

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
- .1 Materials and installation of polymeric geotextiles used in breakwaters, retaining wall structures, filtration, drainage structures and roadbeds, purpose of which is to:
 - .1 Separate and prevent mixing of granular materials of different grading.
 - .2 Act as hydraulic filters permitting passage of water while retaining soil strength of granular structure.
- 1.2 RELATED WORK
- .1 Section 01 33 00 - Submittal Procedures.
 - .2 Section 01 74 21 - Construction/Demolition Waste Management and Disposal.
 - .3 Section 31 23 10 - Excavating, Trenching and Backfilling.
 - .4 Section 31 53 13 - Timber Cribwork.
- 1.3 REFERENCES
- .1 ASTM International
 - .1 Latest edition of ASTM A123/A123M, Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products.
 - .2 Latest edition of ASTM D4491, Standard Test Methods for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity.
 - .3 Latest edition of ASTM D4595, Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Geotextiles by the Wide-Width Strip Method.

- .4 Latest edition of ASTM D4716, Standard Test Method for Determining the (In-Plane) Flow Rate Per Unit Width and Hydraulic Transmissivity of a Geosynthetic Using a Constant Head.
- .5 Latest edition of ASTM D4751, Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile.
- .2 Canadian General Standards Board (CGSB)
 - .1 Latest edition of CAN/CGSB-4.2 No. 11.2, Textile Test Methods - Bursting Strength - Ball Burst Test (Extension of September 1989).
 - .2 Latest edition of CAN/CGSB-148.1, Methods of Testing Geotextiles and Complete Geomembranes.
 - .1 No.2, Methods of Testing Geosynthetics - Mass per Unit Area.
 - .2 No.3, Methods of Testing Geosynthetics - Thickness of Geotextiles.
 - .3 No.6.1, Methods of Testing Geotextiles and Geomembranes - Bursting Strength of Geotextiles Under No Compressive Load.
 - .4 No.7.3, Methods of Testing Geotextiles and Geomembranes - Grab Tensile Test for Geotextiles.
 - .5 No. 10, Methods of Testing Geosynthetics - Geotextiles - Filtration Opening Size.
- .3 CSA International
 - .1 Latest edition of CSA G40.20/G40.21, General Requirements for Rolled or Welded Structural Quality Steel/Structural Quality Steel.

- .4 Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSS)
 - .1 Latest edition of OPSS 1860, Material Specification for Geotextiles.

1.4 SAMPLES

- .1 Submit samples in accordance with Section 01 33 00 - Submittal Procedures.
- .2 Submit to Departmental Representative the following samples at least 2 weeks prior to commencing work.
 - .1 Methods of joining.

1.5 MILL CERTIFICATES

- .1 Submit to Departmental Representative a copy of mill test data and certificate at least 2 weeks prior to start of work.

1.6 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- .1 During delivery and storage, protect geotextiles from direct sunlight, ultraviolet rays, excessive heat, mud, dirt, dust, debris and rodents.

1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

- .1 Separate waste materials for reuse and recycling in accordance with Section 01 74 21 - Construction/Demolition Waste Management And Disposal.
- .2 Remove from site and dispose of all packaging materials at appropriate recycling facilities.
- .3 Collect and separate for disposal paper, plastic, polystyrene, corrugated cardboard, and packaging material, in appropriate on-site bins, for recycling in accordance with Waste Management Plan.

- .4 Fold up metal banding, flatten and place in designated area for recycling.

1.8 MEASUREMENT FOR PAYMENT

- .1 Geotextiles will not be measured for payment. Include all costs associated with supply and installation of geotextiles as incidental to unit cost of items requiring geotextiles.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIAL

- .1 Geotextile: woven or non-woven synthetic fibre fabric, supplied in rolls.
 - .1 Width: 3.5m minimum.
 - .2 Length: 50m minimum.
 - .3 Composed of: minimum 85% by mass of polyester with inhibitors added to base plastic to resist deterioration by ultra-violet and heat exposure.
- .2 Physical properties:
 - .1 Thickness: to CAN/CGSB-148.1, No.3, minimum 2.5mm.
 - .2 Mass per unit area: to CAN/CGSB-148.1, No. 2, minimum 400g/m².
 - .3 Tensile strength and elongation (in any principal direction): to ASTM D4595.
 - .1 Tensile strength: minimum 1200 N, wet condition.
 - .2 Elongation at break: 50 to 100 percent.
 - .3 Seam strength: equal to or greater than tensile strength of fabric.
 - .4 Mullen burst strength: to CAN/CGSB-4.2, method 11.1, minimum 3100 kPa.

- .3 Hydraulic properties:
 - .1 Apparent opening size (AOS): to ASTM D4751, 50 to 150 micrometres.
 - .2 Permittivity: to ASTM D4491, 0.25 cm per second.
- .4 Securing pins and washers: to CAN/CSA-G40.21, Grade 300W, hot-dipped galvanized with minimum zinc coating of 600 g/m² to CAN/CSA G164.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- .1 Place geotextile material from base elevation of crib to top of crib and retain in position with securing pins and washers.
- .2 Place geotextile material by unrolling onto graded surface in orientation, manner and locations indicated and retain in position with securing pins and washers.
- .3 Place geotextile material on sloping surfaces in one continuous length from toe of slope to upper extent of geotextile.
- .4 Place geotextile material smooth and free of tension stress, folds, wrinkles and creases.
- .5 Overlap each successive strip of geotextile 600 mm over previously laid strip.
- .6 Protect installed geotextile material from displacement, damage or deterioration before, during and after placement of material layers.

- .7 After installation, cover with overlying layer within 4 hours of placement.
- .8 Replace damaged or deteriorated geotextile to approval of Departmental Representative.
- .9 Place and compact fill in accordance with Section 31 23 25 - Rock Fill and Gravel Fill.

3.2 CLEANING

- .1 Remove construction debris from Project site and dispose of debris in an environmentally responsible and legal manner.

3.3 PROTECTION

- .1 Vehicular traffic not permitted directly on geotextile.

END OF SECTION