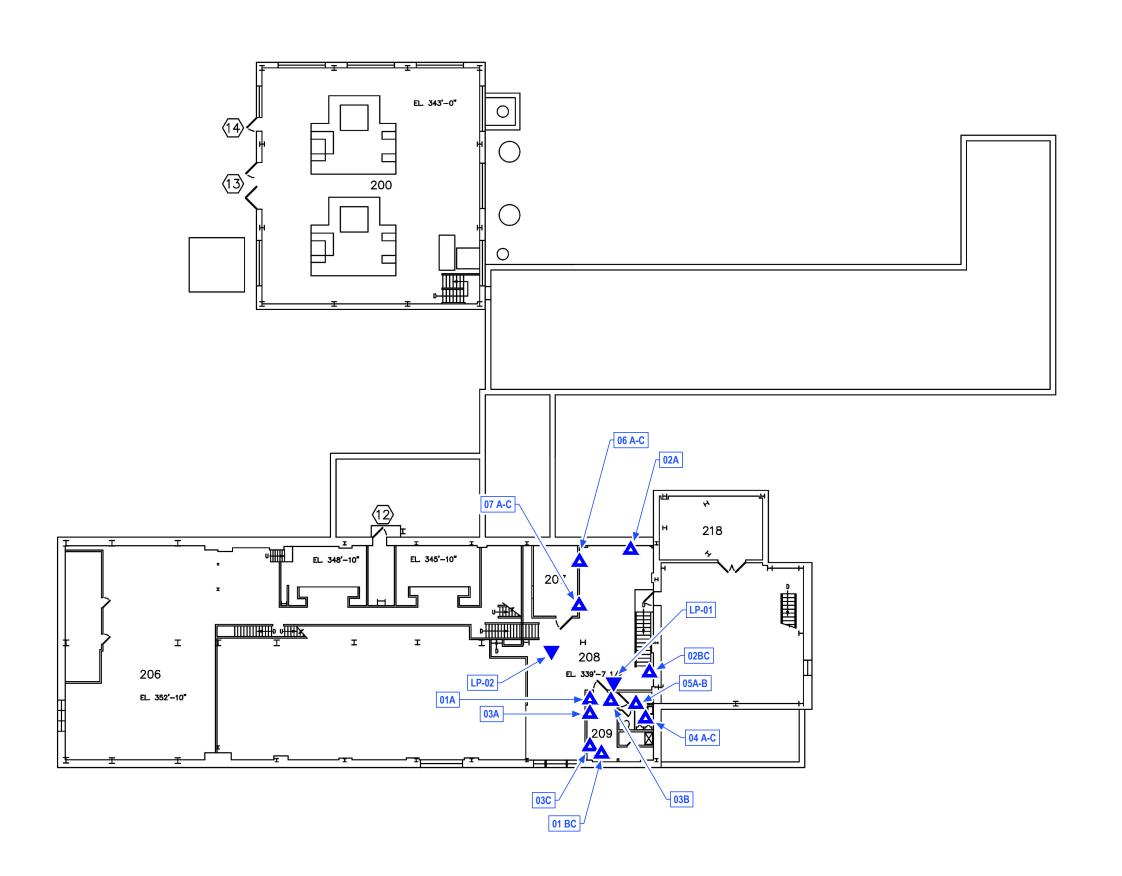
Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey Washroom Renovation Project

Drawing Title

Sample Location Plan Building M-06 Ground Floor

Designed By	Scale
A.C.	As shown
Drawn By	Date
R.W.	August 2017
Approved By	Project No.
B.H.	GV-OT-028813
Figure No.	1







Notes

- 1. This drawing shall be read in conjunction with the associated technical report.
- 2. Do not scale drawing.
- 3. All sample identifiers are prefixed with '28813-' which was excluded for drawing clarity.
- 4. Base drawings provided by client.

Legend



Approximate asbestos sample location, as applicable



Approximate paint sample location, lead testing (LP-#), as applicable

Α	11/08/17	Preliminary	B.H.
Revision	Date	Issue	Approval

National Research Council

Building M-06, 1200 Montreal Road, Ottawa, ON

Project-Specific Designated Substances Survey Washroom Renovation Project

Drawing Title

Sample Location Plan Building M-06 First Mezzanine

Designed By	Scale
A.C.	As shown
Drawn By	Date
R.W.	August 2017
Approved By	Project No.
B.H.	GV-OT-028813
Figure No.	2

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA 1200 MONTREAL ROAD OTTAWA, ONTARIO K1A 0R6



DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06 OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Prepared by:



Distribution:

2 copies - National Research Council Canada

1 copy - Oakhill Environmental

March 2007 PR-06-039



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Oakhill Environmental (Oakhill) was retained by National Research Council Canada (NRC) to conduct a designated substances survey within Building M-06 in Ottawa, Ontario. All site work was completed on January 19th and March 26th, 2007.

All work carried out meets the requirements of the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act and WHMIS Regulation (formerly Bill 208). The purpose of the investigation was to identify any potential designated substances and mould.

Based on the visual inspection and laboratory analyses, designated substances were identified to be present in the facility. A summary of the survey recommendations is presented in Table 1.

Table 1 - Summary of Recommendations

Issue	Comments	Recommendations		
Asbestos	Two open ends of aircell pipe insulation on the condensate line were identified in the basement of Room B117.	Encapsulate two open ends of aircell pipe insulation on the condensate line.		
Lead	Seven paint samples were submitted for lead analysis. Two of the samples submitted were found to contain significant levels of lead (i.e., equal to or greater than 5000 ppm). Lead may also be present in the solder used on copper domestic water lines, as caulking in bell fittings for cast iron drainage pipes, in glazing on the ceramic tiles and in electrical equipment, wiring or fixtures.	The draft Proposed Lead Regulation on Construction Projects, May 5, 1995, (enforced by the Ministry of Labour) does not require removal of lead paint or lead-based materials, unless work on these materials is likely to produce lead fumes or dust, for example during welding, torch cutting, grinding, sanding or sandblasting. Although not in use, the remainder of old metallic lead piping in the finance building should be removed following Reg. 843 and disposed of according to Reg. 558. In the event that such work is conducted at this facility, ensure that lead fumes or dust do not exceed the maximum allowable Time Weighted Average Exposure Value (TWAEV) of 0.15 mg/m³ as prescribed by the OHSA.		
Mercury	Mercury vapour may be present in fluorescent light tubes and thermostats. Mercury may also be present in paints and adhesives.	Mercury, or mercury vapour within light fixtures, pose no risk to workers or occupants, provided the mercury containers remain intact and undisturbed. Where possible, fluorescent lights should be recycled at an approved recycling facility. Mercury must be handled and disposed of in accordance with O. Reg. 390/00 and O. Reg. 558/00.		



Issue	Comments	Recommendations
Silica	May be present in concrete, cement mortar and non-fibreglass acoustic ceiling tiles.	Ensure workers performing demolition work are not exposed to airborne silica levels in excess of 0.20 mg/m ³ by providing respiratory protection, and/or wetting down work area, and providing workers with a facility to properly wash prior to exiting the work area as prescribed by O.Reg.845/90.
Mould	Suspect to be present in room B117 on fibreglass pipe insulation; rooms 108 and 109 on fibreglass duct insulation.	Recommend that initially, bulk fungal analysis be performed to the species level. Once the hazard can be qualified, the mouldy insulation can be removed and the source of the moisture can be mitigated.

None of the other designated substances were observed during the course of the survey inspection.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Oakhill Environmental (Oakhill) was retained by the National Research Council Canada (NRC) to perform a survey for Designated Substances and mould of Building M-06 in Ottawa, Ontario. Building M-06 was surveyed on January 19th and March 26th, 2007.

The purpose of the investigation was to identify any building materials or equipment containing certain substances termed "Designated Substances" and mould.

This survey will enable NRC to:

- 1. Manage asbestos containing materials (ACM's) to ensure that these materials are in good condition and provide recommendations for ACM's that are in need of repair,
- 2. Provide this report to NRC building managers, project managers, contractors and subcontracts enabling them to comply with O. Reg. 278/05, the regulation regarding asbestos on construction projects and in buildings and repair operations, and
- 3. Provide a comprehensive survey, which will enable NRC to develop a Management Plan to deal with designated substances.

1.1 Limitations

This report details the accessible Designated Substances found within the building and the exterior walls. Representative views were made above accessible suspended ceiling systems. Throughout the process of inspection there were, on numerous occasions, areas that were inaccessible. These areas include but are not limited to: areas above solid ceilings, areas behind solid walls and internal components of machinery or equipment. These areas require intrusive investigative techniques, which may compromise the integrity of that system. An example of an intrusive issue is asphaltic roofing felts (tar paper), which may contain asbestos. However, due to the potential for damages to the building and its contents, as well as safety reasons, no samples were obtained from the roofing systems at the facility. Intrusive investigative techniques are only undertaken at the expressed request of NRC staff where forthcoming renovations projects are known.

Any area that was not inspected and considered inaccessible in this report should be dealt with cautiously in future endeavours before undertaking any form of work, as there may be ACM in this area. In such future situations, samples should be collected and analyzed of all suspect ACM before commencing work. Any area that was not accessible at the time of inspection would be noted within the report.



The report reflects the observations of accessed areas, findings and analysis of materials sampled during the survey. Designated Substances may have been removed from or added to the project area. It is the NRC's responsibility to disclose whether any Designated Substances have been added to or removed from the project area.

The material in it reflects Oakhill's best judgement based on the information discovered at the time of preparation and within the Designated Substance Survey scope of work. There may be materials on-site, which are not represented by these investigations. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions to be made based on it, are the responsibility of such third parties. Oakhill accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.

2.0 SCOPE OF WORK

The purpose of the investigation was to identify any building materials or equipment containing certain substances termed "Designated Substances" and mould. The scope defined for this project is summarized below.

- 1. To provide assessments for the presence of Designated Substances which include:
 - Acrylonitrile
 - Arsenic
 - Asbestos
 - Benzene
 - Coke Oven Emissions
 - Ethylene Oxide
 - Isocyanates

- Lead
- Mercury
- Silica (free crystalline silica)
- Vinyl Chloride (vinyl chloride monomer, not PVC)
- and in addition Mould
- 2. Assessment will include building materials and components incorporated in the structure and finishes (including exterior finishes). Items not included are building and service tunnels, owner or occupant articles within the building (e.g. process materials or equipment, furniture, etc.), soil contaminants, groundwater, vessels, drums or underground storage tanks)
- 3. To collect samples of suspect building materials to verify the presence of asbestos and lead
- 4. To provide testing from a certified laboratory on samples collected of suspect asbestos and lead
- 5. Provide three hard and electronic (PDF) copies of the final report



3.0 REGULATORY CRITERIA, STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES

The following regulatory criteria, standards, and guidelines were applied for the interpretation and reporting of observations, laboratory data, and on-site monitoring data. The building materials and contents were visually examined to determine the presence of the following designated substances in accordance with the requirements of the Ministry of Labour's (MOL) Occupational Health and Safety Act, Section 30:

O. Reg. 835/90 as amended by O. Reg. 101/04 Acrylonitrile O. Reg. 836/90 as amended by O. Reg. 102/04 Arsenic Asbestos O. Reg. 278/05 and O. Reg. 347/90 O. Reg. 839/90 as amended by O. Reg. 105/04 Benzene O. Reg. 841/90 as amended by O. Reg. 107/04 Ethylene Oxide Isocyanates O. Reg. 842/90 as amended by O. Reg. 108/04 O. Reg. 843/90 as amended by O. Reg. 109/04 Lead O. Reg. 844/90 as amended by O. Reg. 110/04 and the MOL guideline Mercury O. Reg. 845/90 as amended by O. Reg. 111/04 Silica Vinyl Chloride O. Reg. 846/90 as amended by O. Reg. 112/04

Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) is defined as "Material that contains 0.5% or more asbestos by dry weight". Friable Material is defined as "material that: (a) when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure, or (b) is crumbled, pulverized or powdered".

For asbestos, lead and silica the above regulations define exposure guidelines for a worker's time-weighted average exposure of the material in air. Airborne levels should not exceed 0.01 fibres/m³ of asbestos in air, 0.15 mg/m³ of lead in air, 4.3 mg/m³ of acrylonitrile in air, 0.2 mg/m³ of arsenic in air, 3.0 mg/m³ of benzene in air and 0.2 mg/m³ of silica in air. The above regulations classify disturbances (Type 1, Type 2, and Type 3), handling requirements, respiratory requirements and monitoring requirements.

The Ministry of Labour published, <u>The Safe Handling of Mercury</u>, A Guideline for the Construction Industry, Jan 1991, outlining the health effects, sources, respiratory protection during the clean up of mercury. From the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Lead- Based Paint is classified as any paint application containing at least 1.0 milligrams of lead per square centimetre of surface area (1.0 mg/cm2) or at least 0.5% lead content by weight (5,000 ppm) or 5,000 μ g/g.

The Provincial Government has issued O. Reg. 558/00 controlled under R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 347 outlining generator, hauler and receiver requirements for wastes dependant on the results of leachate analyses. Provincial and Federal regulations also outline the packaging and transportation of wastes.



4.0 SURVEY METHODOLOGY

4.1 Background Information Review

Reviewing existing reports, interviewing knowledgeable NRC staff, and reviewing as-built drawings allowed Oakhill to obtain a basic understanding of potential issues regarding each building.

4.2 Field Investigation

A detailed visual survey of all accessible areas of the building on a room-by-room basis, including ceiling spaces above removable acoustical ceiling tiles; and wall spaces behind removable panels. Each area or room of the building was assigned a four-digit functional space identification number beginning with 1001. A room-by-room inspection was conducted for Designated Substances in all accessible areas. All suspect ACM and lead were sampled and were categorized with a unique homogeneous material number. Visual assessment of all known and suspect ACM included assessment as to friability, type, quantity, condition, accessibility, appropriate response, as well as comments made on the potential or likelihood of future damage or exposure to ACM by building occupants. Quantification of all ACMs were approximations only, not actual measurements were taken. Square metres or lineal metres were generally used for quantifying ACM. All ACMs are documented through functional space forms and photographs.

In the performance of this Designated Substances survey, Oakhill utilized the project team comprised of the following staff:

Mr. Fil Barillaro, M.A.Sc., P.Eng. Mr. Kevin Christian, M.Sc., P.Geo.

Mr. Bill McGovern Mr. Raivo Tahiste Mr. Gino Barillaro Mr. Sean Bagnulo

Ms. Tanya Fiocca

Project Manager OA Reviewer

Environmental Analyst Environmental Analyst Environmental Analyst Environmental Analyst

Administration

4.2.1 Homogenous Materials

Materials were grouped to be homogenous. That is, materials that are uniform in colour and texture were assumed to be similar in content. Regarding asbestos, samples collected of suspect materials adhered to O. Reg. 278/05, Table 1 Bulk Material Samples – Section 3 (3), for minimum sample requirements for respective suspect materials and quantities. Samples were randomly collected to be representative of each suspect ACM and lead material and then assigned a homogenous material number accordingly. A homogenous materials list was generated which consists of suspect ACM sampled, with positive materials highlighted. The Homogenous Materials List is located in Table 3 of this report.



4.3 Sample Collection

Collection of bulk samples of suspect materials for submission to AGAT Laboratories Ltd., in Mississauga, Ontario for analysis for asbestos (as percentage asbestos fibre, and type of asbestos fibre) and for lead (ug/g).

4.3.1 Bulk Sample Collection

Oakhill field staff wore half-face respirators with P100 cassettes during bulk sampling events. Building materials were pre-dampened with an application of amended water from a spray bottle to suppress surface and airborne fibres prior to disturbance for sample collection.

The building material sampled was sealed with caulking after sample collection to restore the material to its original condition. Every effort to minimize intrusion of the sampled building materials was always of paramount consideration. Each sample was sealed in a new plastic bag and labeled with a unique sample number and then double bagged. Chain of custody records were completed on-site and submitted with all samples to an approved laboratory.

All bulk materials sampled were randomly collected and are representative of each area of homogenous material. The minimum number of bulk materials to be collected from an area of homogenous material was in accordance with O. Reg. 278/05, Section 3 (3) (Table 1). All analysis of suspect asbestos containing materials was conducted according to O. Reg. 278/05, Section 3 (1) which states that the following standard be used: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Test method EPA/600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials. June 1993. Sample locations are depicted in Appendix D.

4.3.2 Sample Analysis

All bulk samples were submitted to AGAT Laboratories Inc. (AGAT) in Mississauga, Ontario, an independent laboratory, for analysis.

AGAT has been evaluated and has been found to comply with the criteria and standards established by the Canadian Association for Environmental Laboratories (CAEAL) for asbestos fibre analysis by phase contrast microscopy. The American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) has accredited AGAT for the Industrial Hygiene Laboratory Accreditation Program for Asbestos using optical microscopy. Suspect bulk



samples were analyzed using polarized light microscopy, and were based on a "test for first positive" approach.

Laboratory results of the asbestos and lead sampling can be found in Appendices B and C respectively.

5.0 FINDINGS

The results of the survey for designated substances and mould at building M-06 are discussed below.

5.1 Asbestos

All potential asbestos-containing materials sampled have been compiled into a homogenous materials list. Each homogenous material is given a homogeneous number, description, analytical result and corresponding sample numbers. The homogeneous materials list for building M-06 is shown in Table 2.

Table 2 – Homogeneous Materials List

Homo	Tube 2 Homogeneous Figure 1818 Elist	A shootes Tyme	Cample
Mat.	Material Description	Asbestos Type & Conc.	Sample No.
No.		& Conc.	110.
1	Mud Joint Compound Fitting Insulation	20% Chrysotile	M6-1
2	Aircell Pipe Insulation (high temperature application)	15% Chrysotile	M6-2
3	Aircell Pipe Insulation (low temperature application)	20% Chrysotile	M6-3
4	Thermal Patch	<0.5 %	M6-4
5	Boiler Parging	<0.5 %	M6-5,
	• •		M6-6
6	Plaster	<0.5 %	M6-7
7	Sweat Wrap (with white paper layer) Pipe Insulation	10% Chrysotile	M6-8
8	Parging Fitting Insulation	10% Chrysotile	M6-9
9	Transite Panel	30% Chrysotile	M6-10
10	12"x12" Floor Tile Off White with Grey Specks	<0.5 %	M6-11
11	Concrete on Beams	<0.5 %	M6-12
12	Mud Joint Compound Fitting Insulation	5% Chrysotile	M6-13

Homo. Mat. No. – Homogeneous Material Number

Conc. – Concentration

5.1.1 Survey Findings

Suspect ACM building materials on the ceilings, floors, walls, mechanical, and structural systems were sampled throughout the facility. Of the twelve (12) building materials that were sampled and compiled into the homogenous list, seven were found to contain asbestos.

The seven (7) building materials that contain asbestos are as follows:



- 1) Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the condensate and steam systems.
- 2) Aircell pipe insulation on the condensate and steam systems.
- 3) Aircell pipe insulation on the domestic cold and hot water systems.
- 4) Sweat wrap (with white paper layer) pipe insulation on the domestic cold water and drain systems.
- 5) Parging fitting insulation on the drain system.
- 6) Transite panels on the wall and ceiling systems.
- 7) Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the steam, domestic cold and hot water systems in the Ground Floor Air Compressor Room.

Table 3 provides a summary of all asbestos-containing materials by room. This table can be cross-referenced with the functional space forms in Appendix B to find a complete description of the room where ACM materials were encountered.

Table 3 – Summary of ACM by Room Listing

Functional Space ID#	Location	Homo. Mat. No.	Material Description and Quantity	
Basement				
		1	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the condensate system - 11 units	O&M
		2	Aircell pipe insulation on the condensate system - 19 LM	O&M
B003	Rm. 114 Flammable	3	Aircell pipe insulation on the domestic cold water system - 1 LM	O&M
B003	Storage	1	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the domestic cold water system - 2 units	O&M
		3	Aircell pipe insulation on the domestic hot water system - 1 LM	O& M
		1	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the domestic hot water system - 2 units	O&M
Rms. 118A,		1	Mud joint compound on condensate system - 2 units	O&M
B004	118,117	2	Damaged aircell pipe insulation on condensate system – 0.4 LM	2 Encaps.
118,117		2	Aircell pipe insulation on condensate system – 8 LM	O&M
Ground Level	!			
		12	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the domestic hot water system. – 3 units	O&M
G004	Air Compressor Rm.	12	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the domestic cold water system. – 1 unit	O&M
KIII.		12	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the steam system. - 2 units	O&M
G010 Rm. 110 Men's WC		7	Sweat wrap with white paper layer pipe insulation on the domestic cold water system - 3 LM	O&M
		2	Aircell pipe insulation on the domestic hot water system - 3 LM	O&M
G011	Rm. 115	8	Parging fitting insulation on drain system - 1 unit	O&M



	Lunch Room	7	Sweat wrap with white paper layer pipe insulation on drain system	O&M
First Mezzan	ine		Ò	
		2	Aircell pipe insulation on the steam system - 4 LM	O&M
FM01		2	Aircell pipe insulation on the condensate system - 4 LM	O&M
	Main Boiler	1	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the steam system - 3 units	O&M
Area		1	Mud joint compound fitting insulation on the condensate system - 5 units	O&M
		09	Transite panel on walls (outside of the electrical room) – 30 m ²	O&M
FM02	Electrical	09	Transite panel on walls–30 m ²	O&M
Rm.		09	Transite panel on ceiling– 18 m ²	O&M

LM – linear metre O&M – Operations & Maintenance Enc

Encap. – Encapsulation

Homo. – Homogeneous M

Mat. - Materials

Asbestos was detected in seven homogeneous building materials sampled from the facility. The ACM was categorized as to whether it was friable or non-friable. Further, the materials were grouped according to their similar composition, system and general appearance. The following sub-sections are the result of which materials were considered friable or non-friable. Photographs are provided along with a brief description of the material.

5.1.2 Friable ACM

Mud Joint Compound

A representative photograph of mud joint compound fitting insulation. This material is a malleable grey insulation that has the appearance of granular mud. It appears smooth, round and hard when it is intact with appropriate exterior jacketing.





Aircell

A representative photograph of aircell pipe insulation. This material is grey and white in colour. Aircell is layers of corrugated paper, which gives it the appearance of a honeycomb pattern when the profile is observed.



Sweat Wrap (with white paper layer)

A representative photograph of sweat wrap with white paper layer pipe insulation. This material has several layers of brown or grey waffle pattern paper layers with the outer layer consisting of a white paper layer that contains asbestos. This type of pipe insulation was used for low temperature applications only.



Parging

A representative photograph of parging fitting insulation. This material is a malleable grey insulation that has the appearance of granular mud. It appears smooth, round and soft. It is similar to mud joint compound (described above) but is softer and can be pulverized by hand pressure much easier.





5.1.3 Non-Friable ACM

Transite Panel

A representative photograph of transite panel. Transite is a composite material made up of asbestos and cement that was a manufactured product at the time of installation. It was generally used in areas as a fire retardant. It is a rigid material that fractures when broken and may appear as other types of non-acm panel.



5.1.4 Survey Recommendations

Under Ontario Regulation (O. Reg.) 278/05 damaged and exposed ACMs are required to be repaired or removed. In building M-06, the damaged/exposed asbestos-containing aircell and mud joint compound materials, found in Table 3 and summarized in Table 1, will require Type 2 asbestos abatement procedures for removal or repair of 1 square meter or less of material and Type 3 asbestos abatement precautions for removal of greater than 1 square meter of material. These issues should be addressed as soon as possible.

The O. Reg. 278/05 also requires the removal of all ACM's that have a potential of being disturbed during renovations or demolition. Should friable ACM's remain in the building, in GOOD condition, the regulation also requires that an Asbestos Management Plan be implemented and kept in place until such time that the ACM's have been removed. The management plan will include periodic assessment and record updating to be performed on the remaining ACM at least every 12 months.

Building staff and contractors should be made aware of the location and hazards associated with the ACM's and instructed to not disturb this material. Any disturbance of this material should be reported immediately to property management and appropriate control measures put into place without delay.



5.2 Lead

5.2.1 Survey Findings

Based on visual observations during Oakhill's room-by-room surveys, potential lead was sampled in seven paint finishes. Samples were collected from the painted interior surfaces of building M-06 and were analysed for lead content.

The analytical results are provided in Appendix C and are summarized below in Table 4.

Table 4 – Results of Lead Investigation

Sample	Location	Colour	Results (ppm Lead)	Considered Lead Based Paint*
M06-L1	Bldg M06 –Paint on duct	White Paint	10.1	No
M06-L2	Bldg M06 – Paint on walls	Peach Paint	906	No
M06-L3	Bldg M06 – Paint on floor	Grey Paint	7,700	Yes
M06-L4	Bldg M06 – Paint on steel beams	Pale Green Paint	76,200	Yes
M06-L5	Bldg M06 – Paint on steel beam	Silver Paint	316	No
M06-L6	Bldg M06 – Paint on steel beam	Light Grey Paint	1,150	No
M06-L7	Bldg M06 – Paint on walls	Pale Yellow Paint	1,910	No

^{*}Note: Ontario Ministry of Labour (MOL) considers 5,000ppm lead to be a lead-based paint (LBP).

5.2.2 Survey Recommendations

Based on the analytical results, two of the seven paints sampled contain greater than 5,000 ppm lead and are therefore classified as lead-based paints.

Lead may also be present in the solder used on copper domestic water lines, as caulking in bell fittings for cast- iron drainage pipes and in electrical equipment, wiring or fixtures.

Direct disturbance of the materials can minimize the impact of lead products during removal. Removal of lead materials as an intact unit is the preferred method of removal. Mechanically powered tools increase the airborne concentration of lead dust.

Contractors are responsible to ensure that the workers are not exposed to airborne lead dust levels in excess of 0.15 mg/m3. This can be accomplished by:

- Providing respiratory protection and coveralls
- Suppressing dust levels by wetting with amended water, mops or HEPA vacuums
- Using drop-sheets and polyethylene barriers to control dust
- Ensuring the work areas have adequate ventilation
- Provide workers with the means to practice good hygiene practices when leaving the work area



The removal of metallic lead materials should be carried out in accordance with Ontario Regulation 843/90 and the Ontario Ministry of Labour (MOL) draft Proposed Lead Regulation on Construction Projects, both made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act. Any lead-containing materials should also be disposed of in accordance with Ontario Regulation 558 (formerly O. Reg. 347).

In addition, it is recommended that the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Guideline, of 0.5 % lead (by weight) or 5,000 parts per million (ppm) lead be used as a guideline for determining whether the use of precautions as outlined in the proposed regulation would be required during the above noted operations. Airborne lead dust or fumes should not exceed the MOL TWAEV of 0.15 milligram per cubic metre (mg/m³) during the removal of lead based paints and products.

