
Part 1 General

1.1 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING

- .1 Deliver, store and handle materials in accordance with Section 01 61 00 – Common Product Requirements and with manufacturer's written instructions.
- .2 Storage and Handling Requirements:
 - .1 Store gypsum board assemblies materials level off ground, indoors, under cover and in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations in clean, dry, well- ventilated area.
 - .2 Store and protect gypsum board assemblies from nicks, scratches, and blemishes.
 - .3 Protect from weather, elements and damage from construction operations.
 - .4 Handle gypsum boards to prevent damage to edges, ends or surfaces. Protect metal accessories and trim from being bent or damaged.
 - .5 Replace defective or damaged materials with new.

Part 2 Products

2.1 MATERIALS

- .1 Standard Board to: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M, ends square cut, edges bevelled.
- .2 Gypsum Sheathing Board to: ASTM 1396/C 1396M, ends square cut, edges bevelled.

2.2 FINISHES

- .1 Texture finish: asbestos-free standard white texture coating, primer-sealer and two coats of paint recommended by gypsum board manufacturer.

Part 3 Execution

3.1 EXAMINATION

- .1 Verification of Conditions: verify conditions of substrates previously installed under other Sections or Contracts are acceptable for gypsum board assemblies installation in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - .1 Visually inspect substrate in presence of Departmental Representative.
 - .2 Inform Departmental Representative of unacceptable conditions immediately upon discovery.
 - .3 Proceed with installation only after unacceptable conditions have been remedied.

3.2 ERECTION

- .1 Do application and finishing of gypsum board to ASTM C 840 except where specified otherwise.
 - .2 Do application of gypsum sheathing to ASTM C 1280.
 - .3 Install work level.
 - .4 Frame with furring channels.
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3.3 APPLICATION

- .1 Apply single and double layer gypsum board to metal furring or framing using screw fasteners. Maximum spacing of screws 300 mm on centre.
 - .1 Single-Layer Application:
 - .1 Apply gypsum board on ceilings prior to application of walls to ASTM C 840.
 - .2 Apply gypsum board vertically or horizontally, providing sheet lengths that will minimize end joints.
 - .2 Double-Layer Application:
 - .1 Install gypsum board for base layer and exposed gypsum board for face layer.
 - .2 Apply base layer to ceilings prior to base layer application on walls; apply face layers in same sequence. Offset joints between layers at least 250 mm.
 - .3 Apply base layers at right angles to supports unless otherwise indicated.
 - .4 Apply base layer on walls and face layers vertically with joints of base layer over supports and face layer joints offset at least 250 mm with base layer joints.
- .2 Apply 12 mm diameter bead of acoustic sealant continuously around periphery of each face of partitioning to seal gypsum board/structure junction where partitions abut fixed building components. Seal full perimeter of cut-outs around electrical boxes, ducts, in partitions where perimeter sealed with acoustic sealant.
- .3 Install ceiling boards in direction that will minimize number of end-butt joints. Stagger end joints at least 250 mm.
- .4 Install gypsum board on walls vertically to avoid end-butt joints. At stairwells and similar high walls, install boards horizontally with end joints staggered over studs, except where local codes or fire-rated assemblies require vertical application.
- .5 Install gypsum board with face side out.
- .6 Do not install damaged or damp boards.
- .7 Locate edge or end joints over supports. Stagger vertical joints over different studs on opposite sides of wall.

3.4 INSTALLATION

- .1 Erect accessories straight, plumb or level, rigid and at proper plane. Use full length pieces where practical. Make joints tight, accurately aligned and rigidly secured. Mitre and fit corners accurately, free from rough edges. Secure at 150 mm on centre.
 - .2 Install casing beads around perimeter of suspended ceilings.
 - .3 Install casing beads where gypsum board butts against surfaces having no trim concealing junction and where indicated. Seal joints with sealant.
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- .4 Splice corners and intersections together and secure to each member with 3 screws.
 - .5 Finish face panel joints and internal angles with joint system consisting of joint compound, joint tape and taping compound installed according to manufacturer's directions and feathered out onto panel faces.
 - .6 Gypsum Board Finish: finish gypsum board walls and ceilings to following levels in accordance with AWC Recommended Specification on Levels of Gypsum Board Finish
 - .7 Finish corner beads and trim as required with two coats of joint compound and one coat of taping compound, feathered out onto panel faces.
 - .8 Fill screw head depressions with joint and taping compounds to bring flush with adjacent surface of gypsum board so as to be invisible after surface finish is completed.
 - .9 Sand lightly to remove burred edges and other imperfections. Avoid sanding adjacent surface of board.
 - .10 Completed installation to be smooth, level or plumb, free from waves and other defects and ready for surface finish.
 - .11 Mix joint compound slightly thinner than for joint taping.
 - .12 Allow skim coat to dry completely.
 - .13 Remove ridges by light sanding or wiping with damp cloth.