5.3 Mercury

5.3.1 Survey Findings

Mercury vapour is present inside fluorescent light fixtures. Tubes should be removed intact prior to removing the fixtures. Liquid mercury may also be present inside thermostats and manometers in mechanical equipment.

5.3.2 Survey Recommendations

Prior to removal of fluorescent light fixtures, the tubes should be removed from the fixtures intact to prevent the mercury vapour from escaping. As long as the tubes are not broken, workers will not be exposed to hazardous mercury vapour. Prior to demolition of the facility, mercury-containing materials must be removed as per Ontario Regulation 844/90. During demolition, ensure that the maximum concentration of exposure to airborne mercury does not exceed 0.03 mg Hg/m³ of air.

If applicable, mercury should be collected from thermostats, thermometers, and manometers prior to demolition, however care should be taken to control the release of mercury into the air.

5.4 Silica

5.4.1 Survey Findings

Based on the historic composition of building materials, crystalline silica is present in the following building materials:

- Concrete floor slabs;
- Terra cotta and masonry block walls;



- Mortar; and
- Acoustic ceiling tiles.

5.4.2 Survey Recommendations

Contractors are responsible to ensure workers are not exposed to airborne silica levels in excess of 0.20 mg/m3 when dealing with the above materials. This can be accomplished by:

- Minimize disturbance of the material
- Providing respiratory protection and coveralls
- Suppressing dust levels by wetting with amended water, mops or HEPA vacuums
- Using drop-sheets and polyethylene barriers to control dust
- Ensuring the work areas have adequate ventilation
- Provide workers with the means to practice good hygiene practices when leaving the work area

Use of mechanically powered tools for any demolition work increases the concentration of airborne silica and therefore requires more stringent respiratory protection and controlled work procedures.

5.5 Isocyantes

5.5.1 Survey Findings

At the time of the site inspection, no evidence of isocyantes was noted as part of the structure or finishes.

5.6 Vinyl Chloride Monomer

5.6.1 Survey Findings

At the time of the site inspection, no evidence of vinyl chloride monomer was noted as part of the structure or finishes.

5.7 Benzene

5.7.1 Survey Findings

Benzene may be present in a stable form within roofing materials, paints and adhesives.

5.7.2 Survey Recommendations

It is not expected that benzene concentrations in air will exceed the maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to benzene (3.0 mg/m³). To minimize potential benzene exposure, apply paints and adhesives in well-ventilated areas.



5.8 Acrylonitrile

5.8.1 Survey Findings

At the time of the site inspection, no evidence of acrylonitrile was noted as part of the structure or finishes.

5.9 Coke Oven Emissions

5.9.1 Survey Findings

At the time of the site inspection, no evidence of coke oven emissions was noted as part of the structure or finishes.

5.10 Arsenic

5.10.1 Survey Findings

At the time of the site inspection, no evidence of arsenic was noted as part of the structure or finishes.

5.10.2 Survey Recommendations

Arsenic or arsenic-containing compounds may be present in stable form in paints and adhesives. It is not expected that arsenic concentrations in air will exceed the maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to arsenic (0.2 mg/m³). To minimize potential arsenic exposure, apply paints and adhesives in well-ventilated areas.

5.11 Ethylene Oxide

5.11.1 Survey Findings

At the time of the site inspection, no evidence of ethylene oxide was noted in the survey.

5.12 Mould

5.12.1 Survey Findings

At the time of the site inspection, mould was suspected to be present in on the surface of fibreglass duct insulation in rooms 108 and 109. Observations are noted in functional space forms G006 and GOO7.

5.12.2 Survey Recommendations

Oakhill recommend that fungal laboratory sampling be added to the scope of work for this project in the next fiscal year. It is important to identify the type of mould fungus present and mould growth.

Designated Substances Survey Building M-06, Ottawa

Continued diligence is recommended to avoid scenarios, which can support fungi growth specifically: water

in the presence of cellulose-based surfaces. There must be moisture (such as leaking pipes, cracked window

seals, etc.) as well as an indoor substrate (such as the paper layer of drywall, wood, potted plants, etc.) to

support fungal growth. Simply replacing the substrate is not a solution to the problem. The root cause is

required to be identified.

6.0 CLOSURE

This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of the National Research Council of Canada.

The conclusions presented represent the best judgement of the assessor based on current environmental

standards and on the site conditions observed from January 22nd, 2007. Due to the nature of the investigation

and the limitations of the available data, the assessor cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental

liabilities. It is possible that additional, concealed designated substances may become evident during

demolition activities.

Should additional information become available, Oakhill requests that this information be brought to our

attention so that we may re-assess the conclusions presented herein.

We trust that the report meets your current requirements. Should you have any questions or concerns

regarding the above, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Oakhill Environmental Inc.

Fil Barillaro, M.A.S.c., P.Eng.

Project Manager

APPENDIX A DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Acrylonitrile

Acrylonitrile is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 835/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act. Acrylonitrile is a clear liquid that may be colourless or yellow and that readily reacts with other chemicals to produce long, chain-like molecules (polymers). Acrylonitrile-based polymers are used to produce nitrile rubbers, plastics, acrylic fibres, coatings and adhesives. Workers are typically exposed to acrylonitrile at manufacturing facilities that produce the aforementioned products through inhaling its vapour, direct skin contact, or through ingestion. Although acrylonitrile may be present in some of the building materials, including adhesives and coatings, the chemical will likely be bonded in the polymer form. Therefore, it is not expected that an adverse exposure to acrylonitrile will occur unless the building materials are heated to extreme temperatures. Acrylonitrile vapours may become released from the acrylonitrile-based polymers during a process where high temperatures are applied. Acrylonitrile is classified as *possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2b)* as evidence from long-term epidemiological studies since 1980 is conflicting. It is not expected that acrylonitrile concentrations in the air will exceed the maximum allowable time weighted average exposure value (TWAEV) for a worker to acrylonitrile (4.3 mg/m³).

Arsenic

Arsenic is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 836/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act. The presence of arsenic in the paint coating on interior and exterior finishes is possible. There are no regulated procedures for the removal of paint containing arsenic. If the paint does not contain lead, but does contain arsenic, the comments concerning lead paint, discussed in below, are expected to address the potential arsenic emissions. As the painted surfaces will be handled as per the proposed lead regulation, it is not expected that arsenic concentrations in the air will exceed the maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to arsenic (0.2 mg/m³). Human health studies from Argentina and Chile have concluded that arsenic ingestion can result in increased risk of bladder and lung cancer. Non-cancer effects include skin lesions and chronic respiratory disease.

Asbestos

The term "asbestos" describes six naturally occurring fibrous minerals, namely chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite, anthophylitte and actinolite. Of the six forms of asbestos, chrysotile (white asbestos), amosite (brown asbestos) and crocidolite (blue asbestos) are the most commonly used. Asbestos has been known to man for centuries and has been used in literally hundreds of products. Asbestos was used because it is strong, insulates well, and resists fire and corrosion.

The Regulation for Asbestos, Ontario Regulation 278/05, made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act defines asbestos as any of the following fibrous silicates:

Actinolite, Amosite, Anthophyllite, Chrysotile, Crocidolite and Tremolite.

It is important to note that asbestos is defined further as either "friable" or "non-friable". O. Reg. 278/05 defines friable as:

"friable material" means material that,

- o when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure, or
- o is crumbled, pulverized or powdered;

Non-friable is any material that doesn't fit the criteria for friable. Essentially, any material that cannot be crumbled, pulverized or powdered by hand pressure or is not crumbled, pulverized or powdered.

The distinction between whether an asbestos containing material (ACM) is friable or non-friable is a notable characteristic as the 'friability' of the ACM translates the **potential** risk of producing an airborne fibre release. Non-friable ACM's offer far less potential risk of producing an airborne fibre release. These materials should not be cut or shaped using power tools, because this procedure allows for the release of asbestos fibres.

Materials that contain asbestos are commonly referred to as ACM's. O. Reg. 278/05, defines an ACM as:

o material that contains 0.5 per cent or more asbestos by dry weight;

The Revised Regulations of Ontario (1990), Regulation 347 (The General Waste Regulation) requires the disposal of asbestos waste in a double sealed container, properly labelled and free of cuts, tears or punctures. The waste must be disposed of in a licensed waste facility, which has been properly notified of the presence of asbestos waste. The federal "Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act" covers the transport of asbestos waste to the disposal site. Asbestos waste is to be handled by a licensed waste hauler.

Asbestos is typically found in plaster, mechanical insulation, gaskets, thermal insulation on pipes, refractory material, roofing felts, floor tiles, ceiling tiles and parging, heat resistant panels, incandescent light fixture reflector plates, and any other material requiring a high degree of durability or thermal resistance. The common use of potential friable (breakable by hand) ACMs in construction ceased voluntarily in the mid 1970s; however, the spray application of asbestos-containing fireproofing was not prohibited until 1986. The airborne maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to asbestos depends on the type of asbestos, they include, amosite (0.1 f/cc), crocidolite (0.1 f/cc) and other forms of asbestos (1.0 f/cc). Asbestos fibres cumulate in the lungs. Human health effects are proportional to exposure. Studies show long term or high dose exposure can result in scarring of the lung and restricted breathing. Mesothelioma (cancer of the pleural lining) and other lung cancers are also related to asbestos exposure.

Benzene

Benzene is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 839/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act Historically; benzene has been produced as a by-product of coal gasification and metallurgical coke production in steel making. The light oil product from such processes contains benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylene, and these components are separated by distillation. Today, most benzene is produced from the refining of petroleum.

Benzene has applications as a solvent in synthetic rubber manufacturing and processing, and in paints, varnishes, stains, adhesives, roofing materials and sealants. The use of benzene in tire and other rubber goods manufacturing and as a solvent and component of paints and adhesives has declined considerably as a result of concerns about workplace exposure. Nevertheless, it is often present in trace quantities in petroleum and aromatic solvents, some of which have replaced benzene in many uses. Benzene is also a minor component of gasoline sold in Canada.

The maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to benzene is 3 mg/m³. Based on the age of the facility, it is possible that benzene was present in the paints, adhesives and roofing materials used during the original construction of the facilities. However, over time, the benzene component typically volatilizes out of the paints, solvents and roofing bitumens and is released into the ambient air. Therefore, it is likely that only trace levels of benzene presently exist in these building materials. It is not expected that benzene emissions from any existing building materials on site will exceed the allowable TWAEV.

Exposure to benzene can range in severity from nausea to suppression of the immune system and death. Long-term exposure to benzene can potentially result in Acute Myeloid Leukemia, Secondary Aplastic Leukemia and damage to the reproductive system.

Ethylene Oxides

Ethylene Oxides are regulated in Ontario under Regulation 841/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act. Ethylene oxide is a common by-product of fumigation or sterilization procedures. The airborne maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to Ethylene Oxides is 1.8 mg/m³. Acute exposure may result in vomiting, shortness of breath and dizziness. Chronic exposure has been associated with the occurrence of cancer, reproductive effects, mutagenic changes and neurotoxicity.

Isocyanates

Isocyanates is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 842/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act Isocyanates are a class of chemicals used in the manufacture of certain types of plastics, foams and roof insulation. The Isocyanate (-CNO) group reacts very readily with certain other types of molecules, a property responsible for the usefulness of Isocyanates in industry. Due to the high reactivity of the Isocyanate group, exposure to Isocyanates can result in primary irritation, sensitization and hypersensitivity reactions. The respiratory system, the eyes and the skin are the main areas affected by exposure. Isocyanates in their initial form are found as a vapour, a mist, or a dust which become airborne and then taken into the body. Once the Isocyanates are chemically bonded to other chemicals during manufacturing processes, the Isocyanates are not readily available to become airborne unless heated. Therefore, Isocyanate exposure is not expected to be a concern as long as the burning of plastics, foams, and insulation is not carried out. The airborne maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to Isocyanates is 0.005 ppm.

Lead

Lead is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 843/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act. The Ontario Ministry of Labour (MOL) draft Proposed Lead Regulation on Construction Projects, made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act, May 5, 1995, states that the removal of lead paint is not required unless work on these materials are likely to produce airborne lead dust or fumes, for example during welding, torch cutting, sanding and sand blasting. If these operations are likely to occur during building renovations or demolition, it is recommended that the removal of lead paint be carried out in accordance with procedures outlined in the proposed regulation.

Based on conversations with the MOL, it is recommended that the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Guideline, of 0.5 % lead (by weight) or 5,000 parts per million (ppm) lead be used as a guideline for determining whether the use of precautions as outlined in the proposed regulation would be required during the above noted operations. Airborne lead dust or fumes should not exceed the MOL TWAEV of 0.15 milligram per cubic metre (mg/m³) during the removal of lead based paints and products.

Lead may be used in its pure metallic form or combined chemically with other elements to form lead compounds. Metallic lead is used to make products such as electric storage batteries, ammunition, lead solder, radiation shields, pipes, and sheaths for electric cables. Metallic lead is sometimes combined with other metals such as copper, tin and antimony as lead alloys for use in the manufacture of a variety of metal products.

Organic lead compounds contain a lead atom covalently bonded to carbon. Common examples of organic lead compounds include lead "soaps" such as lead oleates, high-pressure lubricants, and anti-knock agents in gasoline.

Inorganic lead compounds (or lead salts) result when lead is combined with an element other than carbon. Examples are lead oxide, lead chromate, lead carbonate and lead nitrate. Inorganic lead compounds may occur as solids or in solutions, and are used in insecticides, pigments, paints, frits, glasses, plastics, and rubber compounds.

Lead may affect the health of workers if it is in a form that may be inhaled, ingested or absorbed through the skin. Lead dust consists of small, solid particles of metallic lead or lead compounds that are generated by sanding, grinding, polishing, and sawing operations. Lead fume is produced in significant amounts when solid lead or materials containing lead are heated to temperatures above 500° C, as in welding and flame cutting or burning.

Mercury

Mercury is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 844/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act. Mercury is commonly found in buildings as mercury vapour lighting, in thermometers, thermostats and some electrical switches. Mercury can also be found in minor amounts in fluorescent lamp tubes and in paints and adhesives.

Mercury, or mercury vapour within light fixtures, thermometers, thermostats and electrical switches poses no risk to workers or occupants provided the mercury containers remain intact and undisturbed. Prior to demolition, remove mercury containers and store in a safe location. The airborne maximum allowable TWAEV for a worker to mercury is 0.05 mg/m^3 .

Short-term exposure to mercury is a rare occurrence due to the more stringent controls. Historically, short-term exposure to high concentrations of mercury vapour included: harmful effects of the nervous, respiratory and digestive systems and the kidneys.

Silica

Silica is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 845/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act Silica, also referred to as free crystalline silica, is found in concrete, cement, mortar, ceramic wall and floor tiles, stucco finishes and acoustic ceiling tiles. Prolonged exposure to, and inhalation of free crystalline silica, may result in respiratory disease known as silicosis, which is characterised by progressive fibrosis of the inner lung tissue and marked shortness of breath or impaired lung function. The maximum TWAEV for airborne Silica dust is 0.20 mg/m³.

Precautions should be taken during work on concrete (coring etc.) and ceiling tiles to minimize exposure to free crystalline silica dust. Silica exposure should not exceed the MOL TWAEV of 0.20 milligrams per cubic metre (mg/m³) during demolition activities. This can be achieved by:

- providing workers with respiratory protection;
- wetting the surface of the materials to prevent dust emissions;
- provide workers with facilities to properly wash prior to exiting the work area.

Vinyl Chloride

Vinyl Chloride is regulated in Ontario under Regulation 846/90 of the Occupational Heath and Safety Act. Vinyl chloride is found in many applications in buildings such as plumbing pipes, protective coatings on insulated pipes and interior finishes (i.e., vinyl baseboard trim). Vinyl chlorides in the above materials are bound in a solid matrix and are unlikely to become airborne such that it would exceed the maximum allowable TWAEV of 5.2 mg/m³.

Human health effects from long-term exposure include: cancer of the liver, damage to the immune and reproductory systems.

Fungi

There is essentially no fungus-free environment in our daily lives. Fugal spores are abundant in outdoor air and exposure to fungi occurs commonly in indoor environments.

Continued cleaning diligence is recommended to avoid scenarios which can support fungi growth such as water in the presence of cellulose-based surfaces. There must be a moisture or water problem to support fungal growth.

APPENDIX B ANALYTICAL RESULTS – ASBESTOS



Certificate of Analysis

AGAT WORK ORDER: 07T206731

PROJECT NO: PR-06-039

CLIENT NAME: OAKHILL ENVIRONMENTAL ATTENTION TO: Fil Barillo

Bulk Asbestos													
DATE SAMPLED: January 19 2007		IPLE TYPE: Otl	her										
	Unit	G/S	M.D.L	M6 - 1 648377	M6 - 2 648378	M6 - 3 648379	M6 - 4 648380	M6 - 5 648381	M6 - 6 648382	M6 - 7A 648383	M6 - 7B 648384		
Asbestos	%		0.5	20	15	20	Trace	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		
	Unit	G/S	M.D.L	M6 - 7C 648385	M6 - 7D 648386	M6 - 7E 648387	M6 - 7F 648388	M6 - 7G 648389	M6 - 8A 648390	M6 - 9 648392	M6 - 10 648393		
Asbestos	%		0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	10	10	<0.5		
	Unit	G/S	M.D.L	M6 - 11A 648394	M6 - 11B 648395	M6 - 11C 648396	M6 - 12A 648397	M6 - 12B 648398	M6 - 12C 648399				
Asbestos	%		0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				

Certified By:





CLIENT NAME: OAKHILL ENVIRONMENTAL

Certificate of Analysis

AGAT WORK ORDER: 07T206731

PROJECT NO: PR-06-039

ATTENTION TO: Fil Barillo

Bulk Asbestos

DATE SAM	PLED: January 19 2007	DATE RECEIVED: January 25 2007	DATE REPORTED: January 30 2007	SAMPLE TYPE: Other
Comments:	M.D.L - Method Detection Limit; G / S - Gu	deline / Standard		
648377	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
	Asbestos containing: chrysotile			
648378	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
	Asbestos containing: chrysotile			
648379	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
	Asbestos containing: chrysotile			
648380	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
648381	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648382	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648383	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
648384	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648385	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
648386	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648387	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
648388	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648389	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648390	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
	Asbestos containing: chrysotile			
648392	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		
	Asbestos containing: chrysotile			
648393	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	urrival in laboratory		
648394	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648395	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648396	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648397	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648398	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	ırrival in laboratory.		
648399	Condition of sample was satisfactory at time of a	rrival in laboratory.		

Certified By:



APPENDIX C ANALYTICAL RESULTS – LEAD



Certificate of Analysis

AGAT WORK ORDER: 07T206730

PROJECT NO: PR-06-039

CLIENT NAME: OAKHILL ENVIRONMENTAL ATTENTION TO: Fil Barillo

	Lead in Paint											
DATE SAMPLED: January 19 2007			DATE REC	CEIVED: Janu	ary 24 2007	DATE	REPORTED: F	ebruary 02 2007	SAM	MPLE TYPE: Paint		
	Unit	G/S	M.D.L	M6-L1 648367	M6-L2 648368	M6-L3 648369	M6-L4 648370	M6-L5 648371	M6-L6 648372	M6-L7 648373		
Lead	μg/g		7.0	10.1	906	7700	76200	316	1150	1910		

Comments: M.D.L - Method Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard

Certified By:

APPENDIX D PHOTOGRAPH LOGS

M-06 ASBESTOS PHOTOGRAPH LOG

Photo #	Photograph	Funct. Space #	Comments
01		B004	Aircell open at both ends. 2 encapsulations required in this area on the condensate system.

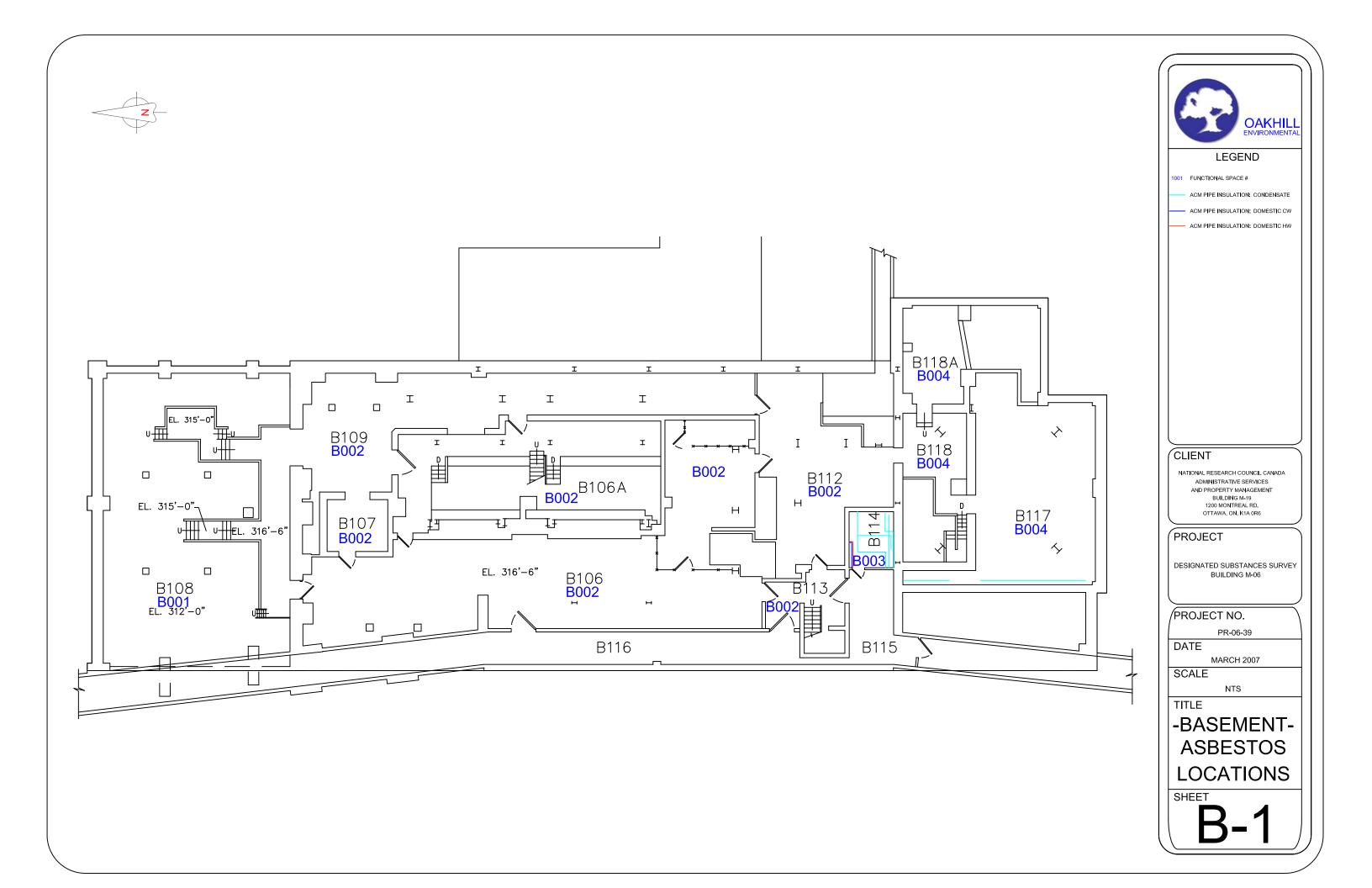
M-06 MOULD PHOTOGRAPH LOG

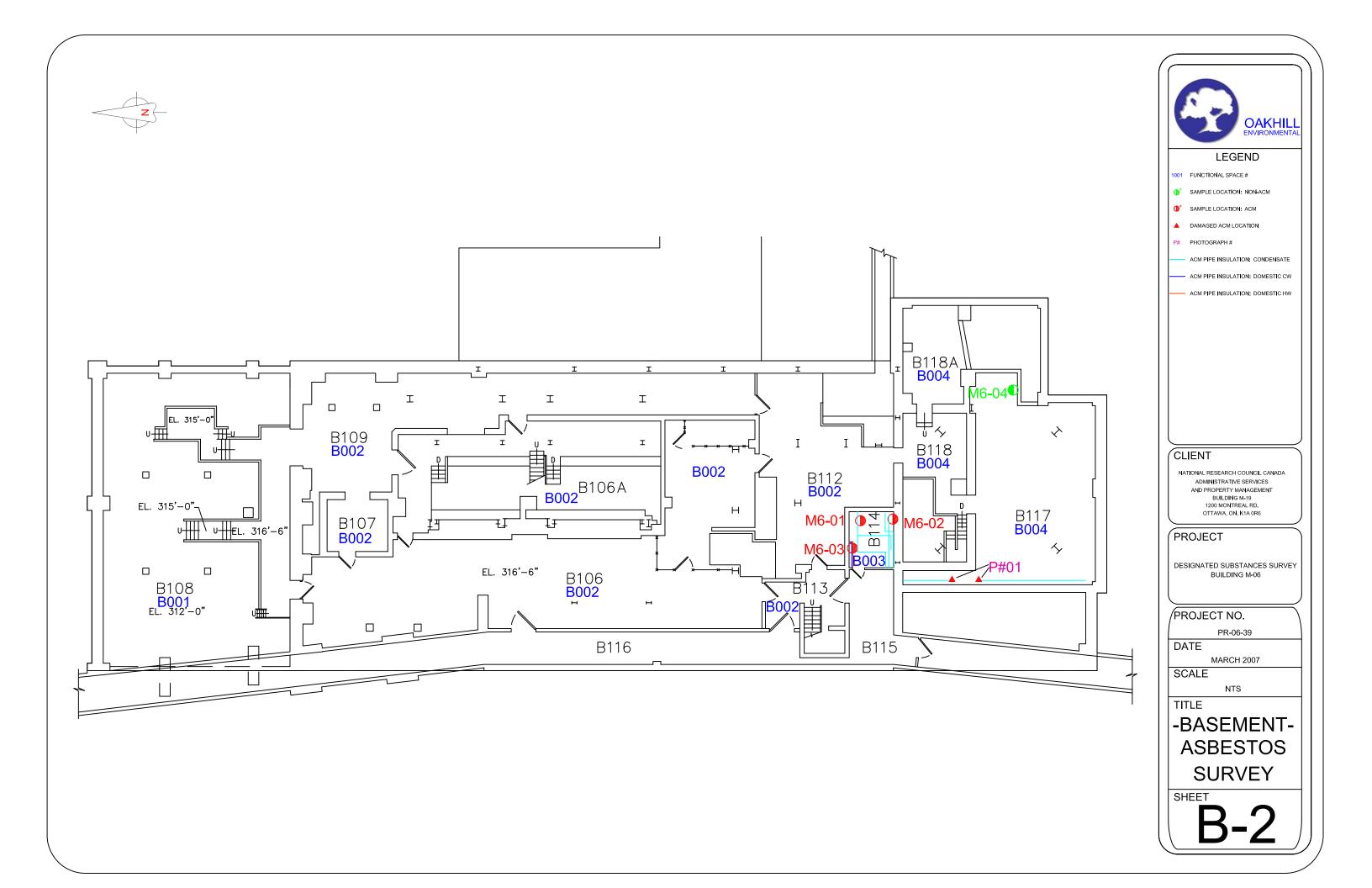
Photo #	Photograph	Funct. Space #	Comments
M-1		B004	Mould on fibreglass pipe insulation.
M-2		G006	Mould on fibreglass duct insulation.

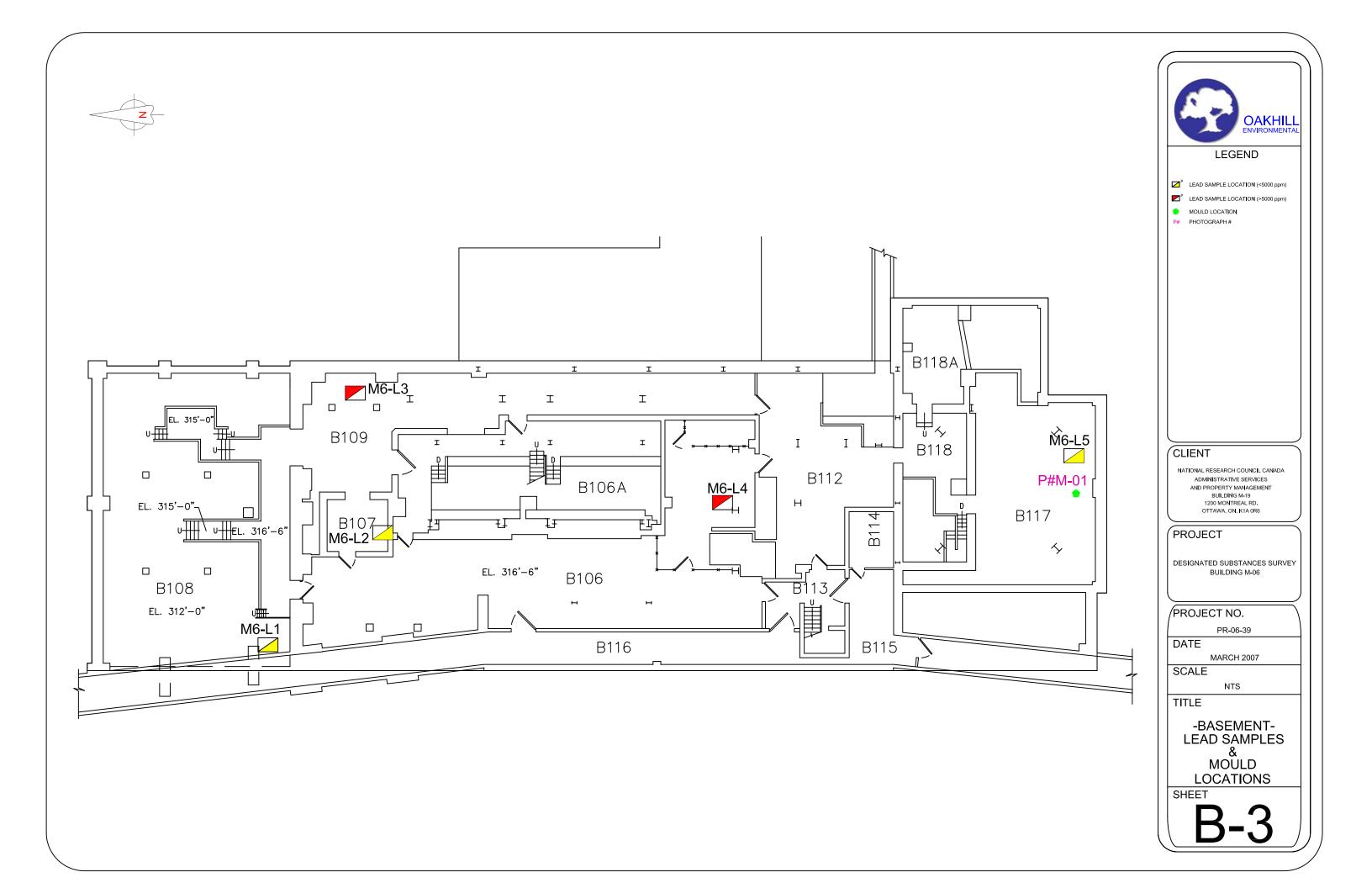
M-06 LEAD PHOTOGRAPH LOG

Photo #	Photograph	Funct. Space #	Comments
L-1		B002	Grey paint
L-2		B002	Pale green paint

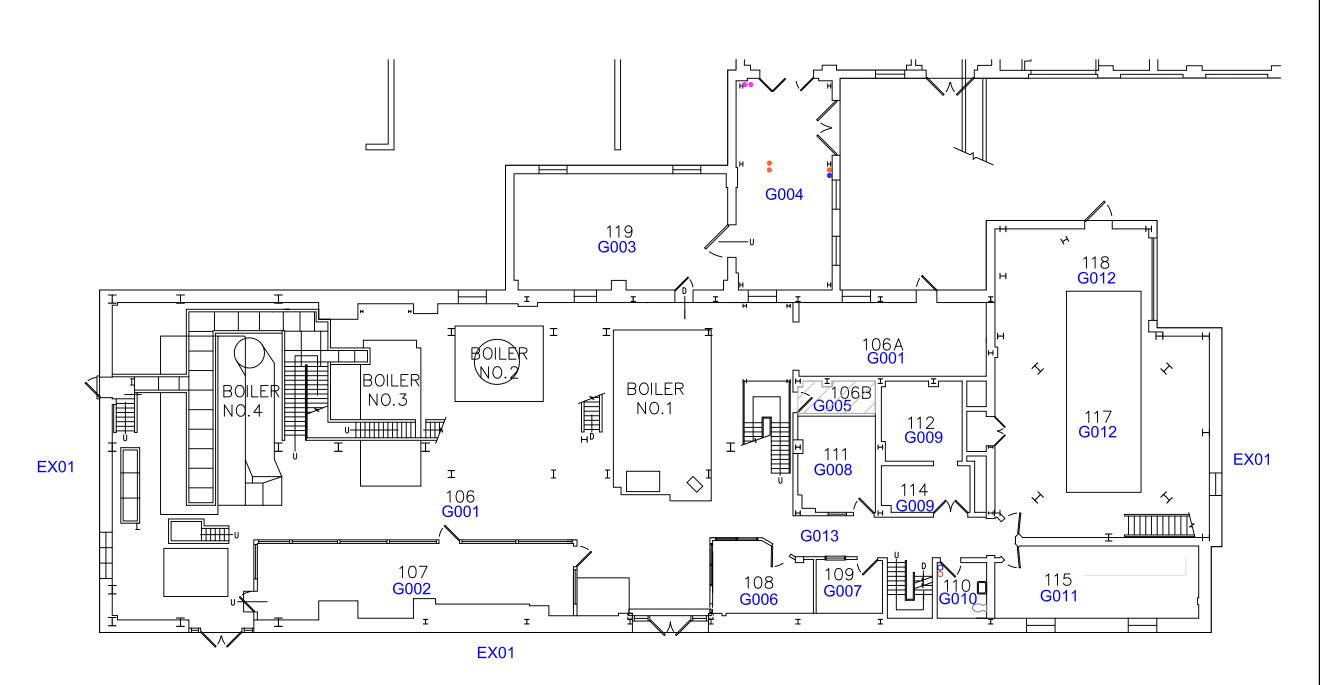
APPENDIX E FLOOR PLANS













001 FUNCTIONAL SPACE #

AREA NOT INSPECTED (INACCESSIBLE)

ACM PIPE INSULATION: DRAIN

ACM FITTING INSULATION: STEAM

ACM PIPE INSULATION RISER: DCW

ACM PIPE INSULATION RISER: DHW

ACM PIPE INSULATION RISER: DCW

ACM FITTING INSULATION: DHW

NOTE:

ACM fitting insulation locations are shown only on systems where NON-ACM pipe insulation was found. ONLY ACM ELBOWS are shown. These systems may also have ACM on: (s, valves, ends, hangers,

CLIENT

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT BUILDING M-19 1200 MONTREAL RD. OTTAWA, ON, K1A 0R6

PROJECT

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06

PROJECT NO.

PR-06-39

MARCH 2007

SCALE

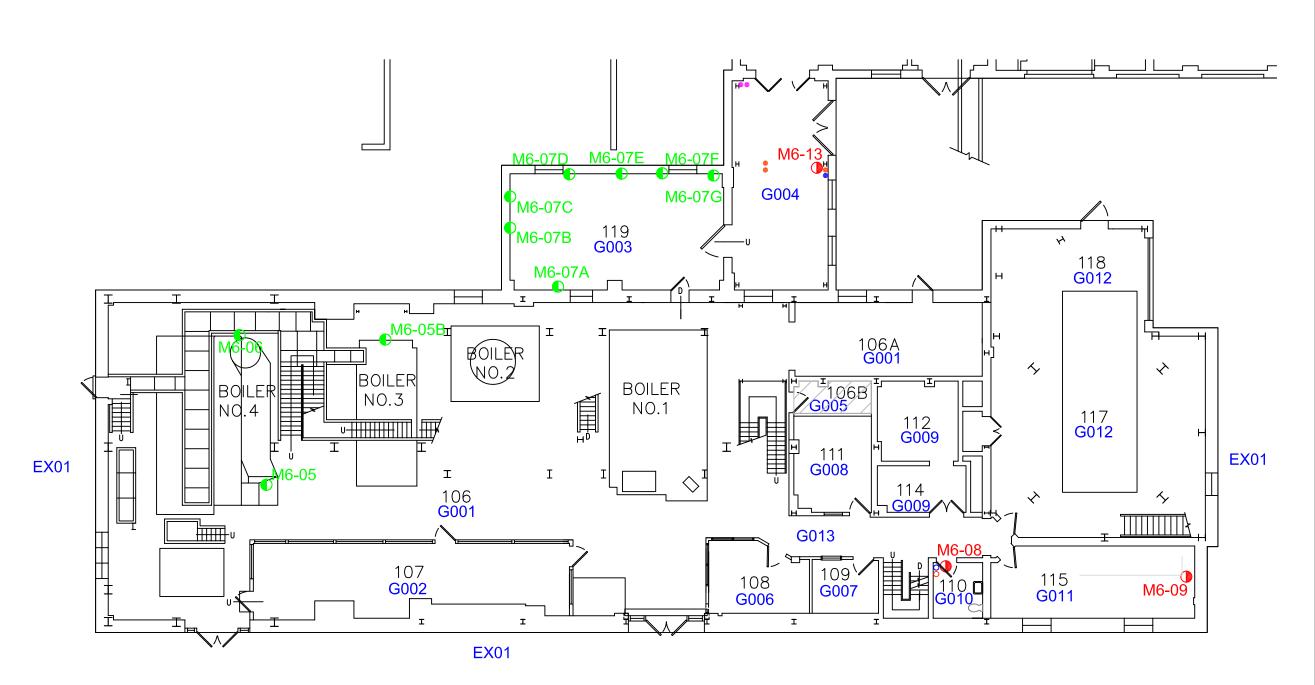
DATE

NTS

TITLE

GROUND FLOOR **ASBESTOS LOCATIONS**







1001 FUNCTIONAL SPACE #

- ① * SAMPLE LOCATION: NON-ACM
- SAMPLE LOCATION: ACM

AREA NOT INSPECTED (INACCESSIBLE)

ACM PIPE INSULATION: DRAIN

- ACM FITTING INSULATION: STEAM
- ACM PIPE INSULATION RISER: DCW
- O ACM PIPE INSULATION RISER; DHW
- ACM PIPE INSULATION RISER: DCW
- ACM FITTING INSULATION: DHW

NOTE:
ACM fitting insulation locations are shown only on systems where NON-ACM pipe insulation was found.
ONLY ACM ELBOWS are shown. These systems may also have ACM on: 1s, valves, ends, hangers,

CLIENT

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT BUILDING M-19 1200 MONTREAL RD. OTTAWA, ON, K1A 0R6

PROJECT

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06

PROJECT NO.

PR-06-39

MARCH 2007

SCALE

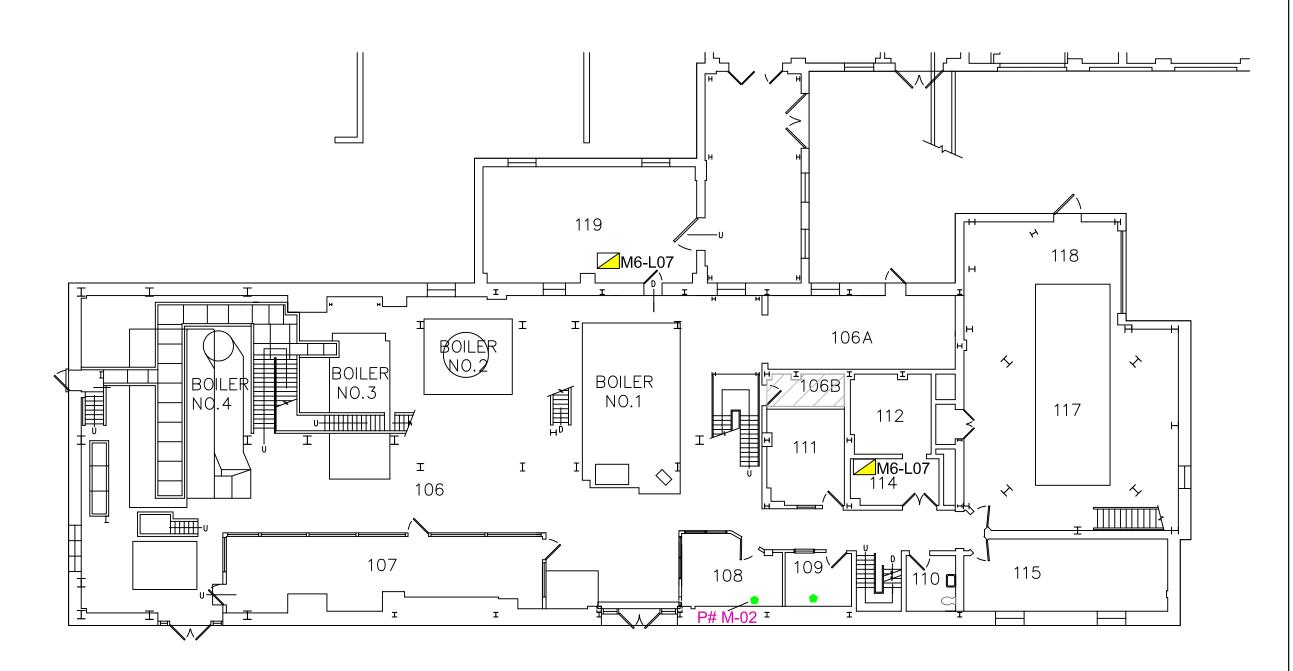
DATE

NTS

TITLE

GROUND FLOOR **ASBESTOS SURVEY**







LEAD SAMPLE LOCATION (<5000 ppm)

LEAD SAMPLE LOCATION (>5000 ppm)

MOULD LOCATION

AREA NOT INSPECTED (INACCESSIBLE)

P# PHOTOGRAPH#

CLIENT

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT BUILDING M-19 1200 MONTREAL RD. OTTAWA, ON, K1A 0R6

PROJECT

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06

PROJECT NO.

PR-06-39

MARCH 2007

SCALE

NTS

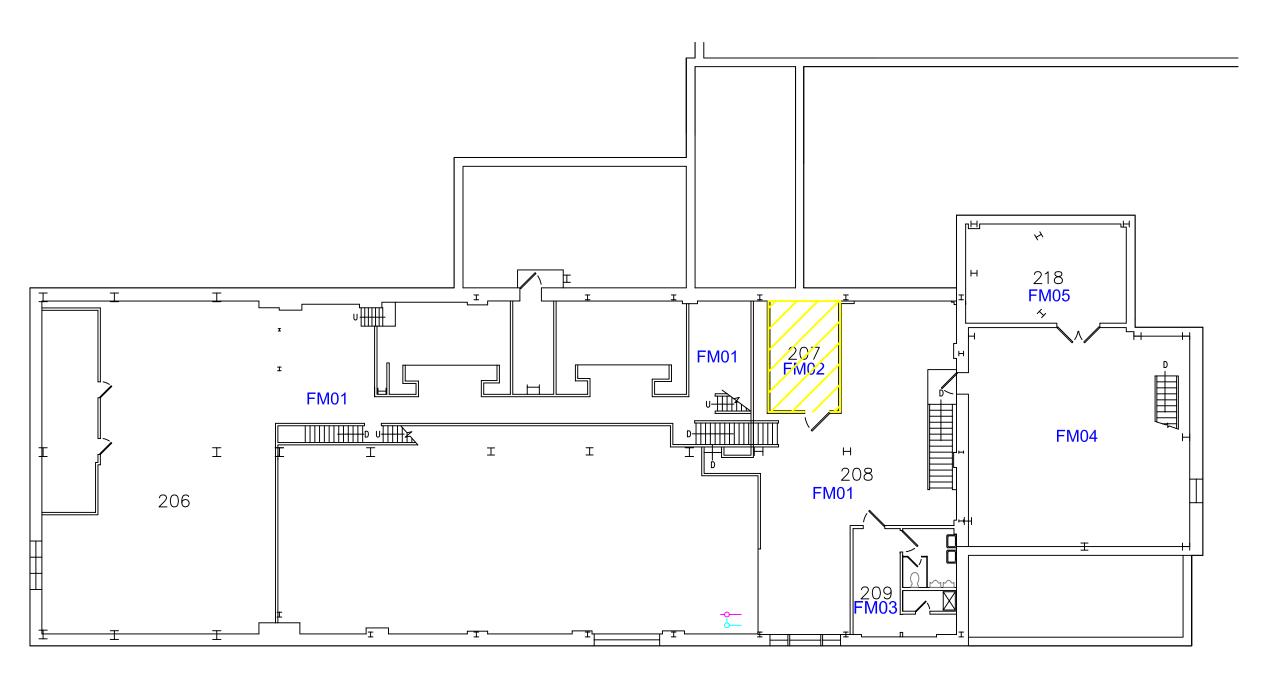
TITLE

GROUND FLOOR LEAD SAMPLES & MOULD LOCATIONS

SHEET

G-3







CLIENT

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT BUILDING M-19 1200 MONTREAL RD. OTTAWA, ON, K1A 0R6

PROJECT

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06

PROJECT NO.

PR-06-39

MARCH 2007

SCALE

NTS

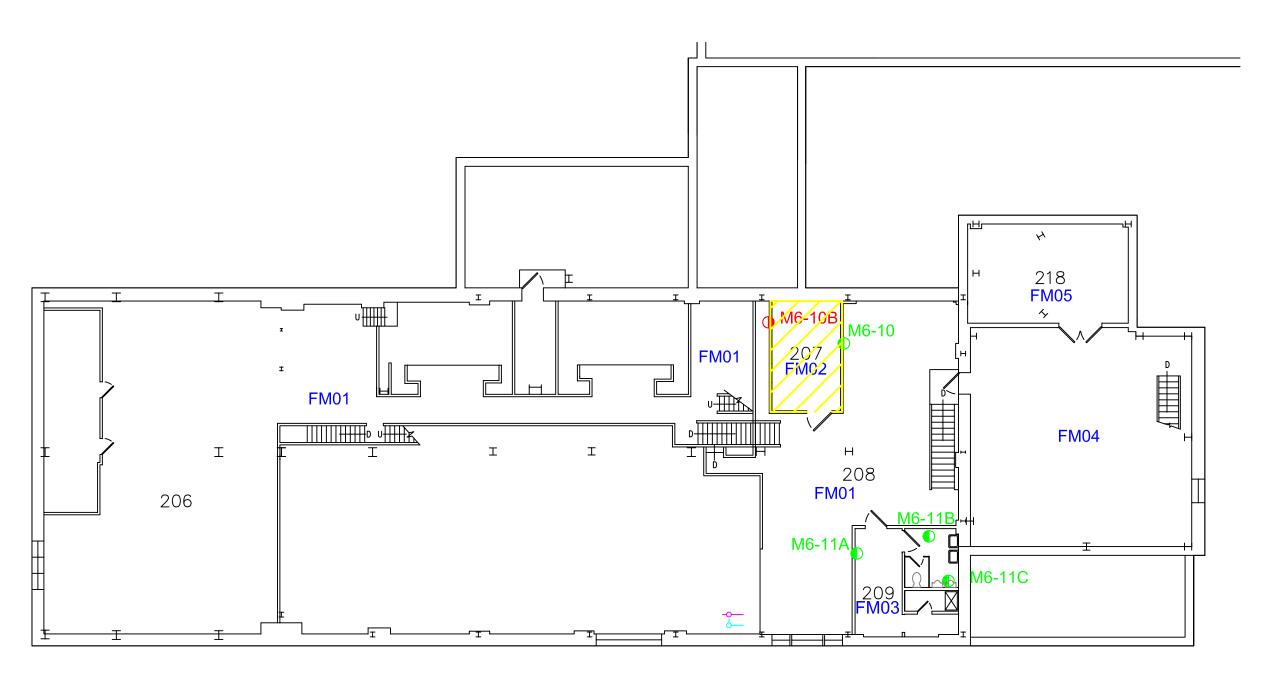
TITLE

FIRST MEZZANINE ASBESTOS LOCATIONS

SHEE

FM-1







1001 FUNCTIONAL SPACE #

()* SAMPLE LOCATION: NON-ACM

SAMPLE LOCATION: ACM

ACM PIPE INSULATION: STEAM

ACM PIPE INSULATION: CONDENSATE

ACM TRANSITE WALL PANEL

ACM TRANSITE CEILING TILE

ACM TRANSITE CEILING TIL

NOTE:
ACM fitting insulation locations are shown only on systems where NON-ACM pipe insulation was found.
ONLY ACM ELBOWS are shown. These systems may also have ACM on: t's, valves, ends, hangers, etc.

CLIENT

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT BUILDING M-19 1200 MONTREAL RD. OTTAWA, ON, K1A 0R6

PROJECT

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06

PROJECT NO.

PR-06-39

MARCH 2007

SCALE

DATE

NIT

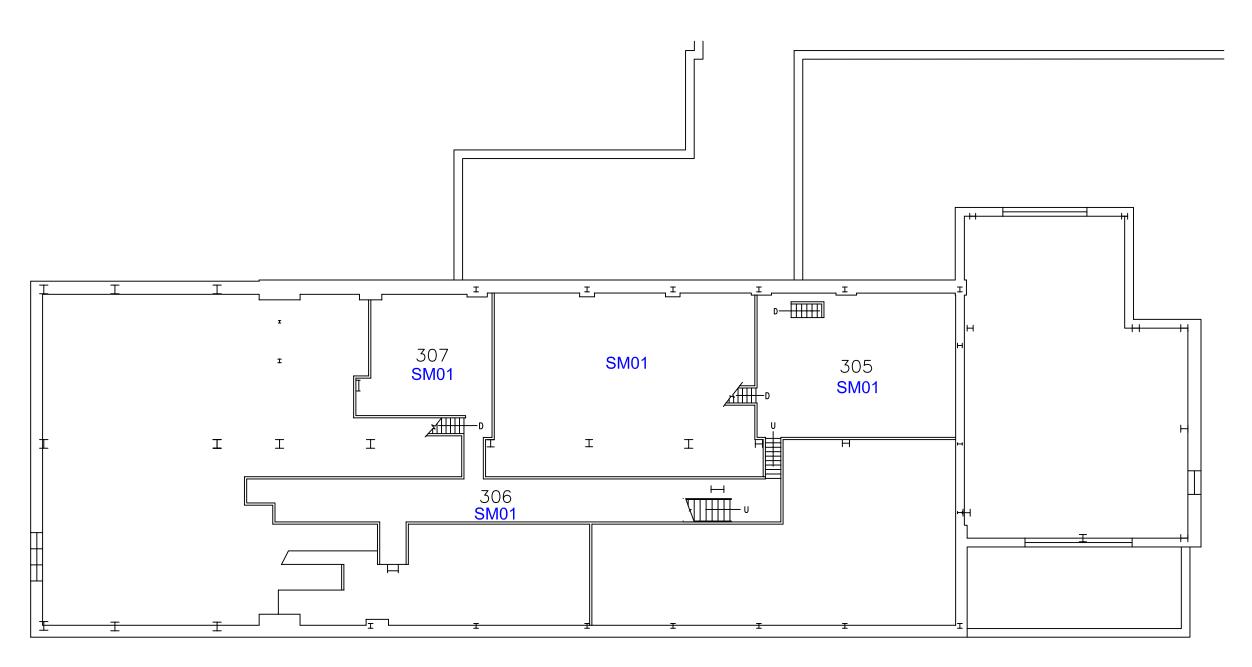
TITLE

FIRST MEZZANINE ASBESTOS SURVEY

SHEE

FM-2







1001 FUNCTIONAL SPACE#

CLIENT

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES
AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT
BUILDING M-19
1200 MONTREAL RD.
OTTAWA, ON, K1A 0R6

PROJECT

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06

PROJECT NO.