3.5 CLEANING

- .1 In accordance with Section 01 73 00 – Execution Requirements.

3.6 PROTECTION

- .1 Protect installed products and components from damage during construction.
- .2 Repair damage to adjacent materials caused by gypsum board assemblies installation.

3.7 PAINTING

- .1 Colours:
 - .1 Contractor to Provide colour samples based on matching existing type and colour of paint in Bay 3.
 - .2 Interior painting and repainting:
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- .1 INT 9.2A – minimum two coats latex, eggshell finish (sheen 18-00) (over latex primer).
 - .3 Protection:
 - .1 Protect exiting building surfaces and adjacent structures from paint spatters, markings, and other damage by suitable non-staining covers or masking. If damaged, clean and restore surfaces as directed by Departmental Representative.
 - .2 Protect items that are permanently attached such as Fire Labels on doors and frames, windows, framing, lighting fixtures etc.
 - .3 Protect factory finished products and equipment.
 - .4 Surface Preparation:
 - .1 Place “WET PAINT” signs in occupied areas as painting operations progress. Signs to approval of Departmental Representative.
 - .2 Clean and prepare surfaces in accordance with MPI – Architectural Painting Specification Manual and MPI – Maintenance Re-Painting Manual specific requirements and coating manufacturer’s recommendations.
 - .1 Remove dust, dirt, and other surface debris by vacuuming and wiping with dry, clean cloths or compressed air.
 - .2 Wash surfaces with a biodegradable detergent and bleach where applicable and clean warm water using a stiff bristle brush to remove dirt, oil and other surface contaminants.
 - .3 Rinse scrubbed surfaces with clean water until foreign matter is flushed from surface.
 - .4 Allow surfaces to drain completely and allow to dry thoroughly.
 - .5 Prepare surfaces for water-based painting, water-based cleaners should be used in place of organic solvents.
 - .6 Use trigger operated spray nozzles for water hoses.
 - .7 Many water-based paints cannot be removed with water once dried. Minimize use of mineral spirits or organic solvents to clean up water- based paints.
 - .3 Prevent contamination of cleaned surfaces by salts, acids, alkalis, other corrosive chemicals, grease, oil and solvents before prime coat is applied and between applications of remaining coats. Apply primer, paint, or pre-treatment as soon as possible after cleaning and before deterioration occurs.
 - .4 Sand and dust between coats as required to provide adequate adhesion for next coat and to remove defects visible from a distance up to 1000 mm.
 - .5 Touch up of shop primers with primer as specified.
 - .6 Do not apply paint until prepared surfaces have been accepted by Departmental Representative.
 - .5 Application:
 - .1 Method of application to be as approved by Departmental Representative. Conform to manufacturer’s application instructions unless specified otherwise.
 - .2 Brush and Roller Application:
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- .1 Apply paint in uniform layer using brush and/or roller type suitable for application.
- .2 Work paint into cracks, crevices and corners.
- .3 Paint surfaces and corners not accessible to brushing using spray, daubers and/or sheepskin. Paint surfaces and corners not accessible to roller using brush, daubers or sheepskins.
- .4 Brush and/or roll out runs and sags, and over-lap marks. Rolled surfaces free of roller tracking and heavy stipple.
- .5 Remove runs, sags and brush marks from finished work and repaint.
- .3 Apply coats of paint continuous film of uniform thickness. Re-paint thin spots or bare areas before next coat of paint is applied.
- .4 Allow surfaces to dry and properly cure after cleaning and between subsequent coats for minimum time period as recommended by manufacturer.
- .5 Sand and dust between coats to remove visible defects.
- .6 Finish surfaces both above and below sight lines as specified for surrounding surfaces.