PR-06-39 DATE

MARCH 2007

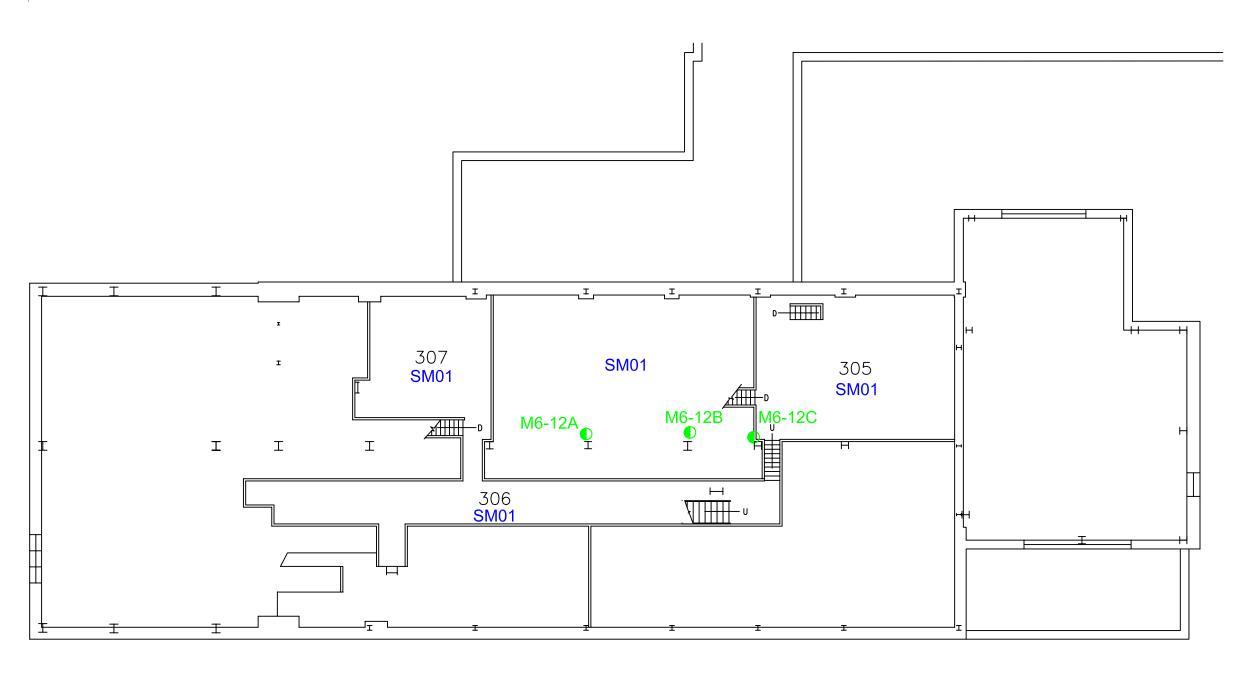
SCALE

NTS

TITLE

SECOND MEZZANINE ASBESTOS LOCATIONS







1001 FUNCTIONAL SPACE#

()* SAMPLE LOCATION: NON-ACM

CLIENT

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL CANADA ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT BUILDING M-19 1200 MONTREAL RD. OTTAWA, ON, K1A 0R6

PROJECT

DESIGNATED SUBSTANCES SURVEY BUILDING M-06

PROJECT NO.

PR-06-39

MARCH 2007

SCALE

NTS

TITLE

SECOND MEZZANINE ASBESTOS SURVEY

SHEE

SM-2

APPENDIX F FUNCTIONAL SPACE FORMS



Notes:

1) Lead sample M06-L1 collected here.

2) No ACM's were observed in this area.

3) All switches, pressure gauges and fluorescent lights are suspected mercury containing.

Job #: PR-06-039

Date: January 19, 2007

Functional Space (FS) #: B001

FS Area: Basement B108

Inspector: BM/RT

	Building Materials				ACM Assessment											port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Concrete	Wall	N												
0.3:																
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	n/a	FG FI PI	ALL	N										Recent installation		

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) Samples M06-L2, M06-L3, M06-L4 were collected here.

2) No ACM's were observed in this area.

3) All switches, pressure gauges and fluorescent lights are suspect mercury containing.

Job #: PR-06-039

Date: January 19, 2007

Functional Space (FS) #: B002

FS Area: 106, 107, 109, 112, 113 Basement

Inspector: BM & RT

	Building Materials				ACM Assessment											port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Concrete	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	n/a	FG PI FI	All	N										Recent installation		

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Date: January 19, 2007

Notes:

1) Samples M6-1, M6-2, M6-3 were collected here.

2) Mechanical systems are not labelled and are listed below based on assumptions at the time of

inspection.

Job #: PR-06-039 3) All ACM's were observed in good condition.

Functional Space (FS) #: B003

FS Area: 114 Flammable Storage Room

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t		•			Report Reference	
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	Α	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N	-											
Walls	n/a	Concrete	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	1	MJC FI	Condensate	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	11 units	X		-1		X		O & M	B-1	
	2	Aircell PI	Condensate	Y	Y	15% Chrysotile	19 LM	X				X		O & M	B-1	
	3	Aircell PI	DCW	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	1 LM	X	-	1		X	-1	O & M	B-1	
	1	MJC FI	DCW	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	2 units	X		1		X	1	O & M	B-1	
	3	Aircell PI	DHW	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	1 LM	X				X		O & M	B-1	
	1	MJC FI	DHW	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	2 units	X				X		O & M	B-1	
	n/a	FG	Condensate	N										Recent installation		

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:

G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation

FG: Fibreglass



Date: January 19, & March 26, 2007

Job #: PR-06-039

Notes:

1) Samples M6-L5 and M6-4 were collected here.

2) Condensate: 2 encapsulations of aircell pipe insulation (open ends) required. 0.2 LM per encapsulation totalling 0.4 LM.

4) Mechanical systems were not labelled and therefore systems identified were based on assumptions during the survey.

5) All other ACM's were observed in good condition.

Functional Space (FS) #: B004

FS Area: 118A, 118,117.

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials			ACM Assessment										Report Reference	
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Conditio F	on P	A	Access	С	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal grate	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Concrete	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	1	MJC FI	Condensate	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	2 units	X				X		O&M	B-1	
	2	Aircell PI	Condensate	Y	Y	15% Chrysotile	8LM	X				X		O&M	B-1	
	2	Aircell PI	Condensate	Y	Y	15% Chrysotile	0.4 LM		X			X		2 Encapsulations	B-2	01
	4	Thermal Patch	Ceiling	N												
	n/a	Mould on Condensate Line SEE PHOTO	Condensate	N											B-3	M-1

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:

G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation

FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) Sample M6-5 and M6-6 were collected here.

Date: January 19, 2007

2) All systems have fibreglass pipe insulation and fitting insulation. 3) No ACM's were observed in this area.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G001

FS Area: Main Boiler Area

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t					Report Reference	
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N						-						
*** "																
Walls	n/a	Brick	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	n/a	FG FI PI	ALL	N										Recent installation		
	5	Boiler Parging	Boiler 4	N						1						
	5	Boiler Parging	Boiler 3	N	-					1					1	

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Building: M-06

Job #: PR-06-039

Notes:

1) No ACM's were observed in this area.

FS Area: Rm#107 Control Room

Inspector: BM & RT

Functional Space (FS) #: G002

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t		1			Report Reference	
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	2' x 2' tile	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Brick	Wall	N												
	n/a	Drywall	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	2' x 4' CT	Ceiling	N										Post 1996		
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	n/a	FG PI	All	N												
														_		

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Building: M-06

Notes:

1) Sample M6-07 (A-G) of plaster was collected here. 2) Sample L-06 (light grey paint) was collected here.

3) No ACM's were observed in this area.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G003

FS Area: Rm#119 Air Compressor Rm.

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials				Rej Refe	port rence									
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	Condition Access G F P A B C						Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal Plate	Floor	N												
Walls	06	Plaster	Wall	N												
	n/a	Concrete Block	Wall	N		-										
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	n/a	FG PI FI	All	N										Recent installation		

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

PI: Pipe Insulation FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass

MJC: Mud Joint Compound



Building: M-06

Notes:

1) All ACM's observed in good condition. 2) Sample M6-13(MJC) was collected here.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G004

FS Area: Air Compressor Rm.

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials		ACM Assessment												port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access B	С	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N										-	1	
Walls	n/a	Concrete Block	Wall	N										-	1	
	n/a	Concrete	Wall	N										-		
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete Deck	Ceiling	N										-		
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	n/a	FG PI & FI	DCW	N												
	n/a	FG PI & FI	DHW	N												
	12	MJC FI	DHW	Y		5% Chrysotile	3 units	X			X			O&M	G-1	
	12	MJC FI	DCW	Y		5% Chrysotile	1 unit	X			X			O&M	G-1	
	12	MJCFI	Steam	Y		5% Chrysotile	2 units	X			X			O&M	G-1	

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Building: M-06

Notes:

1) No access to this room was available at the time of inspection.

FS Area: Janitors Closet 106B

Job #: PR-06-039

Inspector: BM & RT

Functional Space (FS) #: G005

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asses	ssmen	t					Report Reference	
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition		Access A B C		C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a															
Walls	n/a															
Ceiling	n/a															
Above Ceiling	n/a															
			-													

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) A renovation project was completed in this room in 1996. All materials were replaced.

2) No ACM's observed in this area. **Date:** January 19, 2007

3) Mould was observed on the fibreglass duct insulation.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G006

FS Area: Manager Office 108

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials			ACM Assessment											
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access B	С	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	12"x12" FT grey	Floor	N												
Walls	06	Plaster	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	2'x4' CT	Ceiling	N										Post 1986		
Above Ceiling	n/a	FG DI	Duct	N												
	n/a	Mould	Duct	N											G-3	M-2

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) A renovation project was completed in this room in 1996. All materials were replaced.

2) No ACM's were observed in this area.

3) Mould was observed on the fibreglass duct insulation.

Job #: PR-06-039

Date: January 19, 2007

Functional Space (FS) #: G007

FS Area: Assistant Manager Office 109

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials		ACM Assessment												port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	С	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	12"x12" FT grey	Floor	N							1		1			
Walls	06	Plaster	Wall	N												
Ceil.	n/a	2'x4' CT	Ceiling	N										Post 1986		
Above Ceiling	n/a	Brick	Wall	N												
	n/a	FG DI	Duct	N												
	n/a	Mould	Duct	N											G-3	M-2

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Date: January 19, 2007

Notes:

1) A renovation project was completed in this room in 1996. All materials were replaced.

2) No ACM's were observed in this area.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G008 **FS Area:** Engineer Office 111

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM Assessment											
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Conditic F	Condition Access F P A B C				Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #		
Floor	n/a	12"x12" FT grey	Floor	N														
Walls	06	Plaster	Wall	N														
Ceiling	n/a	2'x4' CT	Ceiling	N										Post 1986				
Above Ceiling	n/a	FG DI	Duct	N						-								
	n/a	FG PI FI	All	N						1								
	06	Plaster	Ceiling	N										Above suspended ceiling				
Other		Not applicable																

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) Sample M6-L7 pale yellow paint was collected here.

Date: January 19, 2007

2) No ACM's were observed in this area.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G009

FS Area: Electrical Rm. 114 & 112

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asses	ssmen	t					Rej Refe	port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
*** **																
Walls	n/a	Brick	Wall	N												
Cailina																
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
A 1																
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) No access above solid ceiling. 2) Sample M6-8A was collected here.

Date: January 19, 2007

3) All ACM's were observed in good condition.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G010

FS Area: Men's WC 110

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t						port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	7"x7"CT	Floor	N												
	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	4"x4" CT	Wall	N												
	n/a	Plaster	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	2'x4' CT	Ceiling	N												
	06	Plaster	Ceiling	N												
Other	7	Sweat wrap with white paper PI	DCW	Y	Y	10% Chrysotile	3LM	X				X		O&M	G-1	
	2	Aircell PI	DHW	Y	Y	15% Chrysotile	3LM	X				X		O&M	G-1	
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) Samples M6-8B & M6-9 collected here.

Date: January 19, 2007

3) All ACM's were observed in good condition.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G011

FS Area: Lunch Rm. #115

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t						port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	12"x12" FT white	Floor	N												
Walls	06	Plaster	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	2'x4' CT	Ceiling	N										Post 1986		
Above Ceiling	08	Parging FI	Drain	Y	Y	10% Chrysotile	1 unit	X					X	O&M	G-1	
	07	Sweat wrap with white paper PI	Drain	Y	Y	10% Chrysotile	6 LM	X		-			X	O&M	G-1	
	n/a	FG Duct Insulation	Duct	N												
	n/a	Concrete Deck	Deck	N												
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for <u>Access</u> to an area containing ACM:
A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) No ACM's observed in this area.

Date: January 19, 2007

2) Area is open to space above, the ceiling is discussed in FS# SM01.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G012

FS Area: Boiler Area #117 #118

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t					Rej Refe	port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	Α	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal Panel	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Concrete	Wall	N												
	n/a	Concrete Block	Wall	N												
	n/a	Metal Panel	Wall	N												
Ceiling		Not applicable														
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

DI: Duct Insulation

PI: Pipe Insulation

MJC: Mud Joint Compound



Notes:

1) 1996 Renovation

Date: January 19, 2007

2) No access above solid ceiling 3) No ACM's observed in this area.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: G013

FS Area: Hallway

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t					Rej Refe	port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	12"x12" FT grey	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Brick	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass

Date: January 19 & March



Building: M-06

Job #: PR-06-039

26, 2007

Notes:

1) Transite outside of electrical.

2) Sample M6-10 was collected here.

3) ACM on steam system above manager's office.

4) All ACM observed in good condition.

Functional Space (FS) #: FM01

FS Area: Main Boiler Area

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asses	ssmen	t						port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	С	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Brick	Wall	N												
	09	Transite panel	Wall	Y	N 30% Chrysotile 30 m ² X X O&M											
Ceiling		open area														
Other	02	Aircell PI	Steam	Y	Y	15% Chrysotile	4 LM	X				X		O&M	FM-01	
	02	Aircell PI	Condensate	Y	Y	15% Chrysotile	4LM	X				X		O&M	FM-01	
	01	MJC FI	Steam	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	3 units	X				X		O&M	FM-01	
	01	MJC FI	Condensate	Y	Y	20% Chrysotile	5 units	X				X		O&M	FM-01	
	n/a	FG PI FI	All	N										Re-insulated areas		

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass

Date: January 19, 2007



Building: M-06

Job #: PR-06-039

Notes:

1) All ACM observed in good condition.

FS Area: Electrical Rm.

Functional Space (FS) #: FM02

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t		<u> </u>				port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
Walls	09	Transite Panel	Wall	Y	N	30% Chrysotile	30 m ²	X				X		O&M	FM-1	
Ceiling	09	Transite Panel	Ceiling	Y	N	30% Chrysotile	18 m ²	X				X		O&M	FM-1	
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other	n/a	FG PI	All	N										Recent Installations		

Criteria for <u>Access</u> to an area containing ACM:
A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) Samples M6-11 A-C of 12"x12" F/T were collected here.

Date: January 19, 2007

2) No ACM's were observed in this area.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: FM03

FS Area: Locker Rm.

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t					Rej Refe	port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	10	12"x12" FT off white with grey	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Wood	Wall	N												
	n/a	Ceramic Tile	Wall	N												
	n/a	Brick	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Wood	Ceiling	N												
	n/a	Plaster	Ceiling	N												
														_		
														_		
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for <u>Access</u> to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) No ACM's were observed in this area.

Date: January 19, 2007

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: FM04

FS Area: Boiler Rm.

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t					Re Refe	port erence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal Grate	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Concrete Block	Wall	N												
	n/a	Metal	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
	n/a	Metal	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other																
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for <u>Access</u> to an area containing ACM:
A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for <u>Condition</u> of an ACM: G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Job #: PR-06-039

Notes:

1) No ACM's were observed in this area.

Date: January 19, 2007

2) All switches, pressure gauges and fluorescent lights are suspect mercury containing.

FS Area: Control Rm. #218

Functional Space (FS) #: FM05

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t						port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access B	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Concrete Block	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Metal	Ceiling	N												
Above Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass



Notes:

1) Samples M6-12 (A-C) were collected in this area.

Date: January 19, 2007

2) No ACM's observed in this area.

Job #: PR-06-039

Functional Space (FS) #: SM01

FS Area: Second Mezzanine

Inspector: BM & RT

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asse	ssmen	t					Rej Refe	port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	Α	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor	n/a	Concrete	Floor	N												
	n/a	Metal	Floor	N												
Walls	n/a	Concrete Block	Wall	N												
Ceiling	n/a	Concrete	Ceiling	N												
Below Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for Access to an area containing ACM:

A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage

F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage

P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation

FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass

Date: January 19, 2007



Building: M-06

Notes:

1) Roof area was not inspected.

FS Area: Exterior

Job #: PR-06-039

Inspector: BM & RT

Functional Space (FS) #: EX01

	Buil	ding Materials					ACM	Asses	ssmen	t					Rej Refe	port rence
Location	Homg. Material #	Material Description	System	ACM Y/N	Fri- able Y/N	ACM Type	Qty.	G	Condition F	on P	A	Access	C	Response / Comments	Dwg. #	Photo #
Floor		Not applicable														
Exterior Walls	n/a	Metal	Exterior Finish	N												
Q '''																
Ceiling		Not applicable														
D. I																
Below Ceiling		Not applicable														
Other		Not applicable														

Criteria for <u>Access</u> to an area containing ACM:
A: All building occupants may have access to this area

B: Restricted to building staff only

C: Areas of the building behind walls or ceiling system

Criteria for Condition of an ACM:
G: ACM is in GOOD condition; No damage
F: ACM is in FAIR condition; Less than 2% damage
P: ACM is in POOR condition; Greater than 2% damage

MJC: Mud Joint Compound

PI: Pipe Insulation FI: Fitting Insulation FG: Fibreglass DI: Duct Insulation

Functional Space Forms

The functional space form provides a general guide of information collected in each room or area of the facility and is considerate of but is not limited to the following:

- (a) Building Materials Each building material is given a description as to the location, homogenous material number, location and system;
- **(b) ACM Assessment** Each building material that is found to contain ACM is assessed as to friability, ACM type, quantity, condition, access and appropriate response;
- (c) Report Reference Report references to building materials with respect to drawings and photographs numbers is made available for convenience. Drawings and photographs are located in the Appendices section of this report.

Each functional space is assigned a four digit number beginning with 1001 for the first floor, 2001 for the second floor, 3001 for the third floor, and so on. Functional spaces are determined on a room-to-room or area-to-area basis Also, included on each form is: building, date, Oakhill job number, functional space area name, inspector and notes. In the notes section important additional comments are made regarding ACM found in this area, samples collected and any areas within this functional space that were considered inaccessible at the time of inspection.

The functional space form is a useful tool for the collection of survey data and communication of such data for your record keeping purposes.

Criteria for Assessing Condition of ACM

The following criteria were used for evaluating the condition of ACM:

GOOD (G): The building material has no evidence of exposed ACM and exhibits no signs of damage or deterioration

FAIR (F): The building material has minor damage (less than 2%) and the potential for an airborne release of asbestos is low to moderate.

POOR (P): The building material has moderate to major damage (greater than 2%) and the potential for an airborne release of asbestos is moderate to moderate to high.

The evaluation of the potential for an airborne release of asbestos from an ACM is also considerate of fibre generating mechanisms. This involves any form of action that can cause deterioration of the ACM resulting in the generation of airborne asbestos fibres. Typical fibre generating mechanisms may include: water damage, grinding, vibration, air movement, etc. This determination is made based on the best professional judgement of the experienced inspector.

Criteria for Assessing Access to ACM

The accessibility of ACM identified was rated as:

Access A: All building occupants may have access to this area.

Access B: Restricted to building staff only.

Access C: Areas of the building located behind walls or ceiling systems.

Response

Each ACM material, after all considerations, is given an appropriate response. The following is an explanation of each response that may be given:

Removal: For extensively damaged materials that cannot sustain encapsulation or materials that pose a significant potential for an airborne release and exposure to building occupants (i.e. debris). Requires immediate attention and encapsulation is not an option.

Encapsulation: Encapsulation involves the repair of damaged materials (i.e. canvas and lagging of damaged ACM pipe insulation). Materials that require encapsulation pose a potential risk of an airborne release ranging from low to high but restoration of the ACM is still a viable option. Encapsulation is not applicable if the material is severely deteriorated.

O & **M Operations** & **Maintenance:** These materials were found in good condition and should be periodically inspected.

MP1 Montant à payer - Généralités

- 1.1 Sous réserve de toutes autres dispositions du Contrat, Sa Majesté paie à l'Entrepreneur, aux dates et de la manière énoncées ci-après, le montant par lequel:
 - 1.1.1 l'ensemble des montants prévus à l'article MP2 excède,
 - 1.1.2 l'ensemble des montants prévus à l'article MP3

et l'Entrepreneur accepte le paiement comme paiement final de tout ce qu'il a fourni et fait relativement aux travaux auxquels le paiement se rapporte.

MP2 Montants payables à l'Entrepreneur

- 2.1 Les montants mentionnés à l'alinéa MP1.1.1 sont l'ensemble :
 - 2.1.1 des montants prévus dans les Articles de convention; et
 - 2.1.2 le montant, s'il en est, payable à l'Entrepreneur conformément aux Conditions générales.

MP3 Montants payables à Sa Majesté

- 3.1 Les montants mentionnés à l'alinéa MP1.1.2 sont l'ensemble des montants, s'il en est, que l'Entrepreneur est tenu de payer à Sa Majesté en vertu du Contrat.
- Dans tout paiement fait à l'Entrepreneur, le fait pour Sa Majesté d'omettre de déduire d'un montant mentionné à l'article MP2 un montant mentionné au paragraphe MP3.1 ne peut constituer un abandon de son droit de faire une telle déduction, ni une reconnaissance de l'absence d'un tel droit lors de tout paiement ultérieur à l'Entrepreneur.

MP4 Date de paiement

- 4.1 Dans les présentes modalités de paiement :
 - 4.1.1 «période de paiement» signifie un intervalle de 30 jours consécutifs ou tout autre intervalle plus long convenu entre l'Entrepreneur et le représentant ministériel;
 - 4.1.2 un montant est «dû et payable» lorsqu'il doit être versé à l'Entrepreneur par Sa Majesté selon les paragraphes MP4.4, MP4.7 ou MP4.10;
 - 4.1.3 un montant est en souffrance lorsqu'il demeure impayé le premier jour suivant le jour où il est dû et payable;
 - 4.1.4 «date de paiement» signifie la date du titre négociable d'un montant dû et payable par le Receveur général du Canada et émis aux fins de paiement;
 - 4.1.5 «taux d'escompte» signifie le taux d'intérêt, fixé par la Banque du Canada, en vigueurs à l'ouverture des bureaux à la date de paiement.
- 4.2 À l'expiration d'une période de paiement, l'Entrepreneur doit remettre au représentant ministériel

une demande d'acompte par écrit et y décrire toute partie achevée des travaux et tous les matériaux livres aux lieux des travaux, mais non incorporés aux travaux, durant la période de paiement faisant l'objet de la demande d'acompte.

- 4.3 Le représentant ministériel, dans les dix jours suivant réception d'une demande d'acompte mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.2 :
 - 4.3.1 fait l'inspection de la partie des travaux et des matériaux qui y sont décrits, et
 - 4.3.2 présente un rapport sur le progrès des travaux, dont le représentant ministériel envoie une copie à l'Entrepreneur, indiquant la valeur de la partie des travaux et des matériaux décrits dans la demande d'acompte que, selon le représentant ministériel :
 - 4.3.2.1 sont conformes aux dispositions du Contrat, et
 - 4.3.2.2 n'étaient visés par aucun autre rapport concernant des travaux du Contrat.
- 4.4 Sous réserve de l'article MP1 et du paragraphe MP4.5, Sa Majesté, au plus tard 30 heurs après la réception par le représentant ministériel de la demande d'acompte mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.2, paie à l'Entrepreneur :
 - 4.4.1 une somme égale à 95% de la valeur indiquée dans le rapport sur le progrès des travaux mentionne à l'alinéa MP4.3.2, si l'Entrepreneur a fourni un cautionnement pour le paiement de la main-d'œuvre et des matériaux, ou
 - 4.4.2 un montant égal à 90% de la valeur indiquée dans le rapport sur le progrès des travaux mentionné à l'alinéa 4.3.2, si l'Entrepreneur n'a pas fourni un cautionnement pour le paiement de la main-d'œuvre et des matériaux.
- 4.5 Il est essentiel, pour que Sa Majesté s'acquitte de son ablégation mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.4, que l'Entrepreneur fasse et remette au représentant ministériel,
 - 4.5.1 une déclaration conforme à celle décrite au paragraphe MP4.6, pour les travaux et matériaux vises dans la demande d'acompte prévue au paragraphe MP4.2,
 - 4.5.2 dans le cas de la première demande d'acompte de l'Entrepreneur, un calendrier d'exécution conformément aux parties pertinentes des Devis, et
 - 4.5.3 si un calendrier est exigé, sa mise à jour aux moments précisés dans les parties pertinentes des Devis.
- 4.6 Dans la déclaration mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.5, l'Entrepreneur atteste :
 - 4.6.1 qu'au jour de la demande d'acompte de l'Entrepreneur, l'Entrepreneur s'est acquitté de toutes ses obligations légales aux termes des Conditions de travail, et
 - 4.6.2 qu'au jour de la précédente demande d'acompte, l'Entrepreneur s'est acquitté de toutes ses obligations légales envers ses sous-entrepreneurs et ses fournisseurs de matériaux en ce qui concerne les travaux visés par le Contrat.

- 4.7 Sous réserve de l'article MP1 et du paragraphe MP4.8, Sa Majesté verse à l'Entrepreneur, dans les 30 jours suivant la date de délivrance du Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2, la somme mentionnée à l'article MP1, moins l'ensemble :
 - 4.7.1 de tous les paiements effectués conformément au paragraphe MP4.4;
 - 4.7.2 du montant égal au coût pour Sa Majesté, estimé par le représentant ministériel de la correction de toutes défectuosités dans les travaux et décrites dans le Certificat provisoire d'achèvement; et
 - 4.7.3 du montant égal au coût pour Sa Majesté, estimé par le représentant ministériel de l'achèvement de toute partie des travaux décrite dans le Certificat provisoire d'achèvement ne comportant pas la correction des défectuosités visées par l'alinéa MP4.7.2.
- Il est essentiel, pour que Sa Majesté s'acquitte de son obligation mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.7, que l'Entrepreneur fasse et remette au représentant ministériel,
 - 4.8.1 une déclaration conforme à celle décrite au paragraphe MP4.9 relativement au Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2, et
 - 4.8.2 s'il est précisé dans les parties pertinentes des Devis, une mise à jour du calendrier d'exécution mentionné à l'alinéa MP4.5.2 qui, en plus des exigences énoncées, soit suffisamment détaillé concernant l'achèvement des travaux non-terminés et la correction de tous les défauts, le tout à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel.
- Dans la déclaration mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.8, l'Entrepreneur atteste qu'au jour de l'émission du Certificat provisoire d'achèvement :
 - 4.9.1 l'Entrepreneur s'est acquitté de toutes ses obligations légales aux termes des Conditions de travail;
 - 4.9.2 l'Entrepreneur s'est acquitté de toutes ses obligations légales envers ses sousentrepreneurs et ses fournisseurs de matériaux en ce que concerne les travaux visés par le Contrat; et
 - 4.9.3 l'Entrepreneur s'est acquitté de toutes ses obligations mentionnées au paragraphe CG14.6.
- 4.10 Sous réserve de l'article MP1 et du paragraphe MP4.11, Sa Majesté verse à l'Entrepreneur, dans les 60 jours suivant la date de délivrance du Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1, la somme mentionnée à l'article MP1, moins l'ensemble :
 - 4.10.1 de tous les paiements effectués conformément au paragraphe MP4.4, et
 - 4.10.2 de tous les paiements effectués conformément au paragraphe MP4.7.
- 4.11 Il est essentiel, pour que Sa Majesté s'acquitte de son obligation mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.10, que l'Entrepreneur fasse et remette au représentant ministériel une déclaration conforme

à celle décrite au paragraphe MP4.12.

4.12 Dans la déclaration mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.11, l'Entrepreneur atteste, outre les mentions requises en vertu du paragraphe MP4.9, que l'Entrepreneur s'est acquitté de toutes ses obligations légales et qu'il a satisfait à toutes les réclamations légales formulées contre lui par suite de l'exécution des travaux.

MP5 Le rapport sur le progrès des travaux et le paiement y afférent ne lient pas Sa Majesté

5.1 Ni le rapport sur le progrès des travaux mentionné au paragraphe MP4.3, ni les paiements effectués par Sa Majesté en conformité des Modalités ne doivent être interprètes comme une admission que les travaux et les matériaux sont, en totalité ou en partie, complets, satisfaisants ou conformes au Contrat.

MP6 Retard du paiement

- 6.1 Nonobstant l'article CG7, le retard apporté par Sa Majesté à faire un paiement à sa date d'exigibilité en vertu du présent Contrat, ne constitue pas un bris du Contrat.
- 6.2 Sa Majesté versera, sans que l'Entrepreneur le demande, des intérêts simples au taux d'escompte plus 1 ¼ p. 100 sur les montants en souffrance en vertu de l'alinéa MP4.1.3, intérêts qui s'appliquent à compter du premier jour de retard jusqu'au four précédant la date de paiement, sauf que
 - 6.2.1 les intérêts se seront ni exigibles ni verses à moins que le montant dont il est question au paragraphe MP6.2 ait été en souffrance pendant plus de 15 jours suivant :
 - 6.2.1.1 la date à laquelle ladite somme est devenue due et payable, ou
 - 6.2.1.2 la date de réception par le représentant ministériel de la déclaration conforme à celle décrite aux paragraphes MP4.5, MP4.8 ou MP4.11;

selon la plus avancée de ces deux dates, et

6.2.2 les intérêts ne seront ni exigibles ni verses sur les paiements anticipés en souffrance, le cas échéant.

MP7 Droit de compensation

- 7.1 Sans restreindre tout droit de compensation ou de retenue découlant explicitement ou implicitement de la loi ou d'une disposition quelconque du Contrat, Sa Majesté peut opérer compensation de toute somme due par l'Entrepreneur à Sa Majesté en vertu du Contrat ou de tout contrat en cours, à l'encontre des sommes dues par Sa Majesté à l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat.
- 7.2 Pour les fins du paragraphe MP7.1, l'expression «contrat en cours» signifie un contrat entre Sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur :
 - 7.2.1 en vertu duquel l'Entrepreneur est légalement obligé d'exécuter ou de fournir du travail,

de la main-œuvre ou des matériaux; ou

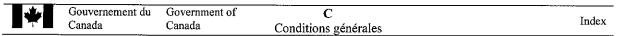
7.2.2 à l'égard duquel Sa Majesté a, depuis la date à laquelle les présents Articles de convention sont intervenus, exercé le droit de retirer à l'Entrepreneur les travaux faisant l'objet du contrat.

MP8 Paiement en cas de résiliation

8.1 En cas de résiliation du Contrat conformément à l'article CG41, Sa Majesté paie à l'Entrepreneur le plus tôt possible eu égard aux circonstances, tout montant qui lui est légalement dû et payable.

MP9 Intérêts sur les réclamations réglées

- 9.1 Sa Majesté versera à l'Entrepreneur des intérêts simples sur le montant d'une réclamation réglée, au taux d'escompte moyen plus q ¼ p. 100 à compter du premier jour de retard jusqu'au jour précédant la date de paiement.
- 9.2 Aux fins du paragraphe MP9.1:
 - 9.2.1 une réclamation est réputée être réglée lorsqu'une entente par écrit est signée par le représentant ministériel et l'Entrepreneur et fait état du montant de la réclamation à verser par Sa Majesté et des travaux pour lesquels ledit montant doit être versé;
 - 9.2.2 le «taux d'escompte moyen» signifie le taux d'intérêt moyen, fixé par la Banque du Canada, en vigueur à la fin de chaque mois civil au cours de la période pendant laquelle la réclamation réglée était impayée;
 - 9.2.3 une réclamation réglée est réputée être impayée à compter de la journée qui suit immédiatement la date à laquelle la réclamation était due et payable conformément au Contrat, s'il n'y avait pas eu contestation.
- 9.3 Aux fins de l'Article MP9, une réclamation signifie tout montant faisant l'objet d'un litige et assujetti à des négociations entre Sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat.



Article	Page	Titre
CG1	1 agc	Interpretation
CG2	2	Successeurs et ayants droit
CG3	2	Cession du Contrat
CG4	2	Sous-traitance par l'Entrepreneur
CG5	$\frac{2}{2}$	Modifications
CG6	3	Nulle obligation implicite
CG7	3	Caractère essentiel des délais et échéances
CG8	3	Indemnisation par l'Entrepreneur
CG9	3	Indemnisation par Sa Majesté
CG10	3	Interdiction aux députés de la Chambre des communes de tirer profit d'un contrat
CG11	4	Avis
CG12	4	Matériaux, outillage et biens immobiliers fournis par Sa Majesté
CG13	5	Matériaux, outillage et biens immobiliers devenus propriété de Sa Majesté
CG14	5	Permis et taxes payables
CG15	6	Exécution des travaux sous la direction du représentant ministériel
CG16	6	Coopération avec d'autres Entrepreneurs
CG17	7	Vérification des travaux
CG18	7	Déblaiement de l'emplacement
CG19	8	Surintendant de l'Entrepreneur
CG20	8	Sécurité nationale
CG21	8	Ouvriers inaptes
CG22	9	Augmentation ou diminution des coûts
CG23	9	Main-d'œuvre et matériaux canadiens
CG24	10	Protection des travaux et des documents
CG25	10	Cérémonies publiques et enseignes
CG26	10	Précautions contre les dommages, la transgression des droits, les incendies, et les autres dangers
CG27	11	Assurances
CG28	11	Indemnité d'assurance
CG29	12	Garantie du contrat
CG30	13	Modifications aux travaux
CG31	13	Interprétation du Contrat par le représentant ministériel
CG32	14	Garantie et rectification des défectuosités des travaux
CG33	15	Défaut de l'Entrepreneur
CG34	15	Protestations des décisions du représentant ministériel
CG35	15	Changement des conditions du sol – Négligence ou retard de la part de Sa Majesté
CG36	16	Prolongation de délai
CG37 CG38	17 17	Dédommagement pour retard d'exécution
CG39	18	Travaux retirés à l'Entrepreneur
CG40	19	Effet du retrait des travaux à l'Entrepreneur
CG41	19	Suspension des travaux par le Ministre Résiliation du Contrat
CG42	20	Réclamations contre et obligations de la part de l'Entrepreneur ou d'un sous-entrepreneur
CG43	22	Dépôt de garantie – Confiscation ou remise
CG44	22	Certificats du représentant ministériel
CG45	24	Remise du dépôt de garantie
CG46	24	Précision du sens des expressions figurant aux articles CG47 à CG50
CG47	24	Additions ou modifications au Tableau des prix unitaires
CG48	25	Établissement du coût – Tableau des prix unitaires
CG49	25	Établissement du coût – Négociation
CG50	26	Établissement du coût en cas d'échec des négociations
CG51	27	Registres à tenir par l'Entrepreneur
CG52	27	Conflits d'intérêts
CG 53	28	Situation de l'Entrepreneur

CG1 Interpretation

1.1 Dans le Contrat:

- 1.1.1 tout renvoi à une autre partie du Contrat désignée par des numéros précédés de lettres est censé renvoyer à la partie du Contrat qui est désignée par cette combinaison de lettres et de chiffres, de même qu'à toute autre partie du Contrat qui y est mentionnée;
- 1.1.2 « Contrat » signifie les documents mentionnés dans les Articles de convention;
- 1.1.3 « garantie du contrat » signifie toute garantie fournie à Sa Majesté par l'Entrepreneur conformément au Contrat;
- 1.1.4 « le représentant ministériel » signifie l'officier ou l'employé de Sa Majesté désigné aux Articles deconvention et toute personne autorisée spécialement par le représentant ministériel à accomplir, en son nom, n'importe laquelle des fonctions qui lui sont confiées en vertu du Contrat, et signalée comme tel par écrit à l'Entrepreneur;
- 1.1.5 « matériaux » comprend toutes les marchandises, articles et choses à être fournies par ou pour l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat, pour être incorporés dans les travaux;
- 1.1.6 « Ministre » comprend une personne agissant pour ou, si la charge est sans titulaire, à la place du Ministre ou des personnes lui succédant, de même que son ou leurs adjoints ou représentants dûment nommes aux fins du Contrat;
- 1.1.7 « personne » comprend, sauf lorsque le contexte exige une interprétation différente, une société, une entreprise, une firme, une co-entreprise, un consortium et une corporation;
- 1.1.8 « outillage' comprend les animaux, outils, instruments, machines, véhicules, bâtiments, ouvrages, équipements et marchandises, articles et choses autres que les matériaux, qui sont nécessaires à l'exécution des travaux;
- 1.1.9 « sous-entrepreneur » signifie une personne à qui l'Entrepreneur a, conformément à l'article CG4, confié l'exécution des travaux en tout ou en partie;
- 1.1.10 « surintendant » signifie l'employé de l'Entrepreneur désigné par ce dernier pour remplir les fonctions décrites à l'article CG19;
- 1.1.11 « travaux » comprend, sous réserve de toute stipulation expressément contraire dans le Contrat, tout ce que l'Entrepreneur doit faire, fournir, livrer ou accomplir pour l'exécution du Contrat.
- 1.2 Sauf quant à ceux apparaissant aux Plans et devis, les en-têtes apparaissent dans le Contrat, ne font pas partie du Contrat, mais y sont uniquement pour fin d'utilité pratique.
- 1.3 Aux fins de l'interprétation du Contrat, en cas de contradiction ou de divergence entre les Plans et devis et les Conditions générales, les Conditions générales prévalent.
- 1.4 Dans l'interprétation des Plans et devis, en cas de contradiction ou de divergence entre :

- 1.4.1 les Plans et les devis, les devis prévalent;
- 1.4.2 les plans, les plans tracés à l'échelle la plus grande prévalent; et
- 1.4.3 les dimensions exprimées en chiffres et les dimensions à l'échelle, les dimensions exprimées en chiffres prévalent.

CG2 Successeurs et ayants droit

2.1 Le Contrat est au bénéfice des parties au Contrat, de même que de leurs héritiers légaux, exécuteurs, administrateurs, successeurs et ayants droit, qui sont tous par ailleurs liés par ses dispositions.

CG3 Cession du Contrat

3.1 L'Entrepreneur ne peut céder le Contrat, en tout ou en partie, sans le consentement écrit du Ministre.

CG4 Sous-traitance par l'Entrepreneur

- 4.1 Sous réserve des Conditions générales, l'Entrepreneur peut sous-traiter une partie quelconque des travaux.
- 4.2 L'Entrepreneur doit aviser le représentant ministériel par écrit de son intention de sous-traiter.
- 4.3 L'avis mentionne au paragraphe CG4.2 doit identifier le sous-entrepreneur de même que la partie des travaux qu'il entend lui confier.
- 4.4 Le représentant ministériel peut s'objecter à la sous-traitance projetée en avisant par écrit l'Entrepreneur dans les six jours suivant la réception par le représentant ministériel de l'avis mentionné au paragraphe CG4.2.
- 4.5 Si le représentant ministériel s'oppose à une sous-traitance en vertu du paragraphe CG4.4, l'Entrepreneur ne peut procéder à la sous-traitance envisagée.
- 4.6 L'Entrepreneur ne peut, sans la permission écrite du représentant ministériel, remplacer un sousentrepreneur dont il a retenu les services conformément aux Conditions générales.
- 4.7 Tout contrat entre l'Entrepreneur et un sous-entrepreneur doit comporter tous les termes et conditions du Contrat qui sont d'application générale.
- 4.8 Nul contrat entre l'Entrepreneur et un sous-entrepreneur ou nul consentement de le représentant ministériel à tel contrat sera interprété comme relevant l'Entrepreneur de quelqu'obligation en vertu du Contrat ou comme imposant quelque responsabilité à Sa Majesté.

CG5 Modifications

5.1 Nulle modification ou changement à quelque disposition du Contrat aura d'effet avant que d'avoir été consignée par écrit.

CG6 Nulle obligation implicite

- 6.1 Il ne découlera du Contrat aucune disposition ou obligation implicite de la part de Sa Majesté; seules les dispositions expresses du Contrat, stipulées par Sa Majesté, doivent servir de fondement à tout droit contre Sa Majesté.
- 6.2 Le présent Contrat remplace toutes communications, négociations et ententes, écrites ou verbales, concernant les travaux et qui auraient en lieu avant la date du Contrat.

CG7 Caractère essentiel des délais et échéances

7.1 Le temps est l'essence même du Contrat.

CG8 Indemnisation par l'Entrepreneur

- 8.1 L'Entrepreneur doit tenir Sa Majesté indemne et à couvert de toutes réclamations, demandes, pertes, frais, dommages, actions, poursuites ou procédures de la part de quiconque, fondés, découlant, reliés, occasionnés ou attribuables aux activités de l'Entrepreneur, de ses employés, agents, sous-entrepreneurs et sous-entrepreneurs de ces derniers dans l'exécution des travaux faisant l'objet du Contrat, incluant toute contrefaçon ou prétendue contrefaçon d'un brevet d'invention ou de toute autre forme de propriété intellectuelle.
- 8.2 Aux fins du paragraphe CG8.1, le terme « activités » comprend tout acte ou omission, de même que tout retard à accomplir un acte.

CG9 Indemnisation par Sa Majesté

- 9.1 Sa Majesté, sous réserve des dispositions de la Loi sur la responsabilité de la Couronne, de la Loi sur les brevets et de toute autre loi affectant les droits, pouvoirs, privilèges ou obligations de Sa Majesté, doit tenir l'Entrepreneur indemne et à couvert de toutes réclamations, demandes, pertes, frais, dommages, actions, poursuites ou procédures découlant de ses activités en vertu du Contrat et directement attribuables à :
 - 9.1.1 une absence ou un vice, actuel ou allégué, dans le titre de Sa Majesté concernant l'emplacement des travaux, ou
 - 9.1.2 une contrefaçon ou prétendue contrefaçon par l'Entrepreneur de tout brevet d'invention ou de toute autre forme de propriété intellectuelle, dans l'exécution de tout acte aux fins de Contrat, comportant l'utilisation d'un modèle, d'un plan, d'un dessin ou de toute autre chose fournis par Sa Majesté à l'Entrepreneur aux fins des travaux.

CG10 Interdiction aux députés de la Chambre des communes de tirer profit d'un contrat

10.1 Conformément à la Loi sur le Parlement du Canada, il est expressément interdit à tout membre de la Chambre des communes de posséder quelque part ou intérêt dans le Contrat, ou d'en tirer quelque bénéfice ou profit.

CG11 Avis

- Tout avis, consentement, ordre, décision, directive ou communication autre qu'un avis suivant le paragraphe CG11.4, qui peut être donné à l'Entrepreneur conformément au Contrat, peut être donne de quelque manière que ce soit.
- 11.2 Tout avis, consentement, ordre, décision, directive ou autre communication devant être donné par écrit à une partie ou une autre conformément au Contrat, sera, sous réserve du paragraphe CG11.4, réputé avoir été effectivement donné :
 - 11.2.1 à l'Entrepreneur, s'il a été livré personnellement à l'Entrepreneur ou au surintendant de l'Entrepreneur, ou s'il a été envoyé par la poste, par télex ou par télécopieur à l'Entrepreneur, à l'adresse indiquée au paragraphe A4.1; ou
 - 11.2.2 à Sa Majesté, s'il a été livré personnellement au représentant ministériel, ou s'il a été envoyé par la poste, par télex ou par télécopieur au représentant ministériel, à l'adresse indiquée à l'alinéa A1.2.1.
- Tout avis, consentement, ordre, décision, directive ou autre communication donné conformément au paragraphe CG11.2 sera réputé avoir été reçu par l'une ou l'autre des parties :
 - 11.3.1 le jour où il a été livre, s'il lui a été livré personnellement; ou
 - 11.3.2 le jour de sa réception ou le sixième jour après son envoi par la poste, selon la première de ces deux dates, s'il lui a été envoyé par la poste, et
 - 11.3.3 dans les 24 heures suivant sa transmission, s'il lui a été envoyé par télex ou par télécopieur.
- 11.4 S'il est livré personnellement, un avis donné en vertu de l'alinéa CG38.1.1 et des articles CG40 et CG41 sera remis à l'Entrepreneur ou, si l'Entrepreneur est une société, une firme, une coentreprise ou une corporation, à un agent de l'administration ou à un cadre supérieur.

CG12 Matériaux, outillage et biens immobiliers fournis par Sa Majesté

- 12.1 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG12.2, l'Entrepreneur est responsable envers Sa Majesté de toute perte ou dommage, aux matériaux, à l'outillage ou aux biens immobiliers que Sa Majesté a fournis ou placés sous la garde et le contrôle de l'Entrepreneur aux fins du Contrat, que la perte ou le dommage soit attribuable ou non à des causes indépendantes de la volonté de l'Entrepreneur.
- 12.2 L'Entrepreneur n'est pas responsable envers Sa Majesté de toute perte ou dommage aux matériaux, à l'outillage ou aux biens immobiliers dont il est question au paragraphe CG12.1, si

- cette perte ou ce dommage est imputable et directement attribuable à l'usure causée par un usage raisonnable.
- 12.3 L'Entrepreneur doit utiliser les matériaux, l'outillage ou les biens immobiliers dont il est question au paragraphe CG12.1, uniquement pour l'exécution du Contrat et pour aucune autre fin.
- 12.4 Lorsqu'après avoir été requis de le faire par le représentant ministériel, l'Entrepreneur n'a pas, dans un délai raisonnable, indemnisé Sa Majesté pour une perte ou un dommage dont il est responsable en vertu du paragraphe CG12.1, le représentant ministériel peut y pouvoir aux frais de l'Entrepreneur, et ce dernier est dès lors responsable envers Sa Majesté des frais en l'occurrence qu'il devra sur demande payer à Sa Majesté.
- 12.5 L'Entrepreneur doit tenir des registres que le représentant ministériel peut de temps à autre exiger des matériaux, de l'outillage et des biens immobiliers visés par le paragraphe CG12.1 et doit, lorsque le représentant ministériel e l'exige, établir à la satisfaction de ce dernier que les matériaux, l'outillage et les biens immobiliers sont à l'endroit et dans l'état dans lequel ils devraient être.

CG13 Matériaux, outillage et biens immobiliers devenus propriété de Sa Majesté

- 13.1 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG14.7, tous les matériaux et l'outillage, de même que tout droit de l'Entrepreneur sur tous les biens immobiliers, permis, pouvoirs et privilèges achetés, ou utilisés par l'Entrepreneur pour les travaux deviennent, à compter de l'époque où ils ont été achetés ou utilisés, la propriété de Sa Majesté aux fins des travaux et continuent de l'être :
 - 13.1.1 dans le cas des matériaux, jusqu'à ce que le représentant ministériel déclare qu'ils ne sont plus requis pour les travaux; et
 - 13.1.2 dans le cas de l'outillage, des biens immobiliers, des permis, des pouvoirs et des privilèges, jusqu'à ce que le représentant ministériel déclare que le droit dévolu à Sa Majesté en l'espèce n'est plus requis pour les travaux.
- 13.2 Les matériaux ou l'outillage appartenant à Sa Majesté en vertu du paragraphe CG13.1 ne doivent pas être enlevés des lieux des travaux, utilisés ou aliénés, sauf pour les travaux, sans le consentement écrit du représentant ministériel.
- 13.3 Sa Majesté n'est pas responsable de toute perte ou de tout dommage aux matériaux ou à l'outillage visés par le paragraphe CG13.1 quelle qu'en soit la cause et l'Entrepreneur est responsable de toute perte ou de tout dommage bien que ces matériaux ou outillage appartiennent à Sa Majesté.

CG14 Permis et taxes payables

14.1 L'Entrepreneur doit, dans les 30 jours de la date du Contrat, offrir à l'administration municipale, un montant égal à tous les droits et frais qui seraient payables à l'administration municipale pour les permis de construction, si les travaux étaient exécutés pour une personne autre que Sa Majesté.

- Dans les dix jours qui suivent l'offre mentionnée au paragraphe CG14.1, l'Entrepreneur avise le représentant ministériel de sa démanche et du montant de cette offre et lui fait savoir si elle a été acceptée ou non par l'administration municipale.
- 14.3 Si l'administration municipale n'a pas accepte la somme offerte aux termes du paragraphe CG14.1, l'Entrepreneur remet ce montant à Sa Majesté dans les six jours suivant l'expiration du délai fixe au paragraphe CG14.2.
- 14.4 Aux fins des paragraphes CG14.1 et CG14.3, l'expression « administration municipale » signifie une administration qui aurait compétence pour autoriser la construction de l'ouvrage si le propriétaire n'en était pas Sa Majesté.
- 14.5 Nonobstant le lieu de résidence de l'Entrepreneur, l'Entrepreneur versera toute taxe applicable découlant de l'exécution des travaux visés par le Contrat.
- 14.6 Conformément à la déclaration mentionnée au paragraphe MP4.9, l'Entrepreneur dont ni le lieu de résidence ni la place d'affaires n'est dans la province où sont effectués les travaux visés par le Contrat, fournira à Sa Majesté une preuve d'enregistrement auprès des autorités provinciales responsables de la taxe de vente dans ladite province.
- 14.7 Aux fins du paiement de la taxe applicable ou de la fourniture d'une garantie de paiement de la taxe applicable découlant de l'exécution des travaux vises par le Contrat, l'Entrepreneur doit, malgré le fait que tous les matériaux et outillage, de même que des droits de l'Entrepreneur sur tous les biens immobiliers, permis, pouvoirs et privilèges, sont devenus la propriété de Sa Majesté après la date d'achat, payer, en tant qu'utilisateur ou consommateur, toute taxe applicable payable au moment de l'utilisation desdits matériaux, outillage ou droits de l'Entrepreneur à titre d'utilisateur, conformément aux lois pertinentes, ou fournir une garantie de paiement à cet égard.

CG15 Exécution des travaux sous la direction du représentant ministériel

- 15.1 L'Entrepreneur doit :
 - 15.1.1 permettre au représentant ministériel d'avoir accès aux travaux et au chantier en tout temps au cours de l'exécution du Contrat;
 - 15.1.2 communiquer au représentant ministériel tous renseignements qu'il demande concernant l'exécution du Contrat; et
 - 15.1.3 fournir au représentant ministériel toute l'assistance possible dans l'accomplissement de son devoir de veiller à ce que les travaux soient exécutés conformément aux Contrat, de même que dans l'accomplissement de tout autre devoir et dans l'exercice de tout pouvoir qui lui incombe ou qui lui est conféré par le Contrat.

CG16 Coopération avec d'autres Entrepreneurs

16.1 Lorsque, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, il est nécessaire d'affecter aux travaux ou au chantier d'autres entrepreneurs ou ouvriers, avec ou sans outillage et matériaux, l'Entrepreneur doit, à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel, leur donner accès aux travaux et coopérer avec

eux dans l'accomplissement de leurs fonctions et obligations.

16.2 Si:

- 16.2.1 l'affectation aux travaux d'autres entrepreneurs ou ouvriers en vertu du paragraphe CG16.1 ne pouvait être raisonnablement prévue par l'Entrepreneur au moment de la conclusion du Contrat; et
- 16.2.2 de l'avis du représentant ministériel, l'Entrepreneur a encouru des dépense additionnelles afin de se conformer au paragraphe CG16.1; et
- 16.2.3 l'Entrepreneur a donne au représentant ministériel un avis écrit de sa réclamation avant l'expiration d'un délai de 30 jours à compter de l'affectation d'autres entrepreneurs ou ouvriers aux travaux ou au chantier;

Sa Majesté rembourse à l'Entrepreneur les frais encourus, calculés conformément aux articles CG48 a CG50, pour le travail, de l'outillage et des matériaux additionnels requis.

CG17 Vérification des travaux

- 17.1 Si, à un moment quelconque après le début des travaux mais avant l'expiration de la période de garantie, le représentant ministériel a des motifs de croire que les travaux on partie de ceux-ci n'ont pas été exécutés conformément au Contrat, il peut demander qu'une vérification de ces travaux soit effectuée par un expert qu'il désigne.
- 17.2 Si, par suite d'une vérification conformément au paragraphe CG17.1, il est établi que les travaux n'ont pas été exécutés suivant le Contrat, l'Entrepreneur doit, su demande, payer à Sa Majesté tous les coûts et toutes les dépenses raisonnables que cette vérification lui aura occasionnés, en plus et sans préjudice aux droits et recours de Sa Majesté sous le Contrat, en droit ou en équité.

CG18 Déblaiement de l'emplacement

- 18.1 L'Entrepreneur garde les travaux et leur emplacement propres, sans rebuts, ni débris, et respecte à cet égard toute directive du représentant ministériel.
- 18.2 Avant l'émission du Certificat provisoire mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2, l'Entrepreneur enlève tout l'outillage et tous les matériaux non requis à l'exécution du reste des travaux. Il enlève également tous rebuts et débris et fait en sorte que les travaux et leur emplacement soient propres et convenables pour leur occupation par les employés de Sa Majesté, sauf indication contraire dans le Contrat.
- 18.3 Avant l'émission du Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1, l'Entrepreneur retire des travaux et leur emplacement, l'excédant de l'outillage et des matériaux, de même que tous les rebus et débris.
- 18.4 Les obligations qu'imposent à l'Entrepreneur les paragraphes CG18.1 à CG18.3 ne s'appliquent pas aux rebuts et aux débris laissés par les employés de Sa Majesté, ou par les autres entrepreneurs et leurs employés visés au paragraphe CG16.1.

CG19 Surintendant de l'Entrepreneur

- 19.1 L'Entrepreneur désigne sans délai un surintendant après l'adjudication du Contrat.
- 19.2 L'Entrepreneur communique sans délai au représentant ministériel le nom, l'adresse et le numéro de téléphone du surintendant désigné en vertu du paragraphe CG19.1.
- 19.3 Le surintendant désigné en vertu du paragraphe CG19.1 à l'entière responsabilité des opérations de l'Entrepreneur dans l'exécution des travaux et il est en outre autorisé à recevoir au nom de l'Entrepreneur, tous avis, consentement, ordre, directive, décision ou toute autre communication qui peut lui être donné en vertu du Contrat.
- 19.4 Pendant les heures de travail et jusqu'à l'achèvement des travaux, l'Entrepreneur doit garder sur les lieux des travaux un surintendant compétent.
- 19.5 À la demande du représentant ministériel, l'Entrepreneur retire tout surintendant qui, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, est incompétent ou s'est conduit de façon malséante, et il remplace sans délai le surintendant ainsi retiré par un autre surintendant que le représentant ministériel estime acceptable.
- 19.6 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG19.5, l'Entrepreneur ne peut remplacer le surintendant sans le consentement écrit du représentant ministériel.
- 19.7 En cas de contravention par l'Entrepreneur au paragraphe CG19.6, le représentant ministériel peut refuser l'émission de tout Certificat mentionné à l'article CG44 jusqu'à ce que le surintendant ait été réintégré dans ses fonctions ou qu'un autre surintendant acceptable au représentant ministériel l'ait remplacé.

CG20 Sécurité nationale

- 20.1 Si le Ministre estime que la sécurité nationale le requiert, il peut ordonner à l'Entrepreneur :
 - 20.1.1 de lui fournir tout renseignement sur des personnes engagées ou devant l'être aux fins du Contrat, et
 - 20.1.2 de retirer des travaux et de leur emplacement toute personne dont l'emploi peut en l'occurrence, de l'avis du Ministre, comporter un risque pour la sécurité nationale.
- 20.2 Les contrats que l'Entrepreneur pourra conclure avec les personnes qui seront affectées à l'exécution des travaux, doivent contenir des dispositions qui lui permettront de s'acquitter de toute obligation qui lui incombent en vertu des articles CG19, CG20 et CG21.
- 20.3 L'Entrepreneur doit obéir à tout ordre donné par le Ministre suivant le paragraphe CG20.1.

CG21 Ouvriers inaptes

21.1 À la demande du représentant ministériel, l'Entrepreneur retire des travaux toute personne engagée par l'Entrepreneur aux fins des travaux qui, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, est incompétente ou s'est conduite de façon malséante et l'Entrepreneur refuse l'accès à l'emplacement des travaux à une personne ainsi retirée.

CG22 Augmentation ou diminution des coûts

- 22.1 Le montant établi dans les Articles de convention doit être ni augmenté, ni diminué en raison d'une augmentation ou d'une diminution du coût des travaux résultant d'une augmentation ou d'une diminution du coût du travail, de l'outillage, des matériaux ou des rajustements salariaux énoncés ou prescrits dans les Conditions de travail.
- 22.2 Nonobstant le paragraphe CG22.1 et l'article CG35, le montant énonce dans les Articles de convention doit faire l'objet d'un redressement de la manière prévue au paragraphe CG22.3, en cas de modification à une taxe imposée en vertu de la Loi sur l'accise, de la Loi sur la taxe d'accise, de la Loi sur la sécurité de la vieillesse, de la Loi sur les douanes, du Tarif des douanes ou de toute loi provinciale sur la taxe de vente imposant une taxe de vente au détail sur l'achat de biens personnels corporels incorporés dans les biens immobiliers :
 - 22.2.1 survenant après la date à laquelle l'Entrepreneur a présenté une soumission pour le Contrat,
 - 22.2.2 s'appliquant aux matériaux; et
 - 22.2.3 influant sur le coût de ces matériaux pour l'Entrepreneur.
- 22.3 En cas de changement fiscal suivant le paragraphe CG22.2, tout montant pertinent indiqué dans les Articles de convention sera augmenté ou diminué d'un montant égal qui, sur examen des registres mentionnés à l'article CG51, représente l'augmentation ou la diminution, selon le cas, des coûts directement attribuables à ce changement.
- Aux fins du paragraphe CG22.2, lorsqu'une taxe fait l'objet d'un changement après la date à laquelle l'Entrepreneur a présenté une soumission mais alors que le ministre des Finances en avait donné avis public avant la date de présentation de la soumission, le changement fiscal est censé être survenu avant la date a laquelle la soumission a été présentée.

CG23 Main-d'œuvre et matériaux canadiens

- 23.1 L'Entrepreneur emploi pour l'exécution des travaux, de la main-d'œuvre et des matériaux canadiens dans toute la mesure où ils sont disponibles, compte tenu des exigences économiques et de la nécessité de poursuivre une exécution diligente des travaux.
- 23.2 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG23.1, l'Entrepreneur emploie, dans la mesure où elle est disponible, la main-d'œuvre de la localité où les travaux sont exécutés, et il recourt aux bureaux des Centres d'emploi du Canada pour recruter les ouvriers, là où la chose est réalisable.
- 23.3 Sous réserve des paragraphes CG23.1 et CG23.2, l'Entrepreneur emploie une proportion raisonnable d'ouvriers qui ont été en service actif dans les Forces armées canadiennes et qui en

ont reçu une libération honorable.

CG24 Protection des travaux et des documents

- 24.1 L'Entrepreneur garde et protège les travaux, l'emplacement des travaux, le Contrat, les devis, les plans, les dessins, les renseignements, les matériaux, l'outillage et les biens immobiliers, fournis ou non par Sa Majesté à l'Entrepreneur, contre toute perte ou dommage de quelque nature et ne peut les utiliser, donner, démolir ou en disposer sans le consentement écrit du Ministre, sauf si cela est indispensable à l'exécution des travaux.
- 24.2 Si une cote de sécurité est attribuée aux documents ou renseignements donnés ou dévoilés à l'Entrepreneur, l'Entreteneur prend toutes les mesures que lui enjoint le représentant ministériel pour assurer le degré de sécurité conforme à cette cote.
- 24.3 L'Entrepreneur fournit tous dispositifs de sécurité et aide toute personne à laquelle le Ministre a donne l'autorisation d'inspecter ou de prendre les mesures de sécurité qui s'imposent à l'égard des travaux et de l'emplacement des travaux.
- 24.4 Le représentant ministériel peut ordonner à l'Entrepreneur de faire telles choses et d'effectuer tels travaux additionnels qui, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, sont raisonnables et nécessaires pour assurer l'observation des paragraphes CG24.1 à CG24.3, ou pour rectifier une violation de ces paragraphes.

CG25 Cérémonies publiques et enseignes

- 25.1 L'Entrepreneur ne permit pas de cérémonie publique relativement aux travaux, sans la permission du Ministre.
- 25.2 L'Entrepreneur n'érige pas ou ne permet pas l'érection d'enseignes ou de panneaux publicitaires sur les travaux ou l'emplacement des travaux sans l'approbation du représentant ministériel.

CG26 Précautions contre les dommages, la transgression des droits, les incendies, et les autres dangers

- 26.1 L'Entrepreneur doit, à ses propres frais, faire le nécessaire pour s'assurer
 - 26.1.1 que nulle personne n'est blessée, nul bien endommagé et nul droit, servitude ou privilège enfreint en raison de l'activité de l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat;
 - 26.1.2 que la circulation à pied ou autrement sur les chemins ou cours d'eau publics ou privés n'est pas indûment entravée, interrompue ou rendue dangereuse par les travaux ou l'outillage;
 - 26.1.3 que les dangers d'incendie sur le chantier ou l'emplacement des travaux sont éliminés et que, sous réserve de tout ordre qui peut être donné par le représentant ministériel, tout incendie est promptement maîtrisé;

- 26.1.4 que la santé et sécurité des personnes occupées aux travaux ne sont pas menacées par les méthodes ou les moyens mis en œuvre;
- 26.1.5 que des services médicaux suffisants sont offerts en tout temps pendant les heures de travail, à toutes personnes occupées aux travaux;
- 26.1.6 que des mesures sanitaires suffisantes sont prises à l'égard des travaux et l'emplacement des travaux; et
- 26.1.7 que tous les jalons, bouées et repères placés sur les travaux ou l'emplacement des travaux par le représentant ministériel ou sur son ordre sont protégés et ne sont pas enlevés, abimés, changés ou détruits.
- 26.2 Le représentant ministériel peut ordonner à l'Entrepreneur de faire toute chose et de construire tout ouvrage additionnel qui, de l'avis dureprésentant ministériel, est raisonnable ou nécessaire pour assurer l'observation du paragraphe CG26.1 ou pour rectifier une infraction audit paragraphe.
- 26.3 L'Entrepreneur se conforme, à ses propres frais, à tout ordre que le représentant ministériel émet conformément au paragraphe CG26.2.

CG27 Assurances

- 27.1 L'Entrepreneur souscrit et maintient, à ses propres frais, des polices d'assurance relativement aux travaux et en fournit la preuve au représentant ministériel conformément aux exigences des Conditions d'assurance « E ».
- 27.2 Les polices d'assurance mentionnées au paragraphe CG27.1 doivent être :
 - 27.2.1 en la forme et nature, au montant, pour la durée et suivant les termes et conditions prévus aux Conditions d'assurance « E »; et
 - 27.2.2 prévoir le remboursement des demandes de règlement, conformément à l'article CG28.

CG28 Indemnité d'assurance

- 28.1 Dans le cas d'une demande de règlement en vertu d'une police d'assurance tous risques chantier (y compris les installations) que maintient l'Entrepreneur conformément à l'article CG27, les sommes dues à l'égard d'un sinistre seront remboursées directement à Sa Majesté, et :
 - 28.1.1 les sommes ainsi versées seront retenues par Sa Majesté aux fins du contrat; ou
 - 28.1.2 si Sa Majesté en décide ainsi, seront conservées par Sa Majesté, et le cas échéant, deviendront sa propriété de façon absolue.
- Dans le cas d'une demande de règlement en vertu d'une police responsabilité civile générale que maintient l'Entrepreneur conformément à l'article CG27, l'assureur remboursera directement au

demandeur les sommes dues à l'égard d'un sinistre.

- 28.3 Si le Ministre choisit conformément au paragraphe CG28.1 de conserver l'indemnité d'assurance, il peut faire effectuer une vérification de la comptabilité de l'Entrepreneur et de Sa Majesté relativement à la partie des travaux perdue, endommagée ou détruite, afin d'établir la différence, s'il en est, entre
 - 28.3.1 l'ensemble du montant des pertes ou dommages subis par Sa Majesté, incluant tous frais encourus pour le déblaiement et le nettoyage des travaux et l'emplacement des travaux et de toute autre somme payable par l'Entrepreneur à Sa Majesté en vertu du Contrat, moins toute somme retenue conformément à l'alinéa CG28.1.2; et
 - 28.3.2 l'ensemble des sommes payables par Sa Majesté à l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat à la date où la perte ou les dommages ont été subis.
- 28.4 Toute différence établie conformément au paragraphe CG28.3 doit être payée sans délai par la partie débitrice à la partie créancière.
- 28.5 Suite au paiement prévu au paragraphe CG28.4, Sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur sont réputés libérés de tous droits et obligations en vertu du Contrat, à l'égard seulement de la partie des travaux qui a fait l'objet d'une vérification mentionnée au paragraphe CG28.3.
- 28.6 S'il n'est pas exercé de choix en vertu du paragraphe CG28.1.2, l'Entrepreneur, sous réserve du paragraphe CG28.7, déblaie et nettoie les travaux et l'emplacement des travaux et il restaure et remplace à ses frais la partie des travaux qui a été perdue ou endommagée, comme si ces travaux n'avaient pas encore été exécutés.
- 28.7 Lorsque l'Entrepreneur exécute les obligations prévues au paragraphe CG28.6, Sa Majesté lui rembourse, jusqu'à concurrence des sommes mentionnées au paragraphe CG28.1, les frais de déblaiement, nettoyage, restauration et remplacement en question.
- 28.8 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG28.7, tout paiement par Sa Majesté en exécution des obligations prévues au paragraphe CG28.7 est effectué conformément aux dispositions du Contrat, mais chaque paiement doit représenter 100% du montant réclamé, nonobstant les alinéas MP4.4.1 et MP4.4.2.

CG29 Garantie du contrat

- 29.1 L'Entrepreneur obtient et dépose auprès du représentant ministériel une ou des garanties conformément aux conditions de garantie du contrat.
- 29.2 S'il est déposé une garantie auprès du représentant ministériel en vertu du paragraphe CG29.1 constituant en tout ou en partie en un dépôt de garantie, ce dépôt sera traité conformément aux articles CG43 et CG45 des Conditions générales.
- 29.3 Si la garantie en vertu du paragraphe CG29.1 consiste, en partie, en un cautionnement (bond) pour le paiement de la main-d'œuvre et des matériaux, l'Entrepreneur affiche une copie de ce cautionnement sur l'emplacement des travaux.

CG30 Modifications aux travaux

- 30.1 Sous réserve de l'article CG5, le représentant ministériel peut, à tout moment avant de délivrer son Certificat définitif d'achèvement :
 - 30.1.1 exiger des travaux ou des matériaux en sus de ceux qui ont été prévus dans les Plans et devis; et
 - 30.1.2 supprimer ou modifier les dimensions, le caractère, la quantité, la qualité, la description, la situation ou la position de la totalité ou d'une partie des travaux ou matériaux prévus dans les Plans et devis ou exigés en conformité de l'alinéa CG30.1.1.

à condition que ces travaux ou matériaux supplémentaires, ou que ces suppressions ou modifications soient, selon lui compatibles avec l'intention du Contrat.

- 30.2 L'Entrepreneur exécute les travaux conformément aux ordres, suppressions et modifications émis de temps à autre par le représentant ministériel en vert du paragraphe CG30.1, comme s'ils faisaient partie des Plans et devis.
- 30.3 Le représentant ministériel décide si ce que l'Entrepreneur a fait ou omis de faire conformément à un ordre, une suppression ou une modification en vertu du paragraphe CG30.1 a augmenté ou diminué le coût des travaux pour l'Entrepreneur.
- 30.4 Si le représentant ministériel décide, conformément au paragraphe CG30.3, qu'il y a eu augmentation du coût pour l'Entrepreneur, Sa Majesté paie à l'Entrepreneur le coût accru que l'Entrepreneur a nécessairement encouru pour les travaux supplémentaires, calculé conformément aux articles CG49 ou GB50.
- 30.5 Si le représentant ministériel décide, conformément au paragraphe CG30.3, qu'il y a eu réduction du coût pour l'Entrepreneur, Sa Majesté réduit le montant payable à l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat d'un montant égal à la réduction du coût occasionné par toute suppression ou modification ordonnée conformément au paragraphe CG30.1.2, calculé conformément à l'article CG49.
- 30.6 Les paragraphes CG30.3 à CG30.5 s'appliquent seulement à un contrat ou partie d'un contrat comportant, suivant le Contrat, une Entente à prix fixe.
- 30.7 Tout ordre, suppression ou modification mentionné au paragraphe CG30.1 doit être par écrit, porter la signature du représentant ministériel et être communiqué à l'Entrepreneur conformément au paragraphe CG11.

CG31 Interprétation du Contrat par le représentant ministériel

Avant la délivrance par le représentant ministériel du Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1, le représentant ministériel tranche tout question concernant l'exécution des travaux ou les obligations de l'Entreteneur en vertu du Contrat et en particulier, mais sans limiter la portée générale de ce qui précède, concernant :

- 31.1.1 la signification de quoi que ce soit dans les Plans et devis;
- 31.1.2 l'Interprétation des Plans et devis au cas d'erreur, omission, obscurité ou divergence dans leur texte ou intention;
- 31.1.3 le respect des exigences du Contrat quant à la quantité ou la qualité des matériaux ou du travail que l'Entrepreneur fournit ou se propose de fournir;
- 31.1.4 la suffisance de la main-d'œuvre, de l'outillage ou des matériaux que l'Entrepreneur fournit pour la réalisation des travaux et du Contrat, pour assurer l'exécution des travaux suivant le Contrat et l'exécution du Contrat conformément à ses dispositions;
- 31.1.5 la qualité de tout genre de travail effectué par l'Entrepreneur; ou
- 31.1.6 l'échéancier et la programmation des diverses phases de l'exécution des travaux;
- et la décision du représentant ministériel est sans appel, pour ce qui est des travaux.
- L'Entrepreneur exécute les travaux conformément aux décisions et directives du représentant ministériel en vertu du paragraphe CG31.1 et conformément à toute décision et directive du représentant ministériel que en découlent.

CG32 Garantie et rectification des défectuosités des travaux

- 32.1 Sans restreindre les garanties implicites ou explicites de la loi ou du Contrat, l'Entrepreneur doit, à ses propres frais
 - 32.1.1 rectifier toute défectuosité et corriger tout vice qui se manifeste dans les travaux ou qui est signalé au Ministre quant aux parties du travail acceptées relativement au Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2 dans les 12 mois qui suivront la date d'émission du Certificat provisoire d'achèvement.
 - 32.1.2 rectifier toute défectuosité et corriger tout vice qui se manifeste dans les travaux ou qui est signalé au Ministre relativement aux parties des travaux décrites dans le Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2 dans les 12 mois qui suivent la date d'émission du Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1.
- 32.2 Le représentant ministériel peut ordonner à l'Entrepreneur de rectifier ou corriger toute défectuosité ou tout vice mentionné au paragraphe CG32.1 ou couvert par toute autre garantie implicite ou explicite.
- 32.3 L'ordre mentionné au paragraphe CG32.2.1 doit être par écrit; il peut préciser le délai dans lequel l'Entrepreneur doit rectifier ou corriger la défectuosité ou le vice et il doit être donné à l'Entrepreneur conformément à l'article CG11.
- 32.4 L'Entrepreneur doit rectifier la défectuosité ou corriger le vice mentionné dans l'ordre donné en conformité du paragraphe CG32.2 dans le délai qui y est stipulé.

CG33 Défaut de l'Entrepreneur

- 33.1 Si l'Entrepreneur omet de se conformer à une décision ou directive rendue ou émise par le représentant ministériel en vertu des articles CG18, CG24, CG26, CG31 ou CG32, le représentant ministériel peut recouvrir aux méthodes qui lui semblent opportunes pour exécuter ce que l'Entrepreneur a omis d'exécuter.
- 33.2 L'Entrepreneur paie à Sa Majesté, sur demande, la totalité de tous les frais, dépenses et dommages encourus par Sa Majesté en raison du défaut de l'Entrepreneur de se conformer à toute décision ou directive stipulée au paragraphe CG31.1 et en raison de toute méthode utilisée en l'occurrence par le représentant ministériel conformément au paragraphe CG33.1.

CG34 Protestations des décisions du représentant ministériel

- 34.1 L'Entrepreneur peut contester, dans les dix jours de sa réception, une décision ou directive mentionnée aux paragraphes CG30.3 ou CG33.1.
- 34.2 Toute contestation mentionnée au paragraphe CG34.1 doit être par écrit, indiquer tous les motifs de la contestation, être signée par l'Entrepreneur et communiquée à Sa Majesté par l'entremise du représentant ministériel.
- 34.3 Si l'Entrepreneur proteste conformément au paragraphe CG34.2, le fait pour lui de se conformer à la décision ou à la directive qu'il conteste ne sera pas interprété comme une reconnaissance du bienfondé de cette décision ou de cette directive et ne pourra constituer une fin de non-recevoir quant à toute poursuite qu'il estimera appropriée dans les circonstances.
- Tout protêt de l'Entrepreneur en vertu du paragraphe CG34.2 ne le dispense de se conformer à la décision ou directive en question.
- 34.5 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG34.6, l'Entrepreneur doit, sous peine de déchéance, intenter toute poursuite judiciaire mentionnée au paragraphe CG34.3 dans les trois mois suivant la date d'émission du Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1.
- 34.6 L'Entrepreneur doit, sous peine de déchéance, intenter dans les trois mois suivant la fin d'une période de garantie, toute poursuite judicaire mentionnée au paragraphe CG34.3 et découlant d'un ordre donné en vertu de l'article CG32.
- 34.7 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG34.8, si Sa Majesté tient la contestation de l'Entrepreneur comme bien fondée, elle doit lui rembourser le coût des travaux, de l'outillage et des matériaux additionnels nécessaires à l'exécution de l'ordre ou de la directive ayant fait l'objet du protêt.
- 34.8 Les couts mentionnés au paragraphe CG34.7 doivent être calculés conformément aux dispositions des articles CG48 à CG50.

CG35 Changement des conditions du sol - Négligence ou retard de la part de Sa Majesté

35.1 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG35.2, nul paiement autre qu'un paiement expressément stipulé au Contrat n'est fait par Sa Majesté à l'Entrepreneur en raison de guelque dépense supplémentaire

encourue ou pour quelque perte ou dommage subi par l'Entrepreneur.

- 35.2 Si l'Entrepreneur encourt des frais supplémentaires ou subit des pertes ou dommages directement attribuables :
 - 35.2.1 à un écart substantiel entre les renseignements sur les conditions du sol à l'emplacement des travaux, dans les Plans et devis ou d'autre documents fournis à l'Entrepreneur pour l'établissement de sa soumission, ou à un écart substantiel entre un présomption raisonnable de l'Entrepreneur fondée sur lesdits renseignements et les conditions réelles rencontrées par l'Entrepreneur à l'emplacement des travaux lors de leur exécution; ou
 - 35.2.2 à la négligence ou à un retard de la part de Sa Majesté après la date du Contrat, à fournir tout renseignement ou à tout acte auquel Sa Majesté est expressément obligée par le Contrat ou que les usages de l'industrie dicteraient ordinairement à tout propriétaire;

il doit dans les dix jours qui suivent la date de la constatation des conditions du sol décrites à l'alinéa CG35.2.1 ou la date de la négligence ou du retard décrit au paragraphe CG35.2.2, en donner avis par écrit au représentant ministériel et lui signifier son intention d'exiger le remboursement des frais supplémentaires encourus ou le coût de toutes pertes ou dommages subis.

- 35.3 Lorsque l'Entrepreneur a donne au représentant ministériel l'avis mentionné au paragraphe CG35.3, il doit sous peine de déchéance dans les 30 jours suivant la date de l'émission du Certificat définitif mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1, remettre au représentant ministériel une demande écrite de remboursement des frais supplémentaires ou du coût de toutes pertes ou dommages subis.
- La demande de remboursement mentionnée au paragraphe CG35.3 devra contenir une description suffisante des faits et circonstances qui motivent la demande afin que le représentant ministériel puisse déterminer si cette demande est justifiée ou non, et l'Entrepreneur doit, à cette fin, fournir tout autre renseignement que le représentant ministériel peut exiger.
- 35.5 Si, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, la demande de remboursement mentionnée au paragraphe CG35.3 est bien fondée, Sa Majesté doit verser à l'Entrepreneur un supplément calculé en conformité des articles CG47 à CG49.
- 35.6 Si, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, le cas décrit à l'alinéa CG35.2.1 se traduit pour l'Entrepreneur par une économie dans l'exécution du Contrat, le montant établi dans les Articles de convention est, sous réserve du paragraphe CG35.7, réduit d'un montant égal à l'économie réalisée.
- 35.7 Le montant à être déduit en vertu du paragraphe CG35.6 doit être déterminé selon les dispositions des articles CG47 à CG49.
- 35.8 Si l'Entrepreneur néglige de donner l'avis mentionné au paragraphe CG35.2 et de présenter la demande de remboursement mentionnée au paragraphe CG35.3 dans le délai prescrit, aucun supplément ne doit lui être verse en l'occurrence.

CG36 Prolongation de délai

- 36.1 Sous réserve du paragraphe CG36.2, le représentant ministériel peut, s'il estime que l'achèvement en retard des travaux est attribuable à des causes indépendantes de la volonté de l'Entrepreneur et sur demande présentée par l'Entrepreneur avant le jour fixe par les Articles de convention pour l'achèvement des travaux ou avant toute autre date fixée auparavant conformément au présent article, prolonger le délai d'achèvement des travaux.
- 36.2 Toute demande mentionnée au paragraphe CG36.1 doit être accompagnée du consentement écrit de la compagnie dont le cautionnement constitue une partie de la garantie du contrat.

CG37 Dédommagement pour retard d'exécution

- 37.1 Aux fins du présent article :
 - 37.1.1 les travaux sont censés être achèves le jour ou le représentant ministériel délivre le Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2; et
 - 37.1.2 « période de retard » signifie la période commençant le jour fixé par les Articles de convention pour l'achèvement des travaux et se terminant le jour précédant immédiatement le jour de l'achèvement, à l'exclusion cependant de tout jour faisant partie d'une période de prolongation accordée en vertu du paragraphe CG36.1 et de tout autre jour où, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, l'achèvement des travaux a été retardé par des causes indépendantes de la volonté de l'Entrepreneur.
- 37.2 Si l'Entrepreneur n'achève pas les travaux au jour fixé par les Articles de convention mais achève ces travaux par la suite, l'Entrepreneur paie à Sa Majesté un montant égal à l'ensemble :
 - 37.2.1 de tous les salaires, gages et frais de déplacement versés par Sa Majesté aux personnes surveillant les travaux pendant la période de retard;
 - 37.2.2 des coûts encourus par Sa Majesté en conséquence de l'impossibilité pour Sa Majesté de faire usage des travaux achevés pendant la période de retard; et
 - 37.2.3 de tous les autres frais et dommages encourus ou subis par Sa Majesté pendant la période de retard par suite de l'inachèvement des travaux a la date prévue.
- 37.3 S'il estime que l'intérêt public le commande, le Ministre peut renoncer au droit de Sa Majesté à la totalité ou partie d'un paiement exigible en conformité du paragraphe CG37.2.

CG38 Travaux retirés à l'Entrepreneur

- 38.1 Le Ministre peut dans les cas suivants et à son entière discrétion, en donnant un avis par écrite à l'Entrepreneur conformément à l'article CG11, retirer à l'Entreteneur la totalité ou une partie des travaux et recourir aux moyens qui lui semblent appropriés pour achever les travaux si l'Entrepreneur :
 - 38.1.1 fait défaut ou retarde à commencer les travaux ou à exécuter les travaux avec diligence et à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel, dans les six jours suivant la réception par

l'Entrepreneur d'un avis par écrite du Ministre ou du représentant ministériel, conformément à l'article CG11 :

- 38.1.2 a néglige d'achever quelque partie des travaux dans le délai imparti par le Contrat;
- 38.1.3 est devenu insolvable:
- 31.1.4 a commis un acte de faillite;
- 31.1.5 a abandonné les travaux;
- 31.1.6 a fait cession du Contrat sans le consentement requis au paragraphe CG3.1; ou
- 31.1.7 a de quelque autre façon fait défaut d'observer ou d'accomplir l'une quelconque des dispositions du Contrat.
- 38.2 Si la totalité ou une partie quelconque des travaux a été retirée à l'Entrepreneur en vertu de paragraphe CG38.1.
 - 38.2.1 l'Entrepreneur n'a droit, sauf dispositions du paragraphe CG38.4, à aucun autre paiement dû et exigible.
 - 38.2.2 l'Entrepreneur est tenu de payer à Sa Majesté, sur demande, un montant égal à la totalité des pertes et dommages que Sa Majesté aura subis en raison de défaut de l'Entrepreneur d'achever les travaux.
- 38.3 Si la totalité ou partie des travaux retirés à l'Entrepreneur en vertu du paragraphe CG38.1 est achevée par Sa Majesté, le représentant ministériel établit le montant, s'il y en a, de toute retenue ou demande d'acompte de l'Entreteneur existant au moment où les travaux lui ont été retirés et dont, selon le représentant ministériel, on n'a pas besoin pour assurer exécution des travaux ou pour rembourser à Sa Majesté les pertes ou dommages subis en raison du défaut de l'Entrepreneur.
- 38.4 Sa Majesté peut verser à l'Entrepreneur le montant qu'on jugera non requis suivant le paragraphe CG38.3.

CG39 Effet du retrait des travaux à l'Entrepreneur

- 39.1 La retrait de la totalité ou d'une partie des travaux à l'Entrepreneur en conformité de l'article CG38, n'a pas pour effet de libérer l'Entrepreneur d'une obligation quelconque découlant pour lui du Contrat ou de la loi, sauf quant à l'obligation pour lui de continuer l'exécution de la partie des travaux qui lui fut ainsi retirée.
- 39.2 Si la totalité ou partie des travaux est retirée à l'Entrepreneur en conformité de l'article CG38, tous les matériaux et outillage, ainsi que l'intérêt de l'Entrepreneur dans tous les biens immobiliers, permis, pouvoirs et privilèges acquis, utilisés ou fournis par l'Entrepreneur pour les travaux, continuent d'être la propriété de Sa Majesté sans indemnisation de l'Entrepreneur.
- 39.3 Si le représentant ministériel certifie que tout matériau, outillage ou un intérêt quelconque

mentionné au paragraphe CG39.2 n'est plus requis pour les travaux et qu'il n'est plus dans l'intérêt de Sa Majesté de retenir lesdits matériaux, outillage ou intérêt, ils sont remis à l'Entrepreneur.

CG40 Suspension des travaux par le Ministre

- 40.1 Le Ministre peut, lorsqu'il estime que l'intérêt public le commande, sommer l'Entrepreneur de suspendre l'exécution des travaux pour une durée déterminée ou indéterminée, en lui communiquant par écrit un avis à cet effet, conformément à l'article CG11.
- 40.2 Sur réception suivant l'article CG11 de la sommation mentionnée au paragraphe CG40.1, l'Entrepreneur suspend toutes les opérations sauf celles qui, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, sont nécessaires à la garde et à la préservation des travaux, de l'outillage et des matériaux.
- 40.3 Pendant la période de suspension, l'Entrepreneur ne peut enlever de l'emplacement, sans le consentement du représentant ministériel, quelque partie des travaux, de l'outillage et des matériaux.
- 40.4 Si la période de suspension est de 30 jours ou moins, l'Entrepreneur reprend l'exécution des travaux dès l'expiration de la période de suspension et il a droit au paiement des frais, calculés en conformité des articles CG48 à CG50, du travail, de l'outillage et des matériaux nécessairement encourus en conséquence de la suspension des travaux.
- 40.5 Si, à l'expiration d'une période de suspension de plus de 30 jours, le Ministre et l'Entrepreneur conviennent que l'exécution des travaux sera continuée par l'Entrepreneure, ce dernier reprend les opérations sous réserve des termes et conditions convenus entre lui et le Ministre.
- 40.6 Si, à l'expiration d'une période de suspension de plus de 30 jours, le Ministre et l'Entrepreneur ne conviennent pas que les travaux seront continués par l'Entrepreneur ou ne s'entendent pas sur les termes et conditions suivant lesquels l'Entrepreneur poursuivra l'exécution des travaux, l'avis de suspension est censé être un avis de résiliation et conformité de l'article CG41.

CG41 Résiliation du Contrat

- 41.1 Le Ministre peut, à n'importe quel moment, résilier le Contrat en donnant avis par écrit à cet effet à l'Entrepreneur conformément à l'article CG11.
- 41.2 Sur réception suivant l'article CG11 de l'avis mentionné au paragraphe CG41.1, l'Entreteneur cesse toutes opérations dans l'exécution du Contrat, sous réserve de toutes conditions énoncées dans l'avis.
- 41.3 Si le Contrat est résilier conformément au paragraphe CG41.1, Sa Majesté paie à l'Entrepreneur, sous réserve du paragraphe CG41.4, un montant égal :
 - 41.3.1 au coût de tout le travail, l'outillage et les matériaux qu'aura fournis l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat à la date de résiliation, en exécution d'un contrat ou d'une partie de contrat relativement auquel une Entente à prix unitaire est précisée dans le Contrat; ou

41.3.2 au moindre:

- 41.3.2.1 du montant, calculé conformément aux Modalités de paiement, qui aurait été payable à l'Entrepreneur s'il avait achevé les travaux; et
- 41.3.2.2 du montant que l'on reconnait devoir à l'Entreteneur en vertu de l'article CG49, concernant un contrat ou une partie de contrat pour lequel le Contrat prévoit une Entente à prix fixe;

moins l'ensemble de tous les montants qui furent payés à l'Entrepreneur par Sa Majesté et de tous les montants dont l'Entrepreneur est redevable envers Sa Majesté en vertu du Contrat.

41.4 Si Sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur ne peuvent convenir du montant mentionné au paragraphe CG41.3, ce montant sera déterminé suivant la méthode indiquée à l'article CG50.

CG42 Réclamations contre et obligations de la part de l'Entrepreneur ou d'un sous-entrepreneur

- 42.1 Afin d'acquitter toutes obligations légales de l'Entrepreneur ou d'un sous-entrepreneur ou de satisfaire à toutes réclamations légales contre eux résultant de l'exécution du Contrat, Sa Majesté peut payer tout montant qui est dû et payable à l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat, directement aux créanciers de l'Entrepreneur ou du sous-entrepreneur, ou aux réclamants en l'occurrence. Toutefois, ce montant que paie Sa Majesté, le cas échéant, ne doit pas excéder le montant que l'Entrepreneur aurait été tenu de verse au réclamant si les dispositions des lois relatives aux privilèges dans les provinces et territoires ou , dans le cas de la province de Québec, de la loi à cet effet dans le Code civil, avaient été applicables aux travaux. Le réclamant n'a pas à respecter les dispositions des lois relatives aux privilèges qui établissent les démarches à suivre au moyen d'avis, d'enregistrements ou d'autre façon, comme il aurait pu être nécessaire de le faire pour conserver ou valider toute réclamation à l'égard de liens émanant du réclamant.
- 42.2 Sa Majesté n'effectue pas de paiement tel qu'il est décrit au paragraphe CG42.1 à moins que le réclamant lui remette :
 - 42.2.1 un jugement ou une ordonnance exécutoire d'un tribunal compétent établissant le montant qu'aurait eu à verser l'Entrepreneur au réclamant en vertu des dispositions de la loi provinciale ou territoriale relative aux privilèges pertinente ou, dans le cas de la province de Québec, de la loi à cet effet dans le Code civil, si ces lois s'appliquaient aux travaux, ou
 - 42.2.2 une sentence arbitrale définitive et exécutoire établissant le montant qu'aurait eu à verser l'Entrepreneur au réclamant en vertu des dispositions de la loi provinciale ou territoriale relative aux privilèges pertinente ou, dans le cas de la province de Québec, de la loi à cet effet dans le Code civil, si ces lois s'appliquaient aux travaux; ou
 - 42.2.3 le consentement de l'Entrepreneur autorisant le paiement.

Pour déterminer les droits du réclamant en vertu des alinéas CG42.2.1 et CG42.2.2, l'avis exigé au paragraphe CG42.8 sera réputé remplacer l'enregistrement ou la prestation d'un avis après l'achèvement des travaux exigé par les lois applicables, et aucune réclamation ne sera réputée être

- expirée, annulée ou non exécutoire parce que le réclamant n'a pas intenté de poursuites dans les délais prescrits par la loi applicable.
- 42.3 Lorsqu'il accepte d'exécuter un Contrat, l'Entrepreneur est réputée avoir consenti de soumettre à l'arbitrage obligatoire, à la demande d'un réclamant, toutes les questions auxquelles il faut répondre pour déterminer si le réclamant à droit au paiement conformément aux dispositions du paragraphe CG42.1. Les parties à l'arbitrage seront, entre autres, le sous-traitant à qui le réclamant à fourni des matériaux ou de l'équipement ou pour qui il à effectué du travail, si le sous-traitant le désire. L'État ne constitue pas une partie à l'arbitrage et, à moins d'une entente contraire entre l'Entrepreneur et le réclamant, l'arbitrage se déroulera conformément à la loi provinciale ou territoriale régissant l'arbitrage applicable dans la province ou le territoire où les travaux sont exécutés.
- 42.4 Une paiement effectue en conformité du paragraphe CG42.1 comporte quittance de l'obligation de Sa Majesté envers l'Entrepreneur sous le contrat, jusqu'à concurrence du montant payé et peut être déduit d'un montant dû à l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat.
- Dans la mesure où les circonstances entourant l'exécution des travaux pour le compte de Sa Majesté le permettent, l'Entrepreneur se conforme à toutes les lois en vigueur dans la province ou le territoire où les travaux sont exécutés quant aux périodes de paiement, aux retenus obligatoires, à la création et à la mise en vigueur de lois concernant les privilèges des fournisseurs ou des constructeurs ou de lois semblables ou, s'il s'agit de la province de Québec, aux dispositions de la loi qui concerne les privilèges.
- 42.6 L'Entrepreneur acquitte toutes ses obligations légales et fait droit à toutes les réclamations légales qui lui sont adressées en conséquence de l'exécution des travaux, au moins aussi souvent que le Contrat oblige Sa Majesté à acquitter ses obligations envers l'Entrepreneur.
- 42.7 Sur demande du représentant ministériel, l'Entrepreneur fait une déclaration attestant de l'existence et de l'état de toutes les obligations et réclamations mentionnées au paragraphe CG42.6.
- 42.8 Le paragraphe CG42.1 ne s'applique qu'aux réclamations et aux obligations :
 - 42.8.1 pour lesquelles le représentant ministériel a reçu un avis par écrit avant qu'un paiement n'ait été effectué à l'Entrepreneur conformément au paragraphe MP4.10 et dans les 120 jours suivant la date à laquelle le réclamant :
 - 42.8.1.1 aurait dû être paye en totalité conformément au contrat qui le lie à l'Entrepreneur ou à un sous-traitant, s'il s'agit d'une réclamation pour des deruers dont il est légalement requis qu'ils soient retenus du réclamant; ou
 - 42.8.1.2 s'est acquitté des derniers services ou travaux ou à fourni les derniers matériaux exigés par le contrat qui le lie à l'Entrepreneur ou à un sous-traitant, s'il ne s'agit pas d'une réclamation mentionnée au sous-alinéa CG42.8.1.1; et
 - 42.8.2 pour lesquelles les procédures visant à établir les droits à un paiement, conformément au paragraphe CG42.2, ont commencé dans l'année suivant la date à laquelle l'avis mentionné à l'alinéa CG42.8.1 à été reçu par le représentant ministériel; et

- l'avis exige à l'alinéa CG42.8.1 doit faire état du montant réclamé et du principal responsable selon le Contrat.
- 42.9 Sur réception d'un avis de réclamation en vertu de l'alinéa CG42.8.1, Sa Majesté peut retenir de tout montant dû et payable à l'Entrepreneur en vertu du Contrat un partie ou la totalité du montant de la réclamation.
- 42.10 Le représentant ministériel doit aviser l'Entrepreneur par écrit de la réception de toute réclamation mentionné à l'alinéa CG42.8.1 et de l'intention de Sa Majesté de retenir des fonds conformément au paragraphe CG42.9, et l'Entrepreneur peut, à tout moment par la suite et jusqu'à ce que le paiement soit effectué au réclamant, déposer, auprès de Sa Majesté, une garantie acceptable par Sa Majesté dont le montant est équivalent à la valeur de la réclamation. L'avis d'un tel dépôt doit être reçu par le représentant ministériel et, sur réception d'une telle garantie, Sa Majesté doit dégager à l'intention de l'Entrepreneur tous les fonds qui auraient été payables autrement à l'Entrepreneur et qui ont été retenus conformément aux dispositions du paragraphe CG42.9 à l'égard de la réclamation d'un réclamant pour laquelle la garantie a été déposée.

CG43 Dépôt de garantie - Confiscation ou remise

- 43.1 Si:
 - 43.1.1 les travaux sont retirés à l'Entrepreneur conformément à l'article CG38;
 - 43.1.2 le Contrat est résilié en vertu de l'article CG41; ou
 - 43.1.3 l'Entrepreneur à violé ou n'a pas rempli ses engagements en vertu du Contrat;
 - Sa Majesté peut s'approprier le dépôt de garantie, s'il en est.
- 43.2 Si Sa Majesté s'approprie le dépôt de garantie conformément au paragraphe CG43.1, le montant obtenu en l'occurrence est censé être une dette payable à l'Entrepreneur par Sa Majesté en vertu du Contrat.
- 43.3 Tout solde du montant mentionné au paragraphe CG43.2, s'il en est, après paiement de toutes pertes dommages ou réclamations de Sa Majesté ou quelqu'un autre, sera paye par Sa Majesté à l'Entrepreneur si, dans l'opinion du représentant ministériel, il n'est pas requis pour les fins du Contrat.

CG44 Certificats du représentant ministériel

- 44.1 Le jour :
 - 44.1.1 où les travaux sont achevés; et
 - 44.1.2 où l'Entrepreneur s'est conformé au Contrat et à tous les ordres et directives donnés conformément au Contrat;

à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel, le représentant ministériel délivre à l'Entrepreneur un Certificat définitif d'achèvement.

- 44.2 Si le représentant ministériel est convaincu que les travaux sont suffisamment achevés, il peut, à tout moment avant la délivrance d'un Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1 délivrer à l'Entrepreneur un Certificat provisoire d'achèvement, et :
 - 44.2.1 aux fins du paragraphe CG44.2, les travaux seront jugés suffisamment achevés
 - 44.2.1.1 lorsqu'une partie considérable ou la totalité des travaux visés par le Contrat sont, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, prêts à être utilisés par Sa Majesté ou sont utilisés aux fins prévues; et
 - 44.2.1.2 lorsque les travaux qui restent à effectuer en vertu du Contrat peuvent, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, être achevés ou rectifiés à un coût n'excédant pas

44.2.1.2.1 -3 p. 100 des premiers 500 000 \$; et

44.2.1.2.2 -2 p 100 des prochains 500 000 \$; et

44.2.1.2.3 -1 p. 100 du reste

de la valeur du Contrat au moment du calcul de ce coût.

- Aux fins uniquement du sous-alinéa 44.2.1.2, lorsque les travaux ou une partie considérable des travaux sont prêts à être utilisés ou sont utilisés aux fins prévues et que le reste ou une partie des travaux ne peut être achevé pour des raisons indépendantes de la volonté de l'Entrepreneur ou, lorsque le représentant ministériel et l'Entrepreneur conviennent de ne pas achever les travaux dans les délais prescrits, le coût de la partie des travaux que l'Entrepreneur n'a pu terminer pour des raisons indépendantes de sa volonté ou que le représentant ministériel et l'Entrepreneur ont convenu de ne pas terminer dans les délais précisés sera déduit de la valeur du contrat mentionnée au sous-alinéa CG44.2.1.2 et ledit coût ne fera pas partie du coût des travaux qui restent à effectuer aux fins de la détermination de l'achèvement réel.
- 44.4 Le Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2 doit décrire les parties des travaux qui n'ont pas été achevées à la satisfaction du représentant ministériel et préciser tout ce que l'Entrepreneur doit faire :
 - 44.4.1 avant que le Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1 puisse être délivre; et
 - 44.4.2 avant le début de la période de 12 mois mentionnée au paragraphe CG32.1.2 pour lesdites parties et toutes autres choses.
- 44.5 Le représentant ministériel peut, en plus des points indiqués dans le Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2, obliger l'Entrepreneur à rectifier toutes autres parties des travaux qui n'ont pas été achevées à sa satisfaction et faire effectuer toutes autres choses nécessaires pour l'achèvement satisfaisant des travaux.

- 44.6 Si le Contrat ou l'une de ses parties a fait l'objet d'une Entente à prix unitaire, le représentant ministériel mesure et consigne dans un registre les quantités de travail exécuté d'outillage fourni par l'Entrepreneur et de matériaux utilisés pour l'exécution des travaux, et informe, sur demande, l'Entrepreneur au sujet de ces mesurages.
- 44.7 L'Entrepreneur aide le représentant ministériel et coopère avec lui dans l'exécution des taches précisées au paragraphe CG44.6 et a le droit de prendre connaissance de tout registre tenu par le représentant ministériel suivant le paragraphe CG44.6.
- 44.8 Une fois que le représentant ministériel a délivré le Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1, il doit, si le paragraphe CG44.6 s'applique, délivrer un Certificat définitif de mesurage.
- 44.9 Le Certificat définitif de mesurage mentionné au paragraphe CG44.8 :
 - 44.9.1 indique le total des mesurages des quantités mentionnées au paragraphe CG44.6, et
 - 44.9.2 lie de façon péremptoire Sa Majesté et l'Entrepreneur quant aux mesurages des quantités qui y sont consignées.

CG45 Remise du dépôt de garantie

- 45.1 Après la délivrance du Certificat provisoire d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.2 et à condition que l'Entrepreneur n'ait pas violé ses engagements en vertu du Contrat ou omis de les remplir, Sa Majesté retourne à l'Entrepreneur la totalité ou partie du dépôt de garantie, s'il en est, qui de l'avis du représentant ministériel, n'est pas requise aux fins du Contrat.
- Au moment de la délivrance du Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1, Sa Majesté retourne à l'Entrepreneur tout le solde du dépôt de sécurité, sauf stipulation contraire du Contrat.
- 45.3 Si le dépôt de garantie a été versé au Trésor, Sa Majesté doit payer à l'Entrepreneur l'intérêt sur ledit dépôt à un taux établi de temps à autre en vertu du paragraphe 21(2) de la Loi sur la gestion des finances publiques.

CG46 Précision du sens des expressions figurant aux articles CG47 à CG50

- 46.1 Dans les articles CG47 à CG50 :
 - 46.1.1 l'expression « Tableau des prix unitaires » signifie le tableau figurant dans les Articles de convention, et
 - 46.1.2 l'expression « outillage » ne comprend pas les outils habituellement fournis par les hommes de métier dans l'exercice de leurs fonctions.

CG47 Additions ou modifications au Tableau des prix unitaires

- 47.1 Le représentant ministériel et l'Entrepreneur peuvent convenir par écrit, lorsqu'une Entente à prix unitaire s'applique au Contrat ou à l'une de ses parties :
 - 47.1.1 d'ajouter au Tableau des prix unitaires des catégories de travail, d'outillage ou de matériaux, des unités de mesurage, de prix par unité et des estimations de quantités lorsque certains travaux, outillage et matériaux devant apparaître dans le Certificat définitif de mesurage mentionné au paragraphe CG44.8 ne figurent dans aucune des catégories de travail, d'outillage ou de matériaux établies au Tableau des prix unitaires; ou
 - 47.1.2 sous réserve des paragraphes CG47.2 et CG47.3, de modifier le prix par unité établi au Tableau des prix unitaires à l'égard d'une quelconque catégorie de travail, d'outillage ou de matériaux y figurant, lorsqu'une quantité a été estimée a l'égard de cette catégorie de travail, d'outillage ou de matériaux, et que le Certificat définitif de mesurage mentionné au paragraphe CG44.8 indique ou est susceptible d'indiquer que la quantité totale de cette catégorie de travail exécuté, d'outillage fourni ou de matériaux utilisés par l'Entrepreneur, pour l'exécution des travaux, est :
 - 47.1.2.1 inferieur à 85% de la quantité estimée; ou
 - 47.1.2.2 supérieure à 115% de la quantité estimée.
- 47.2 Le coût total d'un article figurant au Tableau des prix unitaires qui a été modifié conformément au sous-alinéa 47.1.2.1 ne doit, en aucun cas, excéder le montant qui aurait été payable à l'Entrepreneur si la quantité totale estimative de travail avait été exécutée, la quantité totale estimative d'outillage avait été fournie ou la quantité totale estimative de matériaux, utilisée.
- 47.3 Toute modification rendue nécessaire par le sous-alinéa CG47.1.2.2 ne s'appliquera qu'aux quantités supérieures à 115%.
- 47.4 Si le représentant ministériel et l'Entrepreneur ne s'entendent pas suivant le paragraphe CG47.1, le représentant ministériel détermine la catégorie et l'unité de mesurage du travail, de l'outillage et des matériaux et, sous réserve des paragraphes CG47.2 et CG47.3, le prix par unité est déterminé conformément à l'article CG50.

CG48 Établissement du coût – Tableau des prix unitaires

48.1 Chaque fois qu'il est nécessaire, aux fins du Contrat, d'établir le coût du travail, de l'outillage et des matériaux, on multiplie la quantité de ce travail de cet outillage ou de ces matériaux, exprimée par l'unité énoncée à la colonne 3 du Tableau des prix unitaires, par le prix énonce en regard de cette unité à la colonne 5 du Tableau des prix unitaires.

CG49 Établissement du coût – Négociation

49.1 Si le mode d'établissement du coût prévu à l'article CG48 ne peut être utilisé parce que le genre ou la catégorie de travail, d'outillage et de matériaux en cause ne figurent pas au Tableau des prix unitaires, le coût du travail, de l'outillage ou des matériaux, aux fins du Contrat est le montant

convenu de temps à autre entre l'Entrepreneur et le représentant ministériel.

49.2 Aux fins du paragraphe CG49.1, l'Entrepreneur remet au représentant ministériel lorsque ce dernier le requiert, tout renseignement nécessaire sur ce qu'il lui en coûte en travail, outillage et matériaux mentionnés au paragraphe CG49.1.

CG50 Établissement du coût en cas d'échec des négociations

- 50.1 Si l'on ne parvient pas à établir le coût du travail, de l'outillage et des matériaux conformément aux méthodes prévues aux articles CG47, CG48 ou CG49, pour les fins mentionnées dans ceux-ci, le coût sera égal à l'ensemble de :
 - 50.1.1 tous les montants justes et raisonnable effectivement dépenses ou légalement payables par l'Entrepreneur pour le travail, l'outillage et les matériaux couverts par une des catégories de dépenses prévues au paragraphe CG50.2, qui sont directement attribuables à l'exécution du Contrat;
 - 50.1.2 une somme égale à 10% du total des dépenses de l'Entrepreneur mentionnées à l'alinéa CG50.1.1, représentant une indemnité pour profit et pour tous les autres coûts et dépenses, incluant les frais de financement et les intérêts, les frais généraux, dépenses du siège social, et tous autres frais ou dépenses, mais non les coûts et dépenses mentionnés à l'alinéa CG50.1.1 ou CG50.1.3 ou pour une catégorie mentionnée au paragraphe CG50.2;
 - 50.1.3 l'intérêt sur les coûts déterminés en vertu des alinéas CG50.1.1 et CG50.1.2, intérêt qui sera calculé conformément à l'article MP9,

pourvu que le coût total d'un article figurant au Tableau des prix unitaires, auquel s'appliquent les dispositions de l'alinéa CG47.1.2.1, n'est pas supérieur au montant qui aurait été payable à l'Entrepreneur si la quantité total dudit article aurait été effectivement produite, utilisée ou fournie.

- Aux fins de l'alinéa CG50.1.1, les catégories de dépenses admissibles dans l'établissement du coût du travail, de l'outillage et des matériaux, sont :
 - 50.2.1 les paiements faits aux sous-entrepreneurs;
 - 50.2.2 les traitements, salaires et frais de voyage versés aux employés de l'Entrepreneur affectés, proprement dit, à l'exécution des travaux, à l'exception des traitements, salaires, gratifications, frais de subsistance et de voyage des employés de l'Entrepreneur travaillant généralement au siège social ou à un bureau général de l'Entrepreneur, à moins que lesdits employés ne soient affectés à l'emplacement des travaux avec la approbation du représentant ministériel;
 - 50.2.3 les cotisations exigibles en vertu d'un texte statutaire relativement aux indemnisations des accidents du travail, à l'assurance-chômage, au régime de retraite et aux congés rémunérés:
 - 50.2.4 les frais de location d'outillage ou un montant équivalent aux frais de location si l'outillage appartient à l'Entrepreneur qui était nécessaire et qui a été utilisé pour

- l'exécution des travaux, à condition que lesdits frais ou la somme équivalente soient raisonnables et que l'utilisation dudit outillage ait été approuvée par le représentant ministériel;
- 50.2.5 les frais d'entretien et de fonctionnement de l'outillage nécessaire a l'exécution des travaux et des frais de réparation à tel outillage qui, de l'avis du représentant ministériel, sont nécessaires à la bonne exécution du Contrat, à l'exclusion de toutes réparations provenant de défauts existant avant l'affectation de l'outillage aux travaux;
- 50.2.6 les paiements relatifs aux matériaux nécessaires et incorporés aux travaux, ou nécessaires à l'exécution du Contrat et utilisés à cette fin; et
- 50.2.7 les paiements relatifs à la présentation, à la livraison, à l'utilisation, à l'érection, à l'installation, à l'inspection, à la protection et à l'enlèvement de l'outillage et des matériaux nécessaires à l'exécution du Contrat et utilisés à cette fin; et
- 50.2.8 tout autre paiement fait par l'Entrepreneur avec l'approbation du représentant ministériel et nécessaire à l'exécution du Contrat.

CG51 Registres à tenir par l'Entrepreneur

51.1 L'Entrepreneur:

- 51.1.1 tient des registres complets du coût estimatif et réel des travaux, des appels d'offres, des prix cotés, des contrats, de la correspondance, des factures, des reçus et des pièces justificative s'y rapportant;
- 51.1.2 met à la disposition du Ministre et du sous-receveur général du Canada ou des personnes qu'ils délèguent pour vérification et inspection tous les documents mentionnés à l'alinéa CG51.1.1;
- 51.1.3 permet à toutes personnes mentionnées à l'alinéa 51.1.2 de faire des copies ou extraits de tous registres et documents mentionnés à l'alinéa CG51.1.1; et
- 51.1.4 fournit aux personnes mentionnées à l'alinéa CG51.1.2 tous les renseignements qu'elles peuvent exiger de temps à autre au sujet de ces registres et documents.
- Les registres tenus par l'Entrepreneur conformément à l'alinéa CG51.1.1, sont conservés intact pendant deux ans à compter de la date de la délivrance du Certificat définitif d'achèvement mentionné au paragraphe CG44.1, ou jusqu'à l'expiration de toute autre période que le Ministre peut fixer.
- 51.3 L'Entrepreneur oblige tous sous-entrepreneurs, et toutes autres personnes qu'il contrôle directement ou indirectement ou qui lui sont affiliés, de même que toutes personnes qui contrôlent l'Entrepreneur directement ou indirectement, à se conformer aux paragraphes CG51.1 et CG51.2 comme s'ils étaient l'Entrepreneur.

CG52 Conflits d'intérêts

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52.1 Le présent Contrat stipule qu'aucun ancien titulaire de change publique qui ne se conforme pas au Code régissant la conduite des titulaires de charge publique en ce qui concerne les conflits d'intérêts et l'après-mandat ne peut retirer des avantages directs du présent Contrat.

CG53 Situation de l'Entrepreneur

- 53.1 L'Entrepreneur sera retenu et vertu du Contrat à titre d'entrepreneur indépendant.
- 53.2 l'Entrepreneur et tout employé dudit entrepreneur n'est pas retenu en vertu du Contrat à titre d'employé, d'agent ou de mandataire de Sa Majesté.
- Aux fins des paragraphes CG53.1 et CG53.2, l'Entrepreneur sera à lui seul responsable de tous les paiements et de toutes les retenues exigées par la loi, y compris ceux exigés par le Régime de pensions du Canada, le Régime des rentes du Québec, l'assurance-chômage, les accidents du travail ou l'impôt sur le revenu.

CONDITIONS GÉNÉRALES

CA 1	Prauva di	r contrat	d'assurance
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- CA 2 Gestion des risques
- CA 3 Paiement de franchise
- CA 4 Assurance d'assurance

EXIGENCES DE GARANTIES D'ASSURANCE

- EGA 1 Assuré
- EGA 2 Période d'assurance
- EGA 3 Preuve du contrat d'assurance
- EGA 4 Avis

ASSURANCE DE LA RESPONSABILITÉ CIVILE DES ENTREPRISES

- ARC 1 Portée de l'assurance
- ARC 2 Garanties/Dispositions
- ARC 3 Risques additionnels
- ARC 4 Indemnité d'assurance
- ARC 5 Franchise

ASSURANCE DES CHANTIERS – RISQUES D'INSTALLATION – TOUS RISQUES

- AC 1 Portée de l'assurance
- AC 2 Biens assurés
- AC 3 Indemnités d'assurance
- AC 4 Montant d'assurance
- AC 5 Franchise
- AC 6 Subrogation
- AC 7 Exclusion

ATTESTATION D'ASSURANCE DE L'ASSUREUR

CONDITIONS GÉNÉRALES

CA 1 Preuve du contrat d'assurance (02/12/03)

Dans un délai de trente (30) jours après l'acceptation de la soumission de l'entrepreneur, ce dernier, à moins d'avis contraire par écrit de l'agent d'approvisionnement, doit remettre à l'agent d'approvisionnement, l'Attestation d'assurance d'un assureur dans la forme apparaissant dans le présent document et, si demandé par l'agent d'approvisionnement, remettre à ce dernier les originaux ou les copies certifiées conformes de tous les contrats d'assurance auxquels l'entrepreneur a souscrit conformément aux Exigences des garanties d'assurance décrites ci-après.

CA 2 Gestion des risques (01/10/94)

Les dispositions des Exigences des garanties d'assurance des présentes n'ont pas pour but de couvrir toutes les obligations de l'entrepreneur en vertu de l'article CG8 des Conditions générales « C » du marché. L'entrepreneur est libre, à condition d'en assumer le coût, de prendre des mesures additionnelles de gestion des risques ou des garanties d'assurance complémentaires qu'il juge nécessaire pour remplir ses obligations conformément à l'article CG8.

CA 3 Paiement de franchise (01/10/94)

L'entrepreneur doit assumer le paiement de toutes sommes d'argent en règlement d'un sinistre, jusqu'à concurrence de la franchise.

CA 4 Assurance d'assurance (02/12/03)

L'entrepreneur a déclaré qu'il détient une assurance de responsabilité civile appropriée et habituelle qui est en vigueur conformément aux présentes Conditions d'assurance et il a garanti qu'il obtiendra, en temps opportune et avant le commencement des travaux, l'assurance de biens appropriée et habituelle conformément aux présentes Conditions d'assurance et qu'en outre il maintiendra en vigueur toutes les polices d'assurance requises conformément aux présentes Conditions d'assurance.

EXIGENCES DE GARANTIES D'ASSURANCE

PARTIE I EXIGENCES GÉNÉRALES D'ASSURANCE (EGA)

EGA 1 Assuré (02/12/03)

Chaque contrat d'assurance doit assurer l'entrepreneur et doit inclure à titre d'Assuré dénommé additionnel, Sa Majesté la Reine du chef du Canada, représentée par le Conseil national de recherches Canada.

EGA 2 Période d'assurance (02/12/03)

Moins d'avis contraire par écrit de l'agent d'approvisionnement ou d'indication contraire ailleurs dans les présentes Conditions d'assurance, les contrats d'assurance exigés dans les présentes doivent prendre effet le jour de l'attribution du marche et demeurer en vigueur jusqu'au jour de la délivrance du Certificat définitif d'achèvement du représentant ministériel.

EGA 3 Preuve du contrat d'assurance (01/10/94)

Dans un délai de vingt-cinq (25) jours après l'acceptation de la soumission de l'entrepreneur, l'assureur, à moins d'avis contraire écrit de l'entrepreneur, doit remettre à l'entrepreneur l'Attestation d'assurance d'un assureur dans la forme apparaissant dans le présent document et, si demandé, les originaux ou les copies certifiées conformes de tous les contrats d'assurance auxquels l'entrepreneur a souscrit conformément aux présentes Exigences de présentes garanties d'assurance.

EGA 4 Avis (01/10/94)

Chaque contrat d'assurance doit renfermer une disposition selon laquelle trente (30) jours avant de procéder à toute modification importante visant la garantie d'assurance, ou à l'annulation de ladite garantie d'assurance, un avis par écrit doit être envoyé par l'assureur à Sa Majesté. Tout avis de cette nature que reçoit l'entrepreneur doit être transmis sans délai à Sa Majesté.

PARTIE II ASSURANCE DE LA RESPONSABILITÉ CIVILE DES ENTREPRISES

ARC 1 Portée de l'assurance (01/10/94)

Le contrat d'assurance doit être établi sur un formulaire similaire à celui connu et désigné dans l'industrie de l'assurance sous l'appellation Assurance de la responsabilité civile des entreprises (base d'événement) – BAC 2100, et doit accorder un montant de garantie d'au moins 2 000 000 \$ (tous dommages confondus) pour des dommages corporels et matériels imputables au même événement ou à une série d'événements ayant la même origine. Les frais de justice ou autres déboursés de défense par suite de sinistre ou de réclamation ne viendront pas en déduction du montant de garantie.

ARC 2 Garanties/Dispositions (01/10/94)

Le contrat d'assurance doit inclure les garanties/dispositions suivantes sans toutefois nécessairement s'y limiter :

- 2.1 La responsabilité découlant de la propriété, de l'existence de l'entretien ou de l'utilisation de lieux par l'entrepreneur et les activités nécessaires ou connexes à l'exécution du présent contrat.
- 2.2 L'extension de la garantie « Dommages matériels et/ou privation de jouissance ».



- 2.3 L'enlèvement ou l'affaiblissement d'un support soutenant des bâtiments ou terrains, que ce support soit naturel ou non.
- 2.4 La responsabilité découlant des appareils de levage et des monte-charge (y compris les escaliers roulants).
- 2.5 La responsabilité civile indirecte des entrepreneurs.
- 2.6 Les responsabilités contractuelles et assumées en vertu du présent contrat.
- 2.7 La responsabilité civile découlant des risques après travaux. En regard de la présente garantie, ainsi qui toutes les autres garanties de cette Partie II des présentes Conditions d'assurance, l'assurance doit demeurer en vigueur pendant au moins un (1) an à partir de la date de délivrance du Certificat d'achèvement du représentant ministériel.
- 2.8 Responsabilité réciproque La clause doit être rédigée comme suit :

Responsabilité réciproque – L'assurance telle que garantie par le présent contrat s'applique à toute demande d'indemnité fait à ou à toute action intentée contre n'importe quel assuré par n'importe quel autre assuré. La garantie d'assurance s'applique de la même façon et dans la même mesure que si un contrat distinct avait été établi à chacun d'eux. L'inclusion de plus d'un assuré n'augmente pas le montant de garantie de l'assureur.

2.9 Individualité des intérêts – La clause doit rédigée comme suit :

Individualité des intérêts – La pressente assurance, sous réserve des montants de garantie, s'applique séparément à chaque assuré de la même façon et dans la même mesure que si un contrat distinct avait été établi à chacun d'eux. L'inclusion de plus d'un assuré n'augmente pas le montant de garantie de l'assureur.

ARC 3 Risques additionnels (02/12/03)

Le contrat d'assurance doit couvrir ou être amendé pour couvrir les risques suivants, si l'entreprise y est soumis :

- 3.1 Dynamitage;
- 3.2 Battage de pieux et travail par caisson;
- 3.3 Reprise en sous-œuvre;
- 3.4 Risques associés aux activités de l'entrepreneur dans un aéroport en service;
- 3.5 Contamination par radioactivité par suite de l'utilisation d'isotopes commerciaux;
- 3.6 Endommagement à la partie d'un bâtiment existant hors de la portée directe d'un marché de rénovation, d'addition ou d'installation;
- 3.7 Risques maritimes reliés à la construction de jetés, quais et docks.

ARC 4 Indemnités d'assurance (01/10/94)

Toute indemnité en vertu de la présente assurance est habituellement versée à un tiers réclamant.

Appendice

«E»

ARC 5 Franchise (02/12/03)

Le contrat d'assurance doit être établie avec une franchise d'au plus 10 000 \$ événement quant aux sinistres causés par dommages matériels.

PART III ASSURANCE DES CHANTIERS – RISQUES D'INSTALLATION – TOUS RISQUES

AC 1 Portée de l'assurance (01/10/94)

Le contrat d'assurance doit être établi pour assurer l'entreprise sur un base « Tous risques » donnant un couverture d'assurance identique à celle qui est fournie par les formulaires connues et désignées dans l'industrie des assurances sous les noms de l' « Assurances des Chantiers – Formule globale » ou « Risques d'installation – Tous Risques ».

AC 2 Biens assurés (01/10/94)

Les biens assurés doivent comprendre:

- 2.1 les travaux, ainsi que tous les biens, équipement et matériaux devant être incorporés à l'entreprise achevée à l'endroit du projet, avant, durant et après leur installation, érection ou construction, y compris les essais;
- 2.2 les frais de déblaiement du chantier occasionnés par un sinistre couvert y ayant laissé des débris provenant de biens couverts par la présente assurance, y compris la démolition des biens endommagés, l'enlèvement de la glace et l'assèchement.

AC 3 Indemnité d'assurance (01/10/94)

- 3.1 Toutes indemnités en vertu du contrat d'assurance doit être payées conformément à l'article CG28 des Conditions générales « C » du contrat.
- 3.2 Le contrat d'assurance doit stipuler que toute indemnité en vertu d'icelle doit être payé à Sa Majesté ou selon les directives du Ministre.
- 3.3 L'entrepreneur doit faire toutes choses et exécuter tous documents requis pour le paiement de l'indemnité d'assurance.

AC 4 Montant d'assurance

(01/10/94)

Le montant de l'assurance doit égaler au moins la somme de la valeur du contrat plus la valeur déclarée (s'il y a lieu) dans les documents du marché de tout le matériel et équipement fourni par Sa Majesté sur le chantier pour être incorporé à l'entreprise achevée et en faire partie.

AC 5 Franchise (02/12/94)

La police doit être établie avec une franchise d'au plus 10 000 \$.

AC 6 Subrogation (01/10/94)

La clause suivante doit être incluse dans le contrat d'assurance :

« Tous droits de subrogation ou transfert de droits sont par les présentes abandonnées contre toutes les personnes physiques ou morales ayant droit au bénéfice de la présente assurance. »

AC 7 Exclusion (01/10/94)

Le contrat d'assurance peut comporter les exclusions normales sous réserve des exceptions suivantes :

- 7.1 Peuvent être exclus les frais inhérents à la bonne exécution des travaux, et rendus nécessaires par des défauts dans les matériaux, la main d'œuvre ou la conception, l'assurance produisant néanmoins ses effets en ce qui concerne les sinistres entraînés par voie de conséquence.
- 7.2 La perte ou les dommages causés par la contamination de matériaux radioactifs, sauf la perte ou les dommages résultant de l'utilisation d'isotopes commerciaux pour la mesure, l'inspection, le contrôle de la qualité, la radiographie ou la photographie industriels.
- 7.3 La mise en service et l'occupation de l'entreprise, en totalité ou en partie, doivent être permis pour les fins auxquels l'entreprise est destiné à son achèvement.

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ATTESTATION D'ASSURANCE DE L'ASSUREUR (À ÊTRE COMPLÈTE PAR L'ASSUREUR (NON PAR LE COURTIER) ET LIVRÉE AU CONSEIL NATIONAL DE RECHERCHES CANADA DANS LES TRENTE JOURS SUIVANT L'ACCEPTATION DE LA SOUMISSION)

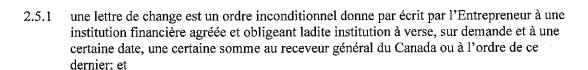
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CGC1 Obligation de fournir une garantie de contrat

- L'Entrepreneur doit, à ses propres frais, fournir une ou plusieurs des garanties de contrat 1.1 mentionnées à l'article CGC2.
- L'Entrepreneur doit fournir au représentant ministériel la garantie de contrat mentionnée au 1.2 paragraphe CGC1.1 dans les 14 jours suivant la date à laquelle l'Entrepreneur reçoit un avis lui signifiant l'acceptation de sa soumission par Sa Majesté.

CGC2 Types et montants acceptables de garanties de contrat

- L'Entrepreneur fournit au représentant ministériel conformément à l'article CGC1 : 2.1
 - un cautionnement d'exécution et un cautionnement pour le paiement de la main-d'œuvre 2.1.1 et des matériaux, représentant chacun au moins 50% du montant payable indiqué dans les Articles de convention: ou
 - un cautionnement pour le paiement de la main-d'œuvre et des matériaux, représentant au 2.1.2 moins 50% du montant payable indiqué dans les Articles de convention, et un dépôt de garantie représentant :
 - 2.1.2.1 au moins 10% du montant indiqué dans les Articles de convention, si ce montant n'excède pas 250 000 \$; ou
 - 2.1.2.2 25 000 \$, plus 5% de la partie du montant du Contrat indiqué dans les Articles de convention qui excède 250 000 \$; ou
 - un dépôt de garantie représentant le montant prescrit à l'alinéa CGC2.1.2, majoré d'un 2.1.3 supplément représentant 10% du montant du Contrat indiqué dans les Articles de convention.
- Le cautionnement d'exécution et le cautionnement pour le paiement de la main-d'œuvre et des 2,2 matériaux mentionnés au paragraphe CGC2.1 doivent être dans une forme approuvée et provenir d'une compagnie dont les cautionnements sont acceptés par Sa Majesté.
- Le montant maximum du dépôt de garantie requis en vertu de l'alinéa CGC2.12 ne doit pas 2.3 excéder 250 000 \$, quel que soit le montant du Contrat indiqué dans les Articles de convention.
- Le dépôt de garantie mentionné aux alinéas CGC2.1.2 et CGC2.1.3 consiste en : 2.4
 - une lettre de change payable à l'ordre du receveur général du Canada et certifiée par une 2.4.1 institution financière approuvée ou tirée par une institution financière approuvée sur son propre compte; ou
 - des obligations du gouvernement du Canada ou des obligations garanties 2.4.2 inconditionnellement quant au capital et aux intérêts par le gouvernement du Canada.
- 2.5 Aux fins du paragraphe CGC2.4:



- si une lettre de change est certifiée par une institution financière autre qu'une banque à 2.5.2 charte, elle doit être accompagnée d'une lettre ou d'une attestation estampillée confirmant que l'institution financière appartient à au moins l'une des catégories mentionnées à l'alinéa CGC2.5.3;
- 2.5.3 une institution financière agréée est :
 - 2.5.3.1 une société ou institution qui est membre de l'Association canadienne des paiements,
 - 2.5.3.2 une société qui accepte des dépôts qui sont garantis par la Société d'assurancedépôts du Canada ou la Régie de l'assurance-dépôts du Québec jusqu'au maximum permis par la loi,
 - 2.5.3.3 une caisse de crédit au sens de l'alinéa 137(6)(b) de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu.
 - 2.5.3.4 une société qui accepte du public des dépôts dont le remboursement est garanti par Sa Majesté du chef d'une province, ou
 - 2.5.3.5 la Société canadienne des postes.
- 2.5.4 les obligations mentionnées à l'alinéa CGC2.4.2 doivent être :
 - 2.5.4.1 payables au porteur;
 - 2.5.4.2 accompagnées d'un document de transfert dûment exécuté à l'ordre du receveur général du Canada, dûment exécuté et dans la forme prescrite par le Règlement concernant les obligations intérieures du Canada; ou
 - 2.5.4.3 enregistrées quant au capital ou quant au capital et aux intérêts au nom du receveur général du Canada, conformément au Règlement concernant les obligations intérieures du Canada; et
 - 2.5.4.4 fournies à leur valeur courante sur le marché à la date du Contrat.



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SECURITY REQUIREMENTS CHECK LIST (SRCL)

LISTE DE VÈRIFIC	ATION DES EXIGENCES RELATIVE	S À LA SÉCURITÉ (LVERS)								
PART A - CONTRACT INFORMATION / PARTIE A -	2 Proper or Dissertment / Dissertment of	Disperson / Disperson administration								
Originating Government Department or Organization Ministère ou organisme gouvernemental d'origine		_	ranch or Directorate / Direction générale ou Direction							
3. a) Subcontract Number / Numéro du contrat de sou	National Research Council	ASPM / SAGI ss of Subcontractor / Nom et adresse du s	our traitant							
5. a) Subcontract Number / Numero du contrat de sot	Ja-traitance O. b) Name and Addres	as of Concollinacion / North et adiesse du e	ous-traitarit							
4. Brief Description of Work / Brève description du tra	ıvail									
Project 5122 - M6 Washroom Renovation										
. *										
			•							
5. a) Will the supplier require access to Controlled Go	oods?		No Yes							
Le fournisseur aura-t-ii accès à des marchandise			Non Oui							
5. b) Will the supplier require access to unclassified n	nilitary technical data subject to the provision	ons of the Technical Data Control	No Voc							
Regulations?			✓ Non Oui							
Le fournisseur aura-t-il accès à des données tec	chniques militaires non classifiées qui sont	assujetties aux dispositions du Règlement								
sur le contrôle des données techniques? 6. Indicate the type of access required / Indiquer le ty	una diagnala maggia									
6. a) Will the supplier and its employees require acce			/ No Yes							
Le fournisseur ainsi que les employés auront-ils		ns PROTEGES et/ou CLASSIFIES?	Non L Oui							
(Specify the level of access using the chart in Qualification (Préciser le niveau d'accès en utilisant le tableau										
6. b) Will the supplier and its employees (e.g. cleaner		to restricted access areas? No access to	No Yes							
PROTECTED and/or CLASSIFIED information of			Non V Oui							
Le fournisseur et ses employés (p. ex. nettoyeur	rs, personnel d'entretien) auront-ils accès à	des zones d'accès restreintes? L'accès								
à des renseignements ou à des biens PROTÉG										
6. c) Is this a commercial courier or delivery requirem S'agit-il d'un contrat de messagerie ou de livrais	ient with no overnight storage? on commerciale <mark>sans</mark> entreposage de nuit	?	No Yes							
7. a) Indicate the type of information that the supplier	will be required to access / Indiquer le type	e d'information auguel le fournisseur devra	avoir accès							
Canada	NATO / OTAN	Foreign / Étrange								
		Foreign / Etianger								
7. b) Release restrictions / Restrictions relatives à la		NI-LI								
No release restrictions Aucune restriction relative	All NATO countries Tous les pays de l'OTAN	No release restrictions Aucune restriction relative								
à la diffusion	Toda les pays de l'OTAIN	à la diffusion								
Not releasable										
À ne pas diffuser										
Restricted to: / Limité à :	Restricted to: / Limité à :	Restricted to: / Limité à :								
Specify country(les): / Préciser le(s) pays :	Specify country(les): / Préciser le(s) pays	s: Specify country(les): / Préci	ser le(s) pays :							
	i '									
7. c) Level of Information / Niveau d'information										
PROTECTED A	NATO UNCLASSIFIED	PROTECTED A								
PROTÉGÉ A	NATO NON CLASSIFIÉ	PROTÉGÉ A								
PROTECTED B PROTÉGÉ B	NATO RESTRICTED	PROTECTED B PROTÉGÉ B								
PROTECTED C	NATO DIFFUSION RESTREINTE NATO CONFIDENTIAL	PROTECTED C								
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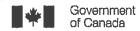
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PART A (con	tinued) I PARTIE A (suite)							
If Yes, Indic	plier require access to PROTECTED and/or CLASSIFIED COMSEC Information or assets? aur aura-t-il accès à des renseignements ou à des biens COMSEC désignés PROTÉGÉS et/ou CLASSIFIÉS? ate the level of sensitivity: native, indiquer le niveau de sensibilité :	✓ No Yes Non Oui						
9. Will the sup	piler require access to extremely sensitive INFOSEC information or assets? eur aura-t-il accès à des renseignements ou à des biens INFOSEC de nature extrêmement délicate?	No Yes						
Short Title(s	s) of material / Titre(s) abrégé(s) du matériel : Jumber / Numéro du document	L Non LOur						
PART B - PER	SONNEL (SUPPLIER) / PARTIF B - PERSONNEL (FOURNISSELIE)							
IV. a) Personn	el security screening level required / Niveau de contrôle de la sécurité du personnel requis							
✓	RELIABILITY STATUS COTE DE FIABILITÉ CONFIDENTIAL CONFIDENTIAL SECRET TRÈS SE							
	TOP SECRET - SIGINT TRÈS SECRET - SIGINT NATO CONFIDENTIAL NATO SECRET NATO SECRET NATO SECRET COSMIC	TOP SECRET TRÈS SECRET						
	SITE ACCESS ACCES AUX EMPLACEMENTS							
	Special comments: Commentaires spéciaux :							
	NOTE: If multiple levels of screening are Identified, a Security Classification Guide must be provided.							
10. b) May unse	REMARQUE: SI plusieurs niveaux de contrôle de sécurité sont requis, un guide de classification de la sécurité doit être	fourni.						
Du perso	nnel sans autorisation sécuritaire peut-li se voir confier des parties du travali?	✓ No Yes Non Oui						
If Yes, wi Dans l'af	Il unscreened personnel be escorted? firmative, le personnel en question sera-t-il escorté?	No Yes						
PART C - SAFE	GUARDS (SUPPLIER) / PARTIE C - MESURES DE PROTECTION (FOURNISSEUR)							
INFORMATIO	N / ASSETS / RENSEIGNEMENTS / BIENS							
biolitiaga		✓ No Yes						
Le fournis CLASSIF	sseur sera-t-ll tenu de recevoir et d'entreposer sur place des renseignements ou des blens PROTÉGÉS et/ou IÉS?	Non L_Oui						
11. b) Will the s Le fournis	upplier be required to safeguard COMSEC information or assets? seur sera-t-il tenu de protéger des renselgnements ou des blens COMSEC?	✓ No Yes						
PRODUCTION	¥ 1	Non Oul						
	oduction (manufacture, and/or repair and/or modification) of PROTECTED and/or CLASSIFIED material or equipment le supplier's site or premises? ations du fournisseur serviront-elles à la production (fabrication et/ou réparation et/ou modification) de matériel PROTÉGÉ SSIFIÉ?	No Yes Non Oul						
INFORMATION	TECHNOLOGY (IT) MEDIA / SUPPORT RELATIF À LA TECHNOLOGIE DE L'INFORMATION (TI)							
	A EA LEGINGLOGIE DE L'INFORMATION (II)							
Le fourniss	oplier be required to use its iT systems to electronically process, produce or store PROTECTED and/or CLASSIFIED or data? seur sera-t-it tenu d'utiliser ses propres systèmes informatiques pour traiter, produire ou stocker électroniquement des nents ou des données PROTÉGÉS et/ou CLASSIFIÉS?	✓ No Yes Oul						
e) Will there be an electronic link between the supplier's IT systems and the government department or agency? Disposera-t-on d'un îlen électronique entre le système informatique du fournisseur et celui du ministère ou de l'agence No Ves gouvernmentale?								

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Contract Number / Numéro du contrat

For tender

Security Classification / Classification de sécurité UNCLASSIFIED

PART D - AUTHORIZATION / PAR	TIE D - AUTORISATIO	N	建设是工作的设备	of The State of	
13. Organization Project Authority / (Chargé de projet de l'or	ganisme			THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O
Name (print) - Nom (en lettres moulé	Title - Titre		Signature		
Isabelle D'Amour-Tanguay		Project Mai	nager / Gestionnaire de proje	21	helle 8351
Telephone No - N° de téléphone 613-990-1152	Facsimile No Nº de	e télécopieur E-mail address - Adresse courr isabelle.damour-tanguay@nrc-			Date Sept. 8, 2017
14. Organization Security Authority /	Responsable de la séc	urité de l'orga	nisme	3	Серк. 0, 2017
Name (print) - Nom (en lettres moulé		Title - Titre		Signature	15/60)
Richard Bramucci	-	ecurity in Contracting			
Telephone No N° de téléphone (613) 991-1093	télécopieur	E-mail address - Adresse cou richard bramucci@nrc-cnrc.g		Date 19 SEP 2017	
 Are there additional instructions (Des instructions supplémentaires 	(p. ex. Guide de sécur	curity Classifi ité, Guide de	cation Guide\ attached2		
Procurement Officer / Agent d'ap	provisionnement				
Name (print) - Nom (en lettres moulé Adain LeRout	es)	Title - Titre	Parc. offin	Signature	
Telephone No N° de téléphone	Facsimile No Nº de	télécopieur	E-mail address - Adresse co	urriel	Date
413 991 –9990 17. Contracting Security Authority / A	utorité contractante en	matière de có	61. 100.10.10	-CURCEL	Date 20-9-2017
